

TRANSALTA CORP
Form 40-F
February 27, 2013

UNITED STATES

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 40-F

[Check one]

REGISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

OR

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13(a) OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended

December 31, 2012

Commission file number

001-15214

TRANSALTA CORPORATION

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Not applicable

(Translation of Registrant's name into English (if applicable))

Canada

(Province or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

4911

(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number (if applicable))

Not Applicable

(I.R.S Employer Identification Number (if applicable))

110-12th Avenue S.W., Box 1900, Station M ,

Calgary, Alberta, Canada, T2P 2M1,

(403) 267-7110

(Address and telephone number of Registrant's principal executive offices)

CT Corporation System, 111 8th Avenue, 13th Floor,

New York, New York, 10011, (212) 894-8400

(Name, address (including zip code) and telephone number (including area code)

of agent for service in the United States)

Edgar Filing: TRANSALTA CORP - Form 40-F

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report:

At December 31, 2012, 254,653,119 common shares were issued and outstanding.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant by filing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the Exchange Act). If Yes is marked, indicate the file number assigned to the Registrant in connection with such Rule.

Yes 82-_____ No T

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to submit and post such files).

Yes No o

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The documents, forming part of this Form 40-F, are incorporated by reference into the following registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Form	Registration No.
S-8	333-72454
S-8	333-101470
F-10	333-185157

Edgar Filing: TRANSALTA CORP - Form 40-F
CONSOLIDATED AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND MANAGEMENT S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

A. Consolidated Audited Annual Financial Statements

For consolidated audited annual financial statements, including the report of independent chartered accountants with respect thereto, see Exhibit 13.3 incorporated by reference herein.

B. Management s Discussion and Analysis

For management s discussion and analysis, see Exhibit 13.2 incorporated by reference herein.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Exchange Act), management has evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Disclosure controls and procedures refer to controls and other procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act are recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in our reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act are accumulated and communicated to management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding our required disclosure. In designing and evaluating our disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management was required to apply its judgment in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures.

There has been no change in the internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on the foregoing evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 31, 2012, the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

MANAGEMENT'S ANNUAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting.

Internal control over financial reporting refers to a process designed by, or under the supervision of, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and effected by our board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and includes those policies and procedures that:

- pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of our assets;
- provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that our receipts and expenditures are being made only in accordance with authorizations of our management and members of our board of directors; and
- provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Management evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012 using the framework set forth in the report of the Treadway Commission's Committee of Sponsoring Organizations (COSO), Internal Control - Integrated Framework. Management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of

December 31, 2012. Certain matters relating to the scope of management's evaluation and limitations of management's conclusions are described below. See "Limitations and Scope of Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting."

Our independent registered public accounting firm, Ernst & Young LLP, has issued an attestation report on the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2012. For Ernst & Young LLP's report see page 71 of the Consolidated Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2012 filed as Exhibit 13.3 and incorporated by reference herein, under the heading "Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Controls Under Standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States)".

There has been no change in the internal control over financial reporting during the year covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

LIMITATIONS AND SCOPE OF MANAGEMENT'S

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Internal control over financial reporting cannot provide absolute assurance of achieving financial reporting objectives because of its inherent limitations. Internal control over financial reporting is a process that involves human diligence and compliance and is subject to lapses in judgment and breakdowns resulting from human failures. Internal control over financial reporting also can be circumvented by collusion or improper overrides. Because of such limitations, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations are known features of the financial reporting process, and it is possible to design safeguards into the process to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

TransAlta Corporation ("TransAlta") proportionately consolidates the accounts of the Sheerness and Genesee 3 joint ventures and equity accounts CE Generation LLC ("CE Gen") and Wailuku River Hydroelectric L.P. joint ventures (collectively, the "Excluded Entities"), in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Management does not have the contractual ability to assess the internal controls of these Excluded Entities. Management's conclusion regarding the effectiveness of internal controls does not extend to the internal controls at the transactional level of these Excluded Entities. Accordingly, management's evaluation of the Company's internal control over financial reporting did not include an evaluation of the internal controls of any of the Excluded Entities, and management's conclusion regarding the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting does not extend to the internal controls of any of the Excluded Entities.

The 2012 consolidated financial statements of TransAlta, in accordance with EITF 00-1, included \$918 million and \$883 million of total and net assets, respectively, as of December 31, 2012, and \$208 million and \$49 million of revenues and net earnings, respectively, for the year then ended related to Excluded Entities. Once the financial information is obtained from these Excluded Entities it falls within the scope of TransAlta's internal control framework.

