AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING CO Form 10-Q August 09, 2006

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

 \mathbf{X}

0

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2006

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from

to

Commission File Number: 001-31911

American Equity Investment Life Holding Company

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Iowa (State of Incorporation)

42-1447959

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

5000 Westown Parkway, Suite 440 West Des Moines, Iowa

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant s telephone number, including area code

(515) 221-0002 (Telephone)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each classCommon Stock, par value \$1

Name of each exchange on which registered New York Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: Common Stock, par value \$1

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filed, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of accelerated filer and large accelerated filer in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer X

Non-accelerated filer o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act.)

Yes o No x

APPLICABLE TO CORPORATE ISSUERS:

Shares of common stock outstanding at July 28, 2006: 55,661,173

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	June 2006 (Una	,	ember 31,			
Assets						
Investments:						
Fixed maturity securities:						
Available for sale, at fair value (amortized cost: 2006 - \$4,562,590; 2005 - \$4,274,159)	\$	4,270,459	\$	4,188,683		
Held for investment, at amortized cost (fair value: 2006 - \$4,471,829; 2005 - \$4,598,615)	5,000	6,210	4,71	1,427		
Equity securities, available for sale, at fair value (cost: 2006 -\$77,350; 2005 - \$88,060)	73,32	22	84,8	84,846		
Mortgage loans on real estate	1,573,201			1,321,637		
Derivative instruments	180,	213	185,	185,391		
Policy loans	391		362			
Total investments	11,10	11,103,796		92,346		
Cash and cash equivalents	35,62	27	112,	395		
Coinsurance deposits - related party	1,89	5,020	1,95	1,959,663		
Accrued investment income	69,0	42	59,5	84		
Deferred policy acquisition costs	1,11	7,495	977,	015		
Deferred sales inducements	402,	681	315,	848		
Deferred income tax asset	97,4	58	92,4	59		
Federal income taxes recoverable	24,3	19	1,82	9		
Other assets	33,5	23	31,6	55		
Total assets	\$	14,778,961	\$	14,042,794		
2						

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

	June 2006 (Una	,	Dece 2005	ember 31,		
Liabilities and Stockholders Equity						
Liabilities:						
Policy benefit reserves:						
Traditional life and accident and health insurance products	\$	85,210	\$	75,807		
Annuity and single premium universal life products	12,6	43,471	12,1	62,181		
Other policy funds and contract claims	128,	621	126	,387		
Other amounts due to related parties	22,1	80	27,6	27,677		
Notes payable	269,	736	281	281,043		
Subordinated debentures	261,	261,487		,658		
Amounts due under repurchase agreements	789,	789,926		,697		
Other liabilities	78,1	29	222	,986		
Total liabilities	14,2	78,760	13,5	523,436		
Stockholders equity:						
Common Stock, par value \$1 per share, 125,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding:						
2006 - 55,661,173 shares; 2005 - 55,527,180 shares	55,6	61	55,5	527		
Additional paid-in capital	380,	173	379	,107		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(94,5	547) (27,	306)	
Retained earnings	158,	914	112	,030		
Total stockholders equity	500,	201	519	,358		
Total liabilities and stockholders equity	\$	14,778,961	\$	14,042,794		

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ unaudited\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three Months June 30,	ed	Six Months Ended June 30,					
	2006	20	05	20	006	2	005	
Revenues:								
Traditional life and accident and health insurance premiums	\$ 3,211		\$ 3,264		\$ 6,735		\$ 7,020	
Annuity and single premium universal life product charges	10,740		7,023		18,340		13,285	
Net investment income	169,182		133,227		331,567		258,061	
Realized gains on investments	331		220		289		452	
Change in fair value of derivatives	(61,582)	(1,972)	(12,254)	(37,962)
Total revenues	121,882		141,762		344,677		240,856	
D (%)								
Benefits and expenses:	2.260		1.065		1.665		4.500	
Insurance policy benefits and change in future policy benefits	2,269		1,967		4,667		4,538	
Interest credited to account balances	108,582		70,807		201,128		133,350	
Change in fair value of embedded derivatives	(111,321)	15,226		(48,557)	(3,365)
Interest expense on notes payable	6,528		4,050		13,814		8,189	
Interest expense on subordinated debentures	5,402		3,142		10,320		6,188	
Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements	8,532		2,235		14,331		3,663	
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	25,363		15,994		56,118		32,660	
Other operating costs and expenses	9,931		9,733		20,111		17,878	
Total benefits and expenses	55,286		123,154		271,932		203,101	
Income before income taxes	66,596		18,608		72,745		37,755	
Income tax expense	23,685		6,376		25,861		12,995	
Net income	\$ 42,911		\$ 12,232		\$ 46,884		\$ 24,760	
Earnings per common share	\$ 0.77		\$ 0.32		\$ 0.84		\$ 0.65	
Earnings per common share - assuming dilution	\$ 0.71		\$ 0.29		\$ 0.78		\$ 0.58	

