AROTECH CORP Form 10-Q/A September 15, 2008

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### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A (Amendment No. 1)

TQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED June 30, 2008 .

Commission file number: 0-23336

#### AROTECH CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware 95-4302784
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

95-4302784
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

1229 Oak Valley Drive, Ann 48108

Arbor, Michigan
(Address of principal executive (Zip Code)
offices)

(800) 281-0356 (Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes T No £

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Accelerated filer: £

Non-accelerated

Large accelerated filer: £
filer: £ Smaller reporting company: T

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes £ No T

The number of shares outstanding of the issuer's common stock as of August 14, 2008 was 13,637,639.

SEC 1296 (02-08)

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#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

This Amendment No. 1 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q/A of Arotech Corporation (the "Company" or "Arotech") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 is being filed to correct a classification error in the Cash Flow section of Arotech's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the related disclosures.

As discussed in Note 8, "Correction of Cash Flow Statement," of the notes to the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q/A, the correction of this error from previously reported information for the six months ended June 30, 2008 has resulted in a change in the Cash Flows from Operating Activities and Cash Flows from Investing Activities along with the related Management's Discussion and Analysis discussion.

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#### ITEM 1.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

# CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (U.S. Dollars)

	June 30,	December
	2008	31, 2007
ASSETS	(Unaudited)	
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,714,056	\$ 3,447,671
Restricted collateral deposits	179,194	320,454
Escrow receivable	_	1,479,826
Available-for-sale marketable securities	54,856	47,005
Trade receivables (net of allowance for doubtful accounts in the amount of zero as of	•	
June 30, 2008 and \$25,000 as of December 31, 2007)	7,881,720	14,583,213
Unbilled receivables	3,257,644	3,271,594
Other accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	1,526,841	1,614,614
Inventories	12,555,330	7,887,820
Total current assets	27,169,641	32,652,197
SEVERANCE PAY FUND	3,207,355	2,815,040
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	92,703	77,709
OTHER LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES	272,986	309,190
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	5,243,452	5,079,796
INVESTMENT IN AFFILIATED COMPANY	236,082	352,168
OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET	8,097,347	7,837,076
GOODWILL	33,236,901	31,358,131
	\$77,556,467	\$80,481,307

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(U.S. Dollars, except share data)

			December 31,
		ne 30, 2008	2007
	J)	Jnaudited)	
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Trade payables	\$	5,414,414	\$ 4,233,288
Other accounts payable and accrued expenses		3,790,503	4,889,729
Current portion of capitalized leases		80,573	67,543
Current portion of promissory notes due to purchase of subsidiaries		_	151,450
Current portion of long-term debt		56,515	103,844
Short term bank credit		2,308,350	4,557,890
Deferred revenues		2,287,632	2,903,166
Total current liabilities		13,937,987	16,906,910
Accrued severance pay		5,455,273	4,853,231
Long-term portion of capitalized leases		146,789	86,989
Long-term portion of long-term debt		1,061,806	1,088,498
Other long-term liabilities		150,513	110,255
Deferred taxes		1,020,000	1,020,000
Total long-term liabilities		7,834,381	7,158,973
MINORITY INTEREST		_	83,816
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:			
Share capital –			
Common stock – \$0.01 par value each;			
Authorized: 250,000,000 shares as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007;			
Issued and outstanding: 13,637,639 and 13,544,819 shares as of June 30, 2008 and			
December 31, 2007, respectively		136,377	135,448
Preferred shares – \$0.01 par value each;			
Authorized: 1,000,000 shares as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007; No			
shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2008 and December 31, 2007		_	
Additional paid-in capital	2	219,287,852	218,551,110
Accumulated deficit	(1	65,441,787)	(162,522,558
Notes receivable from shareholders		(1,341,788)	(1,333,833
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		3,143,445	1,501,441
Total shareholders' equity		55,784,099	56,331,608
	\$	77,556,467	\$ 80,481,307

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (U.S. Dollars, except share data)

Three months ended June Six months ended June 30, 30, 2008 2007 2008 2007 \$25,857,582 \$24,557,890 \$12,607,006 \$13,028,728 Revenues Cost of revenues, exclusive of amortization of intangibles 19,772,500 9,282,017 16,685,240 9,767,718 Research and development 832,872 922,255 225,778 424,170 Selling and marketing expenses 2,286,995 2,093,501 1,144,356 1,062,733 General and administrative expenses 6,825,780 2,625,114 6,349,404 3,293,320 Amortization of intangible assets 396,211 985,021 736,171 492,408 Escrow adjustment - credit (1,448,074)Total operating costs and expenses 13,790,245 29,255,094 26,786,571 14,923,580 Operating loss (3,397,512)(761,517)(2,228,681)(2,316,574)Other income 659,149 69,118 122,777 57,174 Financial income (expenses), net (52,952)(626,813)137,061 (502,733)Loss before minority interest in earnings of a subsidiary, earnings from affiliated company and income tax expenses (2,791,315)(2,786,376)(2,056,736)(1,207,076)Income tax credits (expenses) (11,828)(174,906)108,106 (68,999)Loss from affiliated company (116,086)(112,179)(159,800)Minority interest in earnings of subsidiaries (110,330)(49,674)\$ (2,919,229) \$ (3,183,791) \$ (1,948,630) \$ (1,485,549) Net loss Basic and diluted net loss per share (0.23) \$ (0.28) \$ (0.15) \$ (0.13)Weighted average number of shares used in computing 12,591,575 basic and diluted net loss per share 11,380,845 11,301,183 12,604,715

