HCC INSURANCE HOLDINGS INC/DE/ Form 10-Q November 08, 2010

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549 FORM 10-Q

## b Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the Quarterly Period Ended September 30, 2010.

o Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

#### Commission file number 001-13790 HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware		76-0336636
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(IRS Employer Identification No.)
13403 Northwest Freeway, Houston, Texas		77040-6094
(Address of principal executive offices)	(713) 690-7300	(Zip Code)

(Registrant s telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes b No o Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes b No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of large accelerated filer, accelerated filer and smaller reporting company in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer o	Non-accelerated filer o	Smaller reporting company o
þ			
		(Do not check if a	
		smaller reporting	
		company)	

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No b

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant s classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

On October 31, 2010, there were approximately 115.3 million shares of common stock outstanding.

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#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Report on Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created by those laws. We have based these forward-looking statements on our current expectations and projections about future events. These forward-looking statements include information about possible or assumed future results of our operations. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, included or incorporated by reference in this Report that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future, including such things as growth of our business and operations, business strategy, competitive strengths, goals, plans, future capital expenditures and references to future successes may be considered forward-looking statements. Also, when we use words such as anticipate, believe, estimate, expect, intend, plan, probably or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements.

Many risks and uncertainties may have an impact on the matters addressed in these forward-looking statements, which could affect our future financial results and performance, including, among other things: the effects of catastrophic losses,

the cyclical nature of the insurance business,

inherent uncertainties in the loss estimation process, which can adversely impact the adequacy of loss reserves,

the impact of the credit market downturn and subprime market exposures,

the effects of emerging claim and coverage issues,

the effects of extensive governmental regulation of the insurance industry,

potential credit risk with brokers,

the effects of industry consolidations,

our assessment of underwriting risk,

our retention of risk, which could expose us to potential losses,

the adequacy of reinsurance protection,

the ability and willingness of reinsurers to pay balances due us,

the occurrence of terrorist activities,

our ability to maintain our competitive position,

changes in our assigned financial strength ratings,

our ability to raise capital and funds for liquidity in the future,

attraction and retention of qualified employees,

fluctuations in securities markets, which may reduce the value of our investment assets, reduce investment income or generate realized investment losses,

our ability to successfully expand our business through the acquisition of insurance-related companies,

impairment of goodwill,

the ability of our insurance company subsidiaries to pay dividends in needed amounts,

fluctuations in foreign exchange rates,

failures or constraints of our information technology systems,

changes to the country s health care delivery system,

the effects, if any, of climate change, on the risks we insure,

change of control, and

difficulties with outsourcing relationships.

We describe these risks and uncertainties in greater detail in Item 1A, Risk Factors in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

These events or factors could cause our results or performance to differ materially from those we express in our forward-looking statements. Although we believe that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of these assumptions, and, therefore, also the forward-looking statements based on these assumptions, could themselves prove to be inaccurate. In light of the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements that are included in this Report, our inclusion of this information is not a representation by us or any other person that our objectives or plans will be achieved.

Our forward-looking statements speak only at the date made, and we will not update these forward-looking statements unless the securities laws require us to do so. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, any forward-looking events discussed in this Report may not occur.

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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited, in thousands except per share data)

ASSETS	S	eptember 30, 2010	Γ	December 31, 2009
Investments Fixed income securities available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2010 \$4,865,445;				
<ul> <li>2009 \$4,381,762)</li> <li>Fixed income securities held to maturity, at amortized cost (fair value: 2010 \$198,317;</li> </ul>	\$	5,166,709	\$	4,538,073
2009 \$104,008)		193,841		102,792
Short-term investments, at cost, which approximates fair value		474,066		810,673
Other investments		433		4,691
Total investments		5,835,049		5,456,229
Cash		98,213		129,460
Restricted cash and cash investments		157,677		146,133
Premium, claims and other receivables		658,670		600,332
Reinsurance recoverables		1,042,650		1,016,411
Ceded unearned premium		283,529		270,436
Ceded life and annuity benefits		58,985		61,313
Deferred policy acquisition costs		219,062		208,463
Goodwill		821,700		822,006
Other assets		118,360		123,608
Total assets	\$	9,293,895	\$	8,834,391
LIABILITIES				
Loss and loss adjustment expense payable	\$	3,555,505	\$	3,492,309
Life and annuity policy benefits		58,985		61,313
Reinsurance balances payable		202,202		182,661
Unearned premium		1,069,594		1,044,747
Deferred ceding commissions		72,714		71,595
Premium and claims payable		142,445		154,596
Notes payable		298,598		298,483
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		556,750		497,504
Total liabilities		5,956,793		5,803,208

## SHAREHOLDERS EQUITY

Common stock, \$1.00 par value; 250,000 shares authorized (shares issued:						
2010 120,398 and						
2009 118,724; outstanding: 2010 115,268 and 2009 114,051)		120,398		118,724		
Additional paid-in capital		940,745		914,339		
Retained earnings		2,177,266		1,977,254		
Accumulated other comprehensive income		208,936		119,665		
Treasury stock, at cost (shares: 2010 5,130 and 2009 4,673)		(110,243)		(98,799)		
Total shareholders equity		3,337,102		3,031,183		
Total liabilities and shareholders equity	\$	9,293,895	\$	8,834,391		
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.						
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (unaudited, in thousands except per share data)

	Nine months ended 2010	d September 30, 2009	Three months ended September 30, 2010 2009			
REVENUE	_010		_010			
Net earned premium Net investment income Other operating income Net realized investment	\$ 1,532,138 150,603 35,035	\$ 1,524,425 141,740 69,765	\$ 516,166 51,137 7,888	\$ 520,059 48,111 12,166		
gain Other-than-temporary impairment loss	7,897	4,852	1,057	864		
Total loss Portion recognized in other comprehensive	(316)	(6,089)	(316)	(380)		
income	16	810	16	55		
Net loss recognized in earnings	(300)	(5,279)	(300)	(325)		
Total revenue	1,725,373	1,735,503	575,948	580,875		
EXPENSE						
Loss and loss adjustment						
expense, net Policy acquisition costs,	922,645	911,944	297,138	303,808		
net	242,078	223,186	80,748	71,492		
Other operating expense	189,953	195,509	60,770	64,985		
Interest expense	15,907	11,816	5,280	3,549		
Total expense	1,370,583	1,342,455	443,936	443,834		
Earnings before income						
tax expense Income tax expense	354,790 106,993	393,048 123,972	132,012 38,949	137,041 42,720		
Net earnings	\$ 247,797	\$ 269,076	\$ 93,063	\$ 94,321		

Earnings per common share							
Basic	\$	2.15	\$	2.39	\$	0.81	\$ 0.84
Diluted	\$	2.15	\$	2.37	\$	0.81	\$ 0.83
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. 6							

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders Equity (unaudited, in thousands except per share data)

	Common	Additional paid-in	l	Accumulated other omprehensiv	l veTreasury sł	Total nareholders			
Balance at December 31, 2009	stock	<b>capital</b> \$ 914,339	earnings	income	stock \$ (98,799) \$	equity			
Comprehensive income									
Net earnings			247,797			247,797			
Other comprehensive income Change in net unrealized gain on investments, net of tax				92,707		92,707			
Other, net of tax				(3,436)		(3,436)			
Total other comprehensive income						89,271			
Comprehensive income						337,068			
Issuance of 948 shares for exercise of options, including tax effect	948	17,691				18,639			
Purchase of 457 common shares					(11,444)	(11,444)			
Stock-based compensation	726	8,715				9,441			
Cash dividends declared, \$0.415 per share			(47,785)			(47,785)			
Balance at September 30, 2010					\$(110,243) \$	\$ 3,337,102			
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.									

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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited, in thousands)

	Nine months ended Septemb 30,			eptember
		2010	,	2009
Operating activities				
Net earnings	\$	247,797	\$	269,076
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating				
activities:				26.112
Change in premium, claims and other receivables		(36,040)		36,443
Change in reinsurance recoverables		(32,474)		14,853
Change in ceded unearned premium		(15,368)		(25,093)
Change in loss and loss adjustment expense payable		76,829		51,519
Change in reinsurance balances payable		21,435		24,548
Change in unearned premium		30,471		39,441
Change in premium and claims payable, net of restricted cash		(9,934)		(63,727)
Change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		12,593		22,132
Stock-based compensation expense		9,441		12,472
Depreciation and amortization expense		12,894		11,796
Gain on investments		(8,086)		(3,152)
Other, net		5,073		27,238
Cash provided by operating activities		314,631		417,546
Investing activities				
Sales of available for sale fixed income securities		132,897		337,615
Maturity or call of available for sale fixed income securities		458,495		260,839
Maturity or call of held to maturity fixed income securities		25,187		86,190
Cost of available for sale fixed income securities acquired		(1,048,010)		(1,020,506)
Cost of held to maturity fixed income securities acquired		(115,215)		(59,677)
Change in short-term investments		328,951		(91,617)
Proceeds from sales of strategic and other investments		4,577		114,940
Payments for purchase of businesses, net of cash received		(36,348)		(37,995)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries		15,278		6,188
Other, net		(6,755)		(13,109)
Cash used by investing activities		(240,943)		(417,132)
Financing activities				
Advances on line of credit				115,000
Payments on line of credit				(15,032)
Payments on convertible notes		(64,472)		
Sale of common stock		18,639		9,423
Purchase of common stock		(11,444)		(35,464)
Dividends paid		(46,532)		(42,244)

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Other, net		(1,126)		(2,570)	
Cash provided (used) by financing activities		(104,935)		29,113	
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash at beginning of year		(31,247) 129,460		29,527 27,347	
Cash at end of period	\$	98,213	\$	56,874	
See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. 8					

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

#### (1) General Information

HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively HCC, we, us or our) include domestic and foreign property and casualty and life insurance companies and underwriting agencies. We operate primarily in the United States, the United Kingdom, Spain and Ireland, although some of our operations have a broader international scope. We market our products both directly to customers and through a network of independent brokers, producers, agents and third party administrators. We provide specialized property and casualty, surety and credit, and accident and health insurance coverages and related agency services to commercial customers and individuals.

## **Basis of Presentation**

Our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and include the accounts of HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and its subsidiaries. We have made all adjustments that, in our opinion, are necessary for a fair statement of results of the interim periods, and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2009 was derived from the audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by GAAP.

Management must make estimates and assumptions that affect amounts reported in our condensed consolidated financial statements and in disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Ultimate results could differ from those estimates. We have reclassified certain amounts in our 2009 condensed consolidated financial statements to conform to the 2010 presentation, including the reclassification related to fee and commission income discussed below. None of our reclassifications had an effect on our consolidated net earnings, shareholders equity or cash flows. HCC completed the reorganization of its management structure in the third quarter of 2010. Our segment reporting structure has been realigned to reflect these changes. See Note 2, Segments for a discussion of our new segment structure.

In connection with our resegmentation, we changed the presentation of our consolidated income statement to better represent our current operations. Previously, we presented reinsurance ceding commissions that exceeded policy acquisition costs as a component of fee and commission income, within total revenue. We now present all ceding commissions as an offset to policy acquisition costs, within total expense, and classify the remaining fee and commission income as a component of other operating income, within total revenue.

## Accounting Guidance in 2010

A new accounting standard, originally issued as SFAS No. 167, *Amendments to FASB Interpretation No.* 46(R), became effective January 1, 2010. The guidance, which was incorporated into Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 810, *Consolidation*, changes various aspects of accounting for and disclosures of interests in variable interest entities. Our adoption of this guidance as of January 1, 2010 had no material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2010, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-06, which incorporated changes in disclosure requirements into ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. Where applicable, we have included the additional required disclosures in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. A new accounting standard, ASU 2010-20, *Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses*, was issued in July 2010. The new guidance expands disclosures related to financing receivables, including the nature of credit risk in financing receivables, how that risk is analyzed in determining the related allowance for credit losses, and changes to the allowance during the reporting period. We will provide the additional required disclosures in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

A new accounting standard, originally issued as EITF 09-G, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts*, was ratified in September 2010. The guidance, which will be incorporated into ASC Topic 944, *Financial Services* Insurance, clarifies the definition of what constitutes an acquisition cost and limits the types of acquisition costs that

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

can be capitalized by insurance entities to those that are directly related to the acquisition of new and renewal insurance contracts. Under the new guidance, direct costs only include those that result in the successful acquisition of a policy. All costs incurred for unsuccessful efforts, along with indirect costs, are to be expensed as incurred. This guidance must be adopted by January 1, 2012, either prospectively or retrospectively, and may be adopted earlier at the beginning of an annual period. We are currently evaluating the timing and effect of our adoption of this guidance. **Derivative Financial Instruments** 

At December 31, 2009, we had interests in two long-term mortgage impairment insurance contracts that were denominated in British pound sterling. The exposure with respect to these two contracts was measured based on movement in a specified United Kingdom housing index. In the first quarter of 2010, we commuted our interest in one contract for \$8.3 million cash. We recognized a gain of \$8.0 million, which is included in other operating income in our condensed consolidated statements of earnings. The remaining contract qualifies as a derivative financial instrument, is unhedged and is reported at fair value in other assets in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We record changes in fair value and any foreign exchange gain/loss on this contract as a component of other operating income.

