FITLIFE BRANDS, INC. Form 10-K March 22, 2019

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

[X] ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission File Number: 000-52369

FITLIFE BRANDS, INC. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Nevada20-3464383(State of Incorporation)(IRS Employer Identification No.)

5214 S. 136th Street, Omaha, NE 68137 (Address of principal executive offices)

(402) 991-5618 (Registrant's telephone number)

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: None

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act: Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share

(Title of Class) Common Stock, \$0.01 Par Value

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes [] No [X]

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes [] No [X]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such a shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes [X] No []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. []

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company or emerging growth company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.:

Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer
Non-Accelerated filer	Small reporting company
	Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

State the aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates computed by reference to the price at which the common equity was last sold, or the average bid and asked price of such common equity, as of the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter: \$2,999,790.

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: As of March 21, 2019, there were 11,119,430 shares of common stock, \$0.01 par value per share, issued and outstanding.

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CERTIFICATIONS

Exhibit 31 – Certification pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a)

Exhibit 32 – Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

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Forward Looking Statements — Cautionary Language

This Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Annual Report") contains various "forward looking statements" within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, regarding future events or the future financial performance of the Company that involve risks and uncertainties. Certain statements included herein, including, without limitation, statements related to anticipated cash flow sources and uses, and words including but not limited to "anticipates," "believes," "plans," "expects," "future" and similar statements or expressions, identify forward looking statements. Any forward-looking statements herein are subject to certain risks and uncertainties in the Company's business, including but not limited to, reliance on key customers and competition in its markets, market demand, product performance, technological developments, maintenance of relationships with key suppliers, difficulties of hiring or retaining key personnel and any changes in current accounting rules, all of which may be beyond the control of the Company. The Company adopted, at management's discretion, the most conservative recognition of revenue based on the most astringent guidelines of the SEC. Management will elect additional changes to revenue recognition to comply with the most conservative SEC recognition on a forward going accrual basis as the model is replicated with other similar markets. The Company's actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including those set forth herein.

This Annual Report, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and other documents filed with the SEC include additional factors, which could impact FitLife Brands, Inc.'s business and financial performance. Moreover, FitLife Brands, Inc. operates in a rapidly changing and competitive environment. New risks emerge from time to time and it is not possible for management to predict all such risks. Further, it is not possible to assess the impact of all risks on FitLife Brands, Inc.'s business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements. Given these risks and uncertainties, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. In addition, FitLife Brands, Inc. disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur after the date of the report.

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PART I

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

As used in this Annual Report, "we," "us," "our," "FitLife," "FitLife Brands" "Company" or "our company" refers to FitLife E Inc. and all of its subsidiaries.

Overview

FitLife Brands, Inc. is a national provider of innovative and proprietary nutritional supplements for health-conscious consumers marketed under the brand names NDS Nutrition ProductsTM (www.ndsnutrition.com), PMDTM (www.pmdsports.com), SirenLabsTM (www.sirenlabs.com), CoreActiveTM (www.coreactivenutrition.com), and Metis NutritionTM (www.metisnutrition.com) (together, "NDS Products"). With the consummation of the merger with iSatori, Inc. ("iSatori") on September 30, 2015, which became effective on October 1, 2015, described below (the "Merger"), the Company added three brands to its product portfolio, including iSatori (www.isatori.com), BioGenetic Laboratories, and Energize (together, "iSatori Products"). The NDS Products are distributed principally through franchised General Nutrition Centers, Inc. ("GNC") stores located both domestically and internationally, and, with the launch of Metis Nutrition, through corporate GNC stores in the United States. The iSatori Products are sold through more than 25,000 retail locations, which include specialty, mass, and online.

The Company was incorporated in the State of Nevada on July 26, 2005. In October 2008, the Company acquired the assets of NDS Nutritional Products, Inc., a Nebraska corporation, and moved those assets into its wholly owned subsidiary NDS Nutrition Products, Inc., a Florida corporation ("NDS"). The Company's NDS Products are sold through NDS and the iSatori Products are sold through iSatori, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

On September 30, 2015, the Company consummated the Merger contemplated by the Agreement and Plan of Merger, dated May 18, 2015 (the "Merger Agreement"), among the Company, ISFL Merger Sub, Inc., a Delaware corporation and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company ("Merger Sub"), and iSatori, pursuant to which iSatori merged with and into Merger Sub, with iSatori surviving as a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Merger was approved by iSatori shareholders at a special meeting held on September 29, 2015 and became effective on October 1, 2015.

FitLife Brands is headquartered in Omaha, Nebraska. For more information on the Company, please go to http://www.fitlifebrands.com. The Company's common stock currently trades under the symbol "FTLF" on the OTC:PINK market.

Recent Developments

Withdrawal of Former Series A Preferred, Series B Preferred and Series C Preferred

On November 13, 2018, the Company filed Certificates of Withdrawal with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada for its (i) Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, (ii) 10% Cumulative Perpetual Series B Preferred Stock, and (iii) Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, none of which were issued and outstanding, thereby withdrawing each of the series of preferred stock and returning all previously designated shares to their status as authorized preferred stock available for issuance.

Creation of a New Series A Convertible Preferred Stock

On November 13, 2018, the Company filed a new Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (the "Certificate of Designations") with the Secretary of State of the State of Nevada, designating 1,000 shares of the Company's authorized preferred stock as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, \$0.01 par value (the "Series A Preferred"). Shares of the Series A Preferred have a stated value of \$1,000 per share ("Stated Value"), subject to certain adjustments, and accrue dividends annually at a rate of 12%, which dividends compound monthly and shall be paid quarterly, at the Company's election, in either cash or shall accrue and increase the Stated Value of the Series A Preferred. Shares of the Series A Preferred rank senior to the Company's common stock.

Each share of the Series A Preferred has a liquidation preference equal to the Stated Value plus all accrued and unpaid dividends (the "Liquidation Preference"), and is convertible into that number of shares of the Company's common stock equal to the Liquidation Preference divided by \$0.46 (the "Conversion Shares"). Holders of Series A Preferred may elect to convert shares of Series A Preferred into Conversion Shares at any time. The Company, at its sole option, may choose to redeem all or a portion of Series A Preferred at any time for 115% of the Liquidation Preference per share (the "Redemption Price"); provided, however, in the event of a Change of Control (as such term is defined in the Certificate of Designations), the Company shall be required to redeem all issued and outstanding shares of Series A Preferred for the Redemption Price.

Holders of Series A Preferred have the right to vote, on an as-converted basis, with the holders of the Company's common stock on any matter presented to the Company's stockholders for their action or consideration. So long as any shares of Series A Preferred remain outstanding, holders of the Series A Preferred have the right to elect one director to the Company's Board of Directors ("Board") (the "Series A Director"); provided, however, so long as Dayton Judd remains on the Company's Board, he shall be deemed to be the Series A Director. Furthermore, so long as any shares of Series A Preferred remain outstanding, the Company may not, without the affirmative vote or consent of at least 50% of the shares of issued and outstanding Series A Preferred on such date, voting as a separate class, (i) authorize, create, issue or alter any class of debt or equity securities ranking pari passu or senior to the Series A Preferred; (ii) amend provisions of the Series A Preferred; (iii) repurchase, redeem or pay dividends on any class of junior securities, subject to certain exceptions; (iv) amend the Company's Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws in any way that will have a material adverse effect on the rights of the Series A Preferred; (v) after February 16, 2019, increase the size of the Board to more than five members; (vi) take any action that would constitute a Fundamental Transaction (as such term is defined in the Certificate of Designations); or (vii) incur any additional indebtedness other than through the Company's Merchant Agreement, any other line of credit with Compass or under any similar replacement facility.

In addition, holders of the Series A Preferred shall have certain piggyback registration rights for the first two years following November 13, 2018, and certain demand registration rights thereafter, as more specifically set forth in the Certificate of Designations.

Series A Preferred Financing

On November 13, 2018, the Company entered into subscription agreements (the "Subscription Agreements") with certain accredited investors (each, a "Purchaser" and together, the "Purchasers"), pursuant to which the Company offered and sold to the Purchasers an aggregate of 600 units ("Units") for \$1,000 per Unit, with each Unit consisting of one share of Series A Preferred and a warrant to purchase that number of shares of Company common stock equal to 30% of the shares of Company common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred purchased by the Purchaser ("Warrant") (the "Offering"). The Warrants shall expire five years from the date of issuance, and are exercisable at a price of \$0.46 per share. Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 391,304 shares of Company common stock were issued in the Offering.

The Offering resulted in gross proceeds to the Company of \$600,000. Purchasers in the Offering included Dayton Judd, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and Grant Dawson, a director. A portion of the Offering was also sold to an unaffiliated third party.

Termination of Merchant Agreement

In December 2017, the Company, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, NDS and iSatori (together, the "Subsidiaries"), entered into a Merchant Agreement (the "Merchant Agreement") with Compass Bank, d/b/a Commercial Billing Service ("Compass"). Under the terms of the Merchant Agreement, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions to funding,

the Subsidiaries agreed to sell to Compass, and Compass agreed to purchase from the Subsidiaries, certain accounts owing from customers of such Subsidiaries, including GNC.

On December 4, 2018, the Company received a notice of termination (the "Termination Notice") of the Merchant Agreement. Pursuant to the Termination Notice, Compass indicated it would discontinue purchasing accounts from the Subsidiaries as of February 26, 2019. Under the terms of the Termination Notice, the Merchant Agreement would remain in full effect for all transactions occurring on or prior to February 26, 2019, and pursuant to terms in the Merchant Agreement, all security interests would continue until all obligations to Compass under the Merchant Agreement were paid in full.

Subsequent to the receipt of the notice of termination and as of December 31, 2018, the Company has settled all outstanding obligations to Compass. Furthermore, no additional transactions occurred with Compass under this agreement subsequent to December 31, 2018 and up to the termination of the agreement on February 26, 2019.

Entry into New Line of Credit

On December 26, 2018, the Company issued a line of credit promissory note to Sudbury Capital Fund, LP ("Sudbury") in the principal amount of \$600,000 (the "Sudbury Note"), with an initial advance to the Company in the amount of \$300,000. In addition, on December 26, 2018, the Company also issued a promissory note to Dayton Judd, in the principal amount of \$200,000 (the "Judd Note") (together with the Sudbury Note, the "Notes"). All amounts due and payable under the terms of the Notes are guaranteed by the Subsidiaries.

The Notes mature on the earlier to occur of a Change in Control of the Company, as defined in the Notes, or December 31, 2019, and require monthly principal and interest payments beginning April 1, 2019, with a final payment of unpaid principal and interest due December 31, 2019. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 9.0% per annum. Interest due under the terms of the Notes may be paid in cash or, up to and including March 31, 2019, can be accrued and added to the outstanding principal and accrued interest due and payable under the terms of the Notes.

Proceeds from the sale of the Notes, along with existing cash balances, were used to retire all outstanding indebtedness under the terms of the Merchant Agreement, totaling approximately \$590,000 at December 26, 2018.

Dayton Judd, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, is affiliated with Sudbury. The Notes were approved by the independent members of the Board of Directors.

Industry Overview

We compete principally in the nutrition industry. The Nutrition Business Journal categorizes the industry in the following segments:

Natural & Organic Foods (products such as cereals, milk, non-dairy beverages and frozen meals);

Functional Foods (products with added ingredients or fortification specifically for health or performance purposes);

Natural & Organic Personal Care and Household Products; and

Supplements (products focused on sports nutrition and weight management).

Management believes that the following factors drive growth in the nutrition industry:

The general public's awareness and understanding of the connection between diet and health;

The aging population in the Company's markets who tend to use more nutritional supplements as they age;

Increasing healthcare costs and the consequential trend toward preventative medicine and non-traditional medicines; and

Product introductions in response to new scientific studies.

Our Products

The Company currently focuses its sales and marketing efforts on its full line of sports, weight loss and general nutrition products that are currently marketed and sold both nationally and internationally. The Company currently markets approximately 67 different NDS Products to more than 1,000 GNC franchise locations located in the United States, as well as to over 1,000 additional franchise locations in more than 26 countries, both of which are distributed primarily through GNC's distribution system. In addition, as a result of the launch of Metis Nutrition, we distribute products through more than 3,000 corporate GNC stores in the United States, and with the completion of the Merger, we sell iSatori Products through more than 25,000 specialty, mass, and online retail locations. A complete product list is available on our websites at fitlifebrands.com, ndsnutrition.com, pmdsports.com, sirenlabs.com, coreactivenutrition.com, metisnutrition.com, and isatori.com.

