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UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS INC
Form 10QSB
August 14, 2001

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10 - QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER 0-20848

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

65-0231984
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

2875 N.E. 191 STREET
SUITE 300
MIAMI, FLORIDA 33180
(Address of principal executive offices)

(305) 792-4200
(Issuer's telephone number)

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes
of common equity, as of the last practicable date: 17,585,939 shares of common
stock as of August 1, 2001.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format Yes No

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company

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have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-QSB and, therefore, omit or condense certain footnotes and other information normally included in financial statements prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring accruals) necessary for a fair presentation of the financial information for the interim periods reported have been made. Results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2001 are not necessarily indicative of the results for the year ending December 31, 2001.

2

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
JUNE 30, 2001
(Unaudited)

| ASSETS | |
|--|-----------------------|
| Debt securities held-to-maturity (fair value of \$3,695,408) | \$3,617,905 |
| Equity securities available for sale (cost of \$366,309) | 346,014 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 10,470,760 |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums and reinsurance recoverable | 9,440,575 |
| Premiums and other receivables | 926,887 |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs | 2,328,357 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 766,585 |
| | ----- |
| Total assets | \$27,897,083 ===== |

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

| | |
|--|-------------|
| LIABILITIES: | |
| Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses | \$4,208,745 |

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| | |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Unearned premiums | 12,768,981 |
| Accounts payable | 2,464,889 |
| Other accrued expenses | 460,805 |
| Accrued taxes, licenses and fees | 8,441 |
| Loan payable | 259,206 |
| Total liabilities | 20,171,067 |

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

| | |
|---|--------------|
| STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY: Cumulative convertible preferred | |
| stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 138,640 shares issued and outstanding, minimum liquidation preference of \$1,419,700 | 1,387 |
| Common stock, \$.01 par value, 40,000,000 shares authorized, 14,894,584 shares issued and 14,685,939 shares outstanding | 148,946 |
| Common stock in treasury, at cost - 208,645 shares | (101,819) |
| Additional paid-in capital | 15,126,242 |
| Accumulated deficit | (7,428,445) |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | (20,295) |
| Total stockholders' equity | 7,726,016 |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$27,897,083 |

The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

3

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|
| | June 30, 2001 ---- | June 30, 2000 ---- | J |
| PREMIUMS EARNED AND OTHER REVENUES | | | |
| Premium income - net | \$4,118,080 | \$3,654,146 | \$1 |
| Net investment income | 354,237 | 520,435 | 2 |
| Commission revenue | 851,991 | 644,797 | 3 |
| Other income | 2,637,300 | - | 3 |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| Total revenues | 7,961,608 | 4,819,378 | 3 |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| OPERATING COST AND EXPENSES: | | | |
| Losses and loss adjustment expenses | 3,220,248 | 1,600,812 | 1 |
| General and administrative expenses | 3,726,765 | 2,493,649 | 2 |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| Total operating cost and expenses | 6,947,013 | 4,094,461 | 3 |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,014,595 | \$724,917 | (\$ |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== |

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| | | | |
|---|------------|------------|-----|
| INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE: | | | |
| Basic | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.05 | (\$ |
| | ===== | ===== | == |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - BASIC | 14,698,000 | 14,795,000 | 14 |
| | ===== | ===== | == |
| INCOME (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE: | | | |
| Diluted | \$ 0.07 | \$ 0.05 | (\$ |
| | ===== | ===== | == |
| WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING - DILUTED | 15,266,000 | 15,968,000 | 14 |
| | ===== | ===== | == |

The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

4

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended | | |
|--|---------------------|------------------|-------|
| | June 30, 2001 | June 30, 2000 | |
| | ---- | ---- | |
| NET INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,014,595 | \$724,917 | (\$4 |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME: | | | |
| Change in net unrealized (loss) gain on available-for-sale securities | 39,577 | (160,364) | --- |
| | ----- | ----- | --- |
| COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) | \$1,054,172 | \$ 564,553 | \$ (4 |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== |