 $See\ accompanying\ notes\ to\ unaudited\ consolidated\ financial\ statements.$

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Com Stock		Addi Paid Capi		Othe	prehensive		Retained Earnings		l kholders ty
Balance at January 1, 2005	\$	38,360	\$	215,793	\$	(19,269)\$	70,659	\$	305,543
Comprehensive income:										
Net income for period							24,7	760	24,7	60
Change in net unrealized investment										
gains/losses					17,0	13			17,0	13
Total comprehensive income									41,7	73
Conversion of \$170 of subordinated										
debentures	21		142						163	
Balance at June 30, 2005	\$	38,381	\$	215,935	\$	(2,256)\$	95,419	\$	347,479
Balance at January 1, 2006	\$	55,527	\$	379,107	\$	(27,306)\$	112,030	\$	519,358
Comprehensive loss:										
Net income for period							46,8	384	46,8	84
Change in net unrealized investment										
gains/losses					(67,	241)		(67,2)	241)
Total comprehensive loss									(20,3)	357)
Stock-based compensation, including the										
issuance of 89,550 common shares under										
compensation plans, including related	00		750						0.40	
income tax benefit	90		750						840	
Conversion of \$360 of subordinated	4.4		216						260	
debentures	44	55.661	316	200 172	Ф	(0.4.5.47	١. Φ	150.014	360	500 201
Balance at June 30, 2006	\$	55,661	\$	380,173	\$	(94,547)\$	158,914	\$	500,201

Total comprehensive income for the second quarter of 2006 was \$10.6 million and was comprised of net income of \$42.9 million and an increase in net unrealized depreciation of available for sale fixed maturity securities and equity securities of \$32.3 million.

Total comprehensive income for the second quarter of 2005 was \$30.1 million and was comprised of net income of \$12.2 million and a decrease in net unrealized depreciation of available for sale fixed maturity securities and equity securities of \$17.9 million.

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months End June 30, 2006	ed	2005	
Operating activities				
Net income	\$ 46,884		\$ 24,760	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:				
Adjustments related to interest sensitive products:				
Interest credited to account balances	201,128		133,350	
Annuity and single premium universal life product charges	(18,340)	(13,285)
Change in fair value of embedded derivatives	(48,557)	(3,365)
Increase in traditional life and accident and health insurance reserves	5,982		5,131	
Policy acquisition costs deferred	(120,898)	(162,643)
Amortization of discount on contingent convertible notes	5,970			
Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs	56,118		32,660	
Provision for depreciation and other amortization	1,075		928	
Amortization of discount and premiums on fixed maturity securities	(119,536)	(92,690)
Realized gains on investments	(289)	(452)
Change in fair value of derivatives	12,254		37,962	
Deferred income taxes	31,208		(7,165)
Changes in other operating assets and liabilities:				
Accrued investment income	(9,458)	(5,070)
Federal income taxes recoverable/payable	(22,490)	(10,391)
Other policy funds and contract claims	2,234		16,467	,
Other amounts due to related parties	(1,483)	1,910	
Other liabilities	(37,890)	6,468	
Other	(1,653)	(3,098)
Net cash used in operating activities	(17,741)	(38,523)
, 0	, ,		` '	
Investing Activities				
Sales, maturities, or repayments of investments:				
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale	106,129		265,784	
Fixed maturity securities - held for investment			1,054,829	
Equity securities, available for sale	17,878		11,058	
Mortgage loans on real estate	48,920		55,666	
Derivative instruments	98,900		36,915	
	271,827		1,424,252	
Acquisition of investments:	,		, ,	
Fixed maturity securities - available for sale	(500,427)	(1,087,968)
Fixed maturity securities - held for investment	(176,169)	(1,170,292)
Equity securities, available for sale	(5,980)	(15,032)
Mortgage loans on real estate	(300,484)	(226,805)
Derivative instruments	(110,077)	(75,781)
Policy loans	(29)	(15)
,	(1,093,166)	(2,575,893)
	(1,075,100	,	(2,575,075	,
Purchases of property, furniture and equipment	(81)	(808))
Net cash used in investing activities	(821,420)	(1,152,449)
Tee cash ased in investing activities	(021,720	,	(1,134,77)	,