NDS Products

The Company's NDS Products include:

NDS – Innovative weight loss, general health and sports nutrition supplements – examples include Censor, Cardio Cuts and LipoRUSH XT;

PMD – Precision sports nutrition formulations for professional muscular development – examples include Amplify XL, Pump Fuel and Flex Stack;

Siren Labs – Weight loss and sports nutrition performance enhancing supplements for fitness enthusiasts – examples include Isolate, Ultrakarbs and NeuroLean; and Vaso-Vol;

Metis Nutrition - Multifaceted men's health and weight loss formulations, including JXT5 and PyroStim.

NDS Products also include innovative diet, health and sports nutrition supplements and related products marketed through its Core Active Nutrition product line ("Core Active Nutrition Products"). Core Active Nutrition Products provide essential support for accelerated fitness and nutrition goals, and are sold directly to athletic facilities, gyms, and independent retailers nationwide.

iSatori Products

iSatori Products include scientifically engineered nutritional products that are sold online as well as through multiple retail partners. iSatori Products include:

Sports Nutritionals: Products including Bio-Active Peptides (Bio-GroTM), advanced creatine powder (Creatine A5X), and a natural testosterone booster (Isa-TestGFTM);

Energy & Sports Drink Products: iSatori's energy supplement, Energize, whose primary purpose is to safely "boost energy" through a combination of time-released caffeine, vitamins, and herbal formulations;

Meal Replacements: protein-based products related to health nutrition and performance, including iSatori's 100% Bio-Active Whey, a premium protein blend with Bio-Active Peptides; and

Weight Loss Products: iSatori's weight loss products are principally sold under the BioGenetic Laboratories brand, and include Forskohlin Lean & ToneTM and hCG Alternative, as well as iSatori's newest thermogenic, LIPO-DREXTM with C3G nutrient partitioning technology.

Manufacturing, Sources and Availability of Raw Materials

All of the Company's products are manufactured by FDA-regulated contract manufacturers within the United States and Canada. Each contract manufacturer is required by the Company to abide by current Good Manufacturing Practices ("cGMPs") to ensure quality and consistency, and to manufacture its products according to the Company's strict specifications, and nearly all our contract manufacturers are certified through a governing body such as the NPA ("Natural Products Association") or NSF International. In most cases, contract manufacturers purchase the raw materials based on the Company's specifications; however, from time to time, the Company will license particular raw material ingredients and supply its own source to the manufacturer. Once produced, in addition to in-house testing performed by the contract manufacturer, the Company may also perform independent analysis and testing. The contract manufacturer either ships the finished product to one of our fulfillment centers, or directly to our distributors. The Company has implemented vendor qualification programs for all of its suppliers and manufacturers, including analytical testing of purchased products. As part of the vendor program, the Company also periodically inspects vendors' facilities to monitor quality control and assurance procedures.

Product Reformulations and New Product Identification

From time to time we reformulate existing products to address market developments and trends, and to respond to customer requests. We also continually expand our product line through the development of new products. New product ideas are derived from a number of sources, including trade publications, scientific and health journals, consultants, distributors, and other third parties. Prior to reformulating existing products or introducing new products, we investigate product formulations as they relate to regulatory compliance and other issues. We introduced a total of 18 new products during the year ended December 31, 2018, which included 6 completely new products, and 12 product reformulations and flavor extensions. We anticipate launching a similar number of new and reformulated products during 2019 across all brands.

Management continually assesses and analyzes developing market trends to detect and proactively address what they believe are areas of unmet or growing demand that represent an opportunity for the Company and, where deemed appropriate, attempt to introduce new products and/or packaging solutions in direct response to meet that demand.

Sales, Marketing and Distribution

NDS Products

NDS Products are sold through more than 1,000 GNC franchise locations located throughout the United States. The Company also currently distributes NDS Products to over 1,000 GNC international franchise locations in more than 26 foreign countries. On May 1, 2014, the Company transitioned the majority of its distribution of NDS Products to GNC's centralized distribution platform for all NDS Products, excluding protein products, which transitioned in mid-September 2014. Prior to the change, the majority of the Company's revenue was realized upon direct shipment of NDS Products to individual franchise locations. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the vast majority of NDS Product sales were through GNC's centralized distribution platform.

Our sales and marketing efforts are designed to expand sales of NDS Products to additional GNC franchise locations both domestically and internationally. In addition, we are in the process of relaunching our Core Active brand as a new online-exclusive brand. The GNC domestic franchise market remains a strong business and the core of our operations. Management is committed to continue to work collaboratively with the franchisees to build on our established track records of growth and innovation.

iSatori Products

iSatori Products are distributed directly to consumers through its websites, as well as through wholesalers, specialty, online-only, grocery, convenience, drug and mass-market distribution channels. iSatori products are currently sold in over 25,000 retail locations.

In some cases, iSatori utilizes independent brokers, who work in conjunction with iSatori's experienced sales employees and management to oversee the grocery, drug and mass market channels. iSatori sells its products to mass-market merchandisers either directly or through distributors of nutritional supplement products. In addition to the Company's own online distribution direct to consumers, major iSatori customers include BodyBuilding.com, CVS, Europa Sports, GNC, Rite Aid, Vitamin Shoppe, Vitamin World, Walgreens and Wal-Mart.

iSatori's core strategy is to build and strengthen brands among consumers seeking nutritional supplement products with a reputation for quality and innovation. iSatori utilizes social media campaigns, coupons, radio, and online advertising, plus cooperative and other incentive programs, to build consumer awareness and generate trial and repeat

purchases to drive sales revenue. Our marketing team regularly reviews the media mix for its effectiveness in creating consumer demand and the highest return on investment dollars.

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Product Returns

We currently have a 30-day product return policy for NDS Products, which allows for a 100% sales price refund, less a 20% restocking fee, for the return of unopened and undamaged products purchased from us online through one of our websites. Product sold to GNC may be returned from store shelves or the distribution center in the event the product is damaged, short dated, expired or recalled. GNC maintains a customer satisfaction program that allows customers to return product to the store for credit or refund. Subject to certain terms and restrictions, GNC may require reimbursement from vendors for unsaleable returned product through either direct payment or credit against a future invoice. We also support a product return policy for iSatori Products, whereby customers can return product for credit or refund. Product returns can and do occur from time to time, and can be material.

Competition

The nutrition industry is highly competitive, and the Company has many competitors that sell products similar to the Company's products. Many of the Company's competitors have significantly greater financial and human resources than our own. The Company seeks to differentiate its products and marketing from its competitors based on product quality, benefits, and functional ingredients. Patent and trademark applications that cover new formulas and embody new technologies are, and will be, pursued whenever possible. While we cannot assure that such measures will block competitive products, we believe our continued emphasis on innovation and new product development targeted at the needs of the consumer will enable the Company to effectively compete in the marketplace.

Regulatory Matters

Our business is subject to varying degrees of regulation by a number of government authorities in the U.S., including the Federal Drug Administration ("FDA"), the Federal Trade Commission ("FTC"), the Consumer Product Safety Commission, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and the Environmental Protection Agency. Various agencies of the states and localities in which we operate and in which our products are sold also regulate our business, such as the California Department of Health Services, Food and Drug Branch. The areas of our business that these and other authorities regulate include, among others:

product claims and advertising;

product labels;

product ingredients; and

how we manufacture, package, distribute, import, export, sell, and store our products.

The FDA, in particular, regulates the formulation, manufacturing, packaging, storage, labeling, promotion, distribution and sale of vitamins and other nutritional supplements in the U.S., while the FTC regulates marketing and advertising claims. In August 2007, a new rule issued by the FDA went into effect requiring companies that manufacture, package, label, distribute or hold nutritional supplements to meet cGMPs to ensure such products are of the quality specified and are properly packaged and labeled. We are committed to meeting or exceeding the standards set by the FDA and believe we are currently operating within the FDA mandated cGMPs.

The FDA also regulates the labeling and marketing of dietary supplements and nutritional products, including the following:

the identification of dietary supplements or nutritional products and their nutrition and ingredient labeling;

requirements related to the wording used for claims about nutrients, health claims, and statements of nutritional support;

labeling requirements for dietary supplements or nutritional products for which "high potency" and "antioxidant" claims are made;

notification procedures for statements on dietary supplements or nutritional products; and

premarket notification procedures for new dietary ingredients in nutritional supplements.

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The Dietary Supplement Health and Education Act of 1994 ("DSHEA") revised the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act ("FDCA") concerning the composition and labeling of dietary supplements, and defined dietary supplements to include vitamins, minerals, herbs, amino acids and other dietary substances used to supplement diets. DSHEA generally provides a regulatory framework to help ensure safe, quality dietary supplements and the dissemination of accurate information about such products. The FDA is generally prohibited from regulating active ingredients in dietary supplements as drugs unless product claims, such as claims that a product may heal, mitigate, cure or prevent an illness, disease or malady, trigger drug status.

DSHEA also permits statements of nutritional support to be included in labeling for nutritional supplements without FDA premarket approval. These statements must be submitted to the FDA within 30 days of marketing and must bear a label disclosure that includes the following: "This statement has not been evaluated by the FDA. This product is not intended to diagnose, treat, cure, or prevent any disease." These statements may describe a benefit related to a nutrient deficiency disease, the role of a nutrient or nutritional ingredient intended to affect the structure or function in humans, the documented mechanism by which a nutrient or dietary ingredient acts to maintain such structure or function, or the general well-being from consumption of a nutrient or dietary ingredient, but may not expressly or implicitly represent that a nutritional supplement will diagnose, cure, mitigate, treat or prevent a disease. An entity that uses a statement of nutritional support in labeling must possess scientific evidence substantiating that the statement is truthful and not misleading. If the FDA determines that a particular statement of nutritional support is an unacceptable drug claim or an unauthorized version of a disease claim for a food product, or if the FDA determines that a particular claim is not adequately supported by existing scientific data or is false or misleading, we will be prevented from using the claim.

In addition, DSHEA provides that so-called "third-party literature," for example a reprint of a peer-reviewed scientific publication linking a particular nutritional ingredient with health benefits, may be used in connection with the sale of a nutritional supplement to consumers without the literature being subject to regulation as labeling. Such literature must not be false or misleading; the literature may not promote a particular manufacturer or brand of nutritional supplement; the literature must present a balanced view of the available scientific information on the nutritional supplement; if displayed in an establishment, the literature must be physically separate from the nutritional supplement; and the literature may not have appended to it any information by sticker or any other method. If the literature fails to satisfy each of these requirements, we may be prevented from disseminating it with our products, and any dissemination could subject our products to regulatory action as an illegal drug. Moreover, any written or verbal representation by us that would associate a nutrient in a product that we sell with an effect on a disease will be deemed evidence of intent to sell the product as an unapproved new drug, a violation of the FDCA.

In December 2006, the Dietary Supplement and Nonprescription Drug Consumer Protection Act ("DSNDCPA") was passed, which further revised the provisions of the FDCA. Under the act, manufacturers, packers or distributors whose name appears on the product label of a dietary supplement or nonprescription drug are required to include contact information on the product label for consumers to use in reporting adverse events associated with the product's use and are required to notify the FDA of any serious adverse event report within 15 business days of receiving such report. Events reported to the FDA would not be considered an admission from a company that its product caused or contributed to the reported event. We are committed to meeting or exceeding the requirements of the DSNDCPA.

We are also subject to a variety of other regulations in the U.S., including those relating to bioterrorism, taxes, labor and employment, import and export, the environment, and intellectual property. All of these regulations require significant financial and operational resources to ensure compliance, and we cannot assure that we will always be in compliance despite our best efforts to do so.

Our operations outside the U.S. are similarly regulated by various agencies and entities in the countries in which we operate and in which our products are sold. The regulations of these countries may conflict with those in the U.S. and may vary from country to country. The sale of our products in certain European countries is subject to the rules and regulations of the European Union, which may be interpreted differently among the countries within the European Union. In other markets outside the U.S., we may be required to obtain approvals, licenses or certifications from a country's ministry of health or comparable agency before we begin operations or the marketing of products in that country. Approvals or licenses may be conditioned on the reformulation of our products for a particular market or may be unavailable for certain products or product ingredients. These regulations may limit our ability to enter certain markets outside the U.S. Similar to the costs of regulatory compliance in the U.S., foreign regulations require significant financial and operational resources to ensure compliance, and we cannot assure that we will always be in compliance despite our best efforts to do so. Our failure to maintain regulatory compliance within and outside the U.S. could impact our ability to sell our products, and thus, materially impact our financial position and results of operations.