The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

5

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2001 ---- | Six Months Ended June 2000 ---- |
|---|--|--|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Net income | \$1,014,595 | \$ 72,109 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by used in operations: | | |
| Amortization and depreciation | 72,109 | 3,246,570 |
| Gains on sales of equity securities available for sale | - | (9,548) |
| Net accretion of bond premiums and discount | (12,739) | 12,690 |
| Warrants issued in lieu of payments | - | (248,932) |
| Net change in assets and liabilities relating to operating activities: | | |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums and reinsurance recoverable | 3,246,570 | (116,452) |
| Other receivables and deposits | (81,548) | (25,233) |
| Deferred policy acquisition costs | (529,690) | (20,000) |
| Accounts payable | (248,932) | 17,621 |
| Other accrued expenses | (116,452) | (3,404,677) |
| Accrued taxes, licenses and fees | (212,233) | (20,040) |
| Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses | 740,621 | - |
| Unearned premiums | (3,404,677) | (1,260,000) |
| Due from related parties and other | (20,040) | - |
| | ----- | ----- |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 447,584 | (3,080,000) |
| | ----- | ----- |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Capital expenditures | (197,572) | (19,572) |
| Purchase of equity securities available for sale | - | (41,572) |
| Proceeds from sale of equity securities available for sale | - | 43,572 |
| Purchase of debt securities held to maturity | (601,062) | (88,062) |
| Proceeds from maturities of debt securities held to maturity | 425,427 | 31,062 |
| | ----- | ----- |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (373,207) | (74,062) |
| | ----- | ----- |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | |
| Loan payable | 259,206 | - |
| Cash dividends | (202,921) | (2,921) |
| Purchase of treasury stock | (17,565) | - |
| | ----- | ----- |
| Net cash provided by financing activities | 38,720 | (2,921) |
| | ----- | ----- |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 113,097 | (3,850,000) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of period | 10,357,663 | 16,270,000 |
| | ----- | ----- |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of period | \$10,470,760 | \$12,410,000 |
| | ===== | ===== |
| SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION | | |
| Interest paid | \$ 1,095 | \$ 4,095 |
| Income taxes paid | - | - |

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The accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

6

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2001
(Unaudited)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc. ("Company"), its wholly-owned subsidiary, Universal Property & Casualty Insurance Company ("UPCIC"), and other wholly-owned entities which are under common control through common ownership. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The condensed consolidated balance sheet of the Company as of June 30, 2001, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive operations for the six months and three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, and cash flows for six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 are unaudited. The accounting policies followed for quarterly financial reporting are the same as those disclosed in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2000. The interim financial statements reflect all adjustments (consisting of only normal and recurring accruals and adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. The Company's operating results for any particular interim period may not be indicative of results for the full year and thus should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual statements.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Certain reclassifications have been made in the 2000 financial statements to conform them to and make them consistent with the presentation used in the 2001 financial statements.

NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS. In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 133, ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES. Among other provisions, SFAS No. 133 establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative instruments and for hedging activities. It also requires that an entity recognize all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value. In July 1999, the FASB issued SFAS No. 137, ACCOUNTING FOR DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES - DEFERRAL OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF FASB STATEMENT NO. 133, which changes the effective date of SFAS No. 133 for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. In June 2000, the FASB issued SFAS No. 138, ACCOUNTING FOR CERTAIN DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS AND CERTAIN HEDGING ACTIVITIES, which amended SFAS No. 133. The Company adopted both effective

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January 1, 2001. The Company does not have derivative instruments and thus, the adoption of SFAS No. 133 and No. 138 did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

7

In March 1998, the National Association of Insurance Commissioners adopted the Codification of Statutory Accounting Principals (the "Codification"). The Codification, which is intended to standardize regulatory accounting and reporting to state insurance departments was effective January 1, 2001. However, statutory accounting principles will continue to be established by individual state laws and permitted practices. The state of Florida required adoption of the Codification for the preparation of statutory financial statements effective January 1, 2001. The adoption of the Codification as modified by Florida did not have a material adverse effect on the Company's statutory capital and surplus.