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Dollars in thousands) (Unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	2005		
Financing activities				
Receipts credited to annuity and single premium universal life policyholder				
account balances	\$ 1,082,386	\$ 1,438,438		
Coinsurance deposits - related parties	88,149	80,857		
Return of annuity and single premium universal life policyholder account balances	(829,146)	(507,561)		
Financing fees incurred and deferred	(1,016)	(798)		
Increase in amounts due under repurchase agreements	393,229	150,623		
Repayments of notes payable	(2,049)	(4,955)		
Tax benefits realized from exercise of stock options	226			
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	614			
Proceeds from subordinated debentures	30,000	15,000		
Net cash provided by financing activities	762,393	1,171,604		
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(76,768)	(19,368)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	112,395	66,542		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 35.627	\$ 47,174		
cash and turn equivalent at the or period	φ 55,6 2 7	Ψ 17,271		
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid during period for:				
Interest expense	\$ 31,322	\$ 16,257		
Income taxes	17,138	28,300		
Non-cash financing and investing activities:				
Premium and interest bonuses deferred as sales inducements	74,186	75,475		
Conversion of subordinated debentures	360	163		
Subordinated debentures issued to subsidiary trusts for common equity	500	100		
securities of the subsidiary trust	928	470		
	. = -			

See accompanying notes to unaudited consolidated financial statements.

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of American Equity Investment Life Holding Company (the Company) have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items, which are necessary to present fairly the Company s financial position and results of operations on a basis consistent with the prior audited consolidated financial statements. Operating results for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2006, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2006. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. For further information, refer to the audited consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the unaudited consolidated financial statements for the periods ended June 30, 2005 have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation for the periods ended June 30, 2006.

Stock-Based Compensation

As of January 1, 2006, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123R, Share Based Payment (SFAS 123R) using the modified prospective method, which requires measurement of compensation cost for all stock-based awards at fair value on the date of grant and recognition of such value as compensation expense over the service period, net of estimated forfeitures. The fair value of the Company s stock options are determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model, which is consistent with the Company s valuation techniques previously used for stock options in the footnote disclosures required under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation (SFAS 123) as amended by SFAS No. 148, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation Transition and Disclosure. There was no cumulative effect upon the adoption of SFAS 123R. The effect on consolidated net income and cash flows from operations and financing activities was immaterial.

Prior to January 1, 2006, the Company elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25) and related Interpretations in accounting for its stock-based awards. Under APB 25, because the exercise price of the Company's employee stock options equaled the fair value of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense was recognized.

The Company s 1996 Stock Option Plan authorized grants of options to officers, directors and employees for up to 1,200,000 shares of the Company s common stock. In 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Employee Stock Option Plan which authorizes grants of options to officers and employees for up to 1,800,000 shares of the Company s common stock and the Company adopted the 2000 Directors Stock Option Plan which authorizes grants of options to directors for up to 225,000 shares. All options granted under the 1996 and 2000 plans have 10 year terms and a six month vesting period after which they become fully exercisable immediately.

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) June 30, 2006 (Unaudited)

Changes in the number of stock options outstanding during the six months ended June 30, 2006 are as follows:

	Number of Sha (Dollars in thou		Weighted- Average Exercise Price per Share ept share and per share data)	Total Exercise Amount	
Outstanding at January 1, 2006	3,458,912		\$ 6.82	\$ 23,580	
Granted	15,500		12.44	193	
Cancelled	(119,550)	8.67	(1,037)
Exercised	(89,550)	6.32	(566)
Outstanding at June 30, 2006	3,265,312		6.79	\$ 22,170	

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at June 30, 2006:

	Stock Options	Outstanding		Stock Options Vested			
Range of Exercise Prices	Number of Awards	Remaining Life (yrs)	Weighted Avg Exercise Price Per Share	Number of Awards	Remaining Life (yrs)	Weighted Avg Exercise Price Per Share	
\$3.33 - \$5.33	1,414,450	0.86	\$ 3.58	1,414,450	0.86	\$ 3.58	
\$7.33 - \$9.16	859,870	3.62	7.91	859,870	3.62	7.91	
\$9.49 - \$11.35	964,492	6.60	10.32	956,492	6.57	10.32	
\$11.88 - \$14.34	26,500	9.24	13.06	12,500	8.79	12.30	
\$3.33 - \$14.34	3,265,312	3.35	6.79	3,243,312	3.31	6.75	

The aggregate intrinsic value for both stock options outstanding and vested awards at June 30, 2006 was \$12.8 million. For the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006, the total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. Intrinsic value for stock options is calculated as the difference between the exercise price of the underlying awards and the quoted price of the Company s common stock as of the reporting date. Cash received from stock options exercised for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 was \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. The tax benefit realized for the tax deduction from the exercise of stock options was \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively. There were no exercises of stock options during the six months ended June 30, 2005.