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (U.S. Dollars) Six months ended June 30,

	2111	2008	,	2007
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES:				
Net loss	\$	(2,919,229)	\$	(3,183,791)
Adjustments required to reconcile net loss to net				
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Minority interest in loss of subsidiary		_		110,330
Loss from affiliated company		116,086		112,179
Depreciation		609,921		1,183,948
Amortization of intangible assets, capitalized				
software costs and impairment of intangible assets		985,018		736,171
Accrued severance pay, net		209,727		92,742
Compensation related to shares issued to				
employees, consultants and directors		631,347		1,032,702
Amortization relating to warrants issued to the				
holders of convertible debentures and beneficial				
conversion feature		-		226,437
Amortization of deferred charges related to				
convertible debenture issuance		-		58,498
Capital loss from sale of property and equipment		-		3,232
Escrow adjustment		(1,845,977)		_
Decrease (increase) in trade receivables		6,894,307		(1,481,220)
Decrease in other accounts receivable and prepaid				
expenses		24,309		267,866
Increase in deferred tax assets		(14,994)		(10,988)
Increase in inventories		(4,637,316)		(1,144,679)
Decrease in unbilled receivables		79,251		1,131,990
Decrease in deferred revenues		(615,534)		(2,735)
Increase in trade payables		1,170,166		2,243,515
Decrease in other accounts payable and accrued				
expenses		(1,173,626)		(1,840,175)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(486,544)		(452,990)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING				
ACTIVITIES:				
Purchase of property and equipment		(664,555)		(511,183)
Escrow settlement		3,325,803		_
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(1,206,273)		_
Acquisition of minority interest		(660,500)		_
Repayment of promissory notes related to				
acquisition of subsidiaries		(151,450)		(151,450)
Decrease in restricted cash		133,409		279,308
Net cash used in investing activities		956,890		(383,325)

FORWARD \$ 469,890 \$ (836,315)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (U.S. Dollars)

	Six months ended June 30		d June 30,	
		2008		2007
FORWARD	\$	469,890	\$	(836,315)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Proceeds from exercise of options		_		37,642
Repayment of long-term loans		(74,021)		(29,373)
Decrease in short term bank credit	i	(2,249,540)		(118,092)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,323,561)		(109,823)
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1	(1,853,671)		(946, 138)
CASH ACCRETION (EROSION) DUE TO EXCHANGE RATE DIFFERENCES		120,056		(54,103)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		3,447,671		2,368,872
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	\$	1,714,056	\$	1,368,631
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION ON NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS:				
Stock issued for acquisition	\$	100,000	\$	_
Assets recorded for capital lease addition	\$	109,025	\$	_
Assets recorded in association with seller financed debt	\$	_	\$	1,115,000
Payment of principal installment of convertible debenture in shares	\$	_	\$	1,458,333

#### NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

#### NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### a. Company:

Arotech Corporation ("Arotech" or the "Company"), and its wholly-owned subsidiaries provide defense and security products for the military, law enforcement and homeland security markets, including advanced zinc-air and lithium batteries and chargers, multimedia interactive simulators/trainers and lightweight vehicle armoring. The Company is primarily operating through its wholly-owned subsidiaries FAAC Corporation ("FAAC"), based in Ann Arbor, Michigan, and FAAC's subsidiary Realtime Technologies, Inc. ("RTI"), which is based in Royal Oak, Michigan; Electric Fuel Battery Corporation ("EFB"), based in Auburn, Alabama; Electric Fuel Ltd. ("EFL"), based in Beit Shemesh, Israel; Epsilor Electronic Industries, Ltd. ("Epsilor"), based in Dimona, Israel; MDT Protective Industries, Ltd. ("MDT"), based in Lod, Israel; MDT Armor Corporation ("MDT Armor"), based in Auburn, Alabama; and Armour of America, Incorporated ("AoA"), based in Auburn, Alabama.

#### b. Basis of presentation:

The accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Arotech Corporation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information, with the instructions to Form 10-Q and with Article 10 of Regulation S-X, and include the accounts of Arotech Corporation and its subsidiaries. Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in complete financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, have been condensed or omitted. In the opinion of the Company, the unaudited financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of its financial position at June 30, 2008, its operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, and its cash flow for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2008 and 2007.

The results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2008 are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full fiscal year ending December 31, 2008.

The balance sheet at December 31, 2007 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007.

#### c. Accounting for stock-based compensation:

For the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 the compensation expense recorded related to stock options and restricted shares was \$631,347 and \$1,032,702, respectively, of which \$34,301 and \$104,308, respectively, was for stock options and \$597,046 and \$928,394, respectively, was for restricted shares. The remaining total compensation cost related to non-vested stock options and restricted share awards not yet recognized in the income statement as of June 30, 2008 was \$1,448,362, of which \$57,599 was for stock options and \$1,390,763 was for restricted shares. The weighted average period over which this compensation cost is expected to be recognized is

approximately two years. Income tax expense was not impacted since the Company is in a net operating loss position. There were no new options issued in the first six months of 2008 and no options were exercised in the first six months of 2008. The Company's directors received their annual restricted stock grants on April 1, 2008 in accordance with the terms of the directors' stock compensation plan.