Patents, Trademarks and Proprietary Rights

The Company regards intellectual property, including its trademarks, service marks, website URLs (domains) and other proprietary rights, as valuable assets and part of its revered brand equity. The Company believes that protecting such intellectual property is crucial to its business strategy. The Company pursues registration of the registrable trademarks, service marks and patents, associated with its key products in the United States, Canada, Europe and other places it distributes its products.

The Company formulates its products using proprietary ingredient formulations, flavorings and delivery systems. To further protect its product formulations and flavors, the Company enters into agreements with manufacturers that provide exclusivity to certain products formulations and delivery technologies. When appropriate, the Company will seek to protect its research and development efforts by filing patent applications for proprietary product technologies or ingredient combinations. We have abandoned or not pursued efforts to register certain other patents and marks identifying other items in our product line for various reasons, including the inability of some names to qualify for registration or patent applications to qualify for patent protection, and due to our abandonment of certain of such products. All trademark registrations are protected for a period of ten years and then are renewable thereafter if still in use.

Employees

We had 26 full-time employees as of December 31, 2018. In addition, the Company retains consultants for certain services on an as needed basis. We consider our employee relations to be good.

Environmental Regulation

Our business does not require us to comply with any particular environmental regulations.

Available Information

As a public company, we are required to file our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements on Schedule 14A and other information (including any amendments) with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). The SEC maintains an Internet site that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC. You can find our SEC filings at the SEC's website at http://www.sec.gov.

Our Internet address is http://www.fitlifebrands.com. Information contained on our website is not part of this Annual Report. Our SEC filings (including any amendments) will be made available free of charge on http://www.fitlifebrands.com, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC.

ITEM 1A - Risk Factors

An investment in our securities involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the following information about these risks, together with the other information contained in this Annual Report, before investing in our securities. If any of the events anticipated by the risks described below occur, our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected, which could result in a decline in the market price of our securities, causing you to lose all or part of your investment.

The Company was profitable during the year ended December 31, 2018. However, we may not be able to achieve sustained profitability. Our failure to sustain profitability or effectively manage growth could result in continued net losses, and therefore negatively affect our financial condition.

To achieve continual and consistent profitable operations, we must maintain growth in revenue from our products. In the event of any decrease in sales, if we are not able to maintain growth, or if we are unable to effectively manage our growth, we may not be able to sustain profitability, and may incur net losses in the future, and those net losses could be material. In the event we achieves net losses, our financial condition could be negatively affected, and such affect could be material.

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We are currently dependent on sales to GNC for a substantial portion of our total sales.

Sales to GNC's centralized distribution platform, including indirect distribution of product to domestic and international franchisees, accounted for approximately 77% of our total sales for the year ended December 31, 2018. GNC's franchisees are not required to purchase product from us. In the event GNC ceases purchasing products from us, or otherwise reduces their purchases, our total revenue will be negatively impacted, and such impact will be material. Moreover, the transition to GNC's centralized distribution system has had the effect of concentrating the majority of our accounts receivable with a single payor. Prior to the transition, we collected receivables directly from over 300 franchisees on an annual basis representing more than 1,000 store locations. Although the acquisition of iSatori has reduced the percentage of total accounts receivable for the foreseeable future. In the event that GNC stops paying or there are other issues affecting our relationship with GNC, our inability to collect on our outstanding accounts receivable or generate adequate revenue would have a material adverse impact on our financial position and ability to support continued operations.

Our ability to materially increase sales is largely dependent on the ability to increase sales of product to GNC, as well as to increase sales of our iSatori Products. We may invest significant amounts in these expansions with little success.

We currently are focusing our marketing efforts on increasing the sale of products to GNC, both domestically and internationally, as well as increasing the number of retailers selling iSatori Products. We may not be able to successfully increase sales to GNC or to contract with additional distributors or retailers to market and sell iSatori Products. In addition, although we continued efforts to expand international distribution for our products in the year ended December 31, 2018, we cannot assure that any further efforts to sell our products outside the United States will result in material increased revenue. We may need to overcome significant regulatory and legal barriers in order to continue to sell our products internationally, and we cannot give assurances as to whether we will be able to comply with such regulatory or legal requirements.

We are affected by extensive laws, governmental regulations, administrative determinations, court decisions and similar constraints, which can make compliance costly and subject us to enforcement actions by governmental agencies.

The formulation, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, holding, storage, distribution, advertising and sale of our products are affected by extensive laws, governmental regulations and policies, administrative determinations, court decisions and similar constraints at the federal, state and local levels, both within the United States and in any country where we conduct business. There can be no assurance that we or our independent distributors will be in compliance with all of these regulations. A failure by us or our distributors to comply with these laws and regulations could lead to governmental investigations, civil and criminal prosecutions, administrative hearings and court proceedings, civil and criminal penalties, injunctions against product sales or advertising, civil and criminal liability for the Company and/or its principals, bad publicity, and tort claims arising out of governmental or judicial findings of fact or conclusions of law adverse to the Company or its principals. In addition, the adoption of new regulations and policies or changes in the interpretations of existing regulations and policies may result in significant new compliance costs or discontinuation of product sales, and may adversely affect the marketing of our products, resulting in decreases in revenue.

We are currently dependent on a limited number of independent suppliers and manufacturers of our products, which may affect our ability to deliver our products in a timely manner. If we are not able to ensure timely product deliveries, potential distributors and customers may not order our products, and our revenue may decrease.

We rely on a limited number of third parties to supply and manufacture our products. Our products are manufactured on a purchase order basis only, and manufacturers can terminate their relationships with us at will. These third-party manufacturers may be unable to satisfy our supply requirements, manufacture our products on a timely basis, fill and ship our orders promptly, provide services at competitive costs, or offer reliable products and services. The failure to meet any of these critical needs would delay or reduce product shipment and adversely affect our revenue, as well as jeopardize our relationships with our distributors and customers. In the event any of our third-party manufacturers were to become unable or unwilling to continue to provide us with products in required volumes and at suitable quality levels, we would be required to identify and obtain acceptable replacement manufacturing sources. There is no assurance that we would be able to obtain alternative manufacturing sources on a timely basis. Additionally, our third-party manufacturers source the majority of the raw materials for our products, and if we were to use alternative manufacturers we may not be able to duplicate the exact taste and consistency profile of the product from the original manufacturer. An extended interruption in the supply of our products would likely result in decreased product sales and our revenue would likely decline. We believe that we can meet our current supply and manufacturing requirements with our current suppliers and manufacturers or with available substitute suppliers and manufacturers. Historically, we have not experienced any material delays or disruptions to our business caused by difficulties in obtaining our products from manufacturers.

We are dependent on our third-party manufacturers to supply our products in the compositions we require, and we do not independently analyze our products. Any errors in our product manufacturing could result in product recalls, significant legal exposure, and reduced revenue and the loss of distributors.

Although we require that our manufacturers verify the accuracy of the contents of our products, we do not have the expertise or personnel to monitor the production of products by these third parties. We rely exclusively, without independent verification, on certificates of analysis regarding product content provided by our third-party suppliers and limited safety testing by them. We cannot be assured that these outside manufacturers will continue to reliably supply products to us in the compositions we require. Errors in the manufacture of our products could result in product recalls, significant legal exposure, adverse publicity, decreased revenue, and loss of distributors and endorsers.

We face significant competition from existing suppliers of products similar to ours. If we are not able to compete with these companies effectively, we may not be able to maintain profitability.

We face intense competition from numerous resellers, manufacturers and wholesalers of protein shakes and nutritional supplements similar to ours, including retail, online and mail-order providers. Many of our competitors have longer operating histories, more-established brands in the marketplace, revenue significantly greater than ours and better access to capital than we have. We expect that these competitors may use their resources to engage in various business activities that could result in reduced sales of our products. Companies with greater capital and research capabilities could re-formulate existing products or formulate new products that could gain wide marketplace acceptance, which could have a negative effect on our future sales. In addition, aggressive advertising and promotion by our competitors may require us to compete by lowering prices because we do not have the resources to engage in marketing campaigns against these competitors, and the economic viability of our operations likely would be diminished.

Adverse publicity associated with our products, ingredients, or those of similar companies, could adversely affect our sales and revenue.

Our customers' perception of the safety and quality of our products or even similar products distributed by others can be significantly influenced by national media attention, publicized scientific research or findings, product liability claims, and other publicity concerning our products or similar products distributed by others. Adverse publicity, whether or not accurate, that associates consumption of our products or any similar products with illness or other adverse effects, will likely diminish the public's perception of our products. Claims that any products are ineffective, inappropriately labeled or have inaccurate instructions as to their use, could have a material adverse effect on the market demand for our products, including reducing our sales and revenue.

The efficiency of nutritional supplement products is supported by limited conclusive clinical studies, which could result in less market acceptance of these products and lower revenue or lower growth rates in revenue.

Our nutritional supplement products are made from various ingredients, including vitamins, minerals, amino acids, herbs, botanicals, fruits, berries, and other substances for which there is a long history of human consumption. However, there is little long-term experience with human consumption of certain product ingredients or combinations of ingredients in concentrated form. Although we believe all of our products fall within the generally known safe limits for daily doses of each ingredient contained within them, nutrition science is imperfect. Moreover, some people have peculiar sensitivities or reactions to nutrients commonly found in certain foods, and may have similar sensitivities or reactions to nutrients contained in our products. Furthermore, nutrition science is subject to change based on new research. New scientific evidence may disprove the efficacy of our products or prove our products to have effects not previously known. We could be adversely affected by studies that may assert that our products are ineffective or harmful to consumers, or if adverse effects are associated with a competitor's similar products.

Our products may not meet health and safety standards or could become contaminated.

We do not have control over all of the third parties involved in the manufacturing of our products and their compliance with government health and safety standards. Even if our products meet these standards, they could otherwise become contaminated. A failure to meet these standards or contamination could occur in our operations or those of our distributors or suppliers. This could result in expensive production interruptions, recalls and liability claims. Moreover, negative publicity could be generated from false, unfounded or nominal liability claims or limited recalls. Any of these failures or occurrences could negatively affect our business and financial performance.

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The sale of our products involves product liability and related risks that could expose us to significant insurance and loss expense.

We face an inherent risk of exposure to product liability claims if the use of our products results in, or is believed to have resulted in, illness or injury. Most of our products contain combinations of ingredients, and there is little long-term experience with the effect of these combinations. In addition, interactions of these products with other products, prescription medicines and over-the-counter drugs have not been fully explored or understood and may have unintended consequences. Although our third-party manufacturers perform tests in connection with the formulations of our products, these tests are not designed to evaluate the inherent safety of our products.

Although we maintain product liability insurance, it may not be sufficient to cover all product liability claims, and such claims that may arise could have a material adverse effect on our business. The successful assertion or settlement of an uninsured claim, a significant number of insured claims or a claim exceeding the limits of our insurance coverage would harm us by adding further costs to our business and by diverting the attention of our senior management from the operation of our business. Even if we successfully defend a liability claim, the uninsured litigation costs and adverse publicity may be harmful to our business.

Any product liability claim may increase our costs and adversely affect our revenue and operating income. Moreover, liability claims arising from a serious adverse event may increase our costs through higher insurance premiums and deductibles, and may make it more difficult to secure adequate insurance coverage in the future. In addition, our product liability insurance may fail to cover future product liability claims, which, if adversely determined, could subject us to substantial monetary damages.

If the products we sell do not have the healthful effects intended, our business may suffer.

In general, our products sold consist of nutritional supplements that are classified in the United States as "dietary supplements," which do not currently require approval from the FDA or other regulatory agencies prior to sale. Although many of the ingredients in such products are vitamins, minerals, herbs and other substances for which there is a long history of human consumption, they contain innovative ingredients or combinations of ingredients. Although we believe all of such products and the combinations of ingredients in them are safe when taken as directed by us, there is little long-term experience with human or other animal consumption of certain of these ingredients or combinations thereof in concentrated form. The products could have certain side effects if not taken as directed or if taken by a consumer that has certain medical conditions. Furthermore, there can be no assurance that any of the products, even when used as directed, will have the effects intended or will not have harmful side effects.

A slower growth rate in the nutritional supplement industry could lessen our sales and make it more difficult for us to sustain consistent growth.

The nutritional supplement industry has been growing at a strong pace over the past ten years, despite continued negative impacts of popular supplements like Echinacea and ephedra on the supplement market. However, any reported medical concerns with respect to ingredients commonly used in nutritional supplements could negatively impact the demand for our products. Additionally, low-carb products, affected liquid meal replacements and similar competing products addressing changing consumer tastes and preferences could affect the market for certain categories of supplements. All these factors could have a negative impact on our sales growth.

