PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC. Form 10-Q May 08, 2015 <u>Table of Contents</u>

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

Or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to

Commission file number: 001-35916

PennyMac Financial Services, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware80-0882793(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)(IRS Employer
Identification No.)

6101 Condor Drive, Moorpark, California93021(Address of principal executive offices)(Zip Code)

(818) 224-7442

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting

company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act (check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value Class B Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value Outstanding at May 7, 2015 21,657,405 53

PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

FORM 10-Q

March 31, 2015

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SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Report") contains certain forward looking statements that are subject to various risks and uncertainties. Forward looking statements are generally identifiable by use of forward looking terminology such as "may," "will," "should," "potential," "intend," "expect," "seek," "anticipate," "estimate," "approximately," "believe," "predict," "continue," "plan" or other similar words or expressions.

Forward looking statements are based on certain assumptions, discuss future expectations, describe future plans and strategies, contain financial and operating projections or state other forward looking information. Examples of forward looking statements include the following:

- · projections of our revenues, income, earnings per share, capital structure or other financial items;
- · descriptions of our plans or objectives for future operations, products or services;
- · forecasts of our future economic performance, interest rates, profit margins and our share of future markets; and
- descriptions of assumptions underlying or relating to any of the foregoing expectations regarding the timing of generating any revenues.

Our ability to predict results or the actual effect of future events, actions, plans or strategies is inherently uncertain. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in such forward looking statements are based on reasonable assumptions, our actual results and performance could differ materially from those set forth in the forward looking statements. There are a number of factors, many of which are beyond our control that could cause actual results to differ significantly from management's expectations. Some of these factors are discussed below.

You should not place undue reliance on any forward looking statement and should consider the following uncertainties and risks, as well as the risks and uncertainties discussed elsewhere in this Report and the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014, filed with the SEC on March 13, 2015.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from historical results or those anticipated include, but are not limited to:

- the continually changing federal, state and local laws and regulations applicable to the highly regulated industry in which we operate;
- · lawsuits or governmental actions if we do not comply with the laws and regulations applicable to our businesses;
- the creation of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau ("CFPB"), its rules and the enforcement thereof by the CFPB;
- our dependence on U.S. government sponsored entities and changes in their current roles or their guarantees or guidelines;
- · changes to government mortgage modification programs;

- the licensing and operational requirements of states and other jurisdictions applicable to our businesses, to which our bank competitors are not subject;
- $\cdot \;$ foreclosure delays and changes in foreclosure practices;
- · certain banking regulations that may limit our business activities;
- our dependence on the multi-family and commercial real estate sectors for future originations and investments in commercial mortgage loans and other commercial real estate related loans;
- · changes in macroeconomic and U.S. real estate market conditions;
- · difficulties inherent in growing loan production volume;
- · difficulties inherent in adjusting the size of our operations to reflect changes in business levels;
- purchase opportunities for mortgage servicing rights ("MSRs") and our success in winning bids;
- · changes in prevailing interest rates;
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- · increases in loan delinquencies and defaults;
- our reliance on PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust ("PMT") as a significant source of financing for, and revenue related to, our mortgage banking business;
- any required additional capital and liquidity to support business growth that may not be available on acceptable terms, if at all;
- our obligation to indemnify third party purchasers or repurchase loans if loans that we originate, acquire, service or assist in the fulfillment of, fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances;
- our obligation to indemnify PMT and certain investment funds if our services fail to meet certain criteria or characteristics or under other circumstances;
- decreases in the historical returns on the assets that we select and manage for our clients, and our resulting management and incentive fees;
- the extensive amount of regulation applicable to our investment management segment;
- conflicts of interest in allocating our services and investment opportunities among ourselves and certain advised entities;
- the effect of public opinion on our reputation;
- \cdot our recent growth;
- \cdot our ability to effectively identify, manage, monitor and mitigate financial risks;
- · our initiation of new business activities or expansion of existing business activities;
 - our ability to detect misconduct and
 - fraud; and
- $\cdot \,$ our ability to mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents.

Other factors that could also cause results to differ from our expectations may not be described in this Report or any other document. Each of these factors could by itself, or together with one or more other factors, adversely affect our business, results of operations and/or financial condition.

Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect the impact of circumstances or events that arise after the date the forward-looking statement was made.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
	(in thousands, e	except share data)
ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 82,032	\$ 76,256
Short-term investments at fair value	30,275	21,687
Mortgage loans held for sale at fair value (includes \$1,132,568 and \$976,772		
pledged to secure mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase; and		
\$196,716 and \$148,133 pledged to secure mortgage loan participation and	1 2 5 2 0 4 4	1 1 4 7 00 4
sale agreement)	1,353,944	1,147,884
Derivative assets	61,064	38,457
Servicing advances, net (includes \$20,197 and \$18,686 valuation allowance)	242,397	228,630
Carried Interest due from Investment Funds	68,531	67,298
Investment in PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust at fair value	1,597	1,582
Mortgage servicing rights (includes \$361,413 and \$325,383 mortgage		
servicing rights at fair value; \$413,582 and \$392,254 pledged to secure note		
payable; and \$222,309 and \$191,166 subject to excess servicing spread	700 411	720.020
financing)	790,411	730,828
Furniture, fixtures, equipment and building improvements, net	11,118	11,339
Capitalized software, net	559	567
Receivable from Investment Funds	2,488	2,291
Receivable from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	18,719	23,871
Deferred tax asset	42,141	46,038
Loans eligible for repurchase	112,201	72,539
Other Tatal assets	40,524 \$ 2,858,001	37,858
Total assets	\$ 2,858,001	\$ 2,507,125
LIABILITIES Martagan loops and up der agreements to repurchase	¢ 002 197	¢ 000 601
Mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 992,187 100,762	\$ 822,621
Mortgage loan participation and sale agreement	190,762	143,638
Note payable	134,665	146,855
Excess servicing spread financing at fair value payable to PennyMac	222,309	101 166
Mortgage Investment Trust Derivative liabilities		191,166
	10,903	6,513 62 715
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	86,945 6,529	62,715 6,306
Mortgage servicing liabilities at fair value		35,908
Payable to Investment Funds	32,011	55,908

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Payable to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust Payable to exchanged Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC	130,870	123,315
unitholders under tax receivable agreement	71,094	75,024
Liability for loans eligible for repurchase	112,201	72,539
Liability for losses under representations and warranties	14,689	13,259
Total liabilities	2,005,165	1,699,859
Commitments and contingencies		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Class A common stock—authorized 200,000,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value;		
issued and outstanding, 21,657,017 and 21,577,686 shares, respectively	2	2
Class B common stock—authorized 1,000 shares of \$0.0001 par value; issued		
and outstanding, 54 shares		_
Additional paid-in capital	164,656	162,720
Retained earnings	60,270	51,242
Total stockholders' equity attributable to PennyMac Financial Services, Inc.		
common stockholders	224,928	213,964
Noncontrolling interest in Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company,		
LLC	627,908	593,302
Total stockholders' equity	852,836	807,266
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 2,858,001	\$ 2,507,125

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Quarter ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands, except per share data)14	
Revenues		· 1		,
Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value:				
From non-affiliates	\$	76,667	\$	36,436
Recapture payable to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		(1,289)	·	(1,898)
		75,378		34,538
Loan origination fees		16,682		6,880
Fulfillment fees from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		12,866		8,902
Net loan servicing fees:		,		-,
Loan servicing fees				
From non-affiliates		50,101		36,100
From PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		10,670		14,591
From Investment Funds		968		1,477
Ancillary and other fees		11,185		5,151
Themaly and other rees		72,924		57,319
Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage servicing rights:		72,724		57,519
Related to servicing for non-affiliates		(53,684)		(18,347)
Change in fair value of excess servicing spread payable to PennyMac				
Mortgage Investment Trust		7,536		4,792
		(46,148)		(13,555)
Net loan servicing fees		26,776		43,764
Management fees:				,
From PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		7,003		8,074
From Investment Funds		1,486		2,035
		8,489		10,109
Carried Interest from Investment Funds		1,233		2,157
Net interest expense:		,		,
Interest income		8,933		4,110
Interest expense:		-)		, -
To non-affiliates		8,077		3,524
To PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust		3,752		2,862
		11,829		6,386
Net interest expense		(2,896)		(2,276)
Change in fair value of investment in and dividends received from PennyMac		(2,0)0)		(2,270)
Mortgage Investment Trust		107		115
Other		1,679		1,303
Total net revenue		140,314		1,505
Expenses		170,017		103,472
Compensation		58,144		42,886
Compensation		50,144		42,000

Servicing	9,735		3,090
Technology	4,938		2,823
Professional services	2,833		2,199
Loan origination	4,351		1,417
Other	7,075		4,016
Total expenses	87,076		56,431
Income before provision for income taxes	53,238		49,061
Provision for income taxes	6,114		5,523
Net income	47,124		43,538
Less: Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	38,096		35,566
Net income attributable to PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. common			
stockholders	\$ 9,028	\$	7,972
Earnings per share			
Basic	\$ 0.42	\$	0.38
Diluted	\$ 0.42	\$	0.38
Weighted average common shares outstanding		'	
Basic	21,593		20,866
Diluted	76,050		75,952
	,		,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

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PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. Stockholders Nonc intere Additional Natio Number of Shares Common stock paid-in Retained Acce Class A Class B Class A Class B capital earnings Com (in thousands) 20,813 \$ 2 \$ ----\$ 153,000 \$ 14,400 \$ 46 7,972 35 ____ 555 1,7 (6)66 563 (56 (6) \$ 2 \$ 154,112 \$ 49 20,879 \$ _____ \$ 22,372 21,578 162,720 51,242 59 2 9,028 38 31 2,8 1,124 (5, ____ 4 74 792 44 (79 (54)

21,657	_	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 164,656	\$ 60,270	\$ 62'
,				, ,	, ,	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Quarter ended March 3 2015 (in thousands)	1, 2014
Cash flow from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 47,124	\$ 43,538
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in		
operating activities:		
Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value	(75,378)	(34,538)
Accrual of servicing rebate to Investment Funds	104	152
Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage		
servicing rights	46,148	13,555
Carried Interest from Investment Funds	(1,233)	(2,157)
Accrual of interest on excess servicing spread financing	3,752	2,862
Amortization of debt issuance costs and commitment fees		
relating to financing facilities	1,708	1,213
Change in fair value of investment in common shares of		
PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	(15)	(71)
Stock and unit-based compensation expense	3,948	2,473
Provision for servicing advance losses	1,510	
Depreciation and amortization	394	286
Purchase of mortgage loans held for sale from PennyMac		
Mortgage Investment Trust	(4,989,838)	(3,130,530)
Originations of mortgage loans held for sale, net	(904,213)	(317,915)
Purchase of mortgage loans from Ginnie Mae securities for		
modification and subsequent sale	(84,488)	(26,827)
Capitalization of interest on mortgage loans held for sale at fair		
value	(1,154)	
Sale and principal payments of mortgage loans held for sale	5,763,272	3,292,398
Sale of mortgage loans held for sale to PennyMac Mortgage		
Investment Trust	8,405	
Repurchase of loans subject to representations and warranties	(1,294)	(1,970)
Increase in servicing advances	(15,277)	(17,067)
Increase in receivable from Investment Funds	(301)	(299)
Decrease (increase) in receivable from PennyMac Mortgage		
Investment Trust	5,878	(1,493)
Decrease in deferred tax asset	4,212	5,520
Decrease in payable to exchanged Private National Mortgage	,	,
Acceptance Company, LLC unitholders under tax receivable		
agreement	(4,299)	
Increase in other assets	(5,315)	(6,664)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	24,307	3,263
(Decrease) increase in payable to Investment Funds	(3,897)	169
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u></u>	