In July 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued SFAS No. 141, BUSINESS COMBINATIONS and SFAS No. 142, GOODWILL AND OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS. SFAS No. 141 requires all business combinations entered into subsequent to June 30, 2001 to be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. SFAS No. 142 provides that goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives will not be amortized, but will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. SFAS No. 142 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. The new standards are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - INSURANCE OPERATIONS

UPCIC commenced its insurance activity in February 1998 by assuming policies from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association ("JUA"). UPCIC received the unearned premiums and began servicing such policies. Since then, UPCIC has been renewing these policies as well as soliciting business actively in the open market through independent agents.

Unearned premiums represent amounts that UPCIC would refund policyholders if their policies were canceled. UPCIC determines unearned premiums by calculating the pro-rata amount that would be due to the policyholder at a given point in time based upon the premiums owed over the life of each policy. At June 30, 2001, the Company had unearned premiums totaling \$12,768,981.

Universal Property and Casualty Management, Inc., an outside management company, provides the Company with management and personnel for UPCIC's underwriting, claims and financial requirements, together with support offices, equipment and services. The fees for such services for the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 totaled \$578,437 and \$534,929, respectively. The fees for the three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000 totaled \$301,475 and \$355,527, respectively.

The JUA's incentive program provided approximately \$2,700,000 to an escrow account to fund bonus payments to UPCIC. These funds will be progressively released to UPCIC as certain conditions are met, including not canceling policies acquired from the JUA for a three year period. As of June 30, 2001, the Company has substantially complied with the requirements related to most of the potential bonus payments and \$2,511,300 was released from escrow for 25,113 policies which had reached their three-year anniversary. An additional \$126,000 was released from escrow in July for 1,260 policies after they had reached their three-year anniversary in June 2001. The bonus payments are not included in the Company's assets until they are eligible to be released from escrow. Accordingly, \$2,637,300 is reflected in other income for the six months ended June 30, 2001. For the three months ended June 30, 2001, \$822,100 is reflected

in other income. No bonus payments were reflected in income in the prior year periods. The remaining escrow account balance is not included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Premiums earned are included in earnings evenly over the terms of the policies. UPCIC does not have policies that provide for retroactive premium adjustments.

Policy acquisition costs, consisting of commissions and other costs that vary with and are directly related to the production of business, net of unearned ceding commissions, are deferred and amortized over the terms of the policies, but only to the extent that unearned premiums are sufficient to cover all related costs and expenses. At June 30, 2001, deferred policy acquisition costs amounted to \$2,328,357.

An allowance for uncollectible premiums receivable is established when it becomes evident collection is doubtful. No allowance is deemed necessary at June 30, 2001.

Claims and claims adjustment expenses, less related reinsurance, are provided for as claims are incurred. The provision for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses includes: (1) the accumulation of individual case estimates for claims and claims adjustment expenses reported prior to the close of the accounting period; (2) estimates for unreported claims based on past experience modified for current trends; and (3) estimates of expenses for investigating and adjusting claims based on past experience.

Liabilities for unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses are based on estimates of ultimate cost of settlement. Changes in claims estimates resulting from the continuous review process and differences between estimates and ultimate payments are reflected in expense for the period in which the revision of these estimates first became known.

UPCIC estimates claims and claims expenses based on historical experience of similar entities and payment and reporting patterns for the type of risk involved. These estimates are continuously reviewed by UPCIC's affiliated management professionals and any resulting adjustments are reflected in operations for the period in which they are determined.