Compliance with changing corporate governance regulations and public disclosures may result in additional risks and exposures.

Changing laws, regulations and standards relating to corporate governance and public disclosure, including the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and new regulations from the SEC, have created uncertainty for public companies such as ours. These laws, regulations, and standards are subject to varying interpretations in many cases and as a result, their application in practice may evolve over time as new guidance is provided by regulatory and governing bodies. This could result in continuing uncertainty regarding compliance matters and higher costs necessitated by ongoing revisions to disclosure and governance practices. As a result, our efforts to comply with evolving laws, regulations, and standards have resulted in, and are likely to continue to result in, increased expense and significant management time and attention.

Loss of key personnel could impair our ability to operate.

Our success depends on hiring, retaining and integrating senior management and skilled employees. We are currently dependent on certain current key employees, who are vital to our ability to grow our business and maintain profitability. As with all personal service providers, our officers can terminate their relationship with us at will. Our inability to retain these individuals may result in our reduced ability to operate our business.

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A limited trading market currently exists for our securities, and we cannot assure you that an active market will ever develop, or if developed, will be sustained.

There is currently a limited trading market for our securities on the OTC:PINK marketplace. An active trading market for our common stock may not develop. Consequently, we cannot assure you when and if an active-trading market in our common stock will be established, or whether any such market will be sustained or sufficiently liquid to enable holders of shares of our common stock to liquidate their investment in our company. If an active public market should develop in the future, the sale of unregistered and restricted securities by current shareholders may have a substantial impact on any such market.

The price of our securities could be subject to wide fluctuations and your investment could decline in value.

The market price of the securities of a company such as ours with little name recognition in the financial community and without significant revenue can be subject to wide price swings. For example, the adjusted closing price of our common stock has ranged from a high of \$0.55 to a low of \$0.23 during the period commencing January 1, 2018 and ending December 31, 2018. The market price of our securities may be subject to wide changes in response to quarterly variations in operating results, announcements of new products by us or our competitors, reports by securities analysts, volume trading, or other events or factors. In addition, the financial markets have experienced significant price and volume fluctuations for a number of reasons, including the failure of certain companies to meet market expectations. These broad market price swings, or any industry-specific market fluctuations, may adversely affect the market price of our securities.

Companies that have experienced volatility in the market price of their stock have been the subject of securities class action litigation. If we were to become the subject of securities class action litigation, it could result in substantial costs and a significant diversion of our management's attention and resources.

Because our common stock may be classified as a "penny stock," trading may be limited, and the share price could decline because broker-dealers would be required to provide their customers with disclosure documents prior to allowing them to participate in transactions involving the common stock. These disclosure requirements are burdensome to broker-dealers and may discourage them from allowing their customers to participate in transactions involving our common stock.

We may issue preferred stock with rights senior to the common stock.

Our Articles of Incorporation authorize the issuance of up to 10.0 million shares of preferred stock in the aggregate. Currently, 1,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock, par value \$0.01 per share, are authorized (the "Series A Preferred") and, therefore, could be issued without shareholder approval. Currently, there are 600 shares of Series A Preferred issued and outstanding. We have no existing plans to designate or issue any shares of preferred stock, although no assurances can be given. However, the rights and preferences of any class or series of preferred stock, were we to designate or issue additional shares of preferred stock, would be established by our Board of Directors in its sole discretion and may have dividend, voting, liquidation and other rights and preferences that are senior to the rights of the common stock.

You should not rely on an investment in our common stock for the payment of cash dividends.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying any cash dividends in the foreseeable future. You should not make an investment in our common stock if you require dividend income. Any return on investment in our common stock would only come from an increase in the market price of our stock, which

is uncertain and unpredictable.

SHOULD ONE OR MORE OF THE FOREGOING RISKS OR UNCERTAINTIES MATERIALIZE, OR SHOULD THE UNDERLYING ASSUMPTIONS PROVE INCORRECT, ACTUAL RESULTS MAY DIFFER SIGNIFICANTLY FROM THOSE ANTICIPATED, BELIEVED, ESTIMATED, EXPECTED, INTENDED OR PLANNED.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

The Company is headquartered in Omaha, Nebraska and maintains a lease at a cost of approximately \$8,000 per month, which lease is currently set to expire in May 2024. The Omaha facility is a total of 11,088 square feet inclusive of approximately 6,179 square feet of on-site warehouse space. iSatori currently leases 4,732 square feet of space at 15000 W. 6th Avenue, Suite 400, Golden, Colorado 80401, at a cost of \$6,000 per month. The Company subleased its Golden property as of February 1, 2018 and it expires January 31, 2020.

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ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On December 31, 2014, various plaintiffs, individually and on behalf of a purported nationwide and sub-class of purchasers, filed a lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the Northern District of California, captioned Ryan et al. v. Gencor Nutrients, Inc. et al., Case No.: 4:14-CV-05682. The lawsuit includes claims made against the manufacturer and various producers and sellers of products containing a nutritional supplement known as Testofen, which is manufactured and sold by Gencor Nutrients, Inc. ("Gencor"). Specifically, the Ryan plaintiffs allege that various defendants have manufactured, marketed and/or sold Testofen, or nutritional supplements containing Testofen, and in doing so represented to the public that Testofen had been clinically proven to increase free testosterone levels. According to the plaintiffs, those claims are false and/or not statistically proven. Plaintiffs seek relief under violations of the Racketeering Influenced Corrupt Organizations Act, breach of express and implied warranties, and violations of unfair trade practices in violation of California, Pennsylvania, and Arizona law. NDS utilizes Testofen in a limited number of nutritional supplements it manufactures and sells pursuant to a license agreement with Gencor.

On February 19, 2015 this matter was transferred to the Central District of California to the Honorable Manuel Real. Judge Real had previously issued an order dismissing a similar lawsuit that had been filed by the same lawyer who represents the plaintiffs in the Ryan matter. The United States Court of Appeals reversed part of the dismissal issued by Judge Real and remanded the case back down to the district court for further proceedings. As a result, the parties in the Ryan matter issued a joint status report and that matter is again active.

We are currently not involved in any litigation except noted above that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. Other than described above, there is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting the Company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of the Company's or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

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PART II

ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON STOCK, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUERS PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded in the over-the-counter market, and quoted on the OTC:PINK market under the symbol FTLF.

At December 31, 2018, there were 11,119,430 shares of common stock outstanding and there were approximately 226 shareholders of record of the Company's common stock in addition to an undetermined number of holders whose shares are held in "street name."

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated the high and low closing prices for our common stock. These quotations represent inter-dealer quotations, without adjustment for retail markup, markdown or commission and may not necessarily represent actual transactions.

High Low

Fiscal Year 2018

First Quarter (January - March 2018)	\$0.38	0.23
Second Quarter (April - June 2018)	\$0.39	0.25
Third Quarter (July - September 2018)	\$0.44	0.27
Fourth Quarter (October - December 2018)	\$0.55	0.27
Fiscal Year 2017		
First Quarter (January - March 2017)	\$0.90	0.59
Second Quarter (April - June 2017)	\$0.70	0.46
Third Quarter (July - September 2017)	\$0.51	0.30
Fourth Quarter (October - December 2017)	\$0.44	0.21

On March 21, 2019, the closing price of our common stock was \$0.55 per share.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

No unregistered securities were issued during the fiscal year that were not previously reported in a Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q or Current Report on Form 8-K.

Transfer Agent

Our transfer agent and registrar for the common stock is Colonial Stock & Transfer located in Salt Lake City, Utah.

Securities Authorized for Issuance under Equity Compensation Plans

For a discussion of our equity compensation plans, please see Item 12 of this Annual Report.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Not a required disclosure for Smaller Reporting Companies.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OR PLAN OF OPERATION

The following is management's discussion and analysis of certain significant factors that have affected our financial position and operating results during the periods included in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, as well as information relating to the plans of our current management. This report includes forward-looking statements. Generally, the words "believes," "anticipates," "may," "will," "should," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "continue," and similar expressions or the negative thereof or comparable terminology are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, including the matters set forth in this Annual Report or other reports or documents we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission from time to time, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those projected. Undue reliance should not be placed on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements.

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto and other financial information contained elsewhere in this Annual Report.

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Critical Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect (i) the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, (ii) the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities known to exist as of the date the financial statements are published, and (iii) the reported amount of net sales and expense recognized during the periods presented.

Those estimates and assumptions include estimates for reserves of uncollectible accounts receivable, allowance for inventory obsolescence, depreciable lives of property and equipment, analysis of impairment of goodwill, realization of deferred tax assets, accruals for potential liabilities and assumptions made in valuing stock instruments issued for services. Management evaluates these estimates and assumptions on a regular basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The Company's accounts receivable balance is related to trade receivables and are recorded at the invoiced amount and do not bear interest. The allowance for doubtful accounts is the Company's best estimate of the amount of probable credit losses in its existing accounts receivable. The Company will maintain allowances for doubtful accounts, estimating losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments for products. Accounts with known financial issues are first reviewed and specific estimates are recorded. The remaining accounts receivable balances are then grouped in categories by the amount of days the balance is past due, and the estimated loss is calculated as a percentage of the total category based upon past history. Account balances are charged off against the allowance when it is probable the receivable will not be recovered.

The determination of collectability of the Company's accounts receivable requires management to make frequent judgments and estimates in order to determine the appropriate amount of allowance needed for doubtful accounts. The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts is estimated to cover the risk of loss related to accounts receivable. This allowance is maintained at a level we consider appropriate based on historical and other factors that affect collectability. These factors include historical trends of write-offs, recoveries and credit losses, the careful monitoring of customer credit quality, and projected economic and market conditions. Different assumptions or changes in economic circumstances could result in changes to the allowance.

Total allowance for doubtful accounts as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$10,000 and \$112,000, respectively.

Allowance for Product Returns, Sales Returns and Incentive Programs

We currently have a 30-day product return policy for NDS Products, which allows for a 100% sales price refund, less a 20% restocking fee, for the return of unopened and undamaged products purchased from us online through one of our websites. Product sold to GNC may be returned from store shelves or the distribution center in the event product is damaged, short dated, expired or recalled.

GNC maintains a customer satisfaction program which allows customers to return product to the store for credit or refund. Subject to certain terms and restrictions, GNC may require reimbursement from vendors for unsaleable returned product through either direct payment or credit against a future invoice. We also support a product return

policy for iSatori Products, whereby customers can return product for credit or refund. Historically, with a few noted exceptions, product returns have been immaterial. Product returns can and do occur from time to time and can be material.

Information for product returns is received on regular basis and adjusted for accordingly. Adjustments for returns are based on factual information and historical trends for both NDS products and iSatori products and are special to each distribution channel. We monitor, among other things, remaining shelf life and sell through data on a weekly basis. If we determine there are any risks or issues with any specific products, we accrue sales return allowances based on management's assessment of the overall risk and likelihood of returns in light of all information available.

Regarding incentives, the Company accrues an estimate of 8% for promotional expense it calls "vendor funded discounts" at the time of sale. The expense is recorded as a contra-revenue account, and the expected incentive costs are never included in accounts receivable. As such, an allowance account for incentives is not required or necessary. Actual incentive costs are reconciled to the estimate on a regular basis.

Total allowance for product returns, sales returns and incentive programs as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$446,000 and \$1,152,000, respectively.

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Inventory

The Company's inventory is carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value using the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") method. The Company evaluates the need to record adjustments for inventory on a regular basis. Company policy is to evaluate all inventories including components and finished goods for all of its product offerings across all of the Company's operating subsidiaries.

Total allowance for expiring, excess and slow-moving inventory items as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$107,000 and \$49,000, respectively.

Goodwill

The Company adopted FASB ASC Topic 350 Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets. In accordance with ASC Topic 350, goodwill, which represents the excess of the purchase price and related costs over the value assigned to net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of businesses acquired and accounted for under the purchase method, acquired in business combinations is assigned to reporting units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination as of the acquisition date. Under this standard, goodwill and intangibles with indefinite useful lives are no longer amortized. The Company assesses goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment annually during the fourth quarter, or more frequently if events and circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred in accordance with ASC Topic 350. If the carrying value of a reporting unit's goodwill exceeds its implied fair value, the Company records an impairment loss equal to the difference. ASC Topic 350 also requires that the fair value of indefinite-lived purchased intangible assets be estimated and compared to the carrying value. The Company records an impairment loss when the estimated fair value of the indefinite-lived purchased intangible assets is less than the carrying value.