#### **Stock-based Compensation**

In the first nine months of 2010, we granted the following shares of common stock, restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options for the purchase of shares of our common stock. For all grants except stock options, we measure fair value based on our closing stock price on the grant date. For stock options, we use the Black-Scholes single option pricing model to determine the fair value of an option on its grant date. The fair value of the common stock was expensed on the grant date. The fair value of the restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock options will be expensed over the vesting period.

	Weighted-average				
	Number of shares	grant date fair value	Aggregate fair value	Vesting period	
Common stock	33	\$ 25.33	\$ 840	-	
				3-10	
Restricted stock	760	27.54	20,941	years	
				3-10	
Restricted stock units	60	25.96	1,555	years	
Stock options	395	6.07	2,398	5 years	
T.,					

#### Income Taxes

For the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, the income tax provision was calculated based on an estimated effective tax rate for each year. Our effective tax rate differs from the U.S. Federal statutory rate primarily due to the effect of tax-exempt municipal bond interest.

#### Disposition

In 2010, we sold an inactive subsidiary, HCC Insurance Company, for \$14.7 million cash and realized a \$0.5 million gain.



## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

#### (2) Segments

In the third quarter of 2010, our chief executive officer, in the role of chief operating decision maker (CODM), completed the reorganization of HCC s management structure in order to manage and evaluate the company s operations from an insurance underwriting perspective, in line with our portfolio of insurance products. We have changed HCC s segment reporting structure to reflect these changes. Previously, we reported our results in the Insurance Company, Agency, and Other Operations segments. We now report HCC s results in the following six operating segments, each of which reports to an executive of HCC who is responsible for the segment results.

U.S. Property & Casualty

**Professional Liability** 

Accident & Health

U.S. Surety & Credit

International

#### Investing

#### **Insurance Underwriting Segments**

Each of the five insurance-related segments bears risk for insurance coverage written within its portfolio of insurance products. Each segment generates income from premium written by our underwriting agencies, through third party agents and brokers, or on a direct basis. Fee and commission income earned by our agencies from third party insurance companies is included in segment revenue. Each segment also incurs insurance losses, acquisition costs and other administrative expenses related to our insurance companies and underwriting agencies. The CODM monitors and assesses each segment s pretax results based on underwriting profit, gross and net written premium, and its combined ratio, consisting of the loss ratio and expense ratio.

Included in the portfolio of products for each insurance segment are the following key products:

U.S. Property & Casualty aviation, small account errors and omissions liability, public risk, employment practices liability, title, residual value, disability, contingency, kidnap and ransom and brown water marine written in the United States.

Professional Liability directors and officers liability, large account errors and omissions liability, diversified financial products and fidelity written in the United States and internationally.

Accident & Health medical stop-loss, short-term domestic and international medical, HMO reinsurance and medical excess written in the United States.

U.S. Surety & Credit contract, commercial, court and bail bonds written in the United States and credit insurance managed in the United States.

International energy, property treaty, liability, surety, credit, property, ocean marine, accident and health and other smaller product lines written outside the United States.

#### **Investing Segment**

The Investing segment includes our total investment portfolio, as well as all investment income, investment related expenses and realized investment gains and losses. All investment activity is reported as revenue, consistent with our consolidated presentation. While the insurance underwriting segments generate the cash flow underlying these

investments, our CODM does not include investment income in his assessment of the underwriting results of the insurance underwriting segments. Rather, investments and investment results are managed and evaluated centrally.

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

#### **Corporate & Other**

The Corporate & Other category is used to reconcile segment results to consolidated totals and includes corporate operating expenses not allocable to the segments, interest expense on long-term debt, and underwriting results of our Exited Lines. Our Exited Lines include six product lines that we no longer write and do not expect to write in the future. The Exited Lines include: 1) accident and health business managed by our underwriting agency, LDG Reinsurance, 2) workers compensation, 3) provider excess, 4) Spanish medical malpractice, 5) U.K. motor and 6) film completion bonds. We have included premium, losses and expenses related to our Exited Lines in the Corporate & Other category for all periods presented.

All stock-based compensation is included in Corporate & Other because it is not included in the CODM s evaluation of the five insurance underwriting segments. All contractual and discretionary bonuses are expensed in the respective employee s segment in the year the bonuses are earned. Any such bonuses that will be paid by restricted stock awards, which will be granted by the Compensation Committee in the following year, are reversed within corporate operating expenses. The appropriate stock-based compensation expense will be recorded in Corporate & Other as the awards vest in future years. The majority of our depreciation and amortization expense is included in Corporate & Other. All prior period information included in this Form 10-Q has been adjusted to present our segment disclosures and information on a consistent basis with our new segment reporting structure.

The following tables present information by business segment.

	U.S. Propertyl &	Professiona	l Accident &	-			Corporate			
		Liability	Health	& Credif	nternation	Investing	& Other	Consolidated		
Nine months ended Septem 2010	<u>iber 30,</u>									
Net earned premium Other revenue	\$258,427 24,128	\$ 321,849 458	\$ 567,739 2,830	\$ 148,427 455	\$234,471 6,177	\$ 158,200	\$ 1,225 987	\$1,532,138 193,235		
Segment revenue	282,555	322,307	570,569	148,882	240,648	158,200	2,212	1,725,373		
Loss and LAE, net Other expense	164,684 75,890	196,154 57,171	412,438 89,967	38,157 81,699	107,601 88,441		3,611 54,770	922,645 447,938		
Segment expense	240,574	253,325	502,405	119,856	196,042		58,381	1,370,583		
Segment pretax earnings	\$ 41,981	\$ 68,982	\$ 68,164	\$ 29,026	\$ 44,606	\$ 158,200	\$ (56,169)	\$ 354,790		
Nine months ended Septem 2009	<u>iber 30.</u>									
Net earned premium Other revenue	\$289,195 46,815	\$ 330,614 (134)		\$ 135,436 182	\$ 189,148 18,803	\$ 141,313	\$ 26,065 135	\$ 1,524,425 211,078		

Segment revenue	336,010	330,480	557,931	135,618	207,951	141,313	26,200	1,735,503
Loss and LAE, net Other expense	164,346 85,813	202,741 38,988	406,722 88,802	39,849 72,527	68,931 83,941		29,355 60,440	911,944 430,511
Segment expense	250,159	241,729	495,524	112,376	152,872		89,795	1,342,455
Segment pretax earnings	\$ 85,851	\$ 88,751	\$ 62,407	\$ 23,242	\$ 55,079	\$ 141,313	\$ (63,595) \$	5 393,048
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

		&			l Accident &	U.S. Surety &				orporate	
	С	asualty	L	liability	Health	CreditI	nternation	allnvesting	&	c Other C	Consolidated
Three months ended Septer 2010	mbe	<u>er 30,</u>									
Net earned premium Other revenue	\$	84,802 5,033	\$	103,696 20	\$ 193,252 1,113	\$ 49,807 127	\$ 84,539 1,466	\$ 51,894	\$	70 129	\$ 516,166 59,782
Segment revenue		89,835		103,716	194,365	49,934	86,005	51,894		199	575,948
Loss and LAE, net Other expense		61,883 21,289		63,212 18,866	138,869 30,908	10,296 28,007	23,227 29,365			(349) 18,363	297,138 146,798
Segment expense		83,172		82,078	169,777	38,303	52,592			18,014	443,936
Segment pretax earnings	\$	6,663	\$	21,638	\$ 24,588	\$ 11,631	\$ 33,413	\$ 51,894	\$	(17,815)	\$ 132,012
Three months ended Septer 2009	mbe	<u>er 30,</u>									
Net earned premium Other revenue	\$	94,453 6,979	\$	121,387 (151)	\$ 185,937 1,045	\$ 45,709 70	\$ 65,421 5,853	\$ 48,650	\$	7,152 (1,630)	\$ 520,059 60,816
Segment revenue		101,432		121,236	186,982	45,779	71,274	48,650		5,522	580,875
Loss and LAE, net Other expense		52,957 27,601			135,708 29,899		23,165 28,478			6,128 19,466	
Segment expense		80,558		83,002	165,607	37,430	51,643			25,594	443,834
Segment pretax earnings	\$	20,874	\$	38,234	\$ 21,375	\$ 8,349	\$ 19,631	\$ 48,650	\$	(20,072)	\$ 137,041

The following table presents total assets by segment. Assets in the insurance underwriting segments include goodwill that was allocated in conjunction with our resegmentation. See Note 3, Goodwill below for further discussion of the goodwill allocation. Goodwill was allocated to the December 31, 2009 balances based on the goodwill balances in each reportable segment as of September 30, 2010.

		September 30, 2010		December 31, 2009	
U.S. Property & Casualty		\$	988,326	\$	971,521
Professional Liability			979,606		954,613
Accident & Health			250,042		254,652
U.S. Surety & Credit			182,879		200,243
International			647,734		585,385
Investing			5,899,685		5,510,715
Corporate & Other			345,623		357,262
Total		\$	9,293,895	\$	8,834,391
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

For purposes of the disclosures in the tables below, we determine geographic location by the country of domicile of our subsidiaries that write the business and not by the location of insureds or reinsureds from whom the business was generated. The tables below present the split of our revenue, pretax earnings and total assets by geographic location.

	Ni	ne months ended September 30,			Three months ended September 30,			
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Domestic	\$	1,361,153	\$	1,402,396	\$	448,535	\$	464,422
Foreign		364,220		333,107		127,413		116,453
Total revenue	\$	1,725,373	\$	1,735,503	\$	575,948	\$	580,875
Domestic	\$	262,311	\$	295,816	\$	78,767	\$	98,672
Foreign		92,479		97,232		53,245		38,369
Total pretax earnings	\$	354,790	\$	393,048	\$	132,012	\$	137,041

	September 30, 2010			December 31, 2009		
Domestic Foreign	\$	7,034,297 2,259,598	\$	6,768,475 2,065,916		
Total assets	\$	9,293,895	\$	8,834,391		

#### (3) Goodwill

We conducted our annual goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2010, based on our prior reporting units, and noted no indicators of impairment. An indicator of impairment of goodwill exists when the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. We will conduct our next annual goodwill impairment test as of June 30, 2011, unless other events occur that indicate there is an impairment in our goodwill prior to that date.

In connection with the changes to our segment reporting structure, we allocated our consolidated goodwill to new reporting units and tested goodwill for impairment as of September 30, 2010. Based on this impairment test, the fair value of each new reporting unit exceeded its carrying amount.

We now have five reporting units, which are the same as our new insurance underwriting segments. To determine the fair value of each reporting unit, we utilized the income and market valuation approaches and based our assumptions and inputs on market participant data, as well as our own data. For the income approach, we estimated the present value of each reporting unit s expected cash flows to determine its fair value. We utilized estimated future cash flows of the portfolio of products included in each reporting unit, as well as a risk-appropriate rate of return specific to each reporting unit. We utilized our budgets and projection of future operations based on historical and expected industry trends to estimate our future cash flows and their probability of occurring as projected. We also determined fair value of each reporting unit based on market participant data, and used those results to test the reasonableness and validity of the income approach results.

For goodwill impairment testing purposes only, we allocated the investments and investment income from the Investing segment to the five reporting units. We assigned investments to each reporting unit based on the amount of capital required by the reporting unit to maintain an A+ rating under A.M. Best s capital allocation model. We assumed the same investment income rate of return for all investments.

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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

We allocated goodwill to the reporting units based on the relative fair value of each reporting unit to the sum of the reporting units total fair value at September 30, 2010. In future periods, when we complete a business acquisition, we will assign goodwill to the applicable reporting units, based on the reporting unit s share of the estimated future cash flows of all acquired insurance products.

There were no significant changes in goodwill related to our prior reportable segments during 2010. The balances by reportable segment after our resegmentation are presented below.

	S	eptember 30, 2010
U.S. Property & Casualty	\$	223,000
Professional Liability		250,000
Accident & Health		144,000
U.S. Surety & Credit		79,700
International		125,000
Total	\$	821,700

#### (4) Fair Value Measurements

We value financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. In determining fair value, we generally apply the market approach, which uses prices and other relevant data based on market transactions involving identical or comparable assets and liabilities. We classify our financial instruments into the following three-level hierarchy:

Level 1 Inputs are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2 Inputs are based on observable market data (other than quoted prices), or are derived from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 Inputs are unobservable and not corroborated by market data.