#### d. Reclassification:

Certain comparative data in these financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

#### e. Anti-dilutive shares for EPS calculation

All outstanding stock options, non-vested restricted stock and warrants have been excluded from the calculation of the diluted net loss per common share because all such securities are anti-dilutive for the periods presented. The total weighted average number of shares related to the outstanding options, restricted stock and warrants excluded from the calculations of diluted net loss per share for June 30, 2008 and 2007 were 1,500,886 and 1,763,594, respectively.

#### NOTE 2: INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market value. Cost is determined using the average cost method or the FIFO method. The Company periodically evaluates the quantities on hand relative to current and historical selling prices and historical and projected sales volume. Based on these evaluations, provisions are made in each period to write down inventory to its net realizable value. Inventory write-offs are provided to cover risks arising from slow-moving items, technological obsolescence, excess inventories, and for market prices lower than cost. Inventories are composed of the following:

			I	December
	Ju	ne 30, 2008		31, 2007
	(1	Unaudited)		
Raw and				
packaging				
materials	\$	8,563,674	\$	6,043,170
Work-in-progress		3,532,450		1,583,790
Finished goods		459,206		260,860
	\$	12,555,330	\$	7,887,820

#### NOTE 3: IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 141(R), Business Combinations, to further enhance the accounting and financial reporting related to business combinations. SFAS No. 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer in a business combination (1) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, (2) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase, and (3) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS No. 141(R) applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. Therefore, the effects of the Company's

adoption of SFAS No. 141(R) will depend upon the extent and magnitude of acquisitions after December 31, 2008.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This Statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. The Statement does not require any new fair value measurements and was initially effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. In February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FAS 157-2. FSP FAS 157-2 defers the effective date of SFAS No. 157 until January 1, 2009 for nonfinancial assets and nonfinancial liabilities except those items recognized or disclosed at fair value on an annual or more frequently recurring basis. On January 1, 2008, we adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157 for our financial assets and liabilities. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on our financial statements. We elected to defer the adoption of SFAS No. 157 for our non-financial assets and liabilities until January 1, 2009. We are currently evaluating the impact that the deferred provisions of this standard will have on our financial statements.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. This Statement permits entities to choose to measure eligible items at fair value at specified election dates. For items for which the fair value option has been elected, unrealized gains and losses are to be reported in earnings at each subsequent reporting date. The fair value option is irrevocable unless a new election date occurs, may be applied instrument by instrument, with a few exceptions, and applies only to entire instruments and not to portions of instruments. SFAS No. 159 provides an opportunity to mitigate volatility in reported earnings caused by measuring related assets and liabilities differently without having to apply complex hedge accounting. SFAS No. 159 was effective for the Company beginning January 1, 2008. The adoption of the standard did not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements – an amendment of ARB No. 51, to create accounting and reporting standards for the noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. SFAS No. 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards that require (1) the ownership interest in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent to be clearly identified and presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, but separate from the parent's equity, (2) the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest to be clearly identified and presented on the face of the consolidated statement of income, (3) changes in a parent's ownership interest while the parent retains its controlling financial interest in its subsidiary to be accounted for consistently, (4) when a subsidiary is deconsolidated, any retained noncontrolling equity investment in the former subsidiary to be initially measured at fair value, and (5) entities to provide sufficient disclosures that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS No. 160 applies to fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and prohibits early adoption. Management has not completed its review of the new

guidance; however, the effect of the Statement's implementation is not expected to be material to the Company's results of operations or financial position.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No.161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. SFAS No.161 requires expanded disclosures regarding the location and amounts of derivative instruments in an entity's financial statements, how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities, and how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, operating results and cash flows. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. Since SFAS No. 161 affects only disclosures, it is not expected to impact the Company's financial position or results of operations upon adoption.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." SFAS No. 162 is intended to improve financial reporting by identifying a consistent framework, or hierarchy, for selecting accounting principles to be used in preparing financial statements that are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States for non-governmental entities. SFAS No. 162 is effective 60 days following approval by the SEC of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board's amendments to AU Section 411, "The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity With Generally Accepted Accounting Principles." We do not expect that the adoption of SFAS No. 162 will impact the Company's financial position or results of operations.

#### NOTE 4: SEGMENT INFORMATION

#### a. General:

The Company and its subsidiaries operate primarily in three business segments and follow the requirements of SFAS No. 131.