Increase in payable to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	7,446	3,747
Net cash used in operating activities	(168,494)	(170,355)
Cash flow from investing activities		
(Increase) decrease in short-term investments	(8,588)	101,625
Purchase of mortgage servicing rights	(63,137)	(25,866)
Settlements of derivative financial instruments used for hedging	15,404	<u> </u>
Purchase of furniture, fixtures, equipment and building		
improvements	(660)	(2,084)
Acquisition of capitalized software	(77)	(35)
Increase in margin deposits and restricted cash	(1,328)	(2,462)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(58,386)	71,178
Cash flow from financing activities		
Sale of loans under agreements to repurchase	5,431,114	3,161,215
Repurchase of loans sold under agreements to repurchase	(5,261,548)	(3,065,070)
Issuance of mortgage loan participation certificates	3,387,582	_
Repayment of mortgage loan participation certificates	(3,340,458)	
Repayment of note payable	(12,190)	(3,335)
Issuance of excess servicing spread financing	46,412	20,526
Repayment of excess servicing spread financing	(12,731)	(7,413)
Distributions to Private National Mortgage Acceptance		
Company, LLC partners	(5,522)	(6)
Decrease in leases payable	(3)	(3)
Net cash provided by financing activities	232,656	105,914
Net increase in cash	5,776	6,737
Cash at beginning of period	76,256	30,639
Cash at end of period	\$ 82,032	\$ 37,376

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

PENNYMAC FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

Note 1-Organization and Basis of Presentation

PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. ("PFSI" or the "Company") was formed as a Delaware corporation on December 31, 2012. Pursuant to a reorganization, the Company became a holding corporation and its primary asset is an equity interest in Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC ("PennyMac"). The Company is the managing member of PennyMac and operates and controls all of the businesses and affairs of PennyMac subject to the consent rights of other members under certain circumstances, and consolidates the financial results of PennyMac and its subsidiaries.

PennyMac is a Delaware limited liability company which, through its subsidiaries, engages in mortgage banking and investment management activities. PennyMac's mortgage banking activities consist of residential mortgage loan production (including correspondent production and consumer direct lending) and mortgage loan servicing. PennyMac's investment management activities and a portion of its loan servicing activities are conducted on behalf of investment vehicles that invest in residential mortgage loans and related assets. PennyMac's primary wholly owned subsidiaries are:

 PNMAC Capital Management, LLC ("PCM")—a Delaware limited liability company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended.
 PCM enters into investment management agreements with entities that invest in residential mortgage loans and related assets.

Presently, PCM has management agreements with PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust ("PMT"), a publicly held real estate investment trust, PNMAC Mortgage Opportunity Fund, LLC and PNMAC Mortgage Opportunity Fund, L.P., (the "Master Fund"), both registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, an affiliate of these funds, and PNMAC Mortgage Opportunity Fund Investors, LLC (collectively, "Investment Funds"). Together, the Investment Funds and PMT are referred to as the "Advised Entities."

- PennyMac Loan Services, LLC ("PLS")—a Delaware limited liability company that services portfolios of residential mortgage loans on behalf of non-affiliates or the Advised Entities, originates new prime credit quality residential mortgage loans, and engages in other mortgage banking activities for its own account and the account of PMT.
 PLS is approved as a seller/servicer of mortgage loans by the Federal National Mortgage Association ("Fannie Mae") and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation ("Freddie Mac") and as an issuer of securities guaranteed by the Government National Mortgage Association ("Ginnie Mae"). PLS is a licensed Federal Housing Administration ("FHA") Nonsupervised Title II Lender with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") and a lender/servicer with the Veterans Administration ("VA") and U.S. Department of Agriculture ("USDA"). We refer to each of Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, Ginnie Mae, FHA, VA and USDA as an "Agency" and collectively the "Agencies".
- PNMAC Opportunity Fund Associates, LLC ("PMOFA")—a Delaware limited liability company and the general partner of the Master Fund. PMOFA is entitled to incentive fees representing allocations of profits ("Carried Interest") from the Master Fund.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") in the United States as codified in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") for interim financial information and with the SEC's instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, these financial statements and notes do not include all of the information required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The interim consolidated information should be read together with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2014.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, income, and cash flows for the interim periods, but are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations to be anticipated for the full year ending December 31, 2015. Intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated.

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Preparation of financial statements in compliance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results will likely differ from those estimates.

Note 2-Concentration of Risk

A substantial portion of the Company's activities relate to the Advised Entities. Fees charged to these entities (generally comprised of management fees, loan servicing fees, Carried Interest and fulfillment fees) totaled 26% and 35% of total net revenues for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 3—Transactions with Affiliates

Transactions with PMT

Following is a summary of mortgage lending and sourcing activity between the Company and PMT:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Fulfillment fee revenue	\$ 12,866	\$ 8,902
Unpaid principal balance of loans fulfilled for PennyMac Mortgage Investment		
Trust	\$ 2,890,132	\$ 1,919,578
Sourcing fees paid	\$ 1,421	\$ 892
Unpaid principal balance of loans purchased from PennyMac Mortgage Investment		
Trust	\$ 4,735,374	\$ 2,974,077
Sale of mortgage loans held for sale to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ 8,405	\$ —
Mortgage servicing rights recapture recognized	\$ —	\$8

Following is a summary of mortgage loan servicing fees earned from PMT:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015 2014	
	(in thousan	
Loan servicing fees relating to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust:	× ·	,
Mortgage loans acquired for sale at fair value:		
Base and supplemental	\$ 26	\$ 17
Activity-based	31	26
	57	43
Mortgage loans at fair value:		
Base and supplemental	4,032	4,966
Activity-based	2,894	6,386
	6,926	11,352
Mortgage servicing rights:		
Base and supplemental	3,656	3,148
Activity-based	31	48
	3,687	3,196
	\$ 10,670	\$ 14,591

Following is a summary of the management fees earned from PMT:

	Quarter ended		
	March 31,		
	2015 2014		
	(in thousands)		
Management fees:			
Base	\$ 5,730	\$ 5,521	
Performance incentive	1,273	2,553	
	\$ 7,003	\$ 8,074	

In the event of termination by PMT, the Company may be entitled to a termination fee in certain circumstances. The termination fee is equal to three times the sum of (a) the average annual base management fee, and (b) the average annual performance incentive fee earned by the Company, in each case during the 24-month period before termination.

Following is a summary of financing activity between the Company and PMT:

	Quarter ended		
	March 31,		
	2015	2014	
	(in thousand	s)	
Issuance of excess servicing spread	\$ 46,412	\$ 20,526	
Repayment of excess servicing spread	\$ (12,731)	\$ (7,413)	
Change in fair value of excess servicing spread	\$ (7,536)	\$ (4,792)	
Interest expense from excess servicing spread	\$ 3,752	\$ 2,862	
Excess servicing spread recapture recognized	\$ 1,289	\$ 1,890	

Other Transactions

In connection with the initial public offering ("IPO") of PMT's common shares on August 4, 2009, the Company entered into an agreement with PMT pursuant to which PMT agreed to reimburse PennyMac for the \$2.9 million payment that it made to the underwriters in such offering (the "Conditional Reimbursement") if PMT satisfied certain performance measures over a specified period of time. Effective February 1, 2013, the parties amended the terms of the reimbursement agreement to provide for the reimbursement to the Company of the Conditional Reimbursement if

PMT is required to pay the Company performance incentive fees under the management agreement at a rate of \$10 in reimbursement for every \$100 of performance incentive fees earned. The reimbursement of the Conditional Reimbursement is subject to a maximum reimbursement in any particular 12 month period of \$1.0 million and the maximum amount that may be reimbursed under the agreement is \$2.9 million. The Company received payments from PMT totaling \$157,000 and \$36,000 during the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

In the event the termination fee is payable to the Company under the management agreement and the Company has not received the full amount of the reimbursements and payments under the reimbursement agreement, such amount will be paid in full. The term of the reimbursement agreement expires on February 1, 2019.

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PMT reimburses the Company for other expenses, including common overhead expenses incurred on its behalf by the Company, in accordance with the terms of its management agreement. Such amounts are summarized below:

	Quarter ender 2015 (in thousands	2014
Reimbursement of:		
Common overhead incurred by the Company	\$ 2,729	\$ 2,578
Expenses incurred on PMT's behalf	379	445
-	\$ 3,108	\$ 3,023
Payments and settlements during the period (1)	\$ 22,752	\$ 18,386

(1) Payments and settlements include payments for management fees and correspondent production activities

itemized in the preceding tables and netting settlements made pursuant to master netting agreements between

the Company and PMT.

Amounts due from PMT are summarized below:

	March 31, December		ecember 31,	
	2015 2014		14	
	(in thousands)			
Management fees	\$ 7,003	\$	8,426	
Allocated expenses	6,434		6,581	
Servicing fees	3,432		3,385	
Underwriting fees	980		1,137	
Fulfillment fees	870		506	
Unsettled excess servicing spread issuance			3,836	
	\$ 18,719	\$	23,871	

The Company holds an investment in PMT in the form of 75,000 common shares of beneficial interest as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014. The common shares of beneficial interest had fair values of \$1.6 million as of both March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014.

Of the \$130.9 million payable to PMT as of March 31, 2015, \$125.1 million represents deposits made by PMT to fund servicing advances made by the Company, \$5.3 million represents other expenses, including unsettled excess servicing spread ("ESS") financing activity, and \$503,000 represents MSR recapture payable to PMT.

Of the \$123.3 million payable to PMT as of December 31, 2014, \$116.7 million represents deposits made by PMT to fund servicing advances made by the Company, \$6.2 million represents other expenses, including unsettled ESS financing activity, and \$460,000 represents MSR recapture payable to PMT.

Investment Funds

Amounts due from the Investment Funds are summarized below:

	March 31,	De	ecember 31,
	2015 2014		14
	(in thousand	ds)	
Carried Interest due from Investment Funds:			
PNMAC Mortgage Opportunity Fund, LLC	\$ 41,643	\$	40,771
PNMAC Mortgage Opportunity Fund Investors, LLC	26,888		26,527
	\$ 68,531	\$	67,298
Receivable from Investment Funds:			
Management fees	\$ 1,488	\$	1,596
Loan servicing fees	459		476
Expense reimbursements	345		30
Loan servicing rebate	196		189
	\$ 2,488	\$	2,291

Amounts due to the Investment Funds totaling \$32.0 million and \$35.9 million represent amounts advanced by the Investment Funds to fund servicing advances made by the Company as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014, respectively.

Exchanged Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC Unitholders

The Company entered into a tax receivable agreement with PennyMac's existing unitholders on the date of the IPO that will provide for the payment by PFSI to PennyMac's exchanged unitholders an amount equal to 85% of the amount of the benefits, if any, that PFSI is deemed to realize as a result of (i) increases in tax basis resulting from such unitholders' exchanges and (ii) certain other tax benefits related to entering into the tax receivable agreement, including tax benefits attributable to payments under the tax receivable agreement. Based on the PennyMac unitholder exchanges to date, the Company has recorded a \$71.1 million Payable to exchanged Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC unitholders under tax receivable agreement as of March 31, 2015. During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, the Company made payments under the agreement totaling \$4.3 million.