Our Level 1 investments are primarily U.S. Treasuries listed on exchanges. We use quoted prices for identical instruments to measure fair value.

Our Level 2 investments include most of our fixed income securities, which consist of U.S. government agency securities, municipal bonds, certain corporate debt securities, and certain mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. Our Level 2 instruments also include our interest rate swap agreements, which are reflected as liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We measure fair value for the majority of our Level 2 investments using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics. The remaining investments are valued using pricing models or matrix pricing. The fair value measurements consider observable assumptions, including benchmark yields, reported trades, broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, two-sided markets, benchmark securities, bids, offers, default rates, loss severity and other economic measures.

We use independent pricing services to assist us in determining fair value for over 99% of our Level 1 and Level 2 investments. The pricing services provide a single price or quote per security. We use data provided by our third party investment manager to value the remaining Level 2 investments. To validate that these quoted and modeled prices are reasonable estimates of fair value, we perform various quantitative and qualitative procedures, including: 1) evaluation of the underlying methodologies, 2) analysis of recent sales activity, 3) analytical review of our fair values against current market prices, and 4) comparison of the pricing services fair value to other pricing services fair value for the same investment. Based on these procedures, we did not adjust the prices or quotes provided by our independent pricing services or third party investment managers as of September 30, 2010 or December 31, 2009. In

addition, we did not apply GAAP criteria for determining the fair value of securities in inactive markets since no markets for our investments were judged to be inactive as of September 30, 2010 or December 31, 2009. Our Level 3 securities include certain fixed income securities, and an insurance contract that we account for as a derivative classified in other assets. We determine fair value based on internally developed models that use assumptions or other data that are not readily observable from objective sources. Because we use the lowest level significant input to determine our hierarchy classifications, a financial instrument may be classified in Level 3 even though there may be significant readily-observable inputs.

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

In the first quarter of 2010, we commuted our interest in a second insurance contract that was accounted for as a derivative and also classified in other assets in Level 3 at December 31, 2009.

The following tables present our assets and interest rate swap liabilities that were measured at fair value.

Sontombor 20, 2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>September 30, 2010</u>				
Fixed income securities available for sale				
U.S. government and government agency securities	\$152,578	\$ 183,041	\$	\$ 335,619
Fixed income securities of states, municipalities and political subdivisions		1,132,448		1,132,448
Special purpose revenue bonds of states,		1,152,770		1,152,770
municipalities and political subdivisions		1,575,914		1,575,914
Corporate fixed income securities		591,335	156	591,491
Residential mortgage-backed securities		1,099,360		1,099,360
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		157,730		157,730
Asset-backed securities		4,302	1,267	5,569
Foreign government securities		268,578		268,578
Total fixed income securities available for sale	152,578	5,012,708	1,423	5,166,709
Other investments	12			12
Other assets			686	686
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 152,590	\$ 5,012,708	\$ 2,109	\$5,167,407
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$ (471)	\$	\$ (471)
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$	\$ (471)	\$	\$ (471)
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

December 31, 2009	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>December 51, 2009</u>				
Fixed income securities available for sale				
U.S. government and government agency securities Fixed income securities of states, municipalities and	\$ 178,927	\$ 134,620	\$	\$ 313,547
political subdivisions Special purpose revenue bonds of states,		1,059,426		1,059,426
municipalities and political subdivisions		1,146,334		1,146,334
Corporate fixed income securities		686,170	151	686,321
Residential mortgage-backed securities		944,182		944,182
Commercial mortgage-backed securities		143,412	2,805	146,217
Asset-backed securities		13,059	1,306	14,365
Foreign government securities		227,681		227,681
Total fixed income securities available for sale	178,927	4,354,884	4,262	4,538,073
Other investments	14			14
Other assets			432	432
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 178,941	\$4,354,884	\$ 4,694	\$4,538,519
i otar assots incasureu at fan value	Ψ1/0,71	Ψ <i>τ,55</i> ,τ,00 <del>1</del>	ψ +,02+	ψ <i>᠇,230,317</i>
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	\$ (2,367)	\$	\$ (2,367)
Total liabilities measured at fair value	\$	\$ (2,367)	\$	\$ (2,367)

We excluded from our fair value disclosures our held to maturity investment portfolio, measured at amortized cost, and our other investments, measured at cost, of which \$4.1 million were redeemed in the second quarter of 2010. The following tables present the changes in fair value of our Level 3 assets.

		2010			2009	
	Fixed income securities	Other assets	Total	Fixed income securities	Other assets	Total
Fair value at beginning of						
year	\$ 4,262	\$ 432	\$ 4,694	\$ 6,515	\$16,100	\$22,615
Net redemptions	(572)	(8,342)	(8,914)	(1,590)		(1,590)
Gains and (losses) unrealized	276	254	530	1,018	3,469	4,487
Gains and (losses) realized		8,342	8,342	30		30
Transfers into Level 3				6,263		6,263
Transfers out of Level 3	(2,543)		(2,543)	(3,661)		(3,661)

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Fair value at September 30	\$ 1,423	\$	686	\$ 2,109	\$ 8,575	\$ 19,569	\$28,144
			17				

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

		2010		2009			
	Fixed income securities	Other assets	Total	Fixed income securities	Other assets	Total	
Fair value at June 30	\$ 3,973	\$ 470	\$ 4,443	\$ 5,982	\$ 19,757	\$25,739	
Net redemptions	(77)		(77)	(327)		(327)	
Gains and (losses) unrealized Transfers into Level 3	70	216	286	487 4,348	(188)	299 4,348	
Transfers out of Level 3	(2,543)		(2,543)	(1,915)		(1,915)	
Fair value at September 30	\$ 1,423	\$ 686	\$ 2,109	\$ 8,575	\$ 19,569	\$28,144	

Unrealized gains and losses on our Level 3 fixed income securities are reported in other comprehensive income within shareholders equity, and unrealized gains and losses on our Level 3 other assets are reported in other operating income. We transferred investments into Level 3 in 2009 due to our inability to obtain fair values using inputs based on observable market data. We transferred investments from Level 3 to Level 2 in both years because we were able to determine their fair value using inputs based on observable market data in the period transferred.

## (5) <u>Investments</u>

Substantially all of our fixed income securities are investment grade and 97% are rated A or better. The cost or amortized cost, gross unrealized gain or loss, and fair value of our fixed income securities were as follows:

	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gain	Gross unrealized loss	Fair value
Available for sale at September 30, 2010				
U.S. government and government agency				
securities	\$ 321,725	\$ 13,894	\$	\$ 335,619
Fixed income securities of states, municipalities				
and political subdivisions	1,055,013	77,737	(302)	1,132,448
Special purpose revenue bonds of states,				
municipalities and political subdivisions	1,485,705	90,680	(471)	1,575,914
Corporate fixed income securities	554,739	36,753	(1)	591,491
Residential mortgage-backed securities	1,042,769	59,021	(2,430)	1,099,360
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	147,854	10,087	(211)	157,730
Asset-backed securities	5,436	133		5,569
Foreign government securities	252,204	16,442	(68)	268,578
Total fixed income securities available for sale	\$4,865,445	\$ 304,747	\$ (3,483)	\$ 5,166,709
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

	Cost or amortized cost	Gross unrealized gain	Gross unrealized loss	Fair value
Available for sale at December 31, 2009				
U.S. government and government agency				
securities	\$ 308,618	\$ 6,255	\$ (1,326)	\$ 313,547
Fixed income securities of states, municipalities	1.010.000	40,401		1.050.400
and political subdivisions Special purpose revenue bonds of states,	1,012,262	49,491	(2,327)	1,059,426
municipalities and political subdivisions	1,101,566	46,551	(1,783)	1,146,334
Corporate fixed income securities	657,653	28,785	(1,703)	686,321
Residential mortgage-backed securities	915,203	35,130	(6,151)	944,182
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	151,357	630	(5,770)	146,217
Asset-backed securities	15,118	445	(1,198)	14,365
Foreign government securities	219,985	7,914	(218)	227,681
Total fixed income securities available for sale	\$4,381,762	\$ 175,201	\$ (18,890)	\$4,538,073
Held to maturity at September 30, 2010				
U.S. government securities	\$ 12,990	\$ 337	\$	\$ 13,327
Corporate fixed income securities	104,979	2,174	(8)	107,145
Foreign government securities	75,872	1,973		77,845
Total fixed income securities held to maturity	\$ 193,841	\$ 4,484	\$ (8)	\$ 198,317
Held to maturity at December 31, 2009				
U.S. government securities	\$ 14,988	\$ 269	\$	\$ 15,257
Corporate fixed income securities	7,594	÷ _05 95	ф (4)	7,685
Foreign government securities	80,210	1,579	(723)	81,066
Total fixed income securities held to maturity	\$ 102,792	\$ 1,943	\$ (727)	\$ 104,008
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

All fixed income securities were income producing in 2010. The following table displays the gross unrealized losses and fair value of all available for sale fixed income securities that were in a continuous unrealized loss position for the periods indicated.

	Less than 12 months Unrealized		12 months or more Unrealized		Total Unrealized	
<u>September 30, 2010</u>	Fair value	losses	Fair value	losses	Fair value	losses
<u>September 50, 2010</u>						
Fixed income securities of states, municipalities and political subdivisions Special purpose revenue bonds of states,	\$ 18,576	\$ (211)	\$ 2,309	\$ (91)	\$ 20,885	\$ (302)
municipalities and political subdivisions	58,839	(374)	7,260	(97)	66,099	(471)
Corporate fixed income securities	1,966	(1)			1,966	(1)
Residential mortgage-backed securities	47,248	(339)	25,897	(2,091)	73,145	(2,430)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities			7,298	(211)	7,298	(211)
Foreign government securities	11,111	(68)			11,111	(68)
Total	\$ 137,740	\$ (993)	\$ 42,764	\$ (2,490)	\$ 180,504	\$ (3,483)
December 31, 2009						
U.S. government and government						
agency securities	\$101,542	\$ (1,326)	\$	\$	\$101,542	\$ (1,326)
Fixed income securities of states,						
municipalities and political subdivisions Special purpose revenue bonds of states,	48,836	(985)	19,816	(1,342)	68,652	(2,327)
municipalities and political subdivisions	76,305	(1,305)	25,261	(478)	101,566	(1,783)
Corporate fixed income securities	13,773	(117)			13,773	(117)
Residential mortgage-backed securities	147,621	(2,018)	40,568	(4,133)	188,189	(6,151)
Commercial mortgage-backed securities	30,209	(418)	73,451	(5,352)	103,660	(5,770)
Asset-backed securities	2,476	(246)	7,532	(952)	10,008	(1,198)
Foreign government securities	4,153	(130)	8,593	(88)	12,746	(218)
Total	\$ 424,915	\$ (6,545)	\$ 175,221	\$ (12,345)	\$600,136	\$ (18,890)

A security has an impairment loss when its fair value is less than its cost or amortized cost at the balance sheet date. We evaluate the securities in our fixed income securities portfolio for possible other-than-temporary impairment losses at each quarter end. During 2010 and 2009, our reviews covered all impaired securities where the loss exceeded \$0.5 million and the loss either exceeded 10% of cost or the security had been in a loss position for longer than twelve consecutive months.

For other-than-temporary impairment losses, we recognize an other-than-temporary impairment loss in earnings in the period that we determine: 1) we intend to sell the security, 2) it is more likely than not that we will be required to sell the security before recovery of its amortized cost basis or 3) the security has a credit loss. We recognized \$0.3 million of other-than-temporary impairment credit losses in the nine months and three months ended September 30, 2010, compared to \$5.3 million and \$0.3 million in the nine months and three months ended September 30, 2009, respectively.

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

Since April 1, 2009, when we adopted a new accounting standard for other-than-temporary impairment losses, we have recognized credit losses on certain impaired fixed income securities, for which each security also had an impairment loss recorded in other comprehensive income. The rollforward of these credit losses, beginning at the date of adoption of the new accounting standard, was as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30, 2010 2009		Three months ended Se 2010		-	eptember 30, 2009	
Balance at beginning of period Credit losses included in retained earnings related to adoption of new accounting standard Credit losses recognized in earnings Securities previously	\$	3,848	\$ 2,723	\$	3,848	\$	3,373
impaired		300	550		300		200
Securities previously not impaired			425				125
Balance at September 30	\$	4,148	\$ 3,698	\$	4,148	\$	3,698

We had \$5.0 million after-tax of other-than-temporary impairments, primarily related to mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, included in accumulated other comprehensive income within shareholders equity at September 30, 2010.