The fair value for each stock option granted during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option valuation model with the following assumptions:

	2006	2005
Average risk-free interest rate	5.37%	3.88%
Dividend yield	0%	0%
Average expected life	10 years	10 years
Volatility	27.3%	24.8%

Stock-based compensation during the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 was determined under APB 25. The following table provides supplemental information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 as if stock-based compensation had been computed under SFAS 123R (dollars in thousands, except per share data:)

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2006

(Unaudited)

	End	ee Months ed e 30, 2005		End	Months ed e 30, 2005
Net income, as reported numerator for earnings per common share	\$	12,232		\$	24,760
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method					
for all awards, net of related tax effect	(415)	(849)
Net income, pro forma numerator for earnings per common share, pro forma	11,817			23,911	
Interest on convertible subordinated debentures (net of income tax benefit)				601	
Numerator for earnings per common share assuming dilution, pro forma	\$	12,117		\$	24,512
Earnings per common share, as reported	\$	0.32		\$	0.65
Earnings per common share, pro forma	\$	0.31		\$	0.62
Earnings per common share assuming dilution, as reported	\$	0.29		\$	0.58
Earnings per common share assuming dilution, pro forma	\$	0.28		\$	0.56

The Company has entered into deferred compensation arrangements with certain officers, directors, and consultants, whereby these individuals agreed to take common stock of the Company at a future date in lieu of cash payments at the time of service. The common stock is to be issued in conjunction with a trigger event, as that term is defined in the individual agreements. At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, these individuals have earned, and the Company has reserved for future issuance, 411,147 and 399,647 shares of common stock, respectively, pursuant to these arrangements. The Company has accrued liabilities of \$2.4 million and \$2.2 million at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, respectively, representing the fair value associated with the shares when earned.

During 1997, the Company established the American Equity Investment NMO Deferred Compensation Plan (NMO Deferred Compensation Plan) whereby agents can earn common stock in addition to their normal commissions. Awards are calculated using formulas determined annually by the Company s Board of Directors and are generally based upon new annuity deposits. The number of undistributed vested shares under this plan at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was 2,508,359 and 2,049,392 shares, respectively. The number of unvested shares under this plan at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was 585,191 and 1,015,178 shares, respectively. These shares will be distributed at the end of the vesting and deferral period of 9 years from the inception of each plan. A portion of the awards may be subject to forfeiture if certain production levels are not met over the remaining vesting period. The Company recognizes commission expense as the awards vest (capitalized as deferred policy acquisition costs) based upon the fair value of the Company s stock. The Company records a liability for the unfunded vested shares equal to the fair market value of its stock with the change in fair market value of this liability included in commission expense. The liability at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was \$10.1 million and \$11.9 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2006, commission expense was decreased by \$2.2 million and increased by \$0.1 million respectively, under these plans, compared to increases of \$1.1 million and \$3.3 million for the same periods in 2005.

The Company has a Rabbi Trust, the NMO Deferred Compensation Trust (the Trust) and has contributed shares of its common stock to the Trust to fund the vested shares liability established under the NMO Deferred Compensation Plan. In accordance with FASB's Emerging Issues Task Force Issue No. 97-14, *Accounting for Deferred Compensation Arrangements where Amounts Earned are Held in a Rabbi Trust and Invested , the stock held in the Trust is included as part of common stock issued and outstanding. The common shares held in the Rabbi Trust and the related Trust obligation funded by such shares are included in common stock and additional paid-in capital as a respective deduction and addition, with no impact on the reported amount of total stockholders equity, as the Plan does not permit diversification and must be settled by the delivery of a fixed number of shares of the Company's stock. The number of shares held by the Trust at June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005 was 1,729,583 and 1,595,583 shares, respectively.

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2006

(Unaudited)

The Company contributed \$1.9 million to the Trust, and the Trust purchased 134,000 shares during the six months ended June 30, 2006.