Note 4-Earnings Per Share of Common Stock

Basic earnings per share of common stock is determined using net income attributable to the Company's common stockholders divided by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share of common stock is determined by dividing net income attributable to the Company's common stockholders by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding, assuming all potentially dilutive shares of common stock were issued.

The Company applies the treasury stock method to determine the dilutive weighted average shares of common stock represented by the unvested stock-based compensation awards and the exchangeable PennyMac Class A units. The diluted earnings per share calculation assumes the exchange of these PennyMac Class A units for shares of common stock. Accordingly, earnings attributable to the Company's common stockholders is also adjusted to include the earnings allocated to the PennyMac Class A units after taking into account the income taxes applicable to the shares of common stock assumed to be exchanged.

The following table summarizes the basic and diluted earnings per share calculations:

	20	Quarter ended March 31, 2015 2014 (in thousands, except per share day		
Basic earnings per share of common stock:	×.	, 1	. 1	,
Net income attributable to PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. common				
stockholders	\$	9,028	\$	7,972
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		21,593		20,866
Basic earnings per share of common stock	\$	0.42	\$	0.38
Diluted earnings per share of common stock:	<i>•</i>	0.000	.	
Net income	\$	9,028	\$	7,972
Effect of net income attributable to noncontrolling interest, net of income				
taxes		22,762		21,010
Diluted net income attributable to common stockholders	\$	31,790	\$	28,982
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		21,593		20,866
Dilutive shares:				
PennyMac Class A units exchangeable to common stock		53,562		55,051
Non-vested PennyMac Class A units issuable under unit-based stock				
compensation plan and exchangeable to common stock		779		
Shares issuable under stock-based compensation plans		116		35
Diluted weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		76,050		75,952
Diluted earnings per share of common stock	\$	0.42	\$	0.38

Note 5-Loan Sales and Servicing Activities

The Company originates or purchases and sells mortgage loans in the secondary mortgage market without recourse for credit losses. However, the Company maintains continuing involvement with the mortgage loans in the form of servicing arrangements and the liability under representations and warranties it makes to purchasers and insurers of the mortgage loans.

The following table summarizes cash flows between the Company and transferees as a result of the sale of mortgage loans in transactions where the Company maintains continuing involvement with the mortgage loans as well as aggregate unpaid principal balance information at period end with respect to all such mortgage loans previously sold:

	Quarter ended March 31,		
	2015	2014	
	(in thousands)		
Cash flows:			
Sales proceeds	\$ 5,765,845	\$ 3,298,915	
Servicing fees received	\$ 58,969	\$ 22,184	
Net servicing advances	\$ 1,902	\$ (608)	
Period end information:			
Unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans outstanding at end of period	\$ 39,624,553	\$ 26,289,208	
Delinquencies:			
30-89 days	\$ 756,211	\$ 362,131	
90 days or more or in foreclosure or bankruptcy	\$ 871,250	\$ 176,608	

The Company's mortgage servicing portfolio in unpaid principal balance ("UPB") is summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2015		
	Servicing rights owned (in thousands)		Total loans serviced
Investor:			
Non-affiliated entities	\$ 72,407,441	\$ —	\$ 72,407,441
Affiliated entities	—	41,542,426	41,542,426
Mortgage loans held for sale	1,288,744	_	1,288,744
	\$ 73,696,185	\$ 41,542,426	\$ 115,238,611
Amount subserviced for the Company (1)	\$ 4,771,144	\$ 29,786	\$ 4,800,930
Delinquent mortgage loans:			
30 days	\$ 1,272,111	\$ 296,631	\$ 1,568,742
60 days	391,777	134,358	526,135
90 days or more			
Not in foreclosure	806,491	970,183	1,776,674
In foreclosure	519,756	1,655,088	2,174,844
Foreclosed	30,294	547,863	578,157
	\$ 3,020,429	\$ 3,604,123	\$ 6,624,552
Custodial funds managed by the Company (2)	\$ 2,179,665	\$ 587,846	\$ 2,767,511

(1) Certain of the mortgage loans serviced by the Company are subserviced on the Company's behalf by other mortgage loan servicers. Mortgage loans are subserviced for the Company on a transitional basis for loans where the Company has obtained the rights to service the loans but servicing of the loans has not yet transferred to the Company's servicing system.

(2) Borrower and investor custodial cash accounts relate to mortgage loans serviced under the servicing agreements and are not recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company earns interest on custodial funds it manages on behalf of the mortgage loans investors, which is recorded as part of the interest income in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

	December 31, 2014		
		Contract	
	Servicing	servicing and	Total
	rights owned	subservicing	loans serviced
	(in thousands)		
Investor:			
Non-affiliated entities	\$ 65,169,194	\$ —	\$ 65,169,194

Affiliated entities	_	39,709,945	39,709,945
Mortgage loans held for sale	1,100,910		1,100,910
	\$ 66,270,104	\$ 39,709,945	\$ 105,980,049
Amount subserviced for the Company	\$ —	\$ 330,768	\$ 330,768
Delinquent mortgage loans:			
30 days	\$ 1,372,915	\$ 302,091	\$ 1,675,006
60 days	434,428	135,777	570,205
90 days or more			
Not in foreclosure	779,129	1,057,973	1,837,102
In foreclosure	422,330	1,544,762	1,967,092
Foreclosed	32,444	533,067	565,511
	\$ 3,041,246	3,573,670	\$ 6,614,916
Custodial funds managed by the Company (1)	\$ 1,522,295	\$ 388,498	\$ 1,910,793

(1) Borrower and investor custodial cash accounts relate to mortgage loans serviced under the servicing agreements and are not recorded on the Company's consolidated balance sheets. The Company earns interest on custodial funds it manages on behalf of the mortgage loans investors, which is recorded as part of the interest income in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

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Following is a summary of the geographical distribution of loans included in the Company's servicing portfolio for the top five and all other states as measured by UPB:

	March 31,	December 31,
State	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
California	\$ 34,192,278	\$ 33,751,630
Texas	7,880,148	6,954,778
Virginia	6,795,903	6,360,171
Florida	6,315,648	5,573,215
Washington	*	3,830,587
Maryland	4,193,669	*
All other states	55,860,965	49,509,668
	\$ 115,238,611	\$ 105,980,049

* State did not represent a top five state as of the respective date.

Note 6-Netting of Financial Instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage exposure to interest rate risk for the interest rate lock commitments ("IRLCs") it makes to purchase or originate mortgage loans at specified interest rates, its inventory of mortgage loans held for sale and MSRs. The Company has elected to present net derivative asset and liability positions, and cash collateral obtained from (or posted to) its counterparties when subject to a master netting arrangement that is legally enforceable on all counterparties in the event of default. The derivatives that are not subject to a master netting arrangement are IRLCs.

Following are summaries of derivative assets and related netting amounts.

Offsetting of Derivative Assets

	М	arch 31, 2015					De	ecember 31, 2	014	
	an rec ass	ross nount of cognized sets 1 thousands)	off in	ross amount fset the lance sheet	of in	et amount assets the lance sheet	an rec	oss nount of cognized sets	of in	ross an fset the llance s
g arrangements:										ł
	\$	33,048	\$	—	\$	33,048	\$	9,060	\$	
		909		—		909		320		
		449				449		476		
				—						
purchase contracts		894		_		894		862		
purchase contracts		4,011		—		4,011		2,193		
-				(33,595)		(33,595)				(7,80
		39,311		(33,595)		5,716		12,911		(7,80
etting arrangements - IRLCs		55,348				55,348		33,353		
	\$	94,659	\$	(33,595)	\$	61,064	\$	46,264	\$	(7,80

Derivative Assets, Financial Assets, and Collateral Held by Counterparty

The following table summarizes by significant counterparty the amount of derivative asset positions after considering master netting arrangements and financial instruments or cash pledged that do not meet the accounting guidance qualifying for netting.

	March 31, 2	015			December 3	31, 2014		
		Gross an	nount not		Gross amount not			
		offset in				offset in		
		consolid	ated			consolid	ated	
		balance s	sheet			balance	sheet	
	Net amount				Net amount			
	of assets		Cash		of assets		Cash	
	in the	Financia	l collateral	Net	in the	Financia	l collateral	Net
	balance shee	etinstrume	nteceived	amount	balance she	etinstrume	entesceived	amount
	(in thousand	ls)						
Interest rate lock								
commitments	\$ 55,348	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 55,348	\$ 33,353	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 33,353
RJ O'Brien	4,023			4,023	2,005			2,005
Jefferies & Co.	937			937	764			764
Cantor Fitzgerald, LP	332			332				
Bank of New York								
Mellon	221	—		221		—	—	—
Goldman Sachs		—			600	—	—	600
JP Morgan		—	—		526			526
Wells Fargo		—	—		379			379
Nomura		—	—		322	—		322
Others	203	—	—	203	508			508
	\$ 61,064	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 61,064	\$ 38,457	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 38,457

Offsetting of Derivative Liabilities and Financial Liabilities

Following is a summary of net derivative liabilities and assets sold under agreements to repurchase and related netting amounts. As discussed above, all derivatives with the exception of IRLCs are subject to master netting arrangements. The mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase do not qualify for netting.

	Gross amount of recognized liabilities (in thousands)	Gross amount offset in the consolidated balance sheet	amount of liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet	Gross amount of recognized liabilities	Gross amount offset in the consolidated balance sheet	amount of liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet
Derivatives subject to a master netting arrangement: Forward purchase						
contracts Forward sale	\$ 909	\$ —	\$ 909	\$ 141	\$ —	\$ 141
contracts Put options on interest rate futures	46,711	_	46,711	16,110	_	16,110
sale contracts	141	—	141	8	_	8
Netting		(37,814)	(37,814)		(10,698)	(10,698)
Derivatives not subject to a master netting arrangement -	47,761	(37,814)	9,947	16,259	(10,698)	5,561
IRLCs Total	956	—	956	952		952
derivatives Mortgage loans sold under agreements to	48,717	(37,814)	10,903	17,211	(10,698)	6,513
repurchase	992,187	—	992,187	822,621	_	822,621
	\$ 1,040,904	\$ (37,814)	\$ 1,003,090	\$ 839,832	\$ (10,698)	\$ 829,134
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Derivative Liabilities, Financial Liabilities, and Collateral Held by Counterparty

The following table summarizes by significant counterparty the amount of derivative liabilities and mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase after considering master netting arrangements and financial instruments or cash pledged that does not qualify under the accounting guidance for netting. All assets sold under agreements to repurchase are secured by sufficient collateral or have fair value that exceeds the liability amount recorded on the consolidated balance sheets.