The Company's reportable operating segments have been determined in accordance with the Company's internal management structure, which is organized based on operating activities. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those used by the Company in the preparation of its annual financial statement. The Company evaluates performance based upon two primary factors, one is the segment's operating income and the other is the segment's contribution to the Company's future strategic growth.

b. The following is information about reported segment revenues, income (losses) and total assets for the six and three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007:

	Training and	Battery and Power			
	Simulation	Systems	Armor	All Others	Total
Six months ended June 30, 2008					
Revenues from outside customers	\$ 14,719,907	\$ 5,317,521	\$ 5,820,154	\$ -	\$ 25,857,582
Depreciation, amortization and					
impairment expenses (1)	(894,880)	(501,073)	(77,951)	(121,041)	(1,594,945)
Direct expenses (2)	(12,282,600)	(5,837,195)	(7,419,598)	(1,589,521)	(27, 128, 914)
Segment income (loss)	1,542,427	(1,020,747)	(1,677,395)	(1,710,562)	(2,866,277)
Financial income (expense)	11,056	30,772	7,224	(102,004)	(52,952)
Income (loss) from continuing					
operations	\$ 1,553,483	\$ (989,975)	\$ (1,670,171)	\$ (1,812,566)	\$ (2,919,229)
Segment assets (3), (4)	\$ 40,712,523	\$ 24,196,236	\$11,721,422	\$ 926,286	\$ 77,556,467

		Trainin and Simulati		Battery ar Power Systems		Armor		All Others	Total
Six months ended June 30, 2007		Silliulau	OII	Systems	•	Aillioi		All Oulers	Total
Revenues from outside customers	\$	9,395,747	\$	5,084,528	\$	10,077,615	\$	_	\$ 24,557,890
Depreciation, amortization and									
impairment expenses (1)		(995,700)		(479,786)		(326,455)		(118,178)	(1,920,119)
Direct expenses (2)		(8,081,468)		(4,718,414)		(8,456,540)	(	(3,938,327)	(25,194,749)
Segment income (loss)		318,579		(113,672)		1,294,620	(	(4,056,505)	(2,556,978)
Financial income (expense)		424		(53,436)		(4,313)		(569,488)	(626,813)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	319,003	\$	(167,108)	\$	1,290,307	\$	(4,625,993)	\$ (3,183,791)
Segment assets (3), (4)	\$.	42,108,094	\$	18,477,947	\$	11,453,677	\$	2,520,941	\$ 74,560,659
Three months ended June 30, 2008									
Revenues from outside customers	\$	7,185,310	\$	2,210,485	\$	3,211,211	\$	_	\$ 12,607,006
Depreciation, amortization and									
impairment expenses (1)		(445,561)		(300,211)		(48,908)		(108,048)	(902,728)
Direct income (expenses) (2)		(6,260,986)		(2,505,284)		(5,167,557)		143,858	(13,789,969)
Segment income (loss)		478,763		(595,010)		(2,005,254)		35,810	(2,085,691)
Financial income (expense)		116,720		29,848		29,418		(38,925)	137,061
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	595,483	\$	(565,162)	\$	(1,975,836)	\$	(3,115)	\$ (1,948,630)
Three months ended June 30, 2007									
Revenues from outside customers	\$	5,179,738	\$	2,545,396	\$	5,303,594	\$	_	\$ 13,028,728
Depreciation, amortization and									
impairment expenses (1)		(596,824)		(241,866)		(137,495)		(58,876)	(1,035,061)
Direct expenses (2)		(4,870,676)		(2,097,171)		(4,530,786)	(	(1,477,850)	(12,976,483)
Segment income (loss)		(287,762)		206,359		635,313	(	(1,536,726)	(982,816)
Financial expense		(24,369)		(41,601)		(19,424)		(417,339)	(502,733)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$	(312,131)	\$	164,758	\$	615,889	\$	(1,954,065)	\$ (1,485,549)

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes depreciation of property and equipment, amortization expenses of intangible assets and impairment of goodwill and other intangible assets.

NOTE 5: COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

Comprehensive income (loss) for the six and three months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 is summarized below:

	Six Months E	nded June 30,	Three Months	Ended June 30,
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net loss	\$ (2,919,229)	\$ (3,183,791)	\$ (1,948,630)	\$ (1,485,549)
Foreign				
currency				
translation	1,642,004	(206,891)	699,777	(291,698)
	\$ (1.277.225)	\$ (3,390,682)	\$ (1.248.853)	\$ (1.777.247)

<sup>(2)</sup> Including, inter alia, sales and marketing, general and administrative and tax expenses.

<sup>(3)</sup> Consisting of all assets.

<sup>(4)</sup> Out of those amounts, goodwill in our Training and Simulation, Battery and Power Systems and Armor Divisions stood at \$24,424,030, \$6,823,035 and \$1,989,836, respectively, as of June 30, 2008 and \$24,235,419, \$5,413,210 and \$1,066,596, respectively, as of June 30, 2007.

Total comprehensive loss

NOTE 6: ACQUISITIONS

Purchase of the Minority Interest in MDT Israel and MDT Armor

In January 2008, the Company purchased the minority shareholder's 24.5% interest in MDT Protective Industries Ltd. ("MDT Israel") and the 12.0% interest in MDT Armor Corporation ("MDT Armor"), as well as settling all outstanding disputes regarding severance payments, in exchange for a total of \$1.0 million that was paid in cash. The purchase was treated as a step

acquisition using the purchase method of accounting. The Company evaluated the purchase price and identified \$607,100 in goodwill and workforce intangibles with an indefinite life. The Company also identified \$53,400 as an intangible asset related to its customer list with a useful life of four years. The purchase price included a payment of \$241,237 to the former president of MDT Israel as compensation for a right granted to him by MDT Armor that potentially would have given him the right to receive 5% of MDT Armor's annual profit. The payment for this right was recorded as general and administrative expense in the first quarter.

Purchase of Realtime Technologies, Inc.