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$5,929,000 related to the recorded goodwill and intangible assets of iSatori. There were no impairment charges incurred during the year ended December 31, 2018.

Revenue Recognition

The Company's revenue is comprised of sales of nutritional supplements, primarily to GNC.

Through December 31, 2017, the Company recognized revenue when risk of loss transferred to our customers and collection of the receivable was reasonably assured, which generally occurs when the product is shipped. A product is not shipped without an order from the customer and credit acceptance procedures performed.

On January 1, 2018, the Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Update No. 2014-09 (ASU No. 2014-09) regarding revenue recognition. The new standard provides authoritative guidance clarifying the principles for recognizing revenue and developing a common revenue standard for U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in the exchange for those goods.

Due to the nature of the products sold by the Company, the adoption of the new standard has had no quantitative effect on the financial statements. However, the guidance requires additional disclosures to help users of financial statements better understand the nature, amount, timing, and uncertainty of revenue that is recognized.

Under the new guidance, revenue is recognized when control of promised goods is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods. The Company reviews its sales transactions to identify contractual rights, performance obligations, and transaction prices, including the allocation of prices to separate performance obligations, if applicable. Revenue and costs of sales are recognized once products are delivered to the customer's control and performance obligations are satisfied.

All products sold by the Company are distinct individual products and consist of nutritional supplements and related supplies. The products are offered for sale solely as finished goods, and there are no performance obligations required post-shipment for customers to derive the expected value from them. Other than promotional activities, which can vary from time to time but nevertheless are entirely within the Company's control, contracts with customers contain no incentives or discounts that could cause revenue to be allocated or adjusted over time.

Control of products we sell transfers to customers upon shipment from our facilities, and the Company's performance obligations are satisfied at that time. Shipping and handling activities are performed before the customer obtains control of the goods and therefore represent a fulfillment activity rather than promised goods to the customer. Payment for sales are generally made by check, credit card, or wire transfer. Historically the Company has not experienced any significant payment delays from customers.

The Company allows for returns within 30 days of purchase from end-users. Our customers, such as GNC, may return purchased products to the Company under certain circumstances, which include expired or soon to be expired products located in GNC corporate stores or at any of its distribution centers, and products that are subject to a recall or that contain an ingredient or ingredients that are subject to a recall by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

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A right of return does not represent a separate performance obligation, but because customers are allowed to return products, the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled is variable. Upon evaluation of returns, the Company determined that substantially less than 5% of products are returned, and therefore believes it is probable that such returns will not cause a significant reversal of revenue in the future. We assess our contracts and the reasonableness of our conclusions on a quarterly basis.

Stock-Based Compensation.

The Company periodically issues stock options and warrants to employees and non-employees in non-capital raising transactions for services rendered. The Company accounts for stock option and warrant grants issued and vesting to employees based on the authoritative guidance provided by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") where the value of the award is measured on the date of grant and recognized as compensation on the straight-line basis over the vesting period. The Company accounts for stock option and warrant grants issued and vesting to non-employees in accordance with the authoritative guidance of the FASB where the value of the stock compensation is based upon the measurement date as determined at either (i) the date at which a performance commitment is reached, or (ii) at the date at which the necessary performance to earn the equity instruments are complete. Options granted to non-employees are revalued each reporting period to determine the amount to be recorded as an expense in the respective period. As the options vest, they are valued on each vesting date and an adjustment is recorded for the difference between the value already recorded and the then current value on the date of vesting. In certain circumstances where there are no future performance requirements by the non-employee, option grants are immediately vested and the total stock-based compensation charge is recorded in the period of the measurement date.

The fair value of the Company's stock option and warrant grants are estimated using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model, which uses certain assumptions related to risk-free interest rates, expected volatility, expected life of the stock options or warrants, and future dividends. Compensation expense is recorded based upon the value derived from the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model, and based on actual experience. The assumptions used in the Black-Scholes Option Pricing model could materially affect compensation expense recorded in future periods.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in this Annual Report for a description of recent accounting pronouncements believed by management to have a material impact on our present or future financial statements.

Results of Operations

	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	Change	%
Revenue	17,077,000	17,799,000	(722,000)	-4%
Cost of Goods Sold	(10,332,000)	(12,708,000)	2,376,000	-19%
Gross Profit	6,745,000	5,091,000	1,654,000	32%
General and Administrative Expense	(3,333,000)	(4,180,000)	847,000	-20%
Selling and Marketing Expense	(2,690,000)	(3,525,000)	835,000	-24%
Impairment Loss	-	(5,929,000)	5,929,000	100%
Depreciation and Amortization	(69,000)	(409,000)	340,000	-83%
Total Operating Expense	(6,092,000)	(14,043,000)	7,951,000	-57%

Income (Loss) from Operations	653,000	(8,952,000)	9,605,000	107%
Other Expense	(133,000)	(120,000)	(13,000)	11%
Provision for Income Tax	(11,000)	(689,000)	678,000	-98%
Net Income (Loss)	509,000	(9,761,000)	10,270,000	105%

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2018 Compared to Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net Sales. Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2018 decreased 4.2% to \$17,077,000 as compared to \$17,799,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Revenue for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to the prior year, in part, reflects declining traffic trends leading to lower unit sales at retail locations leading to lower same store sales in GNC, our principal distribution channel, as well as certain inventory level adjustments by GNC resulting from such trends. Declining sales at retail locations during the year ended December 31, 2018 were partially offset by an increase in online sales. As a result of the secular decline of sales in traditional retail establishments, management is focused on developing its ecommerce capabilities to drive additional incremental sales. Although sales derived from such channels were not material as a percentage of total sales during the year ended December 31, 2018, management believes that its online channels will provide growth opportunities in the long-term.

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The Company continually reformulates and introduces new products, as well as seeks to increase both the number of stores and number of approved products that can be sold within the GNC franchise system that comprise its domestic and international distribution footprint. Management also believes that its focus on developing its ecommerce capabilities will drive additional incremental sales in the short-term, while yielding substantial benefits in the longer-term.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold for the year ended December 31, 2018 decreased 19% to \$10,332,000 as compared to \$12,708,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This decrease is principally attributable to lower sales in the period.

Gross Profit Margin. Gross profit for the year ended December 31, 2018 increased to \$6,745,000 as compared to \$5,091,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. Gross margin for the year ended December 31, 2018 increased to 39.5% from 28.6% for the comparable period last year. The increase in pross profit and gross profit margin during the year ended December 31, 2018 is principally attributable to reduced returns and vendor funded discounts, which contributed to an increase in gross margin.

General and Administrative Expense. General and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 decreased by \$847,000 to \$3,333,000 as compared to \$4,180,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. The decrease in general and administrative expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 is principally attributable to ongoing cost reduction initiatives, reduced facility expense and lower total headcount/payroll expense.

Selling and Marketing Expense. Selling and marketing expense for the year ended December 31, 2018 decreased to \$2,690,000 as compared to \$3,525,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. This decrease is principally the result of budgetary controls.

Impairment Loss. In fiscal 2017, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$5,929,000 related to the goodwill and intangible assets of Isatori. There were no similar impairment charges in fiscal 2018.

Depreciation and Amortization. Depreciation and amortization for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017 decreased to \$69,000 from \$409,000, respectively. The decrease is principally attributable to decrease in amortization expense due to the write-off of certain intangible assets during the fourth quarter of 2017.

Net Income/(Loss). We generated a net income of \$509,000 for the year ended December 31, 2018, as compared to a net loss of \$9,761,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. The change from a net loss to net income for the year ended December 31, 2018 compared to the year ended December 31, 2017 is principally attributable to stronger margins and reduced operating expense, which offset lower sales volumes and the recorded impairment charges of goodwill and intangible assets in fiscal 2017 of \$5,929,000.

Non-GAAP Measures

The financial presentation below contains certain financial measures defined as "non-GAAP financial measures" by the SEC, including non-GAAP EBITDA and adjusted non-GAAP EBITDA. These measures may be different from non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. The presentation of this financial information, which is not prepared under any comprehensive set of accounting rules or principles, is not intended to be considered in isolation or as a substitute for the financial information prepared and presented in this Annual Report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

As presented below, non-GAAP EBITDA excludes interest, income taxes (write off of deferred tax asset) and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted non-GAAP EBITDA excludes, in addition to interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, equity-based compensation and impairment charges. The Company believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information to both management and investors by excluding certain expense and other items that may not be indicative of its core operating results and business outlook. The Company believes that the inclusion of non-GAAP measures in the financial presentation below allows investors to compare the Company's financial results with the Company's historical financial results, and is an important measure of the Company's comparative financial performance.

Year Ended December 31,

	2018	2017
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Net (loss) income	\$509,000	\$(9,761,000)
Interest expense	133,000	112,000
Provision for income taxes	11,000	689,000
Depreciation and amortization	68,000	409,000
EBITDA	721,000	(8,551,000)
Non-cash and non-recurring adjustments		
Common Stock issued for services	163,000	96,000
Fair value of vested options issued for services	130,000	44,000
Impairment of intangibles and goodwill	-	5,929,000
Adjusted EBITDA	\$1,014,000	\$(2,482,000)

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of December 31, 2018, the Company had working capital of \$1,890,000, compared to working capital of \$369,000 at December 31, 2017. Our principal sources of liquidity at December 31, 2018 consisted of \$259,000 of cash and \$1,433,000 of accounts receivable. The increase in working capital is principally attributable to the payment of the line of credit and term loan in fiscal 2018, both of which were current liabilities at December 31, 2017.

On November 13, 2018, the Company sold an aggregate of 600 Units of Company Series A Preferred Stock, with each Unit consisting of one share of Series A Preferred and a warrant to purchase that number of shares of Company common stock equal to 30% of the shares of Company common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred, resulting in gross proceeds to the Company of \$600,000.

In December 2017, the Company, entered into the Merchant Agreement with Compass. Under the terms of the Merchant Agreement, the Company sold to Compass certain accounts owing from customers including GNC. In December 2018, the agreement was terminated and the Company paid all outstanding obligations to Compass.

On December 26, 2018, the Company issued a line of credit promissory note to Sudbury, an entity controlled by Mr. Dayton Judd, CEO, in the principal amount of \$600,000, with an initial advance to the Company in the amount of \$300,000. In addition, on December 26, 2018, the Company also issued a promissory note to Mr. Judd in the principal

amount of \$200,000. Both of the Notes mature on the earlier to occur of a Change in Control of the Company, as defined in the Notes, or December 31, 2019, and require monthly principal and interest payments beginning April 1, 2019, with a final payment of unpaid principal and interest due December 31, 2019. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 9.0% per annum. Interest due under the terms of the Notes may be paid in cash or, up to and including March 31, 2019, can be accrued and added to the outstanding principal and accrued interest due and payable under the terms of the Notes, at the sole discretion of the Company. Proceeds from the sale of the Notes, including existing cash balances, were used to settle all outstanding indebtedness under the terms of the Merchant Agreement.

The Company is dependent on cash flow from operations to satisfy its working capital requirements. No assurances can be given that cash flow from operations will provide sufficient capital necessary to provide for the Company's liquidity for the next twelve months. Should the Company be unable to generate sufficient revenue in the future to achieve positive cash flow from operations, and/or should capital be unavailable under the terms of the Company's line of credit promissory notes, additional working capital will be required. Management at present has no intention to raise additional working capital through the sale of equity or debt securities, and believes the line of credit promissory notes, along with the proceeds of our recent capital raise, will provide sufficient capital necessary to operate the business over the next twelve months. In the event the Company fails to achieve positive cash flow from operations, and management is otherwise unable to secure additional working capital through the issuance of equity or debt securities, the Company's business would be materially and adversely harmed.

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Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$258,000 during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$666,000 for the year ended December 31, 2017. The decrease in cash provided by operating activities is primarily attributable to variations in certain working capital accounts consistent with normal business practices and outcomes.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities

Cash provided by investing activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018 was \$4,000 as compared to \$(185,000) used in investing activities during the year ended December 31, 2017. In fiscal 2017, the Company purchased property and equipment in the aggregate of \$185,000. In fiscal 2018, there was no similar purchases and the Company sold certain property and equipment for cash of \$4,000.

Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities

Cash used in financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2018 was \$(1,265,000) as compared to \$(512,000) cash used in financing activities during the year ended December 31, 2017. The primary difference was that during the year ended December 31, 2018 we fully settled the line of credit and term loan with U.S. Bank in the aggregate amount of \$2,365,000.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Other than contractual obligations incurred in the normal course of business, we do not have any off-balance sheet financing arrangements or liabilities, retained or contingent interests in transferred assets or any obligation arising out of a material variable interest in an unconsolidated entity.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Our business is currently conducted principally in the United States. As a result, our financial results are not materially affected by factors such as changes in foreign currency exchange rates or economic conditions in foreign markets. We do not engage in hedging transactions to reduce our exposure to changes in currency exchange rates, although as the geographical scope of our business broadens, we may do so in the future.