	March 31, 2015	Gross amount not offset in th consolidated balance sheet	e		December 31,	2014 Gross amount not offset in th consolidated balance sheet	le	
	Net amount of liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet (in thousands)	Financial instruments	Cash collater? pledged		Net amount of liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet		Cash collateri pledged	
Interest rate lock								
commitments Credit Suisse First Boston	\$ 956	\$ —	\$ — \$	6 956	\$ 952	\$ —	\$ — \$	\$ 952
Mortgage Capital LLC Bank of	501,400	(498,333)	_	3,067	464,737	(463,541)	_	1,196
America, N.A. Morgan	272,970	(271,868)	_	1,102	236,909	(236,771)	_	138
Stanley Bank, N.A. Citibank,	122,263	(121,986)	_	277	122,148	(122,031)		117
N.A.	101,126	(100,000)	—	1,126	699	(278)	—	421
Nomura	1,110			1,110		—		
JP Morgan	704			704		—	—	—
Daiwa Capital Markets Bank of	598	—		598	291	—		291
Oklahoma	481			481	486			486
Bank of New York Mellon	_	_	_	_	1,552	_		1,552

Others	1,482		— 1,482	1,360		— 1,360
	\$ 1,003,090	\$ (992,187)	\$ \$ 10,903	\$ 829,134	\$ (822,621)	\$ \$ 6,513

Note 7—Fair Value

The Company's consolidated financial statements include assets and liabilities that are measured based on their fair values. The application of fair value may be on a recurring or nonrecurring basis depending on the accounting principles applicable to the specific asset or liability and whether management has elected to carry the item at its fair value as discussed in the following paragraphs.

Fair Value Accounting Elections

Management identified all of its non-cash financial assets and its originated MSRs relating to loans with initial interest rates of more than 4.5% and MSRs purchased subject to ESS to be accounted for at fair value so changes in fair value will be reflected in income as they occur and more timely reflect the results of the Company's performance. Management has also identified its ESS financing to be accounted for at fair value as a means of hedging the related MSR's fair value risk.

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For originated MSRs relating to mortgage loans with initial interest rates of less than or equal to 4.5%, management has concluded that such assets present different risks to the Company than originated MSRs relating to mortgage loans with initial interest rates of more than 4.5% and therefore require a different risk management approach. Management's risk management efforts relating to these assets are aimed at mainly moderating the effects of non-interest rate risks on fair value, such as the effect of changes in home prices on the assets' fair values. Management has identified these assets for accounting using the amortization method.

Management's risk management efforts in connection with MSRs relating to mortgage loans with initial interest rates of more than 4.5% are aimed at mainly moderating the effects of changes in interest rates on the assets' fair values. During the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, derivatives were used to hedge the fair value changes of the MSRs.

Financial Statement Items Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Following is a summary of financial statement items that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	March 31, 2 Level 1 (in thousan	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Short-term investments	\$ 30,275	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 30,275
Mortgage loans held for sale at fair value		1,270,260	83,684	1,353,944
Derivative assets:				
Interest rate lock commitments			55,348	55,348
Forward purchase contracts		33,048	_	33,048
Forward sales contracts		909		909
MBS put options		449		449
Put options on interest rate futures purchase contracts	894			894
Call options on interest rate futures purchase contracts	4,011			4,011
Total derivative assets before netting	4,905	34,406	55,348	94,659
Netting (1)				(33,595)
Total derivative assets	4,905	34,406	55,348	61,064
Investment in PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	1,597			1,597
Mortgage servicing rights at fair value			361,413	361,413
	\$ 36,777	\$ 1,304,666	\$ 500,445	\$ 1,808,293
Liabilities:				
Excess servicing spread financing at fair value payable				
to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 222,309	\$ 222,309
Derivative liabilities:			. , -	- /
Interest rate lock commitments	—		956	956

Forward purchase contracts	_	909	_	909
Forward sales contracts		46,711		46,711
Put options on interest rate futures sale contracts	141			141
Total derivative liabilities before netting	141	47,620	956	48,717
Netting (1)		_		(37,814)
Total derivative liabilities	141	47,620	956	10,903
Mortgage servicing liabilities		—	6,529	6,529
	\$ 141	\$ 47,620	\$ 229,794	\$ 239,741

(1) Derivatives are reported net of cash collateral received and paid and, to the extent that the criteria of the accounting guidance covering the offsetting of amounts related to certain contracts are met, positions with the same counterparty are netted as part of a legally enforceable master netting agreement.

	December 1 Level 1 (in thousan	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Short-term investments	\$ 21,687	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 21,687
Mortgage loans held for sale at fair value		937,976	209,908	1,147,884
Derivative assets:				
Interest rate lock commitments		—	33,353	33,353
Forward purchase contracts		9,060		9,060
Forward sales contracts		320		320
MBS put options		476		476
Put options on interest rate futures purchase contracts	862			862
Call options on interest rate futures purchase contracts	2,193			2,193
Total derivative assets before netting	3,055	9,856	33,353	46,264
Netting (1)				(7,807)
Total derivative assets	3,055	9,856	33,353	38,457
Investment in PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	1,582			1,582
Mortgage servicing rights at fair value			325,383	325,383
	\$ 26,324	\$ 947,832	\$ 568,644	\$ 1,534,993
Liabilities:				
Excess servicing spread financing at fair value payable				
to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 191,166	\$ 191,166
Derivative liabilities:				
Interest rate lock commitments			952	952
Forward purchase contracts		141		141
Forward sales contracts		16,110	—	16,110
Put options on interest rate futures sale contracts	8		—	8
Total derivative liabilities before netting	8	16,251	952	17,211
Netting (1)			—	(10,698)
Total derivative liabilities	8	16,251	952	6,513
Mortgage servicing liabilities			6,306	6,306
	\$8	\$ 16,251	\$ 198,424	\$ 203,985

(1) Derivatives are reported net of cash collateral received and paid and, to the extent that the criteria of the accounting guidance covering the offsetting of amounts related to certain contracts are met, positions with the same counterparty are netted as part of a legally enforceable master netting agreement.

As shown above, certain of the Company's mortgage loans held for sale, IRLCs, MSRs at fair value, and ESS financing at fair value are measured using Level 3 inputs. Following are roll forwards of these items for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

Accestor	Quarter ended Mortgage loans held for sale (in thousands)	No rat co	rch 31, 2015 et interest te lock ommitments (1)	Mortgage servicing rights	Total
Assets: Balance, December 31, 2014	\$ 209,908	\$	32,401	\$ 325,383	\$ 567,692
Purchases	\$ 209,908 65,613	φ	52,401	\$ 323,383 63,137	\$ 307,092 128,750
Sales	(125,268)		—	05,157	(125,268)
Repayments	(8,392)				(8,392)
Interest rate lock commitments issued, net	(0,572)		82,780		82,780
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from			02,700		02,700
mortgage loan sales				2,675	2,675
Changes in fair value included in income arising				_,	_,
from:					
Changes in instrument-specific credit risk	(33)				(33)
Other factors	778		(47)	(29,782)	(29,051)
	745		(47)	(29,782)	(29,084)
Transfers to Level 2 mortgage loans held for sale					
(2)	(58,922)				(58,922)
Transfers of interest rate lock commitments to					
mortgage loans held for sale			(60,742)		(60,742)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 83,684	\$	54,392	\$ 361,413	\$ 499,489
Changes in fair value recognized during the					
period relating to assets still held at					
March 31, 2015	\$ 640	\$	(47)	\$ (29,782)	\$ (29,189)

(1) For the purpose of this table, the interest rate lock asset and liability positions are shown net.

(2) Mortgage loans held for sale transferred from Level 3 to Level 2 as a result of the mortgage loan becoming saleable into active mortgage markets pursuant to a loan modification, borrower reperformance or resolution of deficiencies.

Quarter ender Excess	d March 31, 20)15
servicing	Mortgage	
spread	servicing	
financing	liabilities	Total
(in thousands)	
\$ 191,166	\$ 6,306	\$ 197,472

Proceeds received from issuance of excess servicing spread	46,412		46,412
Mortgage servicing liabilities resulting from mortgage loan sales		2,928	2,928
Excess servicing spread issued pursuant to a recapture agreement with			
PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	1,246		1,246
Accrual of interest on excess servicing spread	3,752		3,752
Repayments	(12,731)		(12,731)
Changes in fair value included in income	(7,536)	(2,705)	(10,241)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 222,309	\$ 6,529	\$ 228,838
Changes in fair value recognized during the period relating to liabilities			
still held at March 31, 2015	\$ (7,536)	\$ (2,705)	\$ (10,241)

	-	Ne rat co	March 31, 2014 et interest te lock ommitments (1)	Mortgage servicing rights	Total
Assets:	¢ 0.000	•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 3,933	\$	6,761	\$ 224,913	\$ 235,607
Purchases				25,866	25,866
Repayments	(14)				(14)
Interest rate lock commitments issued, net			36,438		36,438
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from mortgage					
loan sales				6,933	6,933
Changes in fair value included in income arising					
from:					
Changes in instrument-specific credit risk	_		—		
Other factors	66		5,353	(10,728)	(5,309)
	66		5,353	(10,728)	(5,309)
Transfers of interest rate lock commitments to					
mortgage loans held for sale			(34,255)		(34,255)
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$ 3,985	\$	14,297	\$ 246,984	\$ 265,266
Changes in fair value recognized during the period	. ,		,	.)	
relating to assets still held at March 31, 2014	\$ 66	\$	14,297	\$ (10,728)	\$ 3,635
101uting to ussets still here at March 31, 2014	ψυυ	Ψ	17,477	ψ (10,720)	ψ 5,055

(1) For the purpose of this table, the interest rate lock asset and liability positions are shown net.

	se sp fir	xcess ervicing pread nancing n thousands)
Liability:		
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$	138,723
Proceeds received from issuance of excess servicing spread		20,526
Excess servicing spread issued pursuant to a recapture agreement with PennyMac Mortgage		
Investment		1,113
Accrual of interest on excess servicing spread		2,862
Repayments		(7,413)
Changes in fair value included in income		(4,792)
Balance, March 31, 2014	\$	151,019
Changes in fair value recognized during the period relating to liability still held at March 31, 2014	\$	(4,792)

The information used in the preceding roll forwards represents activity for any financial statement items identified as using Level 3 significant inputs at either the beginning or the end of the periods presented. The Company had transfers in or out among the levels arising from transfers of IRLCs to mortgage loans held for sale at fair value upon purchase or funding of the respective mortgage loans and from the return to salability in the active secondary market of certain

loans held for sale. Such loans became saleable into the active secondary market due to curing of the

loans' defects through borrower reperformance, modification of the loan or resolution of deficiencies contained in the borrowers' credit file.