In February 2008 the Company's FAAC subsidiary acquired all of the outstanding stock of Realtime Technologies, Inc. (RTI), a privately-owned corporation headquartered in Royal Oak, Michigan, for a total of \$1,375,000, including \$1,250,000 in cash, \$100,000 in Company stock (54,348 shares) and approximately \$25,000 in acquisition costs with a 2008 earnout (maximum of \$250,000) based on 2008 net profit. RTI specializes in multi-body vehicle dynamics modeling and graphical simulation solutions. RTI's product portfolio provides FAAC with the opportunity to economically add new features to the driver training products marketed by FAAC.

RTI's operating results will be included in the Company's Training and Simulation Division as of January 1, 2008 and the effect on operations is not expected to be material.

Listed below is the purchase price allocation:

Current assets	
acquired, net of	
liabilities	\$ 433,389
Technology and	
Patents - 7 year life	663,000
Trademark/Trade	
Names - 10 year life	28,000
Customer	
relationships - 10 year	
life	62,000
Goodwill - indefinite	
life(1)	188,611
Equity Value	\$ 1,375,000
• •	

<sup>(1)</sup> The full amount of the goodwill is expected to be deductible for U.S. tax purposes.

#### NOTE 7: ARBITRATION

In connection with the Company's acquisition of AoA, the Company had a contingent earnout obligation in an amount equal to the revenues AoA realized from certain specific programs that were identified by the Company and the seller of AoA ("Seller") as appropriate targets for revenue increases. As of December 31, 2006, the Company had reduced the \$3.0 million escrow held by the Seller by approximately \$1,520,000 for a putative claim against such escrow in respect of such earnout obligation.

On March 20, 2007, the Company filed a Demand for Arbitration with the American Arbitration Association against the Seller. In February 2008, the arbitration panel issued a decision denying the Seller's counterclaims, granting the Seller's counterclaim for \$70,000 in compensation, awarding the Company the entire \$3.0 million escrow (less the

\$70,000 in compensation (with simple interest but without statutory penalties)), awarding the Company \$135,000 in attorneys' fees, and interest of approximately \$325,000. This award was paid to the Company in April 2008, and the time for the Seller to move to vacate or modify this award has now expired. In the first quarter of 2008, the Company adjusted the escrow receivable to reflect the updated amount

of the escrow due to the arbitration panel's decision and final resolution of the remaining legal questions.

#### NOTE 8: CORRECTION OF CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Subsequent to the issuance of the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2008, the Company determined that its Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2008 contained errors in classification of activities related to the Escrow Adjustment that was finalized in the quarter ended June 30, 2008. As a result, the Company has corrected the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2008. The correction affects the classification of these activities and the subtotals of cash flows from operating and investing activities presented in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2008 but it has no impact on the Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents set forth in that Statement. The correction does not affect the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet or Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2008.

## ITEM 2.MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This report contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. When used in this discussion, the words "believes," "anticipated," "expects," "estimates" and similar expressions are intended to identify sucl forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors including, but not limited to, those set forth elsewhere in this report. Please see "Risk Factors," below, and in our other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Arotech<sup>TM</sup> is a trademark and Electric Fuel® is a registered trademark of Arotech Corporation. All company and product names mentioned may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. Unless the context requires otherwise, all references to us refer collectively to Arotech Corporation and its subsidiaries.

We make available through our internet website free of charge our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, amendments to such reports and other filings made by us with the SEC, as soon as practicable after we electronically file such reports and filings with the SEC. Our website address is www.arotech.com. The information contained in this website is not incorporated by reference in this report.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the interim financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report. We have rounded amounts reported here to the nearest thousand, unless such amounts are more than 1.0 million, in which event we have rounded such amounts to the nearest hundred thousand.

**Executive Summary** 

Divisions and Subsidiaries

We are a defense and security products and services company, engaged in three business areas: interactive simulation for military, law enforcement and commercial markets; batteries and charging systems for the military; and high-level armoring for military, paramilitary and commercial vehicles. We operate in three business units:

Øwe develop, manufacture and market advanced high-tech multimedia and interactive digital solutions for use-of-force and driving training of military, law enforcement, security and other personnel (our Training and Simulation Division);

Øwe provide aviation armor kits and we utilize sophisticated lightweight materials and advanced engineering processes to armor vehicles (our Armoring Division); and

Øwe develop, manufacture and market primary Zinc-Air batteries, rechargeable batteries and battery chargers for defense and security products and other military applications (our Battery and Power Systems Division).

#### **Recent Developments**

#### **AoA** Arbitration

In connection with our acquisition of AoA, we had a contingent earnout obligation in an amount equal to the revenues AoA realized from certain specific programs that were identified by us and the seller of AoA ("Seller") as appropriate targets for revenue increases. As of December 31, 2006, we had reduced the \$3.0 million escrow held by the Seller by \$1,520,000 for a putative claim against such escrow in respect of such earnout obligation.

On March 20, 2007, we filed a Demand for Arbitration with the American Arbitration Association against the Seller. In our demand, we sought the return of \$3.0 million, plus interest, held in escrow by the Seller in connection with his sale of AoA to us in 2004. The Seller asserted counterclaims against us in the arbitration, alleging (i) that he is entitled to keep the \$3.0 million, (ii) that he is entitled to an additional \$3.0 million in post-sale earnout, and (iii) that he is entitled to \$70,000 in compensation (plus interest and statutory penalties) wrongfully withheld by us when we constructively terminated his employment.