We do not consider the \$3.5 million of gross unrealized losses in our fixed income securities portfolio at September 30, 2010 to be other-than-temporary impairments as of that date because: 1) we received substantially all contractual interest and principal payments on these securities as of September 30, 2010, 2) we do not intend to sell the securities, 3) it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell the securities before recovery of their amortized cost bases and 4) the unrealized loss relates to non-credit factors, such as interest rate changes and market conditions.

The amortized cost and fair value of our fixed income securities at September 30, 2010, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. The weighted-average life of our mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities at September 30, 2010 was 2.5 years.

	Availabl	Held to maturity		
	Cost or			
	amortized		Amortized	
	cost	Fair value	cost	Fair value
Due in 1 year or less	\$ 237,836	\$ 241,269	\$ 25,128	\$ 25,345
Due after 1 year through 5 years	1,096,709	1,163,110	157,528	161,062
Due after 5 years through 10 years	871,163	945,571	11,185	11,910
Due after 10 years through 15 years	764,784	818,781		

Due after 15 years	698,894	735,319		
Securities with fixed maturities Mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities	3,669,386 1,196,059	3,904,050 1,262,659	193,841	198,317
Total fixed income securities	\$ 4,865,445 21	\$ 5,166,709	\$ 193,841	\$ 198,317

# HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

The sources of net investment income were as follows:

	Ni	ne months ende	ed Septe	ember 30,	Three months ended September 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Fixed income securities	\$	150,001	\$	140,483	\$	50,921	\$	47,571	
Short-term investments		631		1,791		271		321	
Other		3,053		2,194		1,011		1,143	
Total investment income		153,685		144,468		52,203		49,035	
Investment expense		(3,082)		(2,728)		(1,066)		(924)	
Net investment income	\$	150,603	\$	141,740	\$	51,137	\$	48,111	

Realized pretax gains (losses) on the sale of investments, which exclude other-than-temporary impairment losses, were as follows:

	Nine months ended September 30,								
		2010		2009					
	Gains	Losses	Net	Gains	Losses	Net			
Fixed income securities	\$ 8,875	\$ (824)	\$ 8,051	\$ 7,593	\$ (3,289)	\$4,304			
Other	2	(156)	(154)	710	(162)	548			
Realized investment gain									
(loss)	\$ 8,877	\$ (980)	\$ 7,897	\$ 8,303	\$ (3,451)	\$4,852			

	Three months ended September 30,							
		2010			2009			
	Gains	Losses	Net	Gains	Losses	Net		
Fixed income securities	\$ 1,282	\$ (225)	\$ 1,057	\$ 1,960	\$(1,122)	\$ 838		
Other				27	(1)	26		
Realized investment gain (loss)	\$ 1,282	\$ (225)	\$ 1,057	\$ 1,987	\$(1,123)	\$ 864		
		22						

## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

# (6) Earnings Per Share

The following table details the numerator and denominator used in our earnings per share calculations.

	N	line months	ended Se 30,	ptember	Three months ended September 30,			
		2010	50,	2009		2010	50,	2009
Net earnings Less: net earnings attributable to unvested restricted stock and	\$	247,797	\$	269,076	\$	93,063	\$	94,321
restricted stock units Net earnings available to		(2,746)		(1,436)		(1,067)		(537)
<b>common stock</b> Weighted-average common shares	\$	245,051	\$	267,640	\$	91,996	\$	93,784
outstanding Dilutive effect of outstanding options (determined using treasury		113,872		112,154		114,002		111,892
stock method) Dilutive effect of convertible debt (determined using treasury stock method)		254		283 478		156		371 683
Weighted-average common shares and potential common								000
shares outstanding		114,126		112,915		114,158		112,946
Anti-dilutive stock options not included in treasury stock method computation		4,431		5,672		4,978		5,279
			23					

# HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

#### (7) <u>Reinsurance</u>

In the normal course of business, our insurance companies cede a portion of their premium to domestic and foreign reinsurers through treaty and facultative reinsurance agreements. Although ceding for reinsurance purposes does not discharge the direct insurer from liability to its policyholder, our insurance companies participate in such agreements in order to limit their loss exposure, protect them against catastrophic loss and diversify their business. The following tables present the effect of such reinsurance transactions on our premium, loss and loss adjustment expense and policy acquisition costs.

	ľ	Nine months e	nded S 30,	eptember	Three months ended September 30,			
Direct written premium Reinsurance assumed Reinsurance ceded	\$	<b>2010</b> 1,697,054 257,676 (415,239)	\$	<b>2009</b> 1,709,613 194,473 (376,197)	\$	<b>2010</b> 565,417 75,239 (146,218)	\$	<b>2009</b> 559,142 61,240 (127,095)
Net written premium	\$	1,539,491	\$	1,527,889	\$	494,438	\$	493,287
Direct earned premium Reinsurance assumed Reinsurance ceded	\$	1,714,252 217,621 (399,735)	\$	1,688,378 186,611 (350,564)	\$	575,216 76,473 (135,523)	\$	583,130 61,648 (124,719)
Net earned premium	\$	1,532,138	\$	1,524,425	\$	516,166	\$	520,059
Direct loss and loss adjustment expense Reinsurance assumed Reinsurance ceded	\$	1,059,094 131,202 (267,651)	\$	1,026,184 93,704 (207,944)	\$	340,225 25,413 (68,500)	\$	329,561 28,701 (54,454)
Net loss and loss adjustment expense	\$	922,645	\$	911,944	\$	297,138	\$	303,808
Policy acquisition costs Ceding commissions	\$	330,174 (88,096)	\$	313,247 (90,061)	\$	111,214 (30,466)	\$	108,998 (37,506)
Net policy acquisition costs	\$	242,078	\$	223,186	\$	80,748	\$	71,492
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## HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

The tables below show the components of reinsurance recoverables in our condensed consolidated balance sheets and the calculation of net reserves, net unearned premium and net deferred policy acquisition costs.

	Sep	otember 30, 2010	December 31, 2009		
Reinsurance recoverable on paid losses Reinsurance recoverable on outstanding losses Reinsurance recoverable on incurred but not reported	\$	92,170 471,580	\$	82,887 495,964	
losses Reserve for uncollectible reinsurance		481,845 (2,945)		440,505 (2,945)	
Total reinsurance recoverables	\$	1,042,650	\$	1,016,411	
Loss and loss adjustment expense payable Reinsurance recoverable on outstanding losses Reinsurance recoverable on incurred but not reported	\$	3,555,505 (471,580)	\$	3,492,309 (495,964)	
losses		(481,845)		(440,505)	
Net reserves	\$	2,602,080	\$	2,555,840	
Unearned premium Ceded unearned premium	\$	1,069,594 (283,529)	\$	1,044,747 (270,436)	
Net unearned premium	\$	786,065	\$	774,311	
Deferred policy acquisition costs Deferred ceding commissions	\$	219,062 (72,714)	\$	208,463 (71,595)	
Net deferred policy acquisition costs	\$	146,348	\$	136,868	

#### (8) <u>Supplemental Information</u>

Supplemental information was as follows:

	Nine months end	led September 30,	Three months ended September 30,					
	2010	2009	2010	2009				
Income taxes paid Interest paid Cash paid for commutation	\$ 101,164 9,714	\$ 121,572 9,827 43,900	\$ 34,949 151	\$ 32,756 3,578 43,900				
commutation		43,900		45,900				

Comprehensive					
income	337,068	404,005	154,317	185,298	
		25	·	-	
		-0			

# HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc. and Subsidiaries Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited, tables in thousands except per share data)

# (9) Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Catastrophe and Large Loss Exposure**

We have exposure to catastrophic losses caused by natural perils (such as hurricanes and earthquakes), as well as from man-made events (such as terrorist attacks). The incidence, timing and severity of catastrophic losses are unpredictable. We assess our exposures in areas most vulnerable to natural catastrophes and apply procedures to ascertain our probable maximum loss from a single event. We maintain reinsurance protection that we believe is sufficient to limit our exposure to a foreseeable event. In the first quarter of 2010, we recognized gross losses from catastrophic events, primarily the Chilean earthquake, of \$31.9 million. After reinsurance, our pretax loss was \$20.6 million. In the third quarter, we released \$5.0 million of gross and net reserves related to the first-quarter catastrophic events, based on recent claims information about the potential losses. In the second quarter of 2010, we recognized gross losses for the Deepwater Horizon rig disaster of \$28.2 million. Due to significant facultative reinsurance, in addition to our treaty reinsurance, our pretax net loss was minimal.

#### Litigation

We are a party to lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings that arise in the normal course of our business. Many of such lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings involve claims under policies that we underwrite as an insurer or reinsurer, the liabilities for which, we believe, have been adequately included in our loss reserves. Also, from time to time, we are a party to lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings that relate to disputes with third parties, or that involve alleged errors and omissions on the part of our subsidiaries. We have provided accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. Although the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time, based on present information, the availability of insurance coverage and advice received from our outside legal counsel, we believe the resolution of any such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

#### Indemnifications

In conjunction with the sales of business assets and subsidiaries, we have provided indemnifications to the buyers. Certain indemnifications cover typical representations and warranties related to our responsibilities to perform under the sales contracts. Under other indemnifications, we agree to reimburse the purchasers for taxes or ERISA-related amounts, if any, assessed after the sale date but related to pre-sale activities. We cannot quantify the maximum potential exposure covered by all of our indemnifications because the indemnifications cover a variety of matters, operations and scenarios. Certain of these indemnifications have no time limit. For those with a time limit, the longest such indemnification expires in 2025. We accrue a loss when a valid claim is made by a purchaser and we believe we have potential exposure. At September 30, 2010, we have recorded a liability of \$10.6 million and have provided a \$3.0 million escrow account and \$9.7 million of letters of credit to cover our obligations or anticipated payments under these indemnifications.

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## Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following Management s Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes thereto.

## **Overview**

We are a specialty insurance group with offices in the United States, the United Kingdom, Spain and Ireland, transacting business in approximately 150 countries. Our group consists of insurance companies, underwriting agencies and 100% participation in an active Lloyd s of London syndicate that we manage. Our shares trade on the New York Stock Exchange and closed at \$26.09 on September 30, 2010. We had a market capitalization of \$3.1 billion at October 31, 2010.

We underwrite a variety of relatively non-correlated specialty lines of business. Insurance products are marketed by our insurance companies, internal agencies and the syndicate through a network of independent agents and brokers, directly to customers, or through third party administrators. The majority of our business is low limit or small premium business that has less intense price competition, as well as lower catastrophe and volatility risk. We reinsure a significant portion of our catastrophic exposure to hurricanes, earthquakes and large losses to minimize the impact on our net earnings and shareholders equity.

Our major domestic and international insurance companies have a financial strength rating of AA (Very Strong) from Standard & Poor s Corporation. Our major domestic insurance companies have a financial strength rating of AA (Very Strong) from Fitch Ratings, A1 (Good Security) from Moody s Investors Service, Inc., and A+ (Superior) from A.M. Best Company, Inc.

Key facts about our consolidated group as of and for the nine months and quarter ended September 30, 2010 are as follows:

We had consolidated shareholders equity of \$3.3 billion. Our book value per share increased in the first nine months to \$28.95.

We had year-to-date net earnings of \$247.8 million, or \$2.15 per diluted share. Our third quarter earnings were \$93.1 million, or \$0.81 per diluted share.

We produced total revenue of \$1.7 billion and \$575.9 million in the first nine months and third quarter, respectively.

We recognized year-to-date pretax gross losses of \$26.9 million and pretax net losses, after reinsurance, of \$15.6 million from catastrophic events that occurred in the first quarter. We recognized \$28.2 million of pretax gross losses for the Deepwater Horizon rig disaster for which we had minimal net loss primarily due to significant facultative reinsurance, in addition to our treaty reinsurance. These losses increased our net loss ratio and combined ratio by 1.0 percentage point and decreased net earnings by \$0.09 per diluted share for the nine-month period.

Our year-to-date net loss ratio, including the year-to-date catastrophic losses, was 60.2% and our combined ratio was 85.3%.

We declared dividends of \$0.415 per share and paid \$46.5 million of dividends in the first nine months of 2010.

We hold a total investment portfolio of \$5.8 billion, of which \$5.4 billion are fixed income securities with an average rating of AA+.

We purchased \$10.2 million of our common stock at an average cost of \$25.10 per share during the quarter. Comparisons in the following sections refer to the first nine months of 2010 compared to the same period of 2009, unless otherwise noted. Amounts in tables are in thousands, except for earnings per share, percentages, ratios and

number of employees.