Inherent in the estimates of ultimate claims are expected trends in claims severity, frequency and other factors that may vary as claims are settled. The amount of uncertainty in the estimates for casualty coverage is significantly affected by such factors as the amount of historical claims experience relative to the development period, knowledge of the actual facts and circumstances, and the amount of insurance risk retained.

NOTE 3 - REINSURANCE

UPCIC's in-force policyholder coverage for windstorm exposures as of June 30, 2001 was approximately \$4.5 billion. In the normal course of business, UPCIC seeks to reduce the loss that may arise from catastrophes or other events that cause unfavorable underwriting results by reinsuring certain levels of risk in various areas of exposure with other insurance enterprises or reinsurers.

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Amounts recoverable from reinsurers are estimated in a manner consistent with the reinsurance policy. Reinsurance premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses are accounted for on bases consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts. Reinsurance ceding commissions received are deferred and amortized over the effective period of the related insurance policies.

UPCIC limits the maximum net loss that can arise from large risks or risks in concentrated areas of exposure by reinsuring (ceding) certain levels of risks with other insurers or reinsurers, either on an automatic basis under general reinsurance contracts known as "treaties" or by negotiation on substantial individual risks. The reinsurance arrangements are intended to provide UPCIC with the ability to maintain its exposure to loss within its capital resources. Such reinsurance includes quota share, excess of loss and catastrophe forms of reinsurance.

Effective June 1, 2001, UPCIC entered into a quota share reinsurance treaty and excess per risk agreements with Swiss Reinsurance America Corporation, rated A+ by A.M. Best. Under the quota share treaty, UPCIC cedes 50% of its gross written premiums, losses and loss adjustment expenses with a provisional ceding commission of 35%; the commission percentage will be adjusted based on the ceded loss ratio. In addition, the quota share treaty has a limitation for any one occurrence of \$6,500,000. Under the excess per risk agreement, UPCIC obtained coverage of \$1,300,000 in excess of \$500,000 ultimate net loss for each risk, each loss, excluding losses arising from the peril of wind to the extent such wind related losses are the result of a hurricane. A \$2,600,000 limit applies to any one-loss occurrence.

Effective June 1, 2001, under an excess catastrophe contract, UPCIC obtained coverage of \$47,500,000 in excess of \$2,000,000. UPCIC also obtained coverage from the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund; the coverage is estimated to be \$38,000,000.

The ceded reinsurance arrangements had the following effect on certain items in the accompanying consolidated financial statements:

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2001 ----- | | | Six Months Ended June 30, 2000 ----- | |
|---------|--|-----------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|
| | Premiums Written ----- | Premiums Earned ----- | Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses ----- | Premiums Written ----- | Premiums Earned ----- |
| Direct | \$10,433,019 | \$13,837,696 | \$6,819,380 | \$11,808,568 | \$13,075,068 |
| Assumed | - | - | - | (22,908) | (22,908) |
| Ceded | (6,190,344) | (9,719,616) | (3,599,132) | (10,442,675) | (9,398,014) |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| Net | \$4,242,675 | \$4,118,080 | \$3,220,248 | \$1,342,985 | \$3,654,146 |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== |

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| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2001 ----- | | | Three Months Ended June 30, 2000 ----- | |
|---------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|
| | Premiums Written ----- | Premiums Earned ----- | Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses ----- | Premiums Written ----- | Premiums Earned ----- |
| Direct | \$4,606,243 | \$6,876,081 | \$3,734,912 | \$6,315,353 | \$6,995,861 |
| Assumed | - | - | - | - | - |
| Ceded | (3,812,164) | (5,070,804) | (1,988,790) | (7,034,549) | (5,389,164) |
| Net | ----- \$794,079 ===== | ----- \$1,805,277 ===== | ----- \$1,746,122 ===== | ----- \$(719,196) ===== | ----- \$1,606,697 ===== |

Other Amounts:

June 30, 2001

| | |
|--|--------------------|
| Reinsurance recoverable on unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses | \$ 2,337,054 |
| Unearned premiums ceded | 7,103,521 ----- |
| Prepaid reinsurance premiums and reinsurance recoverable | \$ 9,440,575 |

UPCIC's reinsurance contracts do not relieve UPCIC from its obligations to policyholders. Failure of reinsurers to honor their obligations could result in losses to UPCIC; consequently, allowances are established for amounts deemed uncollectible. No allowance is deemed necessary at June 30, 2001. UPCIC evaluates the similar geographic regions, activities, or economic characteristics of the reinsurers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies. UPCIC currently has reinsurance contracts with various reinsurers located throughout the United States and internationally. UPCIC believes that this distribution of reinsurance contracts adequately minimizes UPCIC's risk from any potential operating difficulties of its reinsurers.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis by management of the Company's consolidated financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements made by the Company's management may be considered to be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are based on various factors and assumptions that include known and unknown risks and uncertainties. The words "believe," "expect," "anticipate," and "project," and similar expressions, identify forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statement was made. Such statements may include, but not be limited to,

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projections of revenues, income or loss, expenses, plans, as well as assumptions relating to the foregoing. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to risks and uncertainties, some of which cannot be predicted or quantified. Future

11

results could differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements as a result of the risks set forth in the following discussion, among others.

OVERVIEW

The Company is a vertically integrated insurance holding company. The Company, through its subsidiaries, is currently engaged in insurance underwriting, distribution and claims. UPCIC generates revenue from the collection and investment of premiums. The Company's agency operations which include Universal Florida Insurance Agency and U.S. Insurance Solutions, Inc. generate income from policy fees, commissions, premium financing referral fees and the marketing of ancillary services. Universal Risk Advisors, Inc., the Company's managing general agent, generates revenue through policy fee income and other administrative fees from the marketing of UPCIC's and third party insurance products through the Company's distribution network and UPCIC. Capital Resources Group Ltd. was formed to participate in contingent capital products. Universal Risk Life Advisors, Inc. was formed to be the Company's managing general agent for life insurance products. In addition, the Company has formed an independent claims adjusting company, Universal Adjusting Corporation, which adjusts UPCIC claims in certain geographic areas and an inspection company, Universal Inspection Corporation, which performs property inspections for homeowners' policies underwritten by UPCIC.

The Company has also formed two subsidiaries that specialize in selling insurance via the Internet. Tigerquote.com Insurance & Financial Services Group, Inc., and its wholly owned subsidiary Tigerquote.com Insurance Solutions, Inc. are a network of Internet insurance agencies. At June 30, 2001, agencies have been established in 22 states. Separate legal entities have been formed for each state and are governed by the respective states' department of insurance.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2001 aggregated \$10,470,760. The source of liquidity for possible claims payments consists of net premiums, after deductions for expenses.

UPCIC expects that premiums will be sufficient to meet UPCIC's working capital requirements for at least the next twelve months. Amounts considered to be in excess of current working capital requirements have been invested. At June 30, 2001 UPCIC's investments were comprised of \$10,470,760 in cash and repurchase agreements, \$3,617,905 in fixed maturity securities and \$346,014 in equity securities.

Policies originally obtained from the Florida Residential Property and Casualty Joint Underwriting Association ("JUA") provided the opportunity for UPCIC to solicit future renewal premiums. Approximately 50% of the policies obtained from the JUA are currently renewed with the Company. UPCIC does not expect to participate in takeouts of additional policies from the JUA. In an effort to further grow its insurance operations, in 1998 the Company began to solicit business actively in the open market. Through renewal of JUA business combined with business solicited in the market through independent agents, UPCIC is currently servicing approximately 40,000 homeowners and dwelling fire insurance policies. In determining appropriate guidelines for such open market

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policy sales, UPCIC employs standards similar to those used in its selection of JUA policies. Also, to improve underwriting and manage risk, the Company uses

12

analytical tools and data currently developed in conjunction with Risk Management Solutions (RMS). To diversify UPCIC's product lines, management may consider underwriting inland marine and personal umbrella liability policies in the future. Any such program will require the approval of the Florida Department of Insurance.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 VERSUS SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Gross premiums written decreased 11.6% to \$10,433,019 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$11,808,568 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in gross premiums written is primarily attributable to the Company's nonrenewal of certain policies in high exposure areas in order to mitigate reinsurance costs.