In February 2008, the arbitration panel issued a decision denying the Seller's counterclaims (i) and (ii) above, granting the Seller's counterclaim for \$70,000 in compensation, awarding us the entire \$3.0 million escrow (less the \$70,000 in compensation (with simple interest but without statutory penalties)), awarding us \$135,000 in attorneys' fees, and interest of approximately \$325,000. This award was paid to us in April 2008, and the time for the Seller to move to vacate or modify this award has now expired. In the first quarter of 2008, we adjusted the escrow receivable to reflect the updated amount of the escrow due to the arbitration panel's decision and final resolution of the remaining legal questions.

#### Overview of Results of Operations

We incurred significant operating losses for the year ended December 31, 2007 and for the first six months of 2008. While we expect to continue to derive revenues from the sale of products that our subsidiaries manufacture and the services that they provide, there can be no assurance that we will be able to achieve or maintain profitability on a consistent basis.

A portion of our operating loss during 2007 and the first six months of 2008 arose as a result of non-cash charges. These charges were primarily related to our acquisitions, financings and issuances of restricted shares and options to employees. To the extent that we continue these activities during the remainder of 2008, we would expect to continue to incur such non-cash charges in the future.

#### Acquisitions

In acquisition of subsidiaries, part of the purchase price is allocated to intangible assets and goodwill. Amortization of intangible assets related to acquisition of subsidiaries is recorded based on the estimated expected life of the assets. Accordingly, for a period of time following an acquisition, we incur a non-cash charge related to amortization of intangible assets in the amount of a fraction (based on the useful life of the intangible assets) of the amount recorded as intangible assets. Such amortization charges continued during 2008. We are required to review intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. If we determine, through the impairment review process, that intangible asset has been impaired, we must record the impairment charge in our statement of operations. We incurred non-cash charges for amortization of intangible assets in the amount of \$985,000 during the first six months of 2008.

In the case of goodwill, the assets recorded as goodwill are not amortized; instead, we are required to perform an annual impairment review. If we determine, through the impairment review process, that goodwill has been impaired, we must record the impairment charge in our statement of operations. The Company is currently performing its impairment review, which is done annually using the June 30 results. We expect to complete our review during the third quarter and as noted, will record impairment charges, if any, as determined in this review.

#### Financings and Issuances of Restricted Shares and Options

During 2006 and 2007, we issued options and restricted shares to certain employees along with restricted shares to our directors in 2007 and 2008. These options and shares were issued as bonuses, and generally vest over a period of two or three years from the date of issuance. Relevant accounting rules provide that the aggregate amount of the difference between the purchase price of the restricted shares (in this case, generally zero) and the market price of the shares on the date of grant is taken as a general and administrative expense, amortized over the life of the period of the restriction.

As a result of the application of the above accounting rules, we incurred, for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007, compensation expense related to stock options and restricted shares of approximately \$631,000 and \$1.0 million, respectively, of which \$34,000 and \$104,000, respectively, was for stock options and \$597,000 and \$928,000, respectively, was for restricted shares.

#### Overview of Operating Performance and Backlog

Overall, our net loss before minority interest earnings, earnings from affiliated company and tax expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2008 was \$2.8 million on revenues of \$25.9 million, compared to a net loss of \$2.8 million on revenues of \$24.6 million during the six months ended June 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2008, our overall backlog totaled \$51.6 million.

In our Training and Simulation Division, revenues increased from approximately \$9.4 million in the first six months of 2007 to \$14.7 million in the first six months of 2008. As of June 30, 2008, our backlog for our Training and Simulation Division totaled \$20.5 million.

In our Battery and Power Systems Division, revenues increased from approximately \$5.1 million in the first six months of 2007 to approximately \$5.3 million in the first six months of 2008. As of June 30, 2008, our backlog for our Battery and Power Systems Division totaled \$12.7 million.

In our Armor Division, revenues decreased from \$10.1 million during the first six months of 2007 to \$5.8 million during the first six months of 2008. As of June 30, 2008, our backlog for our Armor Division totaled \$18.4 million.

#### **Functional Currency**

We consider the United States dollar to be the currency of the primary economic environment in which we and our Israeli subsidiary EFL operate and, therefore, both we and EFL have adopted and are using the United States dollar as our functional currency. Transactions and balances originally denominated in U.S. dollars are presented at the original amounts. Gains and losses arising from non-dollar transactions and balances are included in net income.

The majority of financial transactions of our Israeli subsidiaries MDT and Epsilor are in New Israel Shekels ("NIS") and a substantial portion of MDT's and Epsilor's costs is incurred in NIS. Management believes that the NIS is the functional currency of MDT and Epsilor. Accordingly, the financial statements of MDT and Epsilor have been translated into U.S. dollars. All balance sheet accounts have been translated using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Statement of operations amounts have been translated using the average exchange rate for the period. The resulting translation adjustments are reported as a component of accumulated other comprehensive loss in shareholders' equity.

#### **Results of Operations**

Three months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the three months ended June 30, 2007.