AUDIT COMMITTEE FINANCIAL EXPERT

TransAlta's board of directors has determined that it has at least one audit committee financial expert serving on its Audit and Risk Committee (the "ARC"). Mr. William D. Anderson has been determined to be an audit committee financial expert, within the meaning of Section 407 of the United States Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("Sarbanes-Oxley"), and is independent, as that term is defined by the New York Stock Exchange's ("NYSE") listing standards applicable to the Registrant. Each of Mrs. Karen Maidment and Mr. Yakout Mansour has also been determined to be an audit committee financial expert for purposes of Section 407 of Sarbanes-Oxley and independent under the applicable NYSE listing standards. Under Securities and Exchange Commission rules, the designation of persons as audit committee financial experts does not make them experts for any other purpose, impose any duties, obligations or liability on them that are greater than those imposed on members of their committee and the board of directors who do not carry this designation or affect the duties, obligations or liability of any other member of their committee.

CODE OF ETHICS

TransAlta has adopted a code of ethics as part of its Corporate Code of Conduct that applies to all employees and officers which has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, the Registrant has adopted a code of conduct applicable to all directors of the Company and a separate financial code of conduct which applies to all financial management employees. Our codes of conduct are available on our Internet website at www.transalta.com. There has been no waiver of the codes granted during the 2012 fiscal year.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and December 31, 2011, Ernst & Young LLP and its affiliates were paid \$3,459,937 and \$3,110,078 respectively, as detailed below:

Ernst & Young LLP

Year Ended Dec. 31	2012	2011
Audit Fees	\$ 2,998,892	\$ 2,725,847
Audit-related fees	388,595	384,231
Tax fees	72,450	0
All other fees	0	0
Total	\$ 3,459,937	\$ 3,110,078

No other audit firms provided audit services in 2012 or 2011.

The nature of each category of fees is described below:

Audit Fees

Audit fees were paid for professional services rendered by the auditors for the audit of our annual financial statements or services provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements, including the translation from English to French of our financial statements and other

documents. Total audit fees for 2012 include payments related to 2011 in the amount of \$1,397,001. Total audit fees for 2011 include payments related to 2010 in the amount of \$894,776.

Audit-Related Fees

The audit-related fees in 2012 were primarily for work performed by Ernst & Young LLP in relation to compliance and regulatory reporting, common shares issuance, debt issuances and miscellaneous accounting advice provided to the Corporation. The audit-related fees in 2011 were primarily in relation to preferred shares issuance, Canadian and US shelf work, the 2010 Sustainability Report review, and miscellaneous accounting advice provided to the Corporation.

Tax Fees

The tax fees for 2012 relate to various tax related matters in our domestic and foreign operations.

All Other Fees

Nil.

Pre-Approval Policies and Procedures

The ARC has considered whether the provision of services other than audit services is compatible with maintaining the auditors' independence. In May 2002, the ARC adopted a policy (the Policy) that prohibits TransAlta from engaging the auditors for prohibited categories of non-audit services and requires pre-approval of the ARC for other permissible categories of non-audit services, such categories being determined under the Sarbanes-Oxley. The Policy also provides that the Chair of the ARC may approve permissible non-audit services during the quarter and report such approval to the ARC at its next regularly scheduled meeting. In 2009, the ARC granted management the authority to approve *de minimus* permissible non-audit services (which are in the aggregate the lesser of 5 per cent of the total fees paid to the external auditors or \$125,000), provided such services are reported to the ARC at its next scheduled meeting.

Percentage of Services Approved by the ARC

For the year ended December 31, 2012, none of the services described above were approved by the ARC pursuant to paragraph (c)(7)(i)(C) of Rule 2-01 of Regulation S-X.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

See page 40 of Exhibit 13.2, incorporated by reference herein under the heading "Unconsolidated Structured Entities or Arrangements" .

TABULAR DISCLOSURE OF CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

See page 39 of Exhibit 13.2, incorporated by reference herein, under the heading "Liquidity and Capital Resources" and page 93, under the heading "Leases", page 104 under the heading "Risk Management Activities" and page 135 under the heading "Commitments" of Exhibit 13.3, all incorporated by reference herein.

IDENTIFICATION OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

We have a separately-designated standing ARC. The members of the ARC are:

William D. Anderson (Chair)

Michael M. Kanovsky (Effective May 29, 2012)(1)

Karen E. Maidment

Yakout Mansour

Stephen L. Baum (Until May 22, 2012)

(1) Mr. Kanovsky resigned as a member of the ARC effective February 26, 2013. His appointment was temporary, to provide the Board with the time required to nominate an additional director for election to the Board to fill the vacancy created by Mr. Baum's unexpected resignation, which occurred on May 22, 2012, for personal reasons.

MINE SAFETY

The information concerning mine safety violations or other regulatory matters required by Section 1503(a) of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act is included in Exhibit 13.1, incorporated herein, under the heading Business of TransAlta-Generation Business Segment-United States .

FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

This Form 40-F, the documents incorporated herein by reference, and other reports and filings made with the securities regulatory authorities, include forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements are based on TransAlta's beliefs as well as assumptions based on information available at the time the assumption was made and on management's experience and perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected further developments and other factors deemed appropriate in the circumstances. Forward looking statements are not facts, but only predictions and generally can be identified by the use of statements that include phrases such as may, will, believe, expect, anticipate, intend, plan, foresee, potential, enable, continue or other comparable terminology. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other important factors that could cause TransAlta's actual performance to be materially different from that projected.

Edgar Filing: TRANSALTA CORP - Form 40-F

In particular, this Form 40-F and the documents incorporated herein by reference contain forward looking statements pertaining to the following: expectations relating to the timing of the completion and commissioning of projects under development, including uprates and major projects, and their attendant costs; our estimated spend on growth and sustaining capital and productivity projects; expectations in terms of the cost of operations, capital spend, and maintenance, and the variability of those costs; the impact of certain hedges on future reported earnings and cash flows; expectations related to future earnings and cash flow from operating and contracting activities; estimates of fuel supply and demand conditions and the costs of procuring fuel; expectations for demand for electricity in both the short-term and long-term, and the resulting impact on electricity prices; expected impacts of load growth and natural gas costs on power prices; expectations in respect of generation availability, capacity and production; expected financing of our capital expenditures; expected governmental regulatory regimes and legislation and their expected impact on TransAlta, as well as the cost of complying with resulting regulations and laws; TransAlta's trading strategy and the risks involved in these strategies; estimates of future tax rates, future tax expense, and the adequacy of tax provisions; accounting estimates; expectations for the outcome of existing or potential legal and contractual claims; expectations for the ability to access capital markets at reasonable terms; the estimated impact of changes in interest rates and the value of the Canadian dollar relative to the U.S. dollar; the monitoring of TransAlta's exposure to liquidity risk; expectations in respect to the global economic environment; our credit practices; and the estimated contribution of energy trading activities to gross margin.

Factors that may adversely impact TransAlta's forward-looking statements include risks relating to: fluctuations in market prices and availability of fuel supplies required to generate electricity; the ability to contract our generation for prices that will provide expected returns;

the regulatory and political environments in the jurisdictions in which TransAlta operates; environmental requirements and changes in, or liabilities under, these requirements; changes in general economic conditions including interest rates; operational risks involving TransAlta's facilities, including unplanned outages at such facilities; disruptions in the transmission and distribution of electricity; the effects of weather; disruptions in the source of fuels, water or wind required to operate TransAlta's facilities; natural disasters; the threat of domestic terrorism and cyber-attacks; equipment failure; energy trading risks; industry risk and competition; fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies and foreign political risks; the need for additional financing; structural subordination of securities; counterparty credit risk; insurance coverage; TransAlta's provision for income taxes; legal and contractual proceedings involving TransAlta; reliance on key personnel, labour relations matters and development projects and acquisitions. The foregoing risk factors, among others, are described in further detail in TransAlta's 2012 Annual Information Form and in the Risk Management section of the Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2012, each incorporated herein by reference.

Readers are urged to consider these factors carefully in evaluating the forward-looking statements and are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included in this document are made only as of the date hereof and TransAlta does not undertake to publicly update these forward-looking statements to reflect new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by applicable laws. In light of these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events might occur to a different extent or at a different time than TransAlta has described or might not occur. TransAlta cannot assure you that projected results or events will be achieved.

DOCUMENTS FILED AS PART OF THIS REPORT AND EXHIBITS

The following items are specifically incorporated by reference in, and form an integral part of, this filing on Form 40-F:

- 13.1 TransAlta Corporation Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2012.
- 13.2 Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2012.
- 13.3 Consolidated Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.
- 13.4 Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, (included on page 70 of Exhibit 13.3 filed herewith).
- 13.5 Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Controls under Standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), (included on page 71 of Exhibit 13.3 filed herewith).
- 23.1 Consent of Ernst & Young LLP Chartered Accountants.
- 31.1 Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.1 Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

UNDERTAKING

TransAlta undertakes to make available, in person or by telephone, representatives to respond to inquiries made by the Commission staff, and to furnish promptly, when requested to do so by the Commission staff, information relating to: the securities registered pursuant to Form 40-F; the securities in relation to which the obligation to file an annual report on Form 40-F arises; or transactions in said securities.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 40-F and has duly caused this annual report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized, in the City of Calgary, Province of Alberta, Canada.

TRANSALTA CORPORATION

/s/ Brett Gellner
Brett Gellner
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: February 27, 2013

EXHIBIT INDEX

- 13.1 TransAlta Corporation Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2012.
 - 13.2 Management's Discussion and Analysis for the year ended December 31, 2012.
 - 13.3 Consolidated Audited Annual Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2012.
 - 13.4 Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting, (included on page 70 of Exhibit 13.3 filed herewith).
 - 13.5 Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Controls under Standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), (included on page 71 of Exhibit 13.3 filed herewith).
 - 23.1 Consent of Ernst and Young LLP Chartered Accountants.
 - 31.1 Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.1 Certification of President and Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
-