Our exposure to risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investments in short-term financial instruments. Investments in both fixed rate and floating rate interest earning instruments carry some interest rate risk. The fair value of fixed rate securities may fall due to a rise in interest rates, while floating rate securities may produce less income than expected if interest rates fall. Partly as a result of this, our future interest income may fall short of expectations due to changes in interest rates or we may suffer losses in principal if we are forced to sell securities that have fallen in estimated fair value due to changes in interest rates. However, as substantially all of our cash equivalents consist of bank deposits and short-term money market instruments, we do not expect any material change with respect to our net income as a result of an interest rate change.

We do not hold any derivative instruments and do not engage in any hedging activities.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information required hereunder in this Annual Report is set forth in the financial statements and the notes thereto beginning on Page F-1.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

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ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our Management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operations of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(c) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as of December 31, 2018. Based on this evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports submitted under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms, including to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company is accumulated and communicated to management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting.

We are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act). Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

This Annual Report does not include an attestation report of our registered public accounting firm regarding internal control over financial reporting. Management's report was not subject to attestation by our registered public accounting firm pursuant to an exemption for smaller reporting companies under Section 989G of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving their control objectives.

Our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2018. In making this assessment, we used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in Internal Control—Integrated Framework. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2018, our internal control over financial reporting was effective.

(c) Changes in Internal Controls over Financial Reporting.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have determined that there have been no changes, in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report identified in connection with the evaluation described in the above paragraph that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

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PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

Directors and Executive Officers

Set forth below is information regarding each of the Company's current directors and executive officers. There are no family relationships between any of our directors or executive officers. Stockholders elect the directors annually. The executive officers serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

Name	Age	Title
Dayton Judd(1)	47	Chief Executive Officer, Chairman
Susan Kinnaman(2)	51	Chief Financial Officer
Lewis Jaffe	62	Director
Grant Dawson	50	Director
Seth Yakatan	48	Director
Todd Ordal	61	Director

Dayton Judd was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer on February 18, 2018, at which time John
 Wilson resigned as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and as a member of the Company's Board of Directors.

Susan Kinnaman was appointed as the Company's Chief Financial Officer on February 18, 2019. Michael Abrams,
(2) the Company's former Chief Financial Officer and former director, resigned from his position as the Company's Chief Financial Officer and as a director on the Company's Board effective February 15, 2019.

Each of the Company's executive officers and directors will hold office until their successors are duly elected and qualified. The background and principal occupations of each officer and director are as follows:

Dayton Judd has served as a director of the Company since June 2017, is currently the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors, and began serving as the Company's Chief Executive Officer on February 18, 2018. Mr. Judd is the Founder and Managing Partner of Sudbury Capital Management ("Sudbury"). Prior to founding Sudbury, Mr. Judd worked from 2007 through 2011 as a Portfolio Manager at Q Investments, a multi-billion dollar hedge fund in Fort Worth, Texas. Prior to Q Investments, he worked with McKinsey & Company from 1996 through 1998, and again from 2000 through 2007. He graduated from Brigham Young University in 1995 with a Bachelor's Degree, summa cum laude, and a Master's Degree, both in accounting. He also earned an M.B.A. with high distinction from Harvard Business School in 2000, where he was a Baker Scholar. Mr. Judd is a Certified Public Accountant.

The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that Mr. Judd's significant experience in investing in microcap companies, together with his substantial ownership position in the Company's common stock, will assist the Board of Directors in the management of the executive officers of the Company, and setting goals and objectives to build shareholder value.

Susan Kinnaman has served as the Company's Chief Financial Officer since February 15, 2019. Ms. Kinnaman was appointed as the Company's Vice President of Finance in 2007. Prior to that, she worked as Controller for Fuchs Machinery, Inc. from 2001 to 2007, for Clarcor (Facet USA) from 2000 to 2001, and for Gaffey Crane from 1998 to 2000. She graduated from Doane University – Crete, Nebraska in 1989 with a Bachelor's Degree in accounting. Ms. Kinnaman is a Certified Public Accountant.

Lewis Jaffe has served as a director of the Company since 2010, and served as the Chairman of the Company's Board of Directors from July 2011 to October 2017. Mr. Jaffe is a Clinical Professor in the school of Entrepreneurship at Loyola Marymount University, a position he has held since the fall of 2014, where he was awarded Professor of the Year in 2016. He was Chief Executive Officer of Movio, a high speed, mobile movie and content downloading service and application, prior to its sale. Prior to Movio, Mr. Jaffe was a principal at Jaffe & Associates ("J&A"), a consulting and advisory firm that provides strategic and tactical planning to mid-market companies and CEO coaching to their executives. Prior to 2009, Mr. Jaffe was Interim Chief Executive Officer and President of Oxford Media, Inc., where he served from 2006 to 2008. Mr. Jaffe has also served in executive management positions with Verso Technologies, Inc., Wireone Technologies, Inc., Picturetel Corporation, and was also previously a Managing Director of Arthur Andersen. Mr. Jaffe is a graduate of the Stanford Business School Executive Program and holds a Bachelor of Science from LaSalle University. Mr. Jaffe also served on the Board of Directors of Benihana, Inc. as its lead independent director from 2004 to 2012. He is currently on the Board of Directors of Reed's Inc. (NYSE: REED) and Yorktel, a privately held telecommunications company.

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The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that Mr. Jaffe's experience as a CEO of both public and private companies, and consultant providing strategic and tactical planning to public companies, as well as his corporate governance expertise, provide management and the Board of Directors with a depth of experience, knowledge, systems and best practices to guide corporate strategy and business operations.

Grant Dawson has served as a director of the Company since November 2013, and is currently a Portfolio Manager of Fixed Income Investments for Polar Asset Management Partners ("Polar"), where he has worked since 2014. Mr. Dawson brings more than 15 years of experience in finance and has significant board-level experience in corporate governance for public companies. Prior to Polar, he was Managing Director of Fixed Income Investments for Manulife Asset Management, a subsidiary of Manulife Financial Corporation and Vice President and Lead Analyst responsible for corporate debt ratings with Dominion Bond Rating Agency. Prior to such time, Mr. Dawson held various senior management positions in credit management and corporate finance with Nortel and in equity research with Dain Rauscher Ltd. Mr. Dawson earned an M.B.A. from the SMU Cox School of Business, a B.Comm in Finance from the University of Windsor, and holds the Chartered Financial Analyst designation. Additionally, Mr. Dawson is a member of the Institute of Corporate Directors and holds the ICD.D designation.

The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that Mr. Dawson's extensive expertise and knowledge regarding corporate finance and investment banking matters, as well as corporate governance, provides the Company with valuable insight and will assist the Company as it builds a long-term, sustainable capital structure.

Seth Yakatan has served a director of the Company since September 2015, as Vice President of Business Development for Invion, Ltd. (ASX: IVX) since August 2012, and as a Partner of Katan Associates, Inc., a corporate strategy and finance advisory group, since April 2001. Prior to joining the Company's Board of Directors, Mr. Yakatan served as a director for iSatori, Inc. from September 2014 until the completion of the Company's acquisition of iSatori. Prior to founding Katan Associates, Inc. in 2001, Mr. Yakatan worked in merchant banking at the Union Bank of California, N.A., in the Specialized Lending Media and Telecommunications Group, and as a venture capital analyst with Ventana Growth Funds and Sureste Venture Management. Mr. Yakatan holds an M.B.A. in Finance from the University of California, Irvine, and a Bachelor of Arts in History and Public Affairs from the University of Denver.

The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that Mr. Yakatan's 25 years of experience as a life sciences business development and corporate finance professional, including actively supporting small cap and major companies in achieving corporate, financing, and asset monetization objectives, provides the Board of Directors with valuable guidance and expertise based on his extensive knowledge and understanding of banking matters.

Todd Ordal has served a director of the Company since September 2015, and is the President and founder of Applied Strategy, LLC, a private consulting company founded in 2003 that provides consulting and coaching services to chief executive officers and other executives around the word. Prior to joining the Company's Board of Directors, Mr. Ordal served as a director for iSatori, Inc. from April 2012 until the completion of the Company's acquisition of iSatori. Before founding Applied Strategy, LLC, Mr. Ordal served as Chief Executive Officer of Dore Achievement Centers from December 2002 until November 2004, and President and Chief Executive Officer of Classic Sports Companies from January 2001 until December 2002. Prior to Classic Sport Companies, Mr. Ordal served as a Division President for Kinko's Service Corporation, where he had accountability for \$500 million in revenue, 300 stores and 7,000 people, and as a member of the Board of Directors for Kinko's from July 1992 until July 1997. He has also served on several non-profit boards and boards of advisors. Mr. Ordal received his Bachelor's Degree in psychology from Morehead State University and his M.B.A. from Regis University.

The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee believes that Mr. Ordal's considerable experience with growing successful businesses, as well as his extensive knowledge and understanding of marketing and finance matters, will provide the Board of Directors with valuable guidance and insight.

There have been no events under any bankruptcy act, no criminal proceedings and no judgments or injunctions material to the evaluation of the ability and integrity of any of the Company's executive officers or directors during the past ten years.

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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE, BOARD COMPOSITION AND BOARD COMMITTEES

Term of Office

Pursuant to our Bylaws, each member of our Board of Directors shall serve from the time they are duly elected and qualified, until our next Annual Meeting of Stockholders or until their death, resignation or removal from office.

Board Member Independence

The Board believes that a majority of its members are independent directors. The Board has determined that, other than Mr. Judd, all of its directors are independent directors as defined by the rules and regulations of the NASDAQ Capital Market.

Board Structure

The Board does not have a policy regarding the separation of the roles of the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board, as the Board believes it is in the best interest of the Company and its stockholders to make that determination based on the position and direction of the Company and the membership of the Board, from time to time. Currently, Mr. Judd serves as both our principal executive officer and as Chairman of our Board of Directors.

Board Risk Oversight

Our Board administers its oversight function through both regular and special meetings and by frequent telephonic updates with our senior management. A key element of these reviews is gathering and assessing information relating to risks of our business. All business is exposed to risks, including unanticipated or undesired events or outcomes that could impact an enterprise's strategic objectives, organizational performance and stockholder value. A fundamental part of risk management is not only understanding such risks that are specific to our business, but also understanding what steps management is taking to manage those risks and what level of risk is appropriate for us. In setting our business strategy, our Board assesses the various risks being mitigated by management and determines what constitutes an appropriate level of risk.

Although our Board has the ultimate oversight responsibility for our risk management process, various committees of our Board also have responsibility for risk management. In particular, the Audit Committee focuses on financial risk, including internal controls, and the assessments of risks reflected in audit reports. Legal and regulatory compliance risks are also reviewed by our Audit Committee. Risks related to our compensation programs are reviewed by the Compensation Committee. Our Board is advised by the committees of significant risks and management's response via periodic updates.

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Board Meetings

The Board held eight meetings during the year ended December 31, 2018, supplemented by numerous additional discussions by and among a majority of the Board, and numerous actions effectuated by unanimous written consent in lieu of a formal motion and vote during an official meeting. In 2018, incumbent directors attended 100% of the aggregate number of meetings of the Board.

Board Committees and Charters

The Board has a standing Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. The Board appoints the members and chairpersons of these committees. Copies of each committee charter is available by making a request to the Company's Corporate Secretary at 5214 S. 136th Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68137.

Audit Committee

Members:	Grant Dawson (Chairman) Lewis Jaffe Todd Ordal
Number of Meetings in 2018:	The Audit Committee held four meetings during 2018.
Functions:	The Audit Committee provides assistance to the Board of Directors in fulfilling its legal and fiduciary obligations in matters involving our accounting, auditing, financial reporting, internal control and legal compliance functions by approving the services performed by our independent accountants and reviewing their reports regarding our accounting practices and systems of internal accounting controls. The Audit Committee also oversees the audit efforts of our independent accountants and takes those actions as it deems necessary to satisfy it that the accountants are independent of management.
Independence	The members of the Audit Committee each meet the independence standards established by the NASDAQ Capital Market and the SEC for audit committees. In addition, the Board has determined that Messrs. Dawson, Jaffe and Ordal each satisfy the definition of an "audit committee financial expert" under SEC rules and regulations. These designations do not impose any duties, obligations or liabilities on Messrs. Dawson, Jaffe and Ordal that are greater than those generally imposed on them as members of the Audit Committee and the Board, and their designations as audit committee financial experts does not affect the duties, obligations or liability of any other member of the Audit Committee or the Board.
Compensation Committee	
Members:	Grant Dawson (Chairman) Lewis Jaffe Seth Yakatan
Number of Meetings in 2018:	The Compensation Committee held three meetings during 2018.