Net changes in fair values included in income for financial statement items carried at fair value as a result of management's election of the fair value option by income statement line item are summarized below:

	Quarter end	ed March 31,				
	2015			2014		
	Net gains or	n		Net gains or	า	
	mortgage			mortgage		
	loans held	Net loan		loans held	Net loan	
	for sale at	servicing		for sale at	servicing	
	fair value	fees	Total	fair value	fees	Total
	(in thousand	ds)				
Assets:						
Mortgage loans held for sale at						
fair value	\$ 84,531	\$ —	\$ 84,531	\$ 49,902	\$ —	\$ 49,902
Mortgage servicing rights at						
fair value		(29,782)	(29,782)		(10,728)	(10,728)
	\$ 84,531	\$ (29,782)	\$ 54,749	\$ 49,902	\$ (10,728)	\$ 39,174
Liabilities:						
Excess servicing spread						
financing at fair value payable						
to PennyMac Mortgage						
Investment Trust	\$ —	\$ 7,536	\$ 7,536	\$ —	\$ 4,792	\$ 4,792
Mortgage servicing liabilities		2,705	2,705			
	\$ —	\$ 10,241	\$ 10,241	\$ —	\$ 4,792	\$ 4,792

Following are the fair value and related principal amounts due upon maturity of assets accounted for under the fair value option:

	March 31, 2015	5	
		Principal	
		amount	
	Fair	due upon	
	value	maturity	Difference
	(in thousands)		
Mortgage loans held for sale:			
Current through 89 days delinquent	\$ 1,284,168	\$ 1,209,848	\$ 74,320
90 days or more delinquent:			

Not in foreclosure	43,214	45,670	(2,456)
In foreclosure	26,562	27,588	(1,026)
	\$ 1,353,944	\$ 1,283,106	\$ 70,838

	December 31, 2		
	value (in thousands)	due upon maturity	Difference
Mortgage loans held for sale:			
Current through 89 days delinquent	\$ 950,697	\$ 894,924	\$ 55,773
90 days or more delinquent:			
Not in foreclosure	126,171	128,533	(2,362)
In foreclosure	71,016	72,039	(1,023)
	\$ 1,147,884	\$ 1,095,496	\$ 52,388

Financial Statement Items Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

Following is a summary of financial statement items that are measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

	March 31, 2015		
	Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in thousands)		
Mortgage servicing rights at lower of amortized cost or fair value	\$ — \$ —	\$ 305,005	\$ 305,005
	\$ \$	\$ 305,005	\$ 305,005

	December 31, 2014		
	Level 1 Level 2	Level 3	Total
	(in thousands)		
Mortgage servicing rights at lower of amortized cost or fair value	\$ \$	\$ 139,505	\$ 139,505
	\$ \$	\$ 139,505	\$ 139,505

The following table summarizes the total losses on assets measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis:

	Quarter ende	ed	
	March 31,		
	2015	2014	
	(in thousands)		
Mortgage servicing rights at lower of amortized cost or fair value	\$ (31,692)	\$ (421)	
	\$ (31,692)	\$ (421)	

Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Amortized Cost

The Company's Cash as well as its Carried Interest due from Investment Funds, Mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase, Note payable, and amounts receivable from and payable to the Advised Entities are carried at amortized cost.

Cash is measured using a "Level 1" input.

Management has concluded that the carrying value of the Carried Interest due from Investment Funds approximates its fair value as the balance represents the amount distributable to the Company at the balance sheet date assuming liquidation of the Investment Funds.

The Company's Mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase, Mortgage loan participation and sale agreement and Note payable are carried at amortized cost. These borrowings do not have observable inputs and the fair value is measured using management's estimate of fair value, where the inputs into the determination of fair value require significant judgment or estimation. The Company has classified these financial instruments as "Level 3" financial statement items as of March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 due to the lack of observable inputs to estimate the fair value. Management has concluded that the fair value of these borrowings approximates their carrying values due to their short terms and variable interest rates.

The Company also carries the receivables from and payables to the Advised Entities at cost. Management has concluded that the fair value of such balances approximates their carrying values due to the short terms of such balances.

Valuation Techniques and Assumptions

Most of the Company's financial assets and its ESS liability are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in current period income. Certain of the Company's financial assets and all of its MSRs and ESS are "Level 3" financial statement items which require the use of unobservable inputs that are significant to the estimation of the items' fair values. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's own assumptions about the factors that market participants use in pricing an asset or liability, and are based on the best information available under the circumstances.

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Due to the difficulty in estimating the fair values of "Level 3" financial statement items, management has assigned the estimating of fair value of these assets to specialized staff and subjects the valuation process to significant executive management oversight. The Company's Financial Analysis and Valuation group (the "FAV group") is responsible for estimating the fair values of "Level 3" financial statement items and maintaining its valuation policies and procedures.

With respect to the Level 3 valuations, the FAV group reports to the Company's senior management valuation committee, which oversees and approves the valuations. The FAV group monitors the models used for valuation of the Company's "Level 3" financial statement items, including the models' performance versus actual results, and reports those results to the Company's senior management valuation committee. The Company's senior management valuation committee includes PFSI's chief executive, financial, operating, credit and asset/liability management officers.

The FAV group is responsible for reporting to the Company's senior management valuation committee on a monthly basis on the changes in the valuation of the portfolio, including major factors affecting the valuation and any changes in model methods and inputs. To assess the reasonableness of its valuations, the FAV group presents an analysis of the effect on the valuation of changes to the significant inputs to the models.

Following is a description of the techniques and inputs used in estimating the fair values of "Level 2" and "Level 3" fair value financial statement items:

Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

A substantial portion of the Company's mortgage loans held for sale at fair value are saleable into active markets and are therefore categorized as "Level 2" fair value financial statement items and their fair values are determined using their quoted market or contracted price or market price equivalent.

Certain of the Company's mortgage loans may become non-saleable into active markets due to identification of a defect by the Company or to the repurchase of mortgage loans with identified defects. The Company may also purchase certain delinquent government guaranteed or insured mortgage loans from Ginnie Mae guaranteed pools in its servicing portfolio. The Company's right to purchase such mortgage loans arises as the result of the borrower's failure to make payments for at least three consecutive months preceding the month of repurchase by the Company and provides an alternative to the Company's obligation to continue advancing principal and interest at the coupon rate of the related Ginnie Mae guaranteed security by becoming current either through the borrower's reperformance or through completion of a modification of the mortgage loan's terms, the Company measures such mortgage loans along with other mortgage loans with identified defects using "Level 3" inputs.

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's "Level 3" mortgage loans held for sale at fair value are discount rates, home price projections, voluntary prepayment speeds and total prepayment speeds. Significant changes in any of those inputs in isolation could result in a significant change to the mortgage loans' fair value measurement. Increases in home price projections are generally accompanied by an increase in voluntary prepayment speeds.

Following is a quantitative summary of key "Level 3" inputs used in the valuation of mortgage loans held for sale at fair value:

Key inputs	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Discount rate		
Range	2.4% - 9.7%	2.3% - 9.6%
Weighted average	2.6%	2.4%
Twelve-month projected housing price index change		
Range	3.3% - 6.1%	4.2% - 5.4%
Weighted average	3.7%	4.5%
Prepayment/resale speed (1)		
Range	0.8% - 17.1%	1.3% - 15.5%
Weighted average	15.7%	15.1%
Total prepayment speed (2)		
Range	1.0% - 39.1%	2.1% - 38.1%
Weighted average	34.7%	35.7%

(1)Voluntary prepayment/resale speed is measured using Life Voluntary Conditional Prepayment Rate ("CPR").

(2)Total prepayment speed is measured using Life Total CPR.

Changes in fair value attributable to changes in instrument specific credit risk are measured by reference to the change in the respective loan's delinquency status at period end from the later of the beginning of the period or acquisition date. Changes in fair value of mortgage loans held for sale are included in Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value in the consolidated statements of income.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company categorizes IRLCs as a "Level 3" financial statement item. The Company estimates the fair value of an IRLC based on quoted Agency mortgage-backed securities ("MBS") prices, its estimate of the fair value of the MSRs it expects to receive in the sale of the mortgage loans and the probability that the mortgage loan will fund or be purchased (the "pull-through rate").

The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of the Company's IRLCs are the pull-through rate and the MSR component of the Company's estimate of the value of the mortgage loans it has committed to purchase. Significant changes in the pull-through rate or the MSR component of the IRLCs, in isolation, could result in significant changes in fair value measurement. The financial effects of changes in these assumptions are generally inversely correlated as increasing interest rates have a positive effect on the fair value of the MSR component of IRLC

fair value, but increase the pull-through rate for loans that have decreased in fair value.

Following is a quantitative summary of key unobservable inputs used in the valuation of IRLCs:

Key inputs	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Pull-through rate		
Range	54.1% - 100.0%	55.4% - 99.9%
Weighted average	87.5%	85.5%
Mortgage servicing rights value expressed as:		
Servicing fee multiple		
Range	1.9 - 4.8	2.0 - 5.0
Weighted average	3.2	3.7
Percentage of unpaid principal balance		
Range	0.4% - 3.0%	0.4% - 3.1%
Weighted average	1.4%	1.2%

Hedging Derivatives

The remaining derivative financial instruments held or issued by the Company are categorized as "Level 1" or "Level 2" financial statement items. The Company estimates the fair value of commitments to sell or purchase loans based on observable MBS prices. The Company estimates the fair value of MBS options based on observed interest rate volatilities in the MBS market. Changes in fair value of IRLCs and related hedging derivatives are included in Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value in the consolidated statements of income.

Mortgage Servicing Rights

MSRs are categorized as "Level 3" fair value financial statement items. The Company uses a discounted cash flow approach to estimate the fair value of MSRs. This approach consists of projecting net servicing cash flows discounted at a rate that management believes market participants would use in their determinations of fair value. The key inputs used in the estimation of the fair value of MSRs include prepayment rates of the underlying loans, the applicable discount rate or pricing spread, and the per-loan annual cost to service the respective mortgage loans. Changes in the fair value of MSRs are included in Net servicing fees—Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage servicing rights in the consolidated statements of income.

Following are the key inputs used in determining the fair value of MSRs at the time of initial recognition, excluding MSR purchases:

	Quarter ended Marc 2015	ch 31,	2014	
	Fair	Amortized	Fair	Amortized
	value	cost	value	cost
	(Amount recognized	d and unpaid principal	balance of underlying	g mortgage loans in thousands)
MSR and pool				
characteristics:				
Amount recognized	\$2,675	\$67,281	\$6,933	\$30,581
Unpaid principal balance of				
underlying mortgage loans	\$241,518	\$5,137,085	\$511,467	\$2,623,599
Weighted average servicing				
fee rate (in basis points)	31	33	32	30
Inputs:				
Pricing spread (1)				
Range	7.3% - 14.4%	6.8% - 15.9%	8.5% - 13.8%	7.3% - 14.8%
Weighted average	10.7%	9.8%	11.2%	10.5%

Annual total prepayment				
speed (2)				
Range	7.8% - 62.4%	7.6% - 39.4%	7.9% - 17.2%	7.6% - 45.3%
Weighted average	11.9%	8.9%	8.5%	8.1%
Life (in years)				
Range	1.1 – 7.3	1.8 - 7.3	2.7 - 7.5	1.5 - 7.5
Weighted average	6.1	6.9	7.2	7.1
Per-loan annual cost of				
servicing				
Range	\$59 - \$82	\$59 - \$82	\$68 - \$100	\$68 - \$100
Weighted average	\$74	\$75	\$97	\$100
-				

- (1) Pricing spread represents a margin that is applied to a reference interest rate's forward rate curve to develop periodic discount rates. The Company applies a pricing spread to the United States Dollar London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") curve for purposes of discounting cash flows relating to MSRs acquired as proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans.
- (2) Prepayment speed is measured using Life Total CPR.