Net premiums written (i.e. gross premiums written minus premiums ceded to reinsurers) increased 215.9% to \$4,242,675 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$1,342,985 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The increase in net premiums written reflects the impact of reinsurance since \$6,190,344 or 59.3% of premiums written were ceded to reinsurers for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 as compared to \$10,442,675 or 88.4% for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The increase in net premiums written was primarily a result of the Company's election under its quota share reinsurance treaty to cede 50% of gross premiums written, losses and loss adjustment expenses during both of the first two quarters of 2001, versus 50% during the first quarter of 2000 and 65% in the second quarter of 2000.

Net premiums earned increased 12.7% to \$4,118,080 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$3,654,146 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The increase is primarily due to the Company's election under its quota share reinsurance treaty to cede 50% of gross premiums written, losses and loss adjustment expenses during both of the first two quarters of 2001, versus 50% during the first quarter of 2000 and 65% in the second quarter of 2000.

Investment income consists of net investment income and net realized gains (losses). Investment income decreased 31.9% to \$354,237 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$520,435 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The decrease is primarily due to gains recognized on the sale of equity securities in the six months ended June 30, 2000.

Commission income increased 32.1% to \$851,991 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$644,797 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. Commission income is comprised mainly of the managing general agent's policy fee income on all new and renewal insurance policies and commissions generated from agency operations.

Other income consists of JUA bonus payments of \$2,637,300 eligible to be released from escrow during the six months ended June 30, 2001.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred increased 101.2% to \$3,220,248 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$1,600,812 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. The Company's net loss ratio for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 was 78.2% compared to 43.8% for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. Losses and LAE, the Company's most significant expenses, represent actual payments made and changes in estimated future

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payments to be made to or on behalf of its policyholders, including expenses

13

required to settle claims and losses. Losses and LAE are influenced by loss severity and frequency. Losses and LAE increased due to the Company's election under its quota share reinsurance treaty to cede 50% of gross premiums written, losses and loss adjustment expenses during both of the first two quarters of 2001, versus 50% during the first quarter of 2000 and 65% in the second quarter of 2000, as well as a higher frequency of claims in the six months ended June 30, 2001.

Catastrophes are an inherent risk of the property-liability insurance business which may contribute to material year-to-year fluctuations in UPCIC's and the Company's results of operations and financial position. The level of catastrophe loss experienced in any year cannot be predicted and could be material to the results of operations and financial position. While management believes UPCIC's and the Company's catastrophe management strategies will reduce the severity of future losses, UPCIC and the Company continue to be exposed to similar or greater catastrophes.

General and administrative expenses increased 49.5% to \$3,726,765 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$2,493,649 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000. General and administrative expenses have increased due to further development of the Company's insurance operations. Approximately \$400,000 of general and administrative expenses were incurred in the six months ended June 30, 2001 developing the Company's insurance Internet initiative versus approximately \$500,000 in the six months ended June 30, 2000.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS - THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2001 VERSUS THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2000

Gross premiums written decreased 27.1% to \$4,606,243 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$6,315,353 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. The decrease in gross premiums written is primarily attributable to the Company's nonrenewal of certain policies in high exposure areas in order to mitigate reinsurance costs.

Net premiums earned increased 12.4% to \$1,805,277 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$1,606,697 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. The increase is primarily due to the Company's election under its quota share reinsurance treaty to cede 50% of gross premiums written, losses and loss adjustment expenses during both of the first two quarters of 2001, versus 50% during the first quarter of 2000 and 65% in the second quarter of 2000.