## **Reporting Segment Changes**

In the third quarter of 2010, our chief executive officer, in the role of chief operating decision maker (CODM), completed the reorganization of HCC s management structure in order to manage and evaluate the company s operations from an insurance underwriting perspective, in line with our portfolio of insurance products. We have changed our segment reporting structure to reflect these changes. Previously, we reported our results in the Insurance Company, Agency, and Other Operations segments. We now report our results in the following six operating segments, each of which reports to an executive of HCC who is responsible for the segment results:

U.S. Property & Casualty

Professional Liability

Accident & Health

U.S. Surety & Credit

International

Investing

See Note 2, Segments in the attached condensed consolidated financial statements for additional discussion of our new segments. In addition, in connection with our resegmentation, we changed the presentation of our consolidated income statement and redefined the calculation of our expense ratio. We previously presented reinsurance ceding commissions that exceeded policy acquisition costs as a component of fee and commission income, within total revenue. We now present all ceding commissions as an offset to policy acquisition costs, within total expense. We also now present an expense ratio for each reportable segment. All of our expense ratios are calculated using amounts included in our GAAP consolidated financial statements. The formulas are as follows:

Consolidated sum of other expense for each of our insurance segments, divided by the sum of segment revenue for each of our insurance segments.

Segment segment other expense divided by segment revenue.

## **Results of Operations**

Net earnings were \$247.8 million (\$2.15 per diluted share) in the first nine months of 2010, compared to \$269.1 million (\$2.37 per diluted share) in the same period of 2009 and \$93.1 million (\$0.81 per diluted share) in the third quarter of 2010, compared to \$94.3 million (\$0.83 per diluted share) in the third quarter of 2009. Significant matters impacting net earnings in 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

We had pretax net favorable reserve development of \$36.6 million and \$25.4 million in the first nine months and the third quarter of 2009, respectively. We had minimal reserve development in 2010. See the Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense section below for further discussion of these reserve changes.

In the first quarter of 2010, we recognized gross losses of \$31.9 million from catastrophic events, the most significant of which was the Chilean earthquake. After reinsurance, our pretax loss was \$20.6 million. In the second quarter, we recognized gross losses for the Deepwater Horizon rig disaster of \$28.2 million. Due to significant facultative reinsurance, in addition to treaty reinsurance, our pretax net loss was minimal. In the third quarter, we reduced our gross and net loss reserves related to the first-quarter catastrophes by \$5.0 million based on recent claims information about the potential losses.

In the first quarter of 2010, we commuted our interest in a long-term mortgage impairment insurance contract that had been accounted for as a derivative financial instrument and recognized a \$5.0 million pretax gain. The contract was denominated in British pound sterling. We received £5.6 million (\$8.3 million) of cash, which was included in other operating income, and incurred related expenses of \$3.0 million, which were included in other operating

expense.

In the first quarter of 2009, we commuted, loss-free, all liability under a contract with Mortgage Guarantee Insurance Company (MGIC) to provide reinsurance coverage for certain residential mortgage guaranty contracts and recognized a \$15.6 million pretax gain. We had been recording revenue under this contract using the deposit method of accounting because we determined the contract did not transfer significant underwriting risk. We received a cash termination payment of \$25.0 million, which was included in other operating income. This additional revenue was partially offset by \$9.9 million of expenses for reinsurance and other direct costs, which were included in other operating expense.

## <u>Revenue</u>

Total revenue decreased \$10.1 million in the first nine months of 2010, compared to the same period in 2009, due to lower other operating income partially offset by higher net earned premium, primarily in our International segment, and improved investment results.

Gross written premium, net written premium and net earned premium are detailed below by segment.

	Nine months ended September 30,					Three months ended September 30,			
		2010	,	2009		2010	,	2009	
Gross written premium									
U.S. Property & Casualty Professional Liability Accident & Health U.S. Surety & Credit International Exited Lines	\$	415,139 414,436 567,785 173,142 381,975 2,253 1,954,730	\$	475,345 435,821 550,925 148,444 269,924 23,627 1,904,086	\$	146,010 144,920 194,377 55,972 99,197 180 640,656	\$	159,498 151,442 185,423 52,105 64,892 7,022 620,382	
	Ψ	1,50 1,700	Ψ	1,201,000	Ŷ	010,000	Ŷ	020,002	
Net written premium									
U.S. Property & Casualty Professional Liability Accident & Health U.S. Surety & Credit International Exited Lines	\$	247,717 277,956 567,520 159,626 285,763 909	\$	299,935 309,963 550,563 139,715 205,050 22,663	\$	84,250 99,131 194,301 52,067 64,644 45	\$	97,221 107,727 185,284 47,921 48,276 6,858	
	\$	1,539,491	\$	1,527,889	\$	494,438	\$	493,287	
Net earned premium									
U.S. Property & Casualty Professional Liability Accident & Health U.S. Surety & Credit International Exited Lines	\$	258,427 321,849 567,739 148,427 234,471 1,225	\$	289,195 330,614 553,967 135,436 189,148 26,065	\$	84,802 103,696 193,252 49,807 84,539 70	\$	94,453 121,387 185,937 45,709 65,421 7,152	

\$ 1,532,138 \$ 1,524,425 \$ 516,166 \$ 520,059

Growth in premium occurred primarily in the International segment, directly related to property treaty business that we began to write in late 2009. There were offsetting increases and decreases in premium in our other segments, which partially offset the reduction of premium in our Exited Lines. See the Segment Operations section below for further discussion of the relationship and changes in premium revenue within each segment.

The sources of net investment income are detailed below.

	Nine months ended September 30,					Three months ended September 30,			
		2010	2009		2010			2009	
Fixed income securities									
Taxable	\$	82,416	\$	78,894	\$	27,613	\$	26,795	
Exempt from U.S. income taxes		67,585		61,589		23,308		20,776	
Total fixed income securities		150,001		140,483		50,921		47,571	
Short-term investments		631		1,791		271		321	
Other		3,053		2,194		1,011		1,143	
Total investment income		153,685		144,468		52,203		49,035	
Investment expense		(3,082)		(2,728)		(1,066)		(924)	
Net investment income	\$	150,603	\$	141,740	\$	51,137	\$	48,111	

Net investment income increased 6% year-over-year primarily due to higher income from fixed income securities, generated from an increased amount of investments. Our fixed income securities portfolio increased 10% from \$4.9 billion at September 30, 2009 to \$5.4 billion at September 30, 2010. The growth in fixed income securities resulted primarily from cash flow from operations and reinvestment of funds that were held in short-term investments at December 31, 2009. Short-term investment income declined in the three and nine month periods, due to lower average short-term investment balances and lower short-term market interest rates. Other investment income for year-to-date 2009 included a \$1.0 million loss on hedge fund investments.

The following table details the components of our other operating income.

	Nine months ended September 30,					Three months ended September 30,			
		2010	2010 200		2010			2009	
Fee and commission income	\$	21,465	\$	34,941	\$	6,311	\$	10,761	
Contract using deposit accounting				25,532					
Financial instruments		8,595		3,469		216		(188)	
Strategic investments		677		4,714		120		2,859	
Other		4,298		1,109		1,241		(1,266)	
Other operating income	\$	35,035	\$	69,765	\$	7,888	\$	12,166	

Fee and commission income decreased year-over-year, primarily in our International segment, mainly due to selling our U.K. reinsurance broker in 2009. The nine month periods of 2010 and 2009 included an \$8.0 million gain related to commuting a derivative contract and \$25.0 million from commutation of the MGIC reinsurance contract, respectively, both of which are included in our U.S. Property & Casualty segment.

Loss and Loss Adjustment Expense

Our gross loss ratio was 61.6% and 59.7% in the first nine months of 2010 and 2009, respectively, and 56.1% and 55.6% in the third quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The 2010 year-to-date loss ratio included 1.4 percentage points and 1.5 percentage points for the 2010 catastrophe losses and the Deepwater Horizon rig disaster, respectively.

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The tables below show the composition of net incurred loss and loss adjustment expense and the net loss ratio by segment.

			d September	,	Three months ended September 30, 2010 2009				
	2010		2009	_	2010	_	_		
	Amount	Loss ratio	Amount	Loss ratio	Amount	Loss ratio	Amount	Loss ratio	
2010 catastrophes	\$ 15,588	1.0%	\$	97	6 \$ (5,000)	(1.0)%	\$	%	
Adverse (favorable) reserve development All other net incurred loss and loss	1,259	0.1	(36,647)	(2.4)	(907)	(0.2)	(25,375)	(4.9)	
adjustment expense	905,798	59.1	948,591	62.2	303,045	58.8	329,183	63.3	
Net incurred loss and loss adjustment expense	\$ 922,645	60.2%	\$911,944	59.8%	\$ 297,138	57.6%	\$ 303,808	58.4%	

	Nine months ended S	eptember 30,	Three months ended S	September 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009	
U.S. Property &					
Casualty	63.7%	56.8%	73.0%	56.1%	
Professional Liability	60.9	61.3	61.0	60.8	
Accident & Health	72.6	73.4	71.9	73.0	
U.S. Surety & Credit	25.7	29.4	20.7	26.5	
International	45.9	36.4	27.5	35.4	
Total loss ratio	60.2	59.8	57.6	58.4	
Expense ratio	25.1	23.6	24.5	22.9	
<b>Combined ratio</b>	85.3%	83.4%	82.1%	81.3%	

Our net loss ratio for the first nine months of 2010 was 60.2%, which included 1.0 percentage point for the 2010 catastrophes. The 2009 year-to-date and third quarter net loss ratios included the effect of favorable reserve development. Deficiencies and redundancies in reserves occur as we review our loss reserves with our actuaries, increasing or reducing loss reserves as a result of such reviews and as losses are finally settled or claims exposures change. See the Segment Operations section below for further discussion of the changes in our loss and loss adjustment expense within each segment.

The table below provides a reconciliation of our reserves for loss and loss adjustment expense payable, net of reinsurance ceded, the amount of our paid claims and our net paid loss ratios.

Nine months ended September 30,

Three months ended September 30,

	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net reserves for loss and loss adjustment expense payable at beginning of period Net reserve additions	\$ 2,555,840	\$ 2,416,271	\$ 2,568,317	\$ 2,563,196
from acquired businesses Foreign currency	8,110	36,522		1,600
adjustment	(11,677)	29,109	36,109	(247)
Incurred loss and loss adjustment expense Loss and loss	922,645	911,944	297,138	303,808
adjustment expense payments	(872,838)	(838,494)	(299,484)	(313,005)
Net reserves for loss and loss adjustment expense payable at end of period	\$ 2,602,080	\$ 2,555,352	\$ 2,602,080	\$ 2,555,352
Net paid loss ratio	57.0%	55.0%	58.0%	60.2%
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The net paid loss ratio is the percentage of losses paid, net of reinsurance, divided by earned premium for the period. The year-to-date net paid loss ratio was higher in 2010, primarily due to a higher amount of claims payments for our directors and officers liability, credit and medical stop-loss products than in the same period of 2009. The amount of claims paid fluctuates period to period due to our mix of business and the timing of claims settlement and catastrophic events.

## All Other Expenses

Our policy acquisition cost percentage was 15.8% and 14.6% in the nine month period of 2010 and 2009, respectively, and 15.6% and 13.7% in the third quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively. Our policy acquisition costs increased 8% year-over-year principally due to the effect of a \$3.8 million premium deficiency reserve recorded at December 31, 2008 in our International segment, which reduced the amount of policy acquisition costs recognized throughout 2009. Other operating expense, which includes compensation expense, decreased 3% year-over-year and 6% quarter-over-quarter. We had 1,878 employees at September 30, 2010 compared to 1,916 a year earlier. In 2009, we sold our U.K. reinsurance broker and the operations of our commercial marine agency business, which reduced our other operating expense and the number of employees in 2010. Other operating expense for year-to-date 2010 included \$3.0 million of costs directly related to the commutation of a derivative contract, and year-to-date 2009 included \$9.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2010. There was a currency conversion benefit of \$0.9 million in the first nine months of 2009, as well as a benefit of \$1.2 million and \$0.7 million in the third quarter of 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Other operating expense includes \$9.9 million and \$11.5 million in the first nine months of 2010 and 2009, respectively, of stock-based compensation expense, after the effect of the deferral and amortization of policy acquisition costs related to stock-based compensation for our underwriters. Stock-based compensation was lower in 2010 due to the forfeiture of restricted stock grants by former employees and full vesting of certain stock options. In the first nine months of 2010, we granted \$22.5 million of restricted stock awards and units, with a weighted-average life of 5.9 years. At September 30, 2010, there was approximately \$27.9 million of total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested options and restricted stock awards and units that is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 3.9 years.