The Company has a Stock Option and Warrant Agreement with Mr. Noble (owner of 6% of its outstanding common stock at June 30, 2006) which allows the purchase of 1,200,000 shares of the Company s common stock. Included in the amount were warrants to purchase 240,000 shares of common stock at \$3.33 per share that were exercised in 2000 and options expiring in 2007 to purchase 600,000 shares of common stock at \$3.33 per share and 360,000 shares of common stock at \$7.33 per share.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In September 2005, the Accounting Standards Executive Committee of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants issued Statement of Position 05-1 (SOP 05-1), Accounting by Insurance Enterprises for Deferred Acquisition Costs in Connection with Modifications or Exchanges of Insurance Contracts. SOP 05-1 provides guidance on accounting by insurance enterprises for deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements on internal replacements of insurance contracts other than those specifically described in SFAS No. 97, Accounting and Reporting by Insurance Enterprises for Certain Long-Duration Contracts and for Realized Gains and Losses from the Sale of Investments. SOP 05-1 defines an internal replacement as a modification in product benefits, features, rights or coverages that occurs by exchange of a contract for a new contract, or by amendment, endorsement, or rider to a contract, or by the election of a feature or coverage within a contract. SOP 05-1 is effective for internal replacements occurring in fiscal years beginning after December 31, 2006. Retrospective application of SOP 05-1 to previously issued financial statements is not permitted. The Company is continuing to evaluate SOP 05-1 but does not believe that it will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 155, Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments (SFAS 155), which amends SFAS No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS 133) and SFAS No. 140, Accounting for Transfers and Servicing of Financial Assets and Extinguishments of Liabilities (SFAS 140). SFAS 155 simplifies the accounting for certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments by allowing them to be accounted for as a whole if the holder elects to account for the whole instrument on a fair value basis. SFAS 155 also clarifies and amends certain other provisions of SFAS 133 and SFAS 140. SFAS 155 is effective for all financial instruments acquired, issued or subject to a remeasurement event occurring in fiscal years beginning after September 15, 2006. The Company is evaluating SFAS 155 but does not expect that it will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*. Interpretation No. 48 creates a single model to address uncertainty in tax positions and clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing the minimum recognition threshold a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. Under the Interpretation, a tax position can be recognized in the financial statements if it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities who have full knowledge of all relevant information. A tax position that meets the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold is measured at the largest amount of benefit that is greater than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement. Interpretation No. 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Interpretation No. 48 is effective beginning in 2007. The Company has not yet determined the impact of adopting Interpretation No. 48 on its consolidated financial statements.

2. Subordinated Debentures

On February 15, 2006 and July 7, 2006, American Equity Capital Trust XII (Trust XII) issued \$30.0 million and \$10.0 million, respectively, of floating rate (three month London Interbank Offered Rate plus 3.50%) trust preferred securities. In connection with the issuance of these trust preferred securities and the related purchase by the Company of all of the Trust s common securities, the Company issued \$30.9 million and \$10.3 million in principal amount of its floating rate subordinated debentures due February 15, 2036 and April 7, 2036, respectively, to Trust

XII. The sole assets of Trust XII are the subordinated debentures and any interest accrued thereon. The interest payment dates on the subordinated debentures correspond to the distribution dates on the trust preferred securities issued by Trust XII. The trust preferred securities mature simultaneously with the subordinated debentures. The Company s obligations under the subordinated debentures and related agreements provide a full and unconditional guarantee of payments due under the trust preferred securities. Although the Company owns all of the common securities of Trust XII, in accordance with FIN 46, Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an Interpretation of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51, the Company does not consolidate Trust XII. This accounting treatment is more fully described in notes 1 and 9 to the audited consolidated financial statements included in the Company s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

AMERICAN EQUITY INVESTMENT LIFE HOLDING COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

June 30, 2006

(Unaudited)

3. Contingencies

Assessments are, from time to time, levied on the Company by life and health guaranty associations in most states in which the Company is licensed to cover losses to policyholders of insolvent or rehabilitated companies. The Company has a liability established for future assessments. The Company believes the liability for guaranty fund assessments is sufficient to provide for future assessments based upon known insolvencies.

In recent years, companies in the life insurance and annuity business have faced litigation, including class action lawsuits alleging improper product design, improper sales practices and similar claims. The Company is currently a defendant in several purported class action lawsuits alleging improper sales practices. In these lawsuits, the plaintiffs are seeking returns of premiums and other compensatory and punitive damages. The Company has reached a settlement in one of these cases, which is pending appeal. The impact of the settlement is deemed to be immaterial. No class has been certified in any of the other pending cases at this time. Although the Company has denied all allegations in these lawsuits and intends to vigorously defend against them, the lawsuits are in the early stages of litigation and neither their outcomes nor a range of possible outcomes can be determined at this time. However, the Company does not believe that these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on its business, financial condition or results of operations.