Revenues. During the three months ended June 30, 2008, we (through our subsidiaries) recognized revenues as follows:

ØFAAC and RTI recognized revenues from the sale of multimedia interactive simulators, interactive use-of-force training systems, and from the provision of maintenance services in connection with such systems.

ØMDT, MDT Armor and AoA recognized revenues from payments under vehicle armoring contracts, for service and repair of armored vehicles, and on the sale of armoring products.

ØEFB and Epsilor recognized revenues from the sale of batteries, chargers and adapters to the military, and under certain development contracts with the U.S. Army.

Ø EFL recognized revenues from the sale of water-activated battery (WAB) lifejacket lights.

Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$12.6 million, compared to \$13.0 million in the comparable period in 2007, a decrease of \$422,000, or 3.2%. In the second

quarter of 2008, revenues were \$7.2 million for the Training and Simulation Division (compared to \$5.2 million in the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$2.0 million, or 38.7%, due primarily to increased sales of military vehicle simulators and use of force simulators); \$2.2 million for the Battery and Power Systems Division (compared to \$2.5 million in the second quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$335,000, or 13.2%, due primarily to decreased sales of our battery products at Epsilor and EFB); and \$3.2 million for the Armor Division (compared to \$5.3 million in the second quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$2.1 million, or 39.5%, due primarily to decreased revenues from MDT and MDT Armor, mostly in respect of the completion of orders for the "David" Armored Vehicle).

Cost of revenues, exclusive of amortization of intangibles. Cost of revenues totaled \$9.8 million during the second quarter of 2008, compared to \$9.3 million in the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$486,000, or 5.2%, due primarily to increased sales in our Training and Simulation and our Battery and Power Systems divisions offset by erosion of the margin in our Battery Division and Armor Division.

Research and development. Research and development expenses for the second quarter of 2008 were \$226,000, compared to \$424,000 during the second quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$198,000, or 46.8%. This decrease was primarily attributable to a general reduction of research and development in the Simulation and Battery Divisions, offset by an increase in research and development expenses in the Armor Division.

Selling and marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for the second quarter of 2008 were \$1.1 million, compared to \$1.1 million in the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$82,000, or 7.7%. This increase was primarily attributable to additional expenses in our Battery and Armor Divisions, offset by slightly reduced expenses in our Simulation Division.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses for the second quarter of 2008 were \$3.3 million, compared to \$2.6 million in the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$668,000, or 25.5%. This increase was primarily attributable to additional expenses in our Simulation and Battery Divisions along with additional corporate expenses, offset by reduced expenses in our Armor Division.

Amortization of intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets totaled \$492,000 in the second quarter of 2008, compared to \$396,000 in the second quarter of 2007, an increase of \$96,000, or 24.3%, due primarily to an increase in amortization of capitalized technology in our Training and Simulation Division along with an increase in identified intangibles due to the acquisition of RTI.

Financial income (expenses), net. Financial income (expenses) totaled approximately \$137,000 in the second quarter of 2008, compared to an expense of \$(503,000) in the second quarter of 2007, an improvement of \$640,000, or 127.3%. The difference was due primarily to reductions in debenture expenses, debenture interest, line of credit interest and currency fluctuations in payments made in 2008

Income tax credits (expenses). We and certain subsidiaries incurred net operating losses during the three months ended June 30, 2008 and accordingly, no provision for income taxes was

recorded in this quarter. With respect to some of our subsidiaries that operated at a net profit during 2008, we were able to offset federal taxes against our accumulated loss carry forward. We recorded a total of \$(108,000) in tax expense in the second quarter of 2008, compared to \$69,000 in tax expense in the second quarter of 2007, a decrease of \$177,000, or 256.7%, mainly concerning state and local taxes.

Net loss. Due to the factors cited above, net loss increased from \$1.5 million in the second quarter of 2007 to \$1.9 million in the second quarter of 2008, an increase of \$463,000, or 31.2%.

Six months ended June 30, 2008 compared to the six months ended June 30, 2007.

Revenues. During the six months ended June 30, 2008, we (through our subsidiaries) recognized revenues as follows:

ØFAAC and RTI recognized revenues from the sale of multimedia interactive simulators, interactive use-of-force training systems, and from the provision of maintenance services in connection with such systems.

ØMDT, MDT Armor and AoA recognized revenues from payments under vehicle armoring contracts, for service and repair of armored vehicles, and on the sale of armoring products.

ØEFB and Epsilor recognized revenues from the sale of batteries, chargers and adapters to the military, and under certain development contracts with the U.S. Army.

Ø EFL recognized revenues from the sale of water-activated battery (WAB) lifejacket lights.

Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2008 totaled \$25.9 million, compared to \$24.6 million in the comparable period in 2007, an increase of \$1.3 million, or 5.3%. In the first six months of 2008, revenues were \$14.7 million for the Training and Simulation Division (compared to \$9.4 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$5.3 million, or 56.7%, due primarily to increased sales of military vehicle simulators and use of force simulators); \$5.3 million for the Battery and Power Systems Division (compared to \$5.1 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$233,000, or 4.6%, due primarily to increased sales of our battery products at Epsilor and EFB); and \$5.8 million for the Armor Division (compared to \$10.1 million in the first six months of 2007, a decrease of \$4.3 million, or 42.2%, due primarily to decreased revenues from MDT and MDT Armor, mostly in respect of the completion of orders for the "David" Armored Vehicle due to the model changeover and unforeseen material shortages from our primary steel supplier).