Our effective income tax rate was 30.2% for the first nine months of 2010, compared to 31.5% for the first nine months of 2009. The lower effective rate in 2010 related to the reversal of certain liabilities for uncertain tax positions and the increased benefit from tax-exempt investment income relative to a lower pretax income base.

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## **Segment Operations**

## U.S. Property & Casualty Segment

Our U.S. Property & Casualty segment writes specialty lines of insurance such as aviation, small account errors and omissions (E&O) liability, public risk, employment practices liability, title, residual value, disability, contingency, kidnap and ransom and brown water marine. The products are written through our underwriting agencies, third party agents and brokers, or on a direct basis in the United States. The majority of the business is primary coverage, with reinsurance on certain product lines. Claims for most products are reported and settled on a short to medium-term basis.

The following tables summarize the operations of the U.S. Property & Casualty segment.

	N	Nine months ended September 30,			Three months ended Septemb 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Net earned premium	\$	258,427	\$	289,195	\$	84,802	\$	94,453	
Other revenue	Ψ	24,128	Ψ	46,815	Ψ	5,033	Ψ	6,979	
Other revenue		27,120		40,015		5,055		0,777	
Segment revenue		282,555		336,010		89,835		101,432	
Loss and loss adjustment									
expense, net		164,684		164,346		61,883		52,957	
Other expense		75,890		85,813		21,289		27,601	
Segment expense		240,574		250,159		83,172		80,558	
Segment pretax earnings	\$	41,981	\$	85,851	\$	6,663	\$	20,874	
Net loss ratio		63.7%		56.8%		73.0%		56.1%	
Expense ratio		26.9		25.5		23.7		27.2	
Combined ratio		90.6%		82.3%		96.7%		83.3%	
Net earned premium									
Aviation	\$	87,248	\$	98,514	\$	28,950	\$	33,053	
E&O	Ψ	74,079	Ψ	90,468	Ψ	23,013	Ψ	29,604	
Public Risk		34,526		28,853		11,600		11,045	
Other		62,574		71,360		21,239		20,751	
other		02,374		/1,500		21,237		20,751	
Total	\$	258,427	\$	289,195	\$	84,802	\$	94,453	
Net loss ratio									
Aviation		62.7%		60.3%		69.7%		66.7%	
E&O		84.9		63.1		133.8		68.6	
Lat		07.7		03.1		155.0		00.0	

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Public Risk	58.8	64.1	37.3	60.4
Other	42.8	41.1	31.1	18.9
Total	63.7%	56.8%	73.0%	56.1%
	33			

	Nine months ended September 30,				Three months ended September 30,				
~		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Gross written premium									
Aviation	\$	121,600	\$	133,913	\$	44,692	\$	50,162	
E&O		63,316		84,118		19,018		26,760	
Public Risk		50,397		52,071		15,706		16,194	
Other		179,826		205,243		66,594		66,382	
Total	\$	415,139	\$	475,345	\$	146,010	\$	159,498	
Net written premium									
Aviation	\$	84,097	\$	95,655	\$	30,347	\$	34,779	
E&O		63,256		84,055		19,019		26,759	
Public Risk		36,635		39,647		12,985		11,796	
Other		63,729		80,578		21,899		23,887	
Total	\$	247,717	\$	299,935	\$	84,250	\$	97,221	
Retention rate									
Aviation		69%		71%		68%		69%	
E&O		100		100		100		100	
Public Risk		73		76		83		73	
Other		35		39		33		36	
Total		60%		63%		58%		61%	

Segment earnings declined in 2010 due to: 1) lower net earned premium, primarily related to pricing competition and the mix of products in this segment, 2) the effect of adverse development in 2010 compared to favorable reserve development in 2009, which impacted the third quarter results of both years, and 3) lower year-over-year earnings due to a pretax gain of \$5.0 million in 2010 and \$15.6 million in 2009 related to commutations.

In 2010, we wrote less premium in most product lines due to continuing pricing competition in the segment s markets. In particular, Aviation experienced price decreases in its U.S. markets. Our E&O volume also declined as we continued to re-underwrite that product, employing more stringent underwriting criteria in reaction to higher losses. In addition, we wrote less residual value insurance (included in Other).

The increase in the segment s loss ratios for 2010 was due to the change in development year-over-year. The segment had adverse reserve development of \$9.8 million and \$4.4 million in the nine months and third quarter of 2010, respectively, compared to favorable reserve development of \$9.4 million and \$6.6 million in the same periods of 2009. In 2010, E&O experienced adverse development related to the 2006 2009 underwriting years, which was partially offset by favorable development in Public Risk and several smaller product lines (included in Other) in the third quarter. The favorable development in 2009 primarily related to Aviation, Public Risk and several smaller product lines. Higher 2009 accident year losses increased Aviation s third quarter 2009 loss ratio.

In the first quarter of 2010, we commuted our interest in a mortgage impairment insurance contract, which generated \$5.0 million of pretax earnings. In the same quarter of 2009, we commuted the MGIC contract, which generated \$15.6 million of pretax earnings. Related to these commutations, we received cash of \$8.3 million in 2010 and \$25.0 million in 2009, which is included in other revenue. We also incurred reinsurance and other direct costs of \$3.0 million in 2010 and \$9.9 million in 2009, which are included in other expense. The segment s remaining other revenue relates to fee and commission income earned by our agencies from third party insurance companies.

## **Professional Liability Segment**

Our Professional Liability segment includes our directors and officers (D&O) liability, large account errors and omissions liability, diversified financial products and fidelity coverages, which are written in the United States and internationally through our underwriting agencies. Policies provide both primary and excess coverage, are generally long-tailed and may have potential severity. Claims on the directors and officers liability excess layers generally take longer to settle than claims in our other segments, due to litigation involving the insureds. The following tables summarize the operations of the Professional Liability segment.

	Ň	Nine months ended September 30,			Three months ended Septembe 30,				
		2010		2009		2010	7	2009	
Net earned premium Other revenue	\$	321,849 458	\$	330,614 (134)	\$	103,696 20	\$	121,387 (151)	
Segment revenue		322,307		330,480		103,716		121,236	
Loss and loss adjustment		196,154		202,741		63,212		73,752	
expense, net Other expense		57,171		38,988		18,866		9,250	
Segment expense		253,325		241,729		82,078		83,002	
Segment pretax earnings	\$	68,982	\$	88,751	\$	21,638	\$	38,234	
Net loss ratio Expense ratio		60.9% 17.7		61.3% 11.8		61.0% 18.2		60.8% 7.6	
Combined ratio		78.6%		73.1%		79.2%		68.4%	
Net earned premium									
U.S. D&O International D&O Other	\$	229,034 36,749 56,066	\$	225,412 44,799 60,403	\$	73,835 10,975 18,886	\$	81,737 19,009 20,641	
Total	\$	321,849	\$	330,614	\$	103,696	\$	121,387	
Net loss ratio									
U.S. D&O International D&O Other		61.0% 60.5 60.9		62.8% 49.3 64.8		60.3% 60.3 63.9		63.8% 36.6 71.0	
Total		60.9%		61.3%		61.0%		60.8%	

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	Nine months ended September 30,					Three months ended Septem 30,				
Gross written premium		2010		2009		2010		2009		
U.S. D&O International D&O Other	\$	267,302 69,926 77,208	\$	289,226 67,612 78,983	\$	98,813 20,554 25,553	\$	103,324 23,409 24,709		
Total	\$	414,436	\$	435,821	\$	144,920	\$	151,442		
Net written premium										
U.S. D&O International D&O Other	\$	198,043 28,074 51,839	\$	219,377 37,187 53,399	\$	73,037 8,260 17,834	\$	79,541 12,486 15,700		
Total	\$	277,956	\$	309,963	\$	99,131	\$	107,727		
Retention rate										
U.S. D&O International D&O Other		74% 40 67		76% 55 68		74% 40 70		77% 53 64		
Total		67%		71%		68%		71%		

Segment earnings declined in 2010 due to lower net earned premium, \$10.1 million of reduced profit commissions from reinsurers, and higher operating expenses. The compound effect of these three factors caused the 2010 expense ratios to be higher than the 2009 expense ratios.

We wrote less D&O business in the U.S. in 2010 due to pricing competition that began at the end of 2009. We purchased more reinsurance in 2010 for our International D&O in order to continue to offer our insureds large limits. The segment had minimal reserve development in 2010 and 2009. In the third quarter of 2009, the International D&O reserves had favorable development, which was substantially offset by adverse development in the U.S. D&O reserves. The loss ratios for products in Other were higher in 2009, due to adverse reserve development and 2009 accident year losses.

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## Accident & Health Segment

Our Accident & Health segment includes medical stop-loss, short-term domestic and international medical, HMO reinsurance and medical excess coverages, which are written in the United States. The majority of the business covers groups of employees, and claims are reported and settled quickly.

The following tables summarize the operations of the Accident & Health segment.

	N	Nine months end 30		ptember	Three months ended Septemb 30,				
		2010	, ,	2009		2010	·	2009	
Net earned premium	\$	567,739	\$	553,967	\$	193,252	\$	185,937	
Other revenue	Ψ	2,830	Ψ	3,964	Ψ	1,113	Ψ	1,045	
Other revenue		2,830		3,904		1,115		1,045	
Segment revenue		570,569		557,931		194,365		186,982	
Loss and loss adjustment									
expense, net		412,438		406,722		138,869		135,708	
Other expense		89,967		88,802		30,908		29,899	
Segment expense		502,405		495,524		169,777		165,607	
Segment pretax earnings	\$	68,164	\$	62,407	\$	24,588	\$	21,375	
Net loss ratio		72.6%		73.4%		71.9%		73.0%	
Expense ratio		15.8		15.9		15.9		16.0	
-									
Combined ratio		88.4%		89.3%		87.8%		89.0%	
Net earned premium									
Medical Stop-loss	\$	488,256	\$	473,271	\$	164,698	\$	157,429	
Other		79,483	·	80,696		28,554		28,508	
Total	\$	567,739	\$	553,967	\$	193,252	\$	185,937	
Net loss ratio									
Medical Stop-loss		74.0%		73.7%		74.1%		74.2%	
Other		64.4		71.6		59.1		66.3	
Total		72.6%		73.4%		71.9%		73.0%	
i otai		12.070		13.470		/1.770		13.0%	
			37						

	N	Nine months ended September 30,				Three months ended Septem 30,				
Gross written premium		2010		2009		2010		2009		
Medical Stop-loss Other	\$	488,256 79,529	\$	473,273 77,652	\$	164,698 29,679	\$	157,429 27,994		
Total	\$	567,785	\$	550,925	\$	194,377	\$	185,423		
Net written premium										
Medical Stop-loss Other	\$	488,256 79,264	\$	473,271 77,292	\$	164,698 29,603	\$	157,429 27,855		
Total	\$	567,520	\$	550,563	\$	194,301	\$	185,284		
Retention rate										
Medical Stop-loss Other		100% 100		100% 100		100% 100		100% 100		
Total		100%		100%		100%		100%		

Segment earnings increased in 2010 due to rate increases in excess of medical inflation in our medical stop-loss line. The lower loss ratios in 2010 mainly reflected reduced losses in our short-term medical product line.

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## U.S. Surety & Credit Segment

Our U.S. Surety & Credit segment includes contract, commercial, court and bail bonds written in the United States and credit insurance managed in the United States. Claims for all products are reported quickly, but settled on a medium-term basis.

The following tables summarize the operations of the U.S. Surety & Credit segment.

	N	Nine months ended September 30,			Three months ended Septembe 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Net earned premium	\$	148,427	\$	135,436	\$	49,807	\$	45,709	
Other revenue	Ŷ	455	Ŷ	182	Ŷ	127	Ŷ	70	
ouler levelue		155		102		127		70	
Segment revenue		148,882		135,618		49,934		45,779	
Loss and loss adjustment									
expense, net		38,157		39,849		10,296		12,098	
Other expense		81,699		72,527		28,007		25,332	
Segment expense		119,856		112,376		38,303		37,430	
Segment pretax earnings	\$	29,026	\$	23,242	\$	11,631	\$	8,349	
Net loss ratio		25.7%		29.4%		20.7%		26.5%	
Expense ratio		54.9		53.5		56.1		55.3	
-									
Combined ratio		80.6%		82.9%		76.8%		81.8%	
Net earned premium									
Surety	\$	119,325	\$	107,995	\$	39,777	\$	37,598	
Credit	Ŷ	29,102	Ψ	27,441	Ψ	10,030	Ψ	8,111	
Total	\$	148,427	\$	135,436	\$	49,807	\$	45,709	
Net loss ratio									
Surety		22.2%		22.0%		15.9%		20.6%	
Credit		40.3		58.8		39.4		53.6	
Total		25.7%		29.4%		20.7%		26.5%	
			39						

	Nine months ended September 30,			ptember	Three months ended Septem 30,			
Gross written premium		2010		2009		2010		2009
Surety Credit	\$	132,137 41,005	\$	114,668 33,776	\$	43,437 12,535	\$	41,916 10,189
Total	\$	173,142	\$	148,444	\$	55,972	\$	52,105
Net written premium								
Surety Credit	\$	127,348 32,278	\$	110,502 29,213	\$	42,038 10,029	\$	40,026 7,895
Total	\$	159,626	\$	139,715	\$	52,067	\$	47,921
Retention rate								
Surety Credit		96% 79		96% 86		97% 80		95% 77
Total		92%		94%		93%		92%

Segment earnings increased year-over-year due to the effect of higher net earned premium and favorable loss experience in 2010, partially offset by higher expenses. In early 2009, we purchased a surety insurance company, which increased written and earned premium for the Surety product line in 2010. We wrote more Credit premium in 2010 due to improved pricing.