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Following is a quantitative summary of key inputs used in the valuation of the Company's MSRs at period end and the effect on the estimated fair value from adverse changes in those inputs (weighted averages are based upon UPB):

		Amortized cost , unpaid principal	December 31, 2 Fair value balance of underl value amounts in	Amortized cost	
MSR and pool characteristics:					
Carrying value	\$361,413	\$428,998	\$325,383	\$405,445	
Unpaid principal balance of underlying					
mortgage loans	\$35,738,618	\$36,247,371	\$30,945,000	\$33,745,613	
Weighted average note interest rate	4.15%	3.81%	4.24%	3.82%	
Weighted average servicing fee rate (in basis					
points)	30	30	31	30	
Inputs:					
Pricing spread (1) (2)					
Range	3.4% - 21.3%	6.3% - 16.4%	2.9% - 21.3%	6.3% - 15.3%	
Weighted average	9.2%	9.3%	9.2%	9.7%	
Effect on fair value of:					
5% adverse change	(\$6,167)	(\$8,680)	(\$5,550)	(\$8,710)	
10% adverse change	(\$12,120)	(\$17,037)	(\$10,908)	(\$17,083)	
20% adverse change	(\$23,429)	(\$32,848)	(\$21,084)	(\$32,890)	
Average life (in years)					
Range	0.4 - 8.2	1.3 – 7.3	0.4 - 8.2	1.6 – 7.3	
Weighted average	5.7	6.7	5.8	6.8	
Prepayment speed (1) (3)					
Range	7.6% - 66.4%	7.7% - 56.5%	7.6% - 60.5%	7.6% - 42.8%	
Weighted average	11.8%	9.4%	11.2%	8.5%	
Effect on fair value of:					
5% adverse change	(\$8,094)	(\$8,635)	(\$7,052)	(\$7,359)	
10% adverse change	(\$15,866)	(\$16,977)	(\$13,835)	(\$14,494)	
20% adverse change	(\$30,519)	(\$32,837)	(\$26,654)	(\$28,132)	
Annual per-loan cost of servicing (1)					
Range	\$60 - \$99	\$59 - \$82	\$59 - \$109	\$59 - \$81	
Weighted average	\$76	\$76	\$76	\$75	
Effect on fair value of:					
5% adverse change	(\$3,344)	(\$3,201)	(\$2,910)	(\$2,992)	
10% adverse change	(\$6,688)	(\$6,402)	(\$5,819)	(\$5,983)	
20% adverse change	(\$13,377)	(\$12,803)	(\$11,638)	(\$11,967)	

(1) The effect on value of an adverse change in one of the above-mentioned key inputs may result in recognition of MSR impairment. The extent of the recognized MSR impairment will depend on the relationship of fair value to the carrying value of such MSRs.

(2) Pricing spread represents a margin that is applied to a reference interest rate's forward curve to develop periodic discount rates. The Company applies a pricing spread to the United States Dollar LIBOR curve for purposes of

discounting cash flows relating to MSRs acquired as proceeds from the sale of mortgage loans and purchased MSRs not backed by pools of distressed mortgage loans.

(3) Prepayment speed is measured using Life Total CPR.

The preceding sensitivity analyses are limited in that they were performed at a particular point in time; only contemplate the movements in the indicated variables; do not incorporate changes to other variables; are subject to the accuracy of various models and assumptions used; and do not incorporate other factors that would affect the Company's overall financial performance in such scenarios, including operational adjustments made by management to account for changing circumstances. For these reasons, the preceding estimates should not be viewed as earnings forecasts.

Excess Servicing Spread Financing at Fair Value

The Company categorizes ESS financing as a "Level 3" financial statement item. The Company uses a discounted cash flow approach to estimate the fair value of ESS financing. The key inputs used in the estimation of ESS fair value include pricing spread and prepayment speed. Significant changes to either of those inputs in isolation could result in a significant change in the ESS fair value. Changes in these key inputs are not necessarily directly related.

ESS is generally subject to fair value increases when mortgage interest rates increase. Increasing mortgage interest rates normally slow mortgage refinancing activity. Decreased refinancing activity increases the life of the loans underlying the ESS, thereby increasing ESS' fair value, which is the liability owed to PMT. Increases in the fair value of ESS decrease income and are included in Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage servicing rights.

Interest expense for ESS is accrued using the interest method based upon the expected cash flows from the ESS through the expected life of the underlying mortgage loans. Other changes in fair value are recorded in Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage servicing rights.

Following are the key inputs used in estimating the fair value of ESS:

	March 31,	December 31,
Key inputs	2015	2014
Unpaid principal balance of underlying loans (in thousands)	\$33,621,619	\$28,227,340
Average servicing fee rate (in basis points)	30	31
Average excess servicing spread (in basis points)	16	16
Pricing spread (1)		
Range	1.7% - 12.4%	1.7% - 12.0%
Weighted average	5.5%	5.3%
Average life (in years)		
Range	0.3 - 7.3	0.4 - 7.3
Weighted average	5.7	5.8
Annualized prepayment speed (2)		
Range	7.6% - 77.3%	7.6% - 74.6%
Weighted average	11.6%	11.2%

(1)Pricing spread represents a margin that is applied to a reference interest rate's forward rate curve to develop periodic discount rates. The Company applies a pricing spread to the United States LIBOR curve for purposes of discounting cash flows relating to ESS.

(2)Prepayment speed is measured using Life Total CPR.

Note 8-Mortgage Loans Held for Sale at Fair Value

Mortgage loans held for sale at fair value include the following:

	March 31,	December 31,
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Government-insured or guaranteed	\$ 1,183,544	\$ 866,148
Conventional conforming	86,716	66,229
Jumbo	—	5,599
Delinquent mortgage loans purchased from Ginnie Mae pools serviced by the		
Company	75,569	206,331
Mortgage loans repurchased pursuant to representations and warranties	8,115	3,577
	\$ 1,353,944	\$ 1,147,884
Fair value of mortgage loans pledged to secure mortgage loans sold under		
agreements to repurchase	\$ 1,132,568	\$ 976,772
Fair value of mortgage loans pledged to secure mortgage loan participation		
and sale agreement	\$ 196,716	\$ 148,133

Note 9—Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company is exposed to fair value risk relative to its mortgage loans held for sale as well as to its IRLCs and MSRs. The Company bears fair value risk from the time an IRLC is made to PMT or a loan applicant to the time the mortgage loan is sold. The Company is exposed to loss in fair value of its IRLCs and mortgage loans held for sale when market mortgage interest rates increase. The Company is exposed to loss in fair value of its MSRs when market mortgage interest rates decrease.

The Company engages in interest rate risk management activities in an effort to reduce the variability of earnings caused by changes in market interest rates. To manage this fair value risk resulting from interest rate risk, the Company uses derivative financial instruments acquired with the intention of reducing the risk that changes in market interest rates will result in unfavorable changes in the fair value of the Company's IRLCs, inventory of mortgage loans held for sale and MSRs.

The Company does not use derivative financial instruments for purposes other than in support of its risk management activities other than IRLCs, which are generated in the normal course of business when the Company commits to purchase or originate mortgage loans held for sale. The Company records all derivative financial instruments at fair value and records changes in fair value in current period income.

The Company had the following derivative financial instruments recorded on its consolidated balance sheets:

	March 31, 20)15 Fair value		December 3	1, 2014 Fair value	
Instrument	Notional amount (in thousand	Derivative assets	Derivative liabilities	Notional amount	Derivative assets	Derivative liabilities
Derivatives not designated as						
hedging instruments						
Free-standing derivatives:						
Interest rate lock						
commitments	3,123,645	\$ 55,348	\$ 956	1,765,597	\$ 33,353	\$ 952
Forward purchase contracts	5,124,867	33,048	909	2,634,218	9,060	141
Forward sales contracts	7,464,527	909	46,711	3,901,851	320	16,110
MBS put options	450,000	449		340,000	476	_

Put options on interest rate						
futures purchase contracts	1,470,500	894		755,000	862	
Call options on interest rate						
futures purchase contracts	870,000	4,011		630,000	2,193	
Put options on interest rate						
futures sale contracts	100,000		141	50,000		8
Total derivatives before						
netting		94,659	48,717		46,264	17,211
Netting		(33,595)	(37,814)		(7,807)	(10,698)
C		\$ 61,064	\$ 10,903		\$ 38,457	\$ 6,513
Margin deposits with						
(collateral received from)						
derivative counterparties, net		\$ (4,219)			\$ (2,891)	

The following table summarizes the notional value activity for derivative contracts used in the Company's hedging activities:

	Quarter ende Balance beginning	ed March 31, 2015		Balance
	of		Dispositions/	end of
Instrument	period	Additions	expirations	period
	(in thousand	s)		
Forward purchase contracts	2,634,218	19,635,850	(17,145,201)	5,124,867
Forward sale contracts	3,901,851	26,740,272	(23,177,596)	7,464,527
MBS put options	340,000	785,000	(675,000)	450,000
Put options on interest rate futures				
purchase contracts	755,000	1,540,500	(825,000)	1,470,500
Call options on interest rate futures				
purchase contracts	630,000	745,000	(505,000)	870,000
Put options on interest rate futures sale				
contracts	50,000	50,000	_	100,000
Call options on interest rate futures sale				
contracts		35,100	(35,100)	

	-	d March 31, 2014		
	Balance			Balance
	beginning of		Dispositions/	end of
Period/Instrument	period	Additions	expirations	period
	(in thousands	5)		
Forward purchase contracts	1,418,527	6,899,388	(6,811,248)	1,506,667
Forward sale contracts	2,659,000	10,540,119	(10,369,943)	2,829,176
MBS put options	185,000	385,000	(395,000)	175,000
MBS call options	105,000	395,000	(340,000)	160,000
Put options on interest rate futures sales				
contracts		325,000	—	325,000
Call options on interest rate futures sales				
contracts		175,000	(75,000)	100,000
Treasury futures purchase contracts		21,600	(21,600)	
Treasury futures sale contracts	_	30,700	(30,700)	—

The Company recorded net losses on derivative financial instruments used to hedge IRLCs and mortgage loans held for sale at fair value totaling \$25.8 million and \$20.1 million for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Derivative gains and losses used to hedge IRLCs and mortgage loans held for sale at fair value are included in Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value in the Company's consolidated statements of

income.

The Company recorded net gains on derivatives used to hedge fair value changes of MSRs totaling \$17.1 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 and net losses on derivatives used to hedge fair value changes of MSRs totaling \$431,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2014. Gains and losses on derivative financial instruments used to hedge fair value changes of MSRs are included in Amortization, impairment and change in fair value of mortgage servicing rights in the Company's consolidated statements of income.

Note 10—Mortgage Servicing Rights

Carried at Fair Value:

The activity in MSRs carried at fair value is as follows:

	Quarter ende 2015	ed March 31, 2014
	(in thousand	s)
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 325,383	\$ 224,913
Additions:		
Purchases	63,137	25,866
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from mortgage loan sales	2,675	6,933
	65,812	32,799
Change in fair value due to:		
Changes in valuation inputs or assumptions used in valuation model (1)	(17,715)	(2,956)
Other changes in fair value (2)	(12,067)	(7,772)
Total change in fair value	(29,782)	(10,728)
Balance at end of period	\$ 361,413	\$ 246,984
Fair value of mortgage servicing rights pledged to secure note payable	\$ 413,582	\$ 272,115

(1) Principally reflects changes in discount rates and prepayment speed inputs, primarily due to changes in market mortgage interest rates.

(2) Represents changes due to realization of cash flows.