In addition, the Company is from time to time subject to other legal proceedings and claims in the ordinary course of business, none of which management believes is likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows. There can be no assurance that such litigation, or any future litigation, will not have a material adverse effect on the Company s financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

4. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of earnings per common share and earnings per common share assuming dilution:

	June 30,			Six I June 2006	*	2005		
	(Dol	llars in thousands	s, excep	t per share data)				
Numerator:								
Net income numerator for earnings per common share	\$	42,911	\$	12,232	\$	46,884	\$	24,760
Interest on convertible subordinated debentures (net of								
income tax benefit)	266		300		536		601	
Numerator for earnings per common share assuming	¢.	42 177	ф	10.520	¢.	47, 420	¢.	25.261
dilution	\$	43,177	\$	12,532	\$	47,420	\$	25,361
Denominator:								
Denominator for earnings per common share	55,6	543,507	38,3	78,685	55,5	98,992	38,3	75,539
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Convertible subordinated debentures	2,80	08,381	2,85	4,452	2,82	7,825	2,85	7,598
Stock options and management subscription rights	1,01	18,371	1,67	2,993	1,06	6,945	1,63	4,795
Deferred compensation agreements	1,18	34,647	842,	442	1,23	3,152	838,	875
	60,6	554,906	43,7	48,572	60,7	26,914	43,7	06,807

Denominator for earnings per dilution	common share assu	ming						
Earnings per common share		\$	0.77	\$ S	0.32	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.65	
Earnings per common share	assuming dilution	\$	0.71	\$ 3	0.29	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.58	

Item 2. Management s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management s discussion and analysis reviews our unaudited consolidated financial position at June 30, 2006, and the unaudited consolidated results of operations for the periods ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, and where appropriate, factors that may affect future financial performance. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, and the audited consolidated financial statements, notes thereto and selected consolidated financial data appearing in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

All statements, trend analyses and other information contained in this report and elsewhere (such as in filings by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission, press releases, presentations by us or our management or oral statements) relative to markets for our products and trends in our operations or financial results, as well as other statements including words such as anticipate, believe, plan, estimate, expect, other similar expressions, constitute forward-looking statements under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause actual results to be materially different from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, among other things:

intend,

general economic conditions and other factors, including prevailing interest rate levels and stock and credit market performance which may affect (among other things) our ability to sell our products, our ability to access capital resources and the costs associated therewith, the fair value of our investments and the lapse rate and profitability of policies

customer response to new products and marketing initiatives

changes in Federal income tax laws and regulations which may affect the relative income tax advantages of our products

increasing competition in the sale of annuities

regulatory changes or actions, including those relating to regulation of financial services affecting (among other things) bank sales and underwriting of insurance products and regulation of the sale, underwriting and pricing of products

the risk factors or uncertainties listed from time to time in our private placement memorandums or filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission

Overview

We specialize in the sale of individual annuities (primarily deferred annuities) and, to a lesser extent, we also sell life insurance policies. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, premium collections for deferred annuities are reported as deposit liabilities instead of as revenues. Sources of revenues for products accounted for as deposit liabilities are net investment income, surrender charges deducted from the account balances of policyholders in connection with withdrawals, realized gains and losses on investments and changes in fair value of derivatives. Components of expenses for products accounted for as deposit liabilities are interest credited to account balances, changes in fair value of embedded derivatives, amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements, other operating costs and expenses and income taxes.

Annuity deposits by product type collected during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, were as follows:

	Three Months En June 30,	ded	Six Months Ended June 30,	l
Product Type	2006 (Dollars in thousa	2005 ands)	2006	2005
Index annuities:				
Index strategies	\$ 332,581	\$ 443,325	\$ 695,019	\$ 862,002
Fixed strategy	163,316	244,657	340,622	446,242
	495,897	687,982	1,035,641	1,308,244
Fixed rate annuities:				
Single-year rate guaranteed	20,495	69,818	44,063	121,934
Multi-year rate guaranteed	1,327	4,352	2,682	8,260
	21,822	74,170	46,745	130,194
Total before coinsurance ceded	517,719	762,152	1,082,386	1,438,438
Coinsurance ceded	884	1,324	1,834	3,116
Net after coinsurance ceded	\$ 516,835	\$ 760,828	\$ 1,080,552	\$ 1,435,322

Net annuity deposits after coinsurance ceded decreased 32% and 25%, respectively, during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005. We attribute these decreases primarily to the current interest rate environment which made fixed income alternatives such as certificates of deposit more attractive and other factors including the impact of the NASD s notice to members on the sale of index annuities which has created confusion and impediments to sales of index annuities by annuity sales agents who are dual licensed to sell both insurance and securities products. A key element of our competitive position in the indexed and fixed annuity market throughout the past several years has been the financial strength rating we received from A.M. Best Company. On August 3, 2006 A. M. Best Company upgraded our financial strength rating to A- (Excellent) from B++ (Very Good). The rating outlook is stable. We believe this rating upgrade will enhance our competitive position and improves our prospects for sales increases in future periods. However, the degree to which this rating upgrade will effect future sales and persistency is unknown.