Investment income consists of net investment income and net realized gains (losses). Investment income decreased 50.1% to \$163,015 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$326,687 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. The decrease is primarily due to gains recognized on the sale of equity securities in the three months ended June 30, 2000.

Commission income increased 69.6% to \$532,156 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$313,788 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. Commission income is comprised mainly of the managing general agent's policy fee income on all new and renewal insurance policies and commissions generated from agency operations.

Other income consists of JUA bonus payments of \$822,100 released from escrow during the three months ended June 30, 2001.

Losses and loss adjustment expenses ("LAE") incurred increased 145.3% to \$1,746,122 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$711,876 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. The Company's loss ratio, for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 was 96.7% compared to 44.3% for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. Losses and LAE, the Company's most significant expenses, represent actual payments made and changes in estimated future payments to be made to or on behalf of its policyholders, including expenses required to settle claims and losses. Losses and LAE are influenced by loss severity and frequency. Losses and LAE increased due to the Company's election under its quota share reinsurance treaty to cede 50% of gross premiums written, losses and loss adjustment expenses during both of the first two quarters of 2001, versus 50% during the first quarter of 2000 and 65% in the second quarter of 2000, as well as a higher frequency of claims in the three months ended June 30, 2001.

Catastrophes are an inherent risk of the property-liability insurance business which may contribute to material year-to-year fluctuations in UPCIC's and the Company's results of operations and financial position. The level of catastrophe loss experienced in any year cannot be predicted and could be material to the results of operations and financial position. While management believes UPCIC's and the Company's catastrophe management strategies will reduce the severity of future losses, UPCIC and the Company continue to be exposed to similar or greater catastrophes.

General and administrative expenses increased 45.7% to \$2,064,819 for the three month period ended June 30, 2001 from \$1,417,054 for the three month period ended June 30, 2000. General and administrative expenses have increased due to further development of the Company's insurance operations.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's primary sources of capital are premium revenues and investment income.

For the six month period ended June 30, 2001, cash flows provided by operating activities were \$447,584 primarily due to JUA bonus payments released from escrow during the period. If not for receipt of the JUA bonus payments, cash flows from operating activities would have been negative, primarily due to the decrease in gross premiums written related to nonrenewal of certain policies in high exposure areas in order to mitigate reinsurance costs. The Company's investment portfolio is highly liquid as it consists almost entirely of readily marketable securities. Cash flows from investing activities are primarily comprised of purchases and sales of debt and equity securities. Cash flows from financing activities is comprised of payment of cash dividends on common and preferred stock and purchases of treasury stock.

The Company believes that its current capital resources will be sufficient to support current operations and expected growth for at least 24 months.

The balance of cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2001 is \$10,470,760. Most of this amount, along with readily marketable debt and equity securities aggregating \$3,963,919 would be available to pay claims in the event of a catastrophic event pending reimbursement for any aggregate amount in excess

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of \$1 million up to the 100 year probable maximum loss which would be covered by reinsurers. Catastrophic reinsurance is recoverable upon presentation to the reinsurer of evidence of claim payment.

To retain its certificate of authority, the Florida insurance laws and regulations require that UPCIC maintain capital surplus equal to the statutory minimum capital and surplus requirement defined in the Florida Insurance Code. UPCIC is also required to adhere to prescribed premium-to-capital surplus ratios. UPCIC is in compliance with these requirements.

The maximum amount of dividends which can be paid by Florida insurance companies without prior approval of the Florida Commissioner is subject to restrictions relating to statutory surplus. The maximum dividend that may be paid by UPCIC without prior approval is limited to the lesser of statutory net income from operations of the preceding calendar year or 10.0% of statutory unassigned capital surplus as of the preceding year end. Pursuant to a consent order between UPCIC and the Florida Department of Insurance ("DOI"), during UPCIC's first four years of operations, any dividend by UPCIC would require DOI approval.