Cost of revenues, exclusive of amortization of intangibles. Cost of revenues totaled \$19.8 million during the first six months of 2008, compared to \$16.7 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$3.1 million, or 18.5%, due primarily to increased sales in our Training and Simulation and our Battery and Power Systems Divisions along with erosion in margin in our Armor Division.

Research and development. Research and development expenses for the first six months of 2008 were \$833,000, compared to \$922,000 during the first six months of 2007, a decrease of \$89,000, or 9.7%. This decrease was primarily attributable to a general reduction of research and development in the Battery Division, offset by a small increase in research and development expenses in the Simulation and Armor Divisions.

Selling and marketing expenses. Selling and marketing expenses for the first six months of 2008 were \$2.3 million, compared to \$2.1 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$193,000, or 9.2%. This increase was primarily attributable to additional expenses in our Battery and Armor Divisions, offset by slightly reduced expenses in our Simulation Division.

General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses for the first six months of 2008 were \$6.8 million, compared to \$6.3 million in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$476,000, or 7.5%. This increase was primarily attributable to additional expenses in our Simulation and Battery Divisions, offset by reduced expenses in our Armor Division and in corporate.

Amortization of intangible assets. Amortization of intangible assets totaled \$985,000 in the first six months of 2008, compared to \$736,000 in the first six months of 2007, an increase of \$249,000, or 33.8%, due primarily to an increase in amortization of capitalized technology in our Training and Simulation Division along with an increase in identified intangibles due to the acquisition of RTI.

Escrow adjustment – credit. The escrow adjustment – credit of \$1.4 million represents the first quarter adjustment to operating expenses resulting from the completion of the escrow arbitration. This was a contingent earnout obligation that was identified by us when AoA was purchased.

Financial income (expenses), net. Financial income (expenses) totaled approximately \$(53,000) in the first six months of 2008, compared to \$(627,000) in the first six months of 2007, an improvement of \$574,000, or 91.6%. The difference was due primarily to reductions in debenture expenses, debenture interest, line of credit interest and currency fluctuations in payments made in 2008

Income taxes. We and certain of our subsidiaries incurred net operating losses during the six months ended June 30, 2008 and accordingly, no provision for income taxes was recorded in this quarter. With respect to some of our subsidiaries that operated at a net profit during 2008, we were able to offset federal taxes against our accumulated loss carry forward. We recorded a total of \$12,000 in tax expense in the first six months of 2008, compared to \$175,000 in tax expense in the first six months of 2007, a decrease of \$163,000, or 93.2%, mainly concerning state and local taxes.

Net loss. Due to the factors cited above, net loss decreased from \$3.2 million in the first six months of 2007 to \$2.9 million in the first six months of 2008, a decrease of \$265,000, or 8.3%.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2008, we had \$1.7 million in cash, \$179,000 in restricted collateral securities and restricted held-to-maturity securities due within one year, and \$55,000 in available-for-sale marketable securities, as compared to December 31, 2007, when we had \$3.4 million in cash, \$320,000 in restricted collateral securities, \$1.5 million in an escrow receivable and \$47,000 in available-for-sale marketable securities.

We used available funds in the six months ended June 30, 2008 primarily for sales and marketing, continued research and development expenditures, and other working capital needs. We increased our investment in fixed assets during the six months ended June 30, 2008 by \$665,000 over the investment as at December 31, 2007. Our net fixed assets amounted to \$5.2 million at quarter end.

Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities from continuing operations for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$(487,000) and \$(453,000), respectively, a decrease of \$(34,000). This decrease in cash used was primarily the result of changes in working capital.

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$1.0 million and \$(383,000) an increase of \$1.3 million. This increase was primarily the result of the escrow settlement, offset by the RTI acquisition and the purchase of minority interest in MDT.

Net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2008 and 2007 was \$(2.3) million and \$(110,000), respectively, an increase of \$2.2 million, primarily due to the reduction in short term bank debt.

As of June 30, 2008, we had approximately \$2.3 million in bank debt outstanding compared to \$4.6 million as of December 31, 2007.

Subject to all of the reservations regarding "forward-looking statements" set forth above, we believe that our present cash position, anticipated cash flows from operations and lines of credit should be sufficient to satisfy our current estimated cash requirements through the remainder of the year. In this connection, we note that from time to time our working capital needs are partially dependent on our subsidiaries' lines of credit. In the event that we are unable to continue to make use of our subsidiaries' lines of credit for working capital on economically feasible terms, our business, operating results and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Over the long term, we need to sustain profitability, at least on a cash-flow basis, to avoid future capital requirements. Additionally, we would need to raise additional capital in order to fund any future acquisitions.

## PART II

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS.

The following documents are filed as exhibits to this report:

Exhibit	Description
Number	
31.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to
	Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to
	Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to
	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to
	Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: September 15, 2008

AROTECH CORPORATION

By: /s/ Robert S. Ehrlich

Name: Robert S. Ehrlich Title: Chairman and CEO

(Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ Thomas J. Paup

Name: Thomas J. Paup

Title: Vice President – Finance and CFO

(Principal Financial Officer)

## EXHIBIT INDEX

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