Earnings from products accounted for as deposit liabilities are primarily generated from the excess of net investment income earned over the interest credited to the policyholder, or the investment spread. In the case of index annuities, the investment spread consists of net investment income in excess of the cost of the options purchased to fund the index-based component of the policyholder is return and amounts credited as a result of minimum guarantees.

Our investment spread is summarized as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2006		2005	
Average yield on invested assets	6.13	%	6.20	%
Cost of money:				
Aggregate	3.46	%	3.69	%
Average net cost of money for index annuities	3.27	%	3.33	%
Average crediting rate for fixed rate annuities:				
Annually adjustable	3.25	%	3.33	%
Multi-year rate guaranteed	5.12	%	5.52	%
Investment spread:				
Aggregate	2.67	%	2.51	%
Index annuities	2.86	%	2.87	%
Fixed rate annuities:				
Annually adjustable	2.88	%	2.87	%
Multi-year rate guaranteed	1.01	%	0.68	%

The cost of money, average crediting rates and investment spreads are computed without the impact of amortization of deferred sales inducements. With respect to our index annuities, the cost of money includes the average crediting rate on amounts allocated to the fixed rate options, expenses we incur to fund the annual index credits and minimum guaranteed interest credited on the index business. Proceeds received upon expiration or early termination of call options purchased to fund annual index credits are recorded as part of the change in fair value of derivatives, and are largely offset by an expense for interest credited to annuity policyholder account balances. See Critical Accounting Policies - Derivative Instruments - Index Products included in Management s Discussion and Analysis included in our

Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Our profitability depends in large part upon the amount of assets under our management, investment spreads we earn on our policyholder account balances, our ability to manage our investment portfolio to maximize returns and minimize risks such as interest rate changes, defaults or impairment of assets, our ability to manage costs of the options purchased to fund the annual index credits on our index annuities, our ability to manage the costs of acquiring new business (principally commissions to agents and first year bonuses credited to policyholders) and our ability to manage our operating expenses.

Results of Operations

Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

Annuity and single premium universal life product charges (surrender charges assessed against policy withdrawals and mortality and expense charges assessed against single premium universal life policyholder account balances) increased 53% to \$10.7 million for the second quarter of 2006, and 38% to \$18.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$7.0 million and \$13.3 million for the same periods in 2005. The increase in surrender charges collected during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same periods in 2005 was principally due to a higher amount of surrenders subject to surrender charges in 2006. Withdrawals from annuity and single premium universal life policies subject to surrender charges were \$73.6 million and \$53.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and \$124.5 million and \$96.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Net investment income increased 27% to \$169.2 million in the second quarter of 2006, and 28% to \$331.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$133.2 million and \$258.1 million for the same periods in 2005. These increases were principally attributable to the growth in our annuity business and corresponding increases in our invested assets, offset by a decrease in the average yield earned on investments. Invested assets (on an amortized cost basis) increased 24% to \$11.2 billion at June 30, 2006 compared to \$9.0 billion at June 30, 2005, while the average yield earned on average invested assets was 6.13% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to 6.20% for the same period in 2005. The decline in the yield earned on average invested assets is attributable to a general decline in interest rates and the reinvestment of net redemption proceeds from called securities at lower yields. See Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

Realized gains on investments fluctuate from period to period due to changes in the interest rate and economic environment and the timing of the sale of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments include gains and losses on the sale of securities as well as losses recognized when the fair value of a security is written down in recognition of an other than temporary impairment. The components of realized gains on investments for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 are set forth as follows:

	Three Month June 30,	s Ende	d		Six Months En June 30,	nded	
	2006		2005		2006		2005
	(Dollars in th	ousand	ls)				
Available for sale fixed maturity securities:							
Gross realized gains	\$ 977		\$ 4,391		\$ 2,999		\$ 4,652
Gross realized losses	(546)	(3,123)	(3,053)	(3,185)
Write downs (other than temporary impairments)			(1,127)			(1,127)
	431		141		(54)	340
Equity securities	(100)	79		343		112
	\$ 331		\$ 220		\$ 289		\$ 452

See Financial Condition Investments for additional discussion of write downs of the fair value of securities for other than temporary impairments.