The segment had favorable reserve development of \$7.9 million and \$3.7 million in the nine months and third quarter of 2010, respectively, compared to \$4.1 million in both periods of 2009, mainly related to the Surety product line. The Credit product line experienced several large losses in the nine months and third quarter of 2009, due to weak economic conditions in the world credit markets.

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#### **International Segment**

Our International segment includes energy, property treaty, liability, surety, credit, property, ocean marine, accident and health and other smaller product lines written outside the United States. Products in this segment are susceptible to catastrophic events and large losses, for which we maintain excess of loss, quota share and facultative reinsurance protection to limit our exposure to such losses. Claims for most products are reported and settled on a medium-term basis.

The following tables summarize the operations of the International segment.

	N	Nine months ende 30,	d Se	ptember	Three months ended Septembe 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009	
Net earned premium	\$	234,471	\$	189,148	\$	84,539	\$	65,421	
Other revenue	+	6,177	+	18,803	Ŧ	1,466	+	5,853	
		,		,		,		,	
Segment revenue		240,648		207,951		86,005		71,274	
Loss and loss adjustment									
expense, net		107,601		68,931		23,227		23,165	
Other expense		88,441		83,941		29,365		28,478	
ouler expense		00,441		05,741		27,505		20,470	
Segment expense		196,042		152,872		52,592		51,643	
	¢		<b>.</b>		<b></b>	22,412	<i>•</i>	10 (21	
Segment pretax earnings	\$	44,606	\$	55,079	\$	33,413	\$	19,631	
Net loss ratio		45.9%		36.4%		27.5%		35.4%	
Expense ratio		36.8		40.4		34.1		40.0	
-									
Combined ratio		82.7%		76.8%		61.6%		75.4%	
Net earned premium									
-									
Energy	\$	39,566	\$	34,968	\$	12,777	\$	12,546	
Property Treaty		32,533				16,924			
Liability		60,478		61,363		19,929		20,687	
Surety & Credit		53,800		50,429		17,916		17,778	
Other		48,094		42,388		16,993		14,410	
Total	\$	234,471	\$	189,148	\$	84,539	\$	65,421	
Total	φ	234,471	φ	109,140	Φ	64,339	φ	05,421	
Net loss ratios									
Energy		25.4%		17.9%		3.3%		36.9%	
Property Treaty		47.0		- 1 • 2 / 0		(5.2)		2017 /0	
Liability		55.4		25.6		55.9		14.0	
Liuointy		55.7		23.0		55.7		17.0	

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Surety & Credit	38.1	53.0	37.5	48.6				
Other	58.8	47.8	34.3	48.5				
Total	45.9%	36.4%	27.5%	35.4%				
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	Nine months ended September 30,			Three months ended September 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Gross written premium								
Energy	\$	97,053	\$	92,277	\$	16,731	\$	14,645
Property Treaty		71,404				16,309		
Liability		68,501		66,466		19,464		20,795
Surety & Credit		57,019		55,149		16,774		15,574
Other		87,998		56,032		29,919		13,878
Total	\$	381,975	\$	269,924	\$	99,197	\$	64,892
Net written premium								
Energy	\$	51,716	\$	50,268	\$	4,251	\$	2,551
Property Treaty		61,994				12,948		
Liability		63,410		59,641		17,663		19,603
Surety & Credit		51,278		49,953		14,605		14,818
Other		57,365		45,188		15,177		11,304
Total	\$	285,763	\$	205,050	\$	64,644	\$	48,276
Retention rate								
Energy		53%		54%		25%		17%
Property Treaty		87				79		
Liability		93		90		91		94
Surety & Credit		90		91		87		95
Other		65		81		51		81
Total		75%		76%		65%		74%

Segment earnings decreased year-over-year due to the net effect of: 1) catastrophic events in the first quarter of 2010, which generated \$15.6 million of net losses, 2) higher favorable reserve development in 2009 and 3) lower other revenue, due to the sale of our U.K. reinsurance broker in the third quarter of 2009, partially offset by 4) higher net earned premium. The increase in premium substantially related to Property Treaty, which we began to write in late 2009. In addition, in 2010, we wrote more short tail property business (included in Other), which was substantially reinsured.

In the first quarter of 2010, we recognized gross losses of \$31.9 million from catastrophic events, the most significant of which was the Chilean earthquake. After reinsurance, the pretax loss was \$20.6 million, which primarily impacted our Energy and Property Treaty lines. In the third quarter, we reduced our Energy gross and net loss reserves related to the first-quarter catastrophes by \$5.0 million, based on recent claims information about the potential losses. In the second quarter of 2010, we recognized gross losses of \$28.2 million for the Deepwater Horizon rig disaster. Due to significant facultative reinsurance, in addition to treaty reinsurance, our pretax net loss was minimal.

The International segment had favorable reserve development of \$8.4 million and \$1.7 million in the nine months and third quarter of 2010, respectively, compared to \$27.3 million and \$14.0 million in the same periods of 2009. The 2010 development related to the reduction of Energy reserves for the 2005 and 2008 hurricanes. The 2009 development related to Energy reserves for the 2005 hurricanes and to our U.K. professional liability line (included in Liability) for the 2004 2006 underwriting years. Property Treaty experienced particularly favorable loss experience in 2010, which we reflected in our loss expectations in the third quarter. Our U.K. Credit line incurred higher losses in 2009 due to the U.K. financial conditions that time.

## **Investing Segment**

Our Investing segment includes our total consolidated investment portfolio, as well as investment income and investment related expenses, realized gains and losses and other-than-temporary impairment losses on investments. The following table summarizes activity in the Investing segment.

	Nine months ended September 30,			Three months ended September 30,				
		2010		2009		2010		2009
Fixed income securities	\$	150,001	\$	140,483	\$	50,921	\$	47,571
Short-term investments		631		1,791		271		321
Other investments		3,053		2,194		1,011		1,143
Net realized investment gain		7,897		4,852		1,057		864
Other-than-temporary impairments		(300)		(5,279)		(300)		(325)
Investment expenses		(3,082)		(2,728)		(1,066)		(924)
Segment pretax earnings	\$	158,200	\$	141,313	\$	51,894	\$	48,650

At September 30, 2010, we had \$5.8 billion of total investments, an increase of \$378.8 million from December 31, 2009. This table summarizes our investments by type, substantially all of which are reported at fair value, at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009.

	September 30	), 2010	December 31, 2009		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
U.S. government and government					
agency securities	\$ 348,609	6%	\$ 328,535	6%	
Fixed income securities of states,					
municipalities and political					
subdivisions	1,132,448	19	1,059,426	19	
Special purpose revenue bonds of					
states, municipalities and political					
subdivisions	1,575,914	27	1,146,334	21	
Corporate fixed income securities	696,470	12	693,915	13	
Residential mortgage-backed					
securities	1,099,360	19	944,182	17	
Commercial mortgage-backed					
securities	157,730	3	146,217	3	
Asset-backed securities	5,569		14,365		
Foreign government securities	344,450	6	307,891	6	
Short-term investments	474,066	8	810,673	15	
Other investments	433		4,691		
Total investments	\$ 5,835,049	100%	\$ 5,456,229	100%	
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This table shows the average amount of investments, the net investment income we earned, the related yields and duration, and the average rating of our fixed income securities.

		Nine months ended September 30,		led September
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Average investments, at cost	\$ 5,334,463	\$ 5,015,803	\$ 5,350,244	\$ 5,194,608
Net investment income *	150,603	141,740	51,137	48,111
Average short-term yield *	0.2%	0.4%	0.2%	0.2%
Average long-term yield *	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	4.2%
Average long-term tax				
equivalent yield *	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	5.0%
Average combined tax				
equivalent yield *	4.5%	4.6%	4.6%	4.4%
Weighted-average life of fixed				
income securities	6.7 years	6.5 years		
Weighted-average duration of				
fixed income securities	4.6 years	4.7 years		
Weighted-average combined				
duration	4.4 years	4.3 years		
Average rating of fixed income				
securities	AA+	AA+		

\* Excluding realized and unrealized gains and losses.

This table summarizes our investments in fixed income securities by their rating category at September 30, 2010.

	Available fo at fair va		Held to ma at amortize	•
	Amount	%	Amount	%
AAA	\$ 2,467,554	48%	\$ 83,596	43%
AA	1,928,022	37	32,374	17
А	642,683	12	76,582	39
BBB	91,112	2	1,289	1
BB and below	37,338	1		
Total fixed income securities	\$ 5,166,709	100%	\$ 193,841	100%

The overall rating of our municipal bonds (consisting of our fixed income securities of states, municipalities and political subdivisions and our special purpose revenue bonds of states, municipalities and political subdivisions) was AA+ at September 30, 2010. Our portfolio of special purpose revenue bonds at September 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009 included \$128.6 million and \$138.7 million, respectively, of pre-refunded bonds that are supported by U.S. government debt obligations. The remaining special purpose bonds are secured by revenue sources specific to each security. The table below summarizes our percentage holdings of special purpose revenue bonds by revenue source.

	September 30,	December 31,
	2010	2009
Water and sewer	25%	27%

Education Transportation Special tax		16 14 11	14 13 11
Pre-refunded		8	13
Leasing		8	8
Electric		8	7
Other		10	7
Total		100%	100%
	44		

Many of our special purpose revenue bonds are insured by mono-line insurance companies or supported by credit enhancement programs of various states and municipalities. We view bond insurance as credit enhancement and not credit substitution. We base our investment decision on the strength of the issuer. A credit review is performed on each issuer and on the sustainability of the revenue source before we acquire a special purpose revenue bond and periodically, on an ongoing basis, thereafter. The underlying average credit rating of our special purpose revenue bond issuers, excluding any bond insurance, was AA+ at September 30, 2010. Although recent economic conditions in the United States may reduce the source of revenue to support certain of these securities, the majority are supported by revenue from essential sources, such as water and sewer, education and transportation fees, which we believe generate a stable source of revenue.

At September 30, 2010, we held a corporate bond portfolio with a carrying value of \$696.5 million, an overall rating of A, and a weighted-average life of approximately 3.4 years.

At September 30, 2010, we also held a portfolio of residential mortgage-backed securities (MBSs) and collateralized mortgage-obligations (CMOs) with a fair value of \$1.1 billion. Within our residential MBS/CMO portfolio, \$1.0 billion of securities, or 95%, were issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae), the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac), which are backed by the U.S. government. Of the remaining \$54.4 million of residential mortgage-backed securities, 89% were collateralized by prime mortgages.

At September 30, 2010, we held a commercial MBS securities portfolio with a fair value of \$157.7 million, an average rating of AA+, an average loan-to-value ratio of 73%, and a weighted-average life of approximately 4.5 years. We owned no collateralized debt obligations (CDOs) or collateralized loan obligations (CLOs), and we have never been counterparty to any credit default swap transactions.

This table indicates the expected maturity distribution of our fixed income securities at September 30, 2010.

.

			Mortgage-ba and	acked				
	Available fo at amortized		asset-backe amortized		Held to ma at amortized	·	Total fixed in securitie	
	Amount	<sup>0</sup>	Amount	cost %	Amount	1 COSL %	Amount	~s %
One year or less One year to five	\$ 237,836	6%	\$ 142,089	12%	\$ 25,128	13%	\$ 405,053	8%
years	1,096,709	30	896,923	75	157,528	81	2,151,160	43
Five years to ten years Ten years to	871,163	24	149,876	12	11,185	6	1,032,224	20
fifteen years More than fifteen	764,784	21	7,171	1			771,955	15
years	698,894	19					698,894	14
Total fixed								

Total fixed								
income securities	\$3,669,386	100%	\$ 1,196,059	100%	\$ 193,841	100%	\$ 5,059,286	100%

A security has an impairment loss when its fair value is less than its cost or amortized cost at the balance sheet date. The gross unrealized losses of the individual securities within our available for sale fixed income securities portfolios were \$3.5 million at September 30, 2010, compared to \$18.9 million at December 31, 2009. We evaluate the securities in our fixed income securities portfolio for possible other-than-temporary impairment losses at each quarter end. For a description of the accounting polices and procedures that we use to determine our other-than-temporary impairment losses, see Note 5. Investments in the notes to these condensed consolidated financial statements and Critical

Accounting Policies Other-than-temporary Impairments in Investments in Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. We recognized \$0.3 million of other-than-temporary impairment credit losses in the first nine months and third quarter of 2010, compared to \$5.3 million and \$0.3 million in the first nine months and third quarter of 2009, respectively.