The Company is required to comply with the National Association of Insurance Commissioner's ("NAIC") Risk-Based Capital ("RBC") requirements. RBC requirements prescribe a method of measuring the amount of capital appropriate for an insurance company to support its overall business operations in light of its size and risk profile. NAIC's RBC requirements are used by regulators to determine appropriate regulatory actions relating to insurers who show signs of weak or deteriorating condition. As of December 31, 2000, based on calculations using the appropriate NAIC RBC formula, the Company's total adjusted capital is in excess of the amount which would require any form of regulatory action. GAAP differs in some respects from reporting practices prescribed or permitted by the DOI. UPCIC's statutory capital and surplus was \$5,140,510 as of June 30, 2001. Statutory net income was \$178,319 for the six month period ended June 30, 2001 and \$711,935 for the six month period ended June 30, 2000.

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC. PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

The Company did not have any reportable legal proceedings during the six months ending June 30, 2001. Certain claims and complaints have been filed or are pending against the Company with respect to various matters. In the opinion of management all such matters are adequately reserved for or covered by

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insurance or, if not so covered, are without any or have little merit or involve such amounts that if disposed of unfavorably would not have a material adverse effect on the Company.

ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

Exhibits

| Exhibit No. | Exhibit |
|-------------|---|
| 11.1 | Statement Regarding Computation of Per Share Income |

Reports on form 8-K

None.

17

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

UNIVERSAL INSURANCE HOLDINGS, INC.

Date August 14, 2001

/s/ Bradley I. Meier

Bradley I. Meier, President

18

EXHIBIT 11.1

Universal Insurance Holdings, Inc.

Statement Regarding the Computation of Per Share Income

The following table reconciles the numerator (earnings) and denominator (shares) of the basic and diluted earnings per share computations for net income for the six month and three month periods ended June 30, 2001 and 2000.

| | Six Months Ended June 30, 2001 | | | |
|--|--|------------|---------------------|--|
| | Income Available to Common Stockholders | Shares | Per-Share Amount | Income Available to Common Stockholders |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| Net income | \$1,014,595 | | | \$724,917 |
| Less: Preferred stock dividends | (24,976) | | | (24,976) |
| | ----- | | | ----- |
| Income available to common stockholders | 989,619 | 14,698,000 | \$0.07 | 699,941 |
| | | | ===== | |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | |
| Stock options and warrants | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Preferred stock | 24,976 | 568,000 | --- | 24,976 |
| | ----- | ----- | ----- | ----- |
| Income available to common stockholders and assumed conversion | \$1,014,595 | 15,266,000 | \$ 0.07 | \$724,917 |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== |

Options and warrants totaling 10,812,000 and 10,382,000 were excluded from the calculation of their effect was anti-dilutive for the six months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.

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| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2001 ----- | | | |
|---|---|-----------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Income Available to Common Stockholders ----- | Shares ----- | Per-Share Amount ----- | Income Available to Common Stockholders ----- |
| Net income (loss) | (\$488,393) | | | \$118,242 |
| Less: Preferred stock dividends | (12,488) | | | (12,488) |
| | ----- | | | ----- |
| Income (loss) available to common stockholders | (500,881) | 14,687,000 | (\$0.03) | 105,754 |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== |
| Effect of dilutive securities: | | | | |
| Stock options and warrants | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Preferred stock | --- | --- | --- | 12,488 |
| | | | | ----- |
| Income (loss) available to common stockholders and assumed conversion | (\$500,881) | 14,687,000 | (\$ 0.03) | \$118,242 |
| | ===== | ===== | ===== | ===== |

Options and warrants totaling 10,812,000 and 10,938,000 were excluded from the calculation of their effect was anti-dilutive for the three months ended June 30, 2001 and 2000, respectively.