Functions:	The Compensation Committee determines our general compensation policies and the compensation provided to our directors and officers. The Compensation Committee also reviews and determines bonuses for our officers and other employees. In addition, the Compensation Committee reviews and determines equity-based compensation for our directors, officers, employees and consultants and administers our stock option plans and employee stock purchase plan.
Independence	We believe that the composition of our Compensation Committee meets the criteria for independence under, and the functioning of our Compensation Committee complies with, the applicable requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and current SEC rules and regulations.

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Members:	Lewis Jaffe (Chairman) Todd Ordal Seth Yakatan
Number of Meetings in 2018:	The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee held no meetings during 2018, electing instead to address committee matters by action taken by the entire Board of Directors.
Functions:	The Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for making recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding candidates for directorships and the size and composition of the Board. In addition, the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for overseeing our corporate governance guidelines and reporting and making recommendations to the Board concerning corporate governance matters.
Independence	We believe that the composition of our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee meets the criteria for independence under, and the functioning of our Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee complies with, the applicable requirements of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and current SEC rules and regulations.

Compliance with Section 16(a)

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended ("Exchange Act"), requires the Company's directors and executive officers, and persons who beneficially own more than 10% of a registered class of the Company's equity securities, to file reports of beneficial ownership and changes in beneficial ownership of the Company's securities with the SEC on Forms 3 (Initial Statement of Beneficial Ownership), 4 (Statement of Changes of Beneficial Ownership of Securities) and 5 (Annual Statement of Beneficial Ownership of Securities). Directors, executive officers and beneficial owners of more than 10% of the Company's common stock are required by SEC regulations to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16(a) forms that they file.

To our knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to us and written representations that no other reports were required, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018, management believes that all necessary reports were filed in a timely manner and all filings are current as of the date of this filing, except the following:

Grant Dawson, a director of the Company, filed four Form 4s reporting an aggregate of four late transactions;

Todd Ordal, a director of the Company, filed three Form 4s reporting an aggregate of three late transactions;

Lewis Jaffe, a director of the Company, filed three Form 4s reporting an aggregate of three late transactions; and

Code of Ethics and Business Conduct

We have adopted a Code of Ethics that applies to all of our executive officers, directors and employees, which sets forth the business and ethical principles that govern all aspects of our business. This document will be made available

in print, free of charge, to any stockholder requesting a copy in writing from the Company. A form of the Code of Conduct and ethics was filed as Exhibit 14.1 to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for December 31, 2008.

Indemnification of Officers and Directors

As permitted by Nevada law, the Company will indemnify its directors and officers against expense and liabilities they incur to defend, settle, or satisfy any civil or criminal action brought against them on account of their being or having been Company directors or officers unless, in any such action, they are adjudged to have acted with gross negligence or willful misconduct.

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Exclusion of Liability

The Nevada Business Corporation Act excludes personal liability for directors for monetary damages based upon any violation of their fiduciary duties as directors, except as to liability for any breach of the duty of loyalty, acts or omissions not in good faith or which involve intentional misconduct or a knowing violation of law, acts in violation of the Nevada Business Corporation Act, or any transaction from which a director receives an improper personal benefit. This exclusion of liability does not limit any right that a director may have to be indemnified and does not affect any director's liability under federal or applicable state securities laws.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation paid to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, and the Company's two most highly compensated executive officers other than its Chief Executive Officer, who were serving as executive officers as of December 31, 2018 and whose annual compensation exceeded \$100,000 during such year (collectively the "Named Executive Officers").

Name and Principal Position	Year Salary and Bonus (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Warrants/ Option Awards (\$) (1)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Dayton Judd (2)	2018 \$105,400	\$172,500	\$146,651	\$109,496	\$534,047
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board	2017 \$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Michael Abrams (3)	2018 \$240,625	-	-	-	240,625
Former Chief Financial Officer and Director	2017 \$267,193	\$-	\$-	\$50,000	\$317,193
Patrick Ryan	2018 \$240,032	15,500	-	-	255,532
Chief Retail Officer	2017 \$246,402	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$246,838

The amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of stock option awards computed in accordance
(1) with FASB guidance, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures under which the Named Executive Officer has the right to purchase, subject to vesting, shares of the Company's common stock.

Dayton Judd was appointed as the Company's Chief Executive Officer on February 18, 2018, and has served as a(2) member of the Company's Board since 2017. Accordingly, he did not receive any compensation for his role as an officer in the year ended December 31, 2017.

(3) Mr. Abrams resigned from his position as Chief Financial Officer and as a member of the Company's Board of Directors effective February 15, 2019.

Employment Agreements

Dayton Judd. Dayton Judd currently serves as the Company's Chief Executive Officer. Effective July 31, 2018, Mr. Judd receives (i) an annual base salary of \$263,500; (ii) an annual cash bonus, the amount of which, if any, shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee; (iii) options to purchase 705,000 shares of the Company's common stock, which have a term of ten years, an exercise price equal to the fair market value of a share of Company common stock as of the date of grant, of which 1/3 vest immediately, 1/3 vest on the first anniversary of the grant, and the remaining 1/3 vest on the second anniversary of the grant; and (iv) 450,000 shares of restricted common stock, which shares vest (x) 150,000 shares at such date that the 30-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP") for shares of the Company's common stock exceeds \$1.20, (y) 150,000 shares at such date that the 30-day VWAP exceeds \$2.40.

Michael Abrams. Mr. Michael Abrams served as the Company's Chief Financial Officer up to February 15, 2019. Pursuant to the terms of his Employment Agreement he received an annual base salary of \$240,625 in fiscal 2018 and \$267,193 in fiscal 2017.

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Patrick Ryan. Mr. Patrick Ryan currently serves as the Company's Chief Retail Officer pursuant to the terms of an Employment Agreement dated June 1, 2016. The Employment Agreement provides that Mr. Ryan shall serve in the capacity of the Company's Chief Retail Officer through June 1, 2019, subject to standard terms and provisions consistent with agreements of such type. Pursuant to the terms of the Employment Agreement, Mr. Ryan receives (i) an annual base salary of \$125,000 per year; (ii) commission compensation on a monthly basis in arrears in an amount equal to 2.0% of the adjusted gross profit from the sale of franchise exclusive products, less all promotional and advertising expenses, and the costs of all product samples, related to the sale of franchise exclusive products to international locations; (iii) an annual cash bonus, the amount of which, if any, shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Compensation Committee; and (iv) up to 25,000 shares of Company common stock and/or related stock options per year under the Company's 2010 Equity Incentive Plan, at the sole discretion of the Compensation commany's obligations pursuant to the Employment Agreement, including any stock or stock option agreements with Mr. Ryan; provided, however, in the event that the surviving corporation refuses to do so, then Mr. Ryan shall be entitled to accelerated vesting of all unvested shares subject to such agreements, if any.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth information regarding unexercised options and stock that had not vested and equity incentive awards held by each of the Named Executive Officers outstanding as of December 31, 2018:

Option Awards

Stock Awards

Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) exercisable	Number of securities underlying unexercised options (#) unexercisable	Equity incentive plan awards: Number of underlying unexercised unearned options (#)	Option Exercise price (\$)	Option expiration date	Number of shares or units of stoc that have no vested (#)	
Dayton Judd	235,000	470,000		\$0.28	07/31/28	450,000 (1)	\$193,500 (1)
Chief							

Executive Officer and

Chairman

Michael Abrams	50,000		\$2.30	02/23/20	-
Chief Financial Officer and Director					
Patrick Ryan	20,000		\$2.20	04/11/19	-
Chief Retail Officer	30,000		\$2.30	02/23/20	
	26,667	3,333	\$1.39	05/09/21	

(1)

Shares vest as follows: (i) 150,000 shares at such date that the 30-day volume weighted average price ("VWAP) for shares of the Company's common stock exceeds \$1.20, (ii) 150,000 shares at such date that the 30-day VWAP exceeds \$1.80, and (iii) 150,000 shares at such date that the 30-day VWAP exceeds \$2.40. The market value reported for this award was calculated using the closing price of the Company's common stock on December 31, 2018, or \$0.43 per share, assuming achievement of the maximum award amount.

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Director Compensation

As a result of Mr. Abrams' resignation from the Board on February 15, 2019, we currently have five directors, four of whom are considered independent. For the year ended December 31, 2018, each of our directors were entitled to receive \$45,000 per annum for their services on the Board, which compensation may be paid in cash, shares of Company common stock or a combination thereof, at the option of each individual director. Subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2018, the Board compensation was reduced to \$30,000 per annum effective January 1, 2019.

The table below summarizes the compensation paid to our independent directors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2018:

	Fees earned or paid in cash (1)	Stock awards	Option awards (2) Total
Name	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Lewis Jaffe Grant Dawson Seth Yakatan Todd Ordal Dayton Judd(3)	\$30,000 \$22,500 \$45,000 \$22,500 \$8,985	\$15,000 \$22,500 \$- \$22,500 \$-	\$- \$- \$- \$- \$-	\$45,000 \$45,000 \$45,000 \$45,000 \$8,985

In an effort to conserve the Company's cash, certain Board members have the option to receive stock awards in lieu of cash fees earned in respect of their annual retainers for service on the Board and its committees. The stock

(1) awards vested immediately upon grant and were not subject to any further service by the directors. The amounts in this column represent the grant date fair value of the restricted stock awards granted during 2018 and are computed in accordance with FASB guidance, excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures.

Represents the grant date fair value of stock option awards computed in accordance with FASB guidance,

- (2) excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures under which the director has the right to purchase, subject to vesting, shares of the Company's common stock.
- (3) Mr. Judd served as an independent director until his appointment as the Company's Interim Chief Executive Officer in February 2018.

Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

No executive officers of the Company serve on the Compensation Committee (or in a like capacity) for the Company or any other entity.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following tables set forth information regarding shares of our Series A Preferred and common stock beneficially owned as of March 21, 2019, by:

- (i) each of our officers and directors;
- (ii) all officers and directors as a group; and
- each person known by us to beneficially own five percent or more of the outstanding shares of our Series A
- (iii) Preferred and common stock. Percent ownership is calculated based on 600 shares of our Series A Preferred and 11,119,430 shares of our common stock outstanding at March 21, 2019.

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Beneficial Ownership of our Series A Preferred

Name	Title of Class	Number of Shares Owned	% Ownership of Class
Dayton Judd	Series A Preferred	525(1)	87.5%
Grant Dawson	Series A Preferred	25	4.2%
All Officers and Directors as a group (seven persons)	Series A Preferred	550	91.7%

Shares of Series A Preferred are held by Sudbury Capital Fund, LP, Sudbury Holdings, LLC, Sudbury Capital GP, LP, and Sudbury Capital Management, LLC. Sudbury Holdings, LLC is the parent company of Sudbury Capital Fund, LP; Sudbury Capital GP, LP is the general partner of Sudbury Capital Fund, LP; Sudbury Capital

(1) Management, LLC is the investment adviser of Sudbury Capital Fund, LP; and Mr. Judd as a member of Sudbury Holdings, LLC and Sudbury Capital Management, LLC, and a limited partner of Sudbury Capital GP, LP. Mr. Judd may be considered the beneficial owner of the shares held by Sudbury Capital Fund, LP, as Mr. Judd is the Founder and Managing Partner of Sudbury Capital Management, LLC.

Beneficial Ownership of our Common Stock

Name and Address of Owner (1)	Title of Class	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage of Class (2)
Dayton Judd (3)	Common Stock	5,080,873	39.7 %
Susan Kinnaman (4)	Common Stock	16,483	*%
Patrick Ryan (5)	Common Stoc	k 51,057	*%
Lewis Jaffe (6)	Common Stock	144,266	1.3 %
Todd Ordal	Common Stock	138,335	1.2%
Seth Yakatan	Common Stock	-	*%

Grant Dawson (7)	Common Stock	248,222	2.2%
All Officers and Directors as a group (seven persons)	Common Stock	5,679,236	44.4%

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- (1) The address of each of the officers and directors is c/o FitLife Brands, Inc., 5214 S. 136th Street, Omaha, NE 68137.
- (2) * Less than 1%

Consists of 852,184 shares held by Mr. Judd personally, including in IRA accounts; 235,000 shares issuable to Mr. Judd upon the exercise of stock options at \$0.28 per share, exercisable within 60 days of March 21, 2019;

(3) 2,509,994 shares held by Sudbury Holdings, LLC; 1,141,304 shares issuable upon the conversion of 525 shares of the Company's Series A Convertible Preferred Stock held by Sudbury Holdings, LLC, and 342,391 shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants held by Sudbury Holdings, LLC.