At September 30, 2010, the net unrealized gain on our available for sale fixed income securities portfolio was \$301.3 million, compared to \$156.3 million at December 31, 2009. The change in the net unrealized gain, net of the related income tax effect, is recorded in other comprehensive income and fluctuates with changes in market interest rates. Our general policy has been to hold our fixed income securities, most of which are classified as available for sale, through periods of fluctuating interest rates and to not

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realize significant gains or losses from their sale. We recognized \$7.9 million and \$4.9 million of pretax net realized investment gains in the first nine months of 2010 and 2009, respectively.

# Corporate & Other

A Corporate & Other category includes operations not related to our segments, including unallocable corporate operating expenses, consolidated interest expense and underwriting results of our Exited Lines of business. The Exited Lines include: 1) accident and health business managed by our underwriting agency, LDG Reinsurance, 2) workers compensation, 3) provider excess, 4) Spanish medical malpractice, 5) U.K. motor and 6) film completion bonds. We no longer write the Exited Lines and do not expect to write these product lines in the future. The following table summarizes activity in the Corporate & Other category.

	Ν	ine months en	nded Sej 80,	otember	Three months ende		 ed September	
		2010		2009		2010	2009	
Net earned premium	\$	1,225	\$	26,065	\$	70	\$ 7,152	
Other revenue		987		135		129	(1,630)	
Total revenue		2,212		26,200		199	5,522	
Loss and loss adjustment expense		3,611		29,355		(349)	6,128	
Other expense Exited Lines		3,124		6,493		1,049	2,187	
Other expense Corporate		36,270		42,854		12,198	13,980	
Interest expense		15,376		11,093		5,116	3,299	
Total expense		58,381		89,795		18,014	25,594	
Pretax loss	\$	(56,169)	\$	(63,595)	\$	(17,815)	\$ (20,072)	

Net earned premium and losses decreased in 2010 because we sold the renewal rights to provider excess and stopped writing film completion bonds in 2009. In 2010, we had \$3.0 million of adverse reserve development on the LDG accident and health business due to receipt of new claims information. Our Corporate expenses not allocable to the segments decreased \$6.6 million year-over-year, principally due to lower expense in 2010 related to bonuses, stock-based compensation and the fair value adjustment on our interest rate swap agreements. Our interest expense increased in 2010 because we issued long-term debt in late 2009 at a higher fixed rate than the floating rate related to our prior line of credit borrowings.

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

Credit market disruptions in recent years have resulted in a tightening of available sources of credit and significant liquidity concerns for many companies. We believe we have sufficient sources of liquidity at a reasonable cost at the present time, based on the following:

We held \$572.3 million of cash and liquid short-term investments at September 30, 2010.

Our available for sale bond portfolio had a fair value of \$5.2 billion at September 30, 2010, compared to \$4.5 billion at December 31, 2009, and has an average rating of AA+. We intend to hold these securities until their maturity, but we would be able to sell securities to generate cash if the need arises.

Our insurance subsidiaries have sufficient resources to pay potential claims. At September 30, 2010, they had \$774.2 million of cash, short-term investments, maturing bonds, and principal payments from mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities that will be available cash resources during the next twelve

months.

Our debt consists of \$300.0 million principal amount of unsecured 6.30% Senior Notes due November 15, 2019. Our debt to total capital ratio was 8.2% at September 30, 2010 and 9.0% at December 31, 2009.

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We have a committed \$575.0 million Revolving Loan Facility at a rate of 30-day LIBOR plus 25 basis points that matures December 19, 2011. Letters of credit issued on behalf of certain of our subsidiaries reduce available borrowing capacity under the facility. At September 30, 2010, we had \$556.6 million of unused capacity, which we can draw against at any time at our request. The facility agreement contains two restrictive financial covenants, with which we were in compliance at September 30, 2010.

During 2010, there was no significant change in our Standby Letter of Credit Facility used to guarantee our performance in our Lloyd s of London syndicates.

Our domestic insurance subsidiaries have the ability to pay \$217.8 million in dividends in 2010 to our holding company without obtaining special permission from state regulatory authorities. Our underwriting agencies have no restrictions on the amount of dividends that can be paid to our holding company. The holding company can utilize these dividends for any purpose, including to pay down debt, pay dividends to shareholders, fund acquisitions, purchase common stock and pay operating expenses. Cash flow available to the holding company in 2010 is expected to be more than ample to cover the holding company s required cash disbursements.

We have a Universal Shelf registration statement that provides for the issuance of an aggregate of \$1.0 billion of securities, of which we have \$700.0 million of remaining capacity. These securities may be debt securities, equity securities, or a combination thereof. The shelf registration statement provides us the means to access the debt and equity markets relatively quickly, if we are satisfied with the current pricing in the financial market.

#### Cash Flow

We receive substantial cash from premiums, reinsurance recoverables, outward commutations, proceeds from sales and redemptions of investments and investment income. Our principal cash outflows are for the payment of claims and loss adjustment expenses, premium payments to reinsurers, inward commutations, purchases of investments, debt service, policy acquisition costs, operating expenses, taxes, dividends and common stock purchases. Cash provided by operating activities can fluctuate due to timing differences in the collection of premiums and reinsurance recoverables and the payment of losses and premium and reinsurance balances payable and the completion of commutations. We generated cash from operations of \$314.6 million and \$417.5 million in the first nine months of 2010 and 2009, respectively. The components of our net operating cash flows are summarized in the following table.

	Ň	line months en 30	ptember
		2010	2009
Net earnings	\$	247,797	\$ 269,076
Change in premium, claims and other receivables, net of reinsurance, other			
payables and restricted cash		(24,539)	(2,736)
Change in unearned premium, net		15,103	14,348
Change in loss and loss adjustment expense payable, net of reinsurance			
recoverables		44,355	66,372
Gain on investments		(8,086)	(3,152)
Other, net		40,001	73,638
Cash provided by operating activities	\$	314,631	\$ 417,546

Timing differences in the collection of premium and payment of reinsurance balances payable reduced our cash provided by operating activities in 2010, compared to 2009. In addition, we had \$34.3 million of higher claims

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payments in 2010. Our operating cash flow is also impacted by the timing of cash receipts and payments related to commutations. In 2009, we commuted certain loss reserves for \$43.9 million of cash, which reduced cash provided by operating activities in 2009. We received \$25.0 million to commute the MGIC reinsurance contract in 2009 and \$8.3 million to commute a derivative contract in 2010.

We maintain a substantial level of cash and liquid short-term investments to meet anticipated payment obligations. During January 2010, we paid the final \$64.5 million due to previous holders of our 1.3% Convertible Notes that were submitted for conversion in December 2009 using cash held as of December 31, 2009. Our combined cash and short-term investments totaled \$572.3 million at September 30, 2010.

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## Accounting Guidance in 2010

A new accounting standard, originally issued as SFAS No. 167, *Amendments to FASB Interpretation No.* 46(R), became effective January 1, 2010. The guidance, which was incorporated into Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 810, *Consolidation*, changes various aspects of accounting for and disclosures of interests in variable interest entities. Our adoption of this guidance as of January 1, 2010 had no material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Effective January 1, 2010, we adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2010-06, which incorporated changes in disclosure requirements into ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*. Where applicable, we have included the additional required disclosures in the notes to our condensed consolidated financial statements. A new accounting standard, ASU 2010-20, *Disclosures about the Credit Quality of Financing Receivables and the Allowance for Credit Losses*, was issued in July 2010. The new guidance expands disclosures related to financing receivables, including the nature of credit risk in financing receivables, how that risk is analyzed in determining the related allowance for credit losses, and changes to the allowance during the reporting period. We will provide the additional required disclosures in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2010.

A new accounting standard, originally issued as EITF 09-G, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Acquiring or Renewing Insurance Contracts*, was ratified in September 2010. The guidance, which will be incorporated into ASC Topic 944, *Financial Services Insurance*, clarifies the definition of what constitutes an acquisition cost and limits the types of acquisition costs that can be capitalized by insurance entities to those that are directly related to the acquisition of new and renewal insurance contracts. Under the new guidance, direct costs only include those that result in the successful acquisition of a policy. All costs incurred for unsuccessful efforts, along with indirect costs, are to be expensed as incurred. This guidance must be adopted by January 1, 2012, either prospectively or retrospectively, and may be adopted earlier at the beginning of an annual period. We are currently evaluating the timing and effect of our adoption of this guidance.

# **Critical Accounting Policies**

We provided information about our critical accounting policies in Item 7, Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Critical Accounting Policies, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. We have made no changes in the identification or methods of application of these policies, except as related to the Valuation of Goodwill. During the third quarter of 2010, we realigned our segments and allocated our goodwill to new reporting units, as described in Note 2, Segments and Note 3, Goodwill in our Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the period ended September 30, 2010.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes in market risk from the information provided in Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

## Item 4. Controls and Procedures

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Act)) that are designed to ensure that required information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the required timeframe, as specified in rules set forth by the Securities and Exchange Commission. Our disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

Our management, with the participation of our CEO and CFO, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2010. Based on this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2010.

(b) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

During the third quarter of 2010, there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## Part II Other Information

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are a party to lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings that arise in the normal course of our business. Many of such lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings involve claims under policies that we underwrite as an insurer or reinsurer, the liabilities for which, we believe, have been adequately included in our loss reserves. Also, from time to time, we are a party to lawsuits, arbitrations and other proceedings that relate to disputes with third parties, or that involve alleged errors and omissions on the part of our subsidiaries. We have provided accruals for these items to the extent we deem the losses probable and reasonably estimable. Although the ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be determined at this time, based on present information, the availability of insurance coverage and advice received from our outside legal counsel, we believe the resolution of any such matters will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

## Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes in the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

## Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On June 20, 2008, our Board of Directors approved the purchase of up to \$100.0 million of our common stock. On May 27, 2010, our Board of Directors approved a new authorization for \$300.0 million and cancelled the \$0.7 million remaining under the original authorization. The new share purchase plan authorizes purchases to be made in the open market or in privately negotiated transactions from time-to-time in compliance with applicable rules and regulations, including Rule 10b-18 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Purchases under the plan will be subject to market and business conditions, as well as the level of cash generated from our operations, cash required for acquisitions, debt covenant compliance, trading price of the stock being at or below book value and other relevant factors. The purchase plan does not obligate us to purchase any particular number of shares, and may be suspended or discontinued at any time at our discretion. As of September 30, 2010, we had paid \$110.2 million to purchase 5,130,077 shares of our common stock in the open market pursuant to these purchase programs. During the third quarter of 2010, we purchased our common stock, as follows:

	Total number of shares	Average price paid per	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or	Approximate dollar value of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or
Period	purchased	share	programs	programs
July 1 - July 31, 2010	-			\$ 299,248,840
August 1 - August 31, 2010	407,166	\$ 25.10	407,166	\$ 289,027,526
September 1 - September 30, 2010				\$ 289,027,526
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# Item 6. Exhibits

a. Exhibits

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation and Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation of HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc., filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on July 23, 1996 and May 21, 1998, respectively (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to our Registration Statement of Form S-8 (Registration No. 333-61687) filed August 17, 1998).
- 3.2 Amended and Restated Bylaws of HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc., as amended (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to our Form 8-K filed April 3, 2008).
- 12 Statement of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
- 31.1 Certification by Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Certification by Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Certification with Respect to Quarterly Report.
- 101 The following financial statements from the Company s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2010, formatted in XBRL: (i) Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets,
  (ii) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings, (iii) Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders Equity, (iv) Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and (v) Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.\*
- \* The XBRL related information in Exhibit 101 shall not be deemed filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to liability of that section and shall not be incorporated by reference into any filing or other document pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing or document.

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## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

HCC Insurance Holdings, Inc.

(Registrant)

/s/ John N. Molbeck, Jr.

John N. Molbeck, Jr., President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Pamela J. Penny

Pamela J. Penny, Executive Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer 51

November 8, 2010 (Date)

November 8, 2010 (Date)