Carried at Lower of Amortized Cost or Fair Value:

The activity in MSRs carried at the lower of amortized cost or fair value is summarized below:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Amortized cost:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 415,245	\$ 263,373
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from mortgage loan sales	67,281	30,581
Amortization	(12,036)	(6,767)

Application of valuation allowance to write down mortgage servicing rights		
with other-than-temporary impairment	—	
Balance at end of period	470,490	287,187
Valuation allowance:		
Balance at beginning of period	(9,800)	(4,622)
Additions	(31,692)	(421)
Application of valuation allowance to write down mortgage servicing rights		
with other-than-temporary impairment	—	
Balance at end of period	(41,492)	(5,043)
Mortgage servicing rights, net	\$ 428,998	\$ 282,144
Fair value of mortgage servicing rights at end of period	\$ 437,824	\$ 291,535
Fair value of mortgage servicing rights at beginning of period	\$ 416,802	\$ 269,422

The following table summarizes the Company's estimate of future amortization of its existing MSRs. This projection was developed using the inputs used in the March 31, 2015 valuation of MSRs. The inputs underlying the following estimate will change as market conditions and portfolio composition and behavior change, causing both actual and projected amortization levels to change over time.

Twolvo month pariod anding Marsh 21	Estimated MSR
Twelve month period ending March 31,	amortization
	(in thousands)
2016	\$ 49,285
2017	47,769
2018	44,250
2019	40,463
2020	36,640
Thereafter	252,083
	\$ 470,490

Servicing fees relating to MSRs are recorded in Net servicing fees—Loan servicing fees—From non-affiliates on the consolidated statements of income; late charges and other ancillary fees relating to MSRs are recorded in Net servicing fees—Loan servicing fees—Ancillary and other fees on the consolidated statements of income. The fees are summarized below:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Contractual servicing fees	\$ 50,101	\$ 36,100
Ancillary and other fees:		
Late charges	1,651	887
Other	711	176
	\$ 52,463	\$ 37,163

Mortgage Servicing Liabilities Carried at Fair Value:

The activity in mortgage servicing liabilities carried at fair value is summarized below:

	M	uarter ended arch 31, 2015 (1 thousands)
Amortized cost:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$	6,306
Mortgage servicing liabilities resulting from mortgage loan sales		2,928
Change in fair value		(2,705)
Balance at end of period	\$	6,529

Note 11-Carried Interest Due from Investment Funds

The activity in the Company's Carried Interest due from Investment Funds is summarized as follows:

	Quarter ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousan	ds)
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 67,298	\$ 61,142
Carried Interest recognized during the period	1,233	2,157
Proceeds received during the period		
Balance at end of period	\$ 68,531	\$ 63,299

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The amount of the Carried Interest that will be received by the Company depends on the Investment Funds' future performance. As a result, the amount of Carried Interest recorded by the Company is based on the cash flows that would be produced assuming termination of the Investment Funds at period end and may be reduced in future periods based on the performance of the Investment Funds in those periods. However, the Company is not required to pay guaranteed returns to the Investment Funds and the amount of any reduction to Carried Interest will be limited to the amounts previously recognized.

Management expects the Carried Interest to be collected by the Company when the Investment Funds liquidate. The commitment period for the Investment Funds ended on December 31, 2011. The Investment Fund limited liability company and limited partnership agreements specify that the funds will continue in existence through December 31, 2016, subject to three one-year extensions by PCM at its discretion.

Note 12-Investment in PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust at Fair Value

Following is a summary of Change in fair value of investment in and dividends received from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Dividends	\$ 92	\$ 44
Change in fair value	15	71
	\$ 107	\$ 115
Fair value of PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust shares at period end	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,793

Note 13—Borrowings

As of March 31, 2015, the Company maintained six borrowing facilities: four facilities that provide funding for sales of mortgage loans under agreements to repurchase; one facility that provides for sale of mortgage loan participation certificates; and one note payable secured by MSRs and servicing advances made relating to certain loans in the Company's mortgage loan servicing portfolio.

The borrowing facilities contain various covenants, including financial covenants governing PLS's net worth, debt to equity ratio, profitability and liquidity. Management believes that PLS was in compliance with these requirements as of March 31, 2015.

Mortgage Loans Sold Under Agreement to Repurchase

Three of the borrowing facilities secured by mortgage loans held for sale are in the form of mortgage loan sale and repurchase agreements. Eligible mortgage loans are sold at advance rates based on the loan type. Interest is charged at a rate based on the buyer's overnight cost of funds rate for one agreement and on LIBOR for the other three agreements. Mortgage loans financed under these agreements may be re-pledged by the lenders.

Financial data pertaining to mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase are as follows:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015 2014	
	(in thousands)	
Period end:		
Balance	\$ 992,187 \$ 567,737	
Unused amount (1)	\$ 307,813 \$ 432,263	
Weighted average interest rate (3)	1.82 % 1.76 %	
Fair value of mortgage loans securing agreements to repurchase	\$ 1,132,568 \$ 694,028	
Margin deposits placed with counterparties (2)	\$ 1,500 \$ 1,500	
During the period:		
Average balance of mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 616,896 \$ 291,093	
Weighted average interest rate (3)	1.79 % 1.78 %	
Total interest expense	\$ 3,809 \$ 2,329	
Maximum daily amount outstanding	\$ 992,187 \$ 567,737	

(1) The amount the Company is able to borrow under mortgage loan repurchase agreements is tied to the fair value of unencumbered mortgage loans eligible to secure those agreements and the Company's ability to fund the agreements' margin requirements relating to the mortgage loans sold.

(2) Margin deposits are included in Other assets on the consolidated balance sheet.

(3) Excludes the effect of amortization of commitment fees totaling \$980,000 and \$1.0 million for the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Following is a summary of maturities of outstanding advances under repurchase agreements by maturity date:

Remaining maturity at March 31, 2015	Balance (in thousands)
Within 20 Janua	· · · · ·
Within 30 days	\$ 2,475
Over 30 to 90 days	918,144
Over 90 days to 180 days	—
Over 180 days	71,568
	\$ 992,187
Weighted average maturity (in months)	2.7

The amount at risk (the fair value of the assets pledged plus the related margin deposit, less the amount advanced by the counterparty and accrued interest) relating to the Company's mortgage loans held for sale sold under agreements to repurchase is summarized by counterparty below as of March 31, 2015:

		Weighted average maturity of advances under repurchase	
Counterparty	Amount at risk (in thousands)	agreement	Facility maturity
Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage	(III thousands)		
Capital LLC	\$ 77,916	July 8, 2015	October 30, 2015
Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 36,407	June 17, 2015	January 30, 2016
Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A.	\$ 10,670	May 17, 2015	June 29, 2015
Citibank, N.A.	\$ 15,519	May 6, 2015	September 7, 2015

The Company is subject to margin calls during the period the agreements are outstanding and therefore may be required to repay a portion of the borrowings before the respective agreements mature if the fair value (as determined by the applicable lender) of the mortgage loans securing those agreements decreases.

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Mortgage Loan Participation and Sale Agreement

One of the borrowing facilities secured by mortgage loans held for sale is in the form of a mortgage loan participation and sale agreement. Participation certificates, each of which represents an undivided beneficial ownership interest in mortgage loans that have been pooled with Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac or Ginnie Mae, are sold to the lender pending the securitization of the mortgage loans and sale of the resulting securities. A commitment to sell the securities resulting from the pending securitization between the Company and a non-affiliate is also assigned to the lender at the time a participation certificate is sold.

The purchase price paid by the lender for each participation certificate is based on the trade price of the security, plus an amount of interest expected to accrue on the security to its anticipated delivery date, minus a present value adjustment, any related hedging costs and a holdback amount that is based on a percentage of the purchase price and is not required to be paid to the Company until the settlement of the security and its delivery to the lender.

The mortgage loan participation and sale agreement is summarized below:

	M	uarter ended larch 31, 201 n thousands)	5
Period end:			
Mortgage loan participation and sale agreement secured by mortgage loans	\$	190,762	
Mortgage loans pledged to secure mortgage loan participation and sale agreement	\$	196,716	
During the period:			
Average balance	\$	143,638	
Weighted average interest rate (1)		1.25	%
Total interest expense	\$	519	

(1) Excludes the effect of amortization of commitment fees totaling \$98,000 for the quarter ended March 31, 2015.

Note Payable

The note payable is summarized below:

2015	2014
(in thousands)	
\$ 134,665	\$ 48,819
\$ 134,665	\$ 48,819
\$ 413,582	\$ 272,115
\$ —	\$ —
\$ 141,280	\$ 52,354
2.96 %	2.91 %
\$ 1,635	\$ 659
	(in thousands) \$ 134,665 \$ 134,665 \$ 413,582 \$ \$ 141,280 2.96 %

The note payable is secured by servicing advances and MSRs relating to certain loans in the Company's servicing portfolio, and currently provides for advance rates of 50% of the carrying value of MSRs pledged and 85% of the amount of the servicing advances pledged. Interest is charged at a rate based on the lender's overnight cost of funds.

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Excess Servicing Spread Financing

In conjunction with the Company's purchase from non-affiliates of certain MSRs on pools of Agency-backed residential mortgage loans, the Company has entered into sale and assignment agreements which are treated as financings and are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in current period income. Under these agreements, the Company sold to PMT the right to receive ESS cash flows relating to certain MSRs. The Company retained a fixed base servicing fee and all ancillary income associated with servicing the mortgage loans. The Company continues to be the servicer of the mortgage loans and provides all servicing functions, including responsibility to make servicing advances.

Following is a summary of ESS:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 191,166	\$ 138,723
Issuances if excess servicing spread to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust:		
For cash	46,412	20,526
Pursuant to a recapture agreement	1,246	1,113
Accrual of interest	3,752	2,862
Repayments	(12,731)	(7,413)
Change in fair value	(7,536)	(4,792)
Balance at end of period	\$ 222,309	\$ 151,019

Note 14-Liability for Losses Under Representations and Warranties

Following is a summary of activity in the Company's liability for representations and warranties:

	Quarter ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousands)	
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 13,259	\$ 8,123
Provision for losses on loans sold	1,495	851
Incurred losses	(65)	

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Balance at end of period	\$ 14,689	\$ 8,974
Unpaid principal balance of mortgage loans subject to representations and		
warranties at period end	\$ 39,624,553	\$ 26,304,717

Note 15—Income Taxes

For the quarters ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company's effective tax rates were 11.5% and 11.3%, respectively. The difference between the Company's effective tax rate and the statutory rate is primarily due to the allocation of earnings to the noncontrolling interest unitholders. As the noncontrolling interest unitholders convert their ownership units into the Company's shares, the portion of the Company's income that will be subject to corporate federal and state statutory tax rates will increase, which will in turn increase PFSI's effective income tax rate.

Note 16—Noncontrolling Interest

During the quarter ended March 31, 2015, PennyMac unitholders exchanged 44,000 Class A units for the Company's Class A common stock. The effect of the exchanges reduced the percentage of the Noncontrolling interest in Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC from 71.6% at December 31, 2014 to 71.5% at March 31, 2015.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2014, PennyMac unitholders exchanged 66,709 Class A units for the Company's Class A common stock. The effect of the exchanges reduced the percentage of the Noncontrolling interest in Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC from 72.6% at December 31, 2013 to 72.5% at March 31, 2014.