Includes 25,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options of which 10,000, 10,000 and 5,000 are

(4) exercisable at \$2.30, \$2.20 and \$1.39 per share, respectively, each of which is exercisable within 60 days of March 21, 2019.

Includes 77,724 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options of which 30,000, 20,000 and 26,667 are
(5) exercisable at \$2.30, \$2.20 and \$1.39 per share, respectively, each of which is exercisable within 60 days of March 21, 2019.

(6) Includes 15,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options at \$2.30 per share, exercisable within 60 days of March 21, 2019.

Includes 10,000 shares issuable upon the exercise of stock options at \$2.30 per share, exercisable within 60 days (7) of March 21, 2019; 54,348 shares issuable upon conversion of 25 shares of the Company's Series A Convertible

Preferred Stock; and 16,304 shares issuable upon the exercise of warrants.

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Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2018, with respect to the shares of common stock that may be issued upon the exercise of options and other rights under our existing equity compensation plans and arrangements. The information includes the number of shares covered by and the weighted average exercise price of, outstanding options and other rights and the number of shares remaining available for future grants, excluding the shares to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options and other rights.

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted- average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)
	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders:	1,435,000	\$0.98	65,000

Description of Equity Compensation Plan

The 2010 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2010 Plan") was adopted by the Company's Board of Directors on June 30, 2010, and approved by a majority of the Company's shareholders on August 26, 2010. The 2010 Plan reserves for issuance 1,500,000 shares of the Company's common stock for issuance as one of four types of equity incentive awards: (i) stock options, (ii) stock appreciation rights, (iii) restricted stock, and (iv) stock units. The 2010 Plan permits the qualification of awards under the plan as "performance-based compensation" within the meaning of Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Changes in Control

The Company is not aware of any arrangements that may result in a change in control of the Company.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Entry into New Line of Credit

On December 26, 2018, the Company issued a line of credit promissory note to Sudbury in the principal amount of \$600,000, with an initial advance to the Company in the amount of \$300,000. In addition, on December 26, 2018, the Company also issued a promissory note to Mr. Judd, in the principal amount of \$200,000. Both of the Notes mature on the earlier to occur of a Change in Control of the Company, as defined in the Notes, or December 31, 2019, and require monthly principal and interest payments beginning April 1, 2019, with a final payment of unpaid principal and interest due December 31, 2019. The Notes bear interest at a rate of 9.0% per annum. Interest due under the terms of the Notes may be paid in cash or, up to and including March 31, 2019, can be accrued and added to the outstanding principal and accrued interest due and payable under the terms of the Notes. Proceeds from the sale of the notes, including existing cash balances, were used to retire all outstanding indebtedness under the terms of the Merchant Agreement, totaling approximately \$590,000 at December 26, 2018.

Dayton Judd, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company, is affiliated with Sudbury. The notes were approved by the independent members of the Board of Directors.

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Series A Preferred Financing

On November 13, 2018, the Company entered into Subscription Agreements with certain accredited investors, pursuant to which the Company offered and sold to the Purchasers an aggregate of 600 Units for \$1,000 per Unit, with each Unit consisting of one share of Series A Preferred and a warrant to purchase that number of shares of Company common stock equal to 30% of the shares of Company common stock issuable upon conversion of the Series A Preferred purchased by the Purchaser. The Warrants shall expire five years from the date of issuance, and are exercisable at a price of \$0.46 per share. Warrants to purchase an aggregate of 391,304 shares of Company common stock were issued in the Offering.

The Offering resulted in gross proceeds to the Company of \$600,000. Purchasers in the Offering included Dayton Judd, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and Grant Dawson, a director. A portion of the Offering was also sold to an unaffiliated third party.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The Company first engaged Weinberg & Company ("Weinberg") on April 21, 2017, after it dismissed Tarvaran, Askelson & Company, LLP as its independent registered public accounting firm. The following table presents approximate aggregate fees and other expense for professional services rendered by Weinberg for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2018 and December 31, 2017, as well as other expense for other services rendered during those periods.

	Year Ended December 31,	
	2018	2017
Audit Fees (1) Audit-Related Fees (2) Tax Fees (3) All Other Fees (4)	\$78,000 - 29,000 13,000	\$79,000 6,000 4,000
Total	\$120,000	\$89,000

As defined by the SEC, (i) "audit fees" are fees for professional services rendered by our principal accountant for the audit of our annual financial statements and review of financial statements included in our Form 10-K, or for services that are normally provided by the accountant in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements for those fiscal years; (ii) "audit-related fees" are fees for assurance and related services by our principal accountant that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our financial statements and are not reported under "audit fees;" (iii) "tax fees" are fees for professional services rendered by our principal accountant for tax compliance, tax advice, and tax planning; and (iv) "all other fees" are fees for products and services provided by our principal accountant, other than the services reported under "audit fees," "audit-related fees," and "tax fees."

Audit Fees

Weinberg provided services for the audits of our financial statements and limited reviews of the financial statements included in Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q.

Audit Related Fees

Weinberg did not provide any professional services which would be considered "audit-related fees."

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Tax Fees

Weinberg prepared our 2017 and 2016 Federal and state income taxes.

All Other Fees

Services provided by Weinberg with respect to the filing of various registration statements made throughout the year including the 2017 shareholder rights offering are considered "all other fees."

Audit Committee Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

Under the SEC's rules, the Audit Committee is required to pre-approve the audit and non-audit services performed by the independent registered public accounting firm in order to ensure that they do not impair the auditors' independence. The Commission's rules specify the types of non-audit services that an independent auditor may not provide to its audit client and establish the Audit Committee's responsibility for administration of the engagement of the independent registered public accounting firm.

Consistent with the SEC's rules, the Audit Committee Charter requires that the Audit Committee review and pre-approve all audit services and permitted non-audit services provided by the independent registered public accounting firm to us or any of our subsidiaries. The Audit Committee may delegate pre-approval authority to a member of the Audit Committee and if it does, the decisions of that member must be presented to the full Audit Committee at its next scheduled meeting. Accordingly, 100% of audit services and non-audit services described in this Item 14 were pre-approved by the Audit Committee.

There were no hours expended on the principal accountant's engagement to audit the registrant's financial statements for the most recent fiscal year that were attributed to work performed by persons other than the principal accountant's full-time, permanent employees.

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PART IV

ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS

Exhibits

- 2.1 Agreement and Plan of Merger, by and among the Company, iSatori, Inc., and ISFL Merger Sub, Inc., dated May 18, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 filed with Form 8-K on May 18, 2015). Voting and Standstill Agreement dated May 18, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of Schedule
- 2.2 13D (Commission File No. 005-47773) filed by the Company, Stephen Adelé Enterprises, Inc., Stephen Adelé, RENN Universal Growth Investment Trust, PLC, RENN Global Entrepreneurs Fund, Inc. and Russell Cleveland).
- 3.1 Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB2 (Commission File No. 333-137170)).
- Amendments to Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 filed with Amendment No. 3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB2 (Commission File No. 333-137170)).
- 3.3 Amended and Restated Bylaws of the Corporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on January 25, 2018).
- <u>3.4</u> Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on September 13, 2010).
- 3.5 Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation to change name to FitLife Brands, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on October 1, 2013).
- 3.6 Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation to effect 1-for-10 reverse split (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on October 1, 2013).
- 3.7 Certificate of Designations of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 filed with Form 8-K on June 30, 2008).
- 3.8 Certificate of Designations of Series B Convertible Preferred Stock (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on January 23, 2009).
- 3.9 Certificate of Designations of Series C Convertible Preferred Stock. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 filed with Form 10-K on April 15, 2011).
- Certificates of Withdrawal of Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, Series B Convertible Preferred Stock, and
- 3.10 Series C Convertible Preferred Stock, dated November 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 10-Q on November 14, 2018).
- 3.11 Certificate of Designations, Preferences and Rights of the Series A Convertible Preferred Stock, dated November 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 filed with Form 10-Q on November 14, 2018).
- <u>4.1</u> Form of Warrant, dated November 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 filed with Form 10-Q on November 14, 2018).
- 10.1 Asset Purchase Agreement between the Company and NDS Nutritional Products, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on October 15, 2008).
- 10.2 Settlement Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).
- 10.3 Secured Promissory Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).
- 10.4 Second Amendment to Asset Purchase Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).
- 10.5 Amendment No. 1 to Security Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).
- 10.6 Amendment No. 1 to Supply, License and Transition Agreement (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.5 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).
- 10.7 Assignment of Name (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 filed with Form 8-K on October 6, 2009).

- 10.8 Employment Agreement, dated December 31, 2009, between the Company and John Wilson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.14 filed with Form 10-K on April 15, 2011).
- $\frac{10.9}{2010}$ 2010 Equity Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.18 filed with Form 10-K on April 15, 2011).
- 10.10 Employment Agreement, dated May 1, 2013, by and between the Company and Michael Abrams (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.15 filed with the Form 10-K on March 28, 2014).

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- 10.11 Amendment No. 2 to Employment Agreement, dated July 14, 2014 between the Company and John Wilson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on July 15, 2014).
- 10.12 Demand Promissory Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on September 11, 2015).
- Security Agreement by and among the Company, Stephen Adele Enterprises, and Stephen Adele, dated
- <u>10.13</u> September 11, 2015 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 filed with Form 8-K on September 11, 2015).
- 10.14 Employment Agreement, by and between FitLife Brands, Inc. and Patrick Ryan, dated June 7, 2016 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-k on June 13, 2016).
- 10.15Amendment No. 3 to Employment Agreement, dated July 14, 2014 between the Company and John
Wilson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on April 26, 2017).
- 10.16 Amendment No. 1 to Employment Agreement, dated May 1, 2013, by and between the Company and Michael Abrams (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 filed with Form 8-K on April 26, 2017).
- 10.17Loan Modification Agreement, dated August 28, 2017, by and between the Company and U.S. National Bank10.17Association Bank (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on August 31, 2017).
- 10.18Merchant Agreement by and between NDS Nutrition, Inc., iSatori, Inc., and Compass Bank, d/b/a Commercial
Billing Service (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on January 25, 2018).
- 10.19 Continuing Guarantee of FitLife Brands, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 filed with Form 8-K on January 25, 2018).
- 10.20 Consulting Services Agreement, by and between the Company and Dayton Judd, dated March 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.26 filed with Form 10-K on April 17, 2018).
- 10.21 Abrams Transition Agreement, dated August 15, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on September 12, 2018).
- 10.22 Form of Subscription Agreement, dated November 13, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 10-Q on November 14, 2018).
- 10.23 Promissory Note issued to Sudbury Capital Fund, LP dated December 26, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 filed with Form 8-K on December 26, 2018).
- 10.24 Promissory Note issued to Dayton Judd dated December 26, 2018 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 filed with Form 8-K on December 26, 2018).
- <u>14.1</u> Code of Ethics (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14.1 filed with Form 10-K on March 27, 2009).
- <u>16.1</u> Letter from Tarvaran, Askelson & Company, LLP, dated April 25, 2017 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 16.1 filed with Form 8-K on April 26, 2017).
- <u>21</u> List of Subsidiaries.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- 31.2 Certification of Principal Financial and Accounting Officer Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- <u>32.1</u> Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.
- <u>32.2</u> Certification of Chief Accounting Officer Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act.

ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, there unto duly authorized.

Registrant	FitLife Brands, Inc.
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Dayton Judd Dayton Judd Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Susan Kinnaman Susan Kinnaman Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

In accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Company and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Dayton Judd Dayton Judd Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), Chairman of the Board
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Lewis Jaffe Lewis Jaffe Director
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Grant Dawson Grant Dawson Director
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Seth Yakatan Seth Yakatan Director
Date: March 22, 2019	By: /s/ Todd Ordal Todd Ordal Director

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ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FITLIFE BRANDS, INC.

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of FitLife Brands, Inc and subsidiaries Omaha, Nebraska

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of FitLife Brands, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2017.

Weinberg & Company, P.A. Los Angeles, California March 22, 2019 F-1

FITLIFE BRANDS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS: December 31, December 31,

2018 2017

CURRENT ASSETS