Net income attributable to the Company's common stockholders and the effects of changes in noncontrolling ownership interest in PennyMac is summarized below:

	Quarter er March 31	
	2015	2014
	(in thousa	nds, except
	share amo	ounts)
Net income attributable to PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. common stockholders Increase in the Company's additional paid-in capital for exchanges of Class A units of Private National Mortgage Acceptance Company, LLC to Class A stock of PennyMac Financial Services, Inc. (Class A shares issued, 44,000 and 66,709 during the quarters	\$ 9,028	\$ 7,972
ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively)	\$ 792	\$ 563

Note 17-Net Gains on Mortgage Loans Held for Sale

Net gains on mortgage loans held for sale at fair value is summarized below:

	Quarter ende	d March 31,
	2015	2014
	(in thousand	s)
Cash (loss) gain:		
Sales proceeds	\$ 2,730	\$ 4,481
Hedging activities	(18,329)	(10,256)
	(15,599)	(5,775)
Non-cash gain:		
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from mortgage loan sales	69,956	37,514
Mortgage servicing liabilities resulting from mortgage loan sales	(2,928)	
Excess servicing spread recapture payable to PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	(1,289)	(1,898)
Provision for losses relating to representations and warranties on loans sold	(1,495)	(851)
Change in fair value relating to loans and hedging derivatives held at period end:		
Interest rate lock commitments	21,991	7,536
Mortgage loans	12,201	7,828
Hedging derivatives	(7,459)	(9,816)

\$ 75,378 \$ 34,538

Note 18-Net Interest Expense

Net interest expense is summarized below:

	Quarter end March 31,	led
	2015	2014
	(in thousand	ds)
Interest income:		
Short-term investments	\$ 512	\$ 201
Mortgage loans held for sale at fair value	8,421	3,909
	8,933	4,110
Interest expense:		
Mortgage loans sold under agreements to repurchase	3,809	2,329
Mortgage loan participation and sale agreement	519	
Note payable	1,635	659
Excess servicing spread financing at fair value	3,752	2,862
Interest shortfall on repayments of mortgage loans serviced for Agency securitizations	1,524	218
Interest on mortgage loan impound deposits	590	318
	11,829	6,386
	\$ (2,896)	\$ (2,276)

Note 19—Stock-based Compensation

The Company's 2013 Equity Incentive Plan provides for grants of stock options, time-based and performance-based restricted stock units ("RSUs"), stock appreciation rights, performance units and stock grants. As of March 31, 2015, the Company has 1.9 million units available for future awards. The Company estimates the cost of the stock options, time-based RSUs and performance-based RSUs awarded with reference to the fair value of the Company's Class A common stock on the date of the grants. Compensation costs are fixed, except for the performance-based RSUs, at the grant's estimated fair value on the grant date as all grantees are employees of PennyMac or directors of the Company. Expense relating to grants is included in Compensation in the consolidated statements of income.

Following is a summary of the stock-based compensation expense by instrument awarded:

	Quarter ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
	(in thousa	nds)
Stock options	\$ 1,480	\$ 1,187
Performance-based RSUs	1,871	762
Time-based RSUs	535	436
	\$ 3,886	\$ 2,385

Following is a summary of equity awards:

	Quarter ended March 31, 2015			
	Stock	Performance-based	Time-based	
	options	RSUs	RSUs	
	(in thousa	nds)		
December 31, 2014	1,167	1,257	202	
Granted	715	1,143	118	
Vested		—	(31)	
Exercised		—		
Forfeited or canceled	(1)	(2)		
March 31, 2015	1,881	2,398	289	

	Quarter ended March 31, 2014			
	Stock	Time-based		
	options	RSUs	RSUs	
	(in thousa	ands)		
December 31, 2013	419	491	100	
Granted	747	609	97	
Vested	_	—		
Exercised	_	—		
Forfeited or canceled	(5)	(6)	(1)	
March 31, 2014	1,161	1,094	196	

Note 20—Supplemental Cash Flow Information

	Quarter end March 31,	led
	2015	2014
	(in thousand	ds)
Cash paid for interest	\$ 11,606	\$ 6,223
Cash paid for income taxes	\$ 1,902	\$ 3
Non-cash investing activity:		
Mortgage servicing rights resulting from mortgage loan sales	\$ 69,956	\$ 37,514
Mortgage servicing liabilities resulting from mortgage loan sales	\$ 2,928	\$ —
Non-cash financing activity:		
Transfer of excess servicing spread pursuant to recapture agreement with PennyMac		
Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ 1,246	\$ 1,113
Issuance of common stock in settlement of director fees	\$ 74	\$ —

Note 21-Regulatory Net Worth and Agency Capital Requirements

The Company, through PLS and PennyMac, is required to maintain specified levels of equity to remain a seller/servicer in good standing with the Agencies. Such equity requirements generally are tied to the size of the Company's loan servicing portfolio or loan origination volume.

The Agencies' capital requirements, the calculations of which are specified by each Agency, are summarized below:

	Agency capit	tal			
	March 31, 2015 December 31			1, 2014	
Agency-company subject to requirement	Balance (1)	Requirement	Balance (1)	Requirement	
	(in thousands	s)			
Fannie Mae–PLS	\$ 628,604	\$ 35,267	\$ 583,686	\$ 35,507	
Freddie Mac–PLS	\$ 628,693	\$ 4,015	\$ 583,819	\$ 3,721	

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Ginnie Mae–PLS	\$ 581,518	\$ 130,803	\$ 536,009	\$ 111,457
Ginnie Mae–PennyMac	\$ 815,745	\$ 156,963	\$ 763,907	\$ 133,748
HUD-PLS	\$ 581,518	\$ 2,500	\$ 539,844	\$ 2,500

(1) Calculated in compliance with the respective Agency's requirements.

Noncompliance with the respective Agencies' capital requirements can result in the respective Agency taking various remedial actions up to and including removing PennyMac's ability to sell loans to and service loans on behalf of the respective Agency. PennyMac and PLS had Agency capital in excess of the respective Agencies' requirements at March 31, 2015.

Note 22-Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The business of the Company involves the collection of numerous accounts, as well as the validation of liens and compliance with various state and federal lending and servicing laws. Accordingly, the Company may be involved in proceedings, claims, and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. As of March 31, 2015, the Company was not involved in any legal proceedings, claims, or actions that in management's view would be reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Commitments to Fund and Sell Mortgage Loans

	March 31, 2015
	(in thousands)
Commitments to purchase mortgage loans from PennyMac Mortgage Investment Trust	\$ 2,141,582
Commitments to fund mortgage loans	982,063
	\$ 3,123,645
Commitments to sell mortgage loans	\$ 7,464,527

Note 23—Segments and Related Information

The Company operates in three segments: loan production, loan servicing and investment management.

Two of the segments are in the mortgage banking business: loan production and loan servicing. The loan production segment performs origination, acquisition and sale activities. The loan servicing segment performs servicing of newly originated mortgage loans, execution and management of early buyout loans and servicing of mortgage loans sourced and managed by the investment management segment, including executing the loan resolution strategy identified by the investment management relating to distressed mortgage loans.

The investment management segment represents the activities of the Company's investment manager, which include sourcing, performing diligence, bidding and closing investment asset acquisitions, managing correspondent lending activities for PMT and managing the acquired assets for the Advised Entities.

Financial highlights by segment are as follows:

Quarter ended March 31, 2015InvestmentMortgage BankingInvestmentProductionServicingTotalManagementTotal

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	(in thousands)				
Revenues (1)					
Net gains on mortgage loans	+ - - - - -		* == ===	*	
held for sale at fair value	\$ 76,979	\$ (1,601)	\$ 75,378	\$ —	\$ 75,378
Loan origination fees	16,682		16,682		16,682
Fulfillment fees from					
PennyMac Mortgage					
Investment Trust	12,866	—	12,866		12,866
Net servicing fees		26,776	26,776		26,776
Management fees				8,489	8,489
Carried Interest from					
Investment Funds				1,233	1,233
Net interest income (expense):					
Interest income	7,016	1,917	8,933		8,933
Interest expense	3,641	8,188	11,829		11,829
	3,375	(6,271)	(2,896)		(2,896)
Other	913	618	1,531	255	1,786
Total net revenue	110,815	19,522	130,337	9,977	140,314
Expenses	40,132	38,067	78,199	8,877	87,076
Income before provision for					
income taxes	\$ 70,683	\$ (18,545)	\$ 52,138	\$ 1,100	\$ 53,238
Segment assets at period end					
(2)	\$ 1,399,817	\$ 1,322,301	\$ 2,722,118	\$ 92,093	\$ 2,814,211

(1) All revenues are from external customers.

(2) Excludes parent Company assets, which consist primarily of deferred tax asset of \$42.1 million.

	Quarter ended March 31, 2014 Mortgage Banking			Investment	
	Production (in thousands	Servicing	Total	Management	Total
Revenues (1)					
Net gains on mortgage loans held					
for sale at fair value	\$ 34,538	\$ —	\$ 34,538	\$ —	\$ 34,538
Loan origination fees	6,880		6,880		6,880
Fulfillment fees from PennyMac					
Mortgage Investment Trust	8,902		8,902	_	8,902
Net servicing fees		43,764	43,764	_	43,764
Management fees				10,109	10,109
Carried Interest from Investment					
Funds				2,157	2,157
Net interest income (expense):					
Interest income	4,106		4,106	4	4,110
Interest expense	2,329	4,057	6,386	_	6,386
	1,777	(4,057)	(2,280)	4	(2,276)
Other	643	519	1,162	256	1,418
Total net revenue	52,740	40,226	92,966	12,526	105,492
Expenses	26,786	23,113	49,899	6,532	56,431
Income before provision for income					
taxes	\$ 25,954	\$ 17,113	\$ 43,067	\$ 5,994	\$ 49,061
Segment assets at period end (2)	\$ 790,733	\$ 807,252	\$ 1,597,985	\$ 103,698	\$ 1,701,683

(1)All revenues are from external customers.

(2)Excludes parent Company assets, which consist primarily of deferred tax assets of \$58.2 million.

Note 24—Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April of 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2015-03, Interest - Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. The amendments in this ASU require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by the amendments in this ASU. ASU 2015-03 should be applied on a retrospective basis and is effective for the Company for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods within those fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015. The adoption of ASU 2015-03 is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements

Management has evaluated all events and transactions through the date the Company issued these consolidated financial statements. During this period:

• On April 28, 2015, the Company entered into a letter of intent with a third party to purchase a \$9.3 billion unpaid principal balance portfolio of Agency MSRs. The Company intends to sell to PennyMac Holdings, LLC ("PMH"), a subsidiary of PMT, approximately \$74 million of ESS from this MSR portfolio.

The MSR acquisition by the Company and its sale of ESS to PMH are subject to the negotiation and execution of definitive documentation, continuing due diligence and customary closing conditions, including required regulatory approvals. There can be no assurance that the committed amounts will ultimately be acquired or that the transactions will be completed at all.

• On April 30, 2015, the Company, through PLS and PennyMac, entered into an amendment to its Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of March 27, 2015, pursuant to which PLS may finance certain of its MSRs and servicing advance receivables with Credit Suisse First Boston Mortgage

Capital LLC ("CSFB") (the "Loan and Security Agreement"). The Loan and Security Agreement is guaranteed in full by PennyMac.

Under the terms of the amendment, the maximum loan amount under the Loan and Security Agreement was increased from \$257 million to \$407 million. The \$150 million increase was implemented for the purpose of facilitating the financing of ESS by PMT through one of its subsidiaries, PMH. The ESS is pledged by PMH under an underlying loan and security agreement (as described hereafter) by and between PMH and PLS and then re-pledged to CSFB by PLS under the Loan and Security Agreement. The aggregate loan amount outstanding under the Loan and Security Agreement and relating to re-pledged ESS by PLS is guaranteed in full by PMT.