Change in fair value of derivatives (call options purchased to fund annual index credits on index annuities) was a decrease of \$61.6 million in the second quarter of 2006, and a decrease of \$12.3 million for the six months ended June

30, 2006 compared to decreases of \$2.0 million and \$38.0 million for the same periods in 2005. The difference between the change in fair value of derivatives between the periods is primarily due to the performance of the indices upon which our options are based. A substantial portion of our options are based upon the S&P 500 Index with the remainder based upon other equity and bond market indices. The range of index appreciation for options expiring during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006	2005	Six Months Ended June 30, 2006	2005
S&P 500 Index				
Point-to-point strategy	2.7% - 15.0 %	1.6% - 9.4 %	% 2.7% - 15.0 %	1.6% - 9.4 %
Monthly average strategy	3.4% - 9.1 %	0.6% - 6.0 %	6 0.0% - 9.1 %	0.0% - 6.0 %
Monthly point-to-point strategy	0.0% - 10.1 %	0.9% - 4.4 %	6 0.0% - 10.1 %	0.9% - 4.4 %
Lehman Brothers U.S. Aggregate				
and U.S. Treasury indices	0.7% - 3.3 %	2.6% - 7.7 %	6 0.7% - 3.8 %	1.7% - 7.7 %

Actual amounts credited to policyholder account balances may be less than the index appreciation due to contractual features in the index annuity policies (participation rates and caps) which allow us to manage the cost of the options purchased to fund the annual index credits.

The change in fair value of derivatives is also influenced by the aggregate cost of options purchased. The aggregate cost of options has increased primarily due to an increased amount of index annuities in force. The aggregate cost of options is also influenced by the amount of policyholder funds allocated to the various indices, market volatility which affects option pricing and the policy terms and historical experience which affects the strikes and caps of the options we purchase. See Critical Accounting Policies Derivative Instruments Index Products included in Management s Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Interest credited to account balances increased 53% to \$108.6 million in the second quarter of 2006, and 51% to \$201.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$70.8 million and \$133.4 for the same periods in 2005. The components of interest credited to account balances are summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2006 (Dollars in thousands)		2	2005		Six Months Ended June 30, 2006		2005
Index credits on index policies	\$	55,389	\$	18,400	\$	86,551	\$	27,840
Interest credited on fixed rate annuities and amounts allocated to fixed rate option and minimum guaranteed								
interest for index annuities	46.	456	49,7	798	98,9	002	10	00,044
Amortization of deferred sales inducements	6,7	'37	2,60	2,609		15,675		466
	\$	108,582	\$	70,807	\$	201,128	\$	133,350

The changes in index credits were attributable to changes in the appreciation of the underlying indices (see discussion above under change in fair value of derivatives) and the amount of funds allocated by policyholders to the respective index options. Total proceeds received upon expiration of the call options purchased to fund the annual index credits were \$51.6 million and \$84.9 million for the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006, respectively, compared to \$17.0 million and \$25.7 million for the same periods in 2005. The decreases in interest credited on fixed rate annuities and amounts allocated to the fixed rate option and minimum guaranteed interest for index annuities were due to reductions in interest credited on fixed rate annuities as a result of declines in the account balances of such annuities and decreases in interest crediting rates on several products, offset in part by increases in interest credited on amounts allocated to the fixed rate option and minimum guaranteed interest for index annuities as a result of the growth in amounts allocated to the fixed rate option in the index annuity liabilities. A significant factor in the reductions in interest credited on fixed rate annuities is the reduced interest on multi-year rate guarantee annuities. A significant amount of these annuities were sold in the first six months of 2001 with an initial rate guaranteed for the first five policy years. We experienced surrenders of these policies upon expiration of this initial guaranteed interest rate in the first six months of 2006 and reduced the crediting rates on those policies that remained in force as of June 30, 2006. The average amount of annuity liabilities outstanding (net of annuity liabilities ceded under coinsurance agreements) increased 27% during the six months ended June 30, 2006 to \$10.5 billion from \$8.3 billion during the same period in

2005.

The increase in amortization of deferred sales inducements during the three months and six months ended June 30, 2006 was principally attributable to growth in account balances attributable to premium and interest bonus products.

Bonus products represented 74% and 66% of our total annuity deposits during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively. The comparison between periods is also affected by amortization associated with the application of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 133, Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities (SFAS 133) to our index annuity business. The application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business creates differences in the recognition of revenues and expenses from derivative instruments including the embedded derivative liabilities in our index annuity contracts. The change in fair value of the embedded derivatives will not correspond to the change in fair value of the purchased options because the purchased options are one-year options while the options valued in the fair value of embedded derivatives cover the expected life of the contracts which typically exceed 10 years. The gross profit adjustments resulting from the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business increased amortization by \$0.2 million in the second quarter of 2006 and \$3.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and reduced amortization by \$1.3 million and \$1.7 million for the same periods in 2005. See Critical Accounting Policies Deferred Policy Acquisition Costs and Deferred Sales Inducements included in Management s Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Change in fair value of embedded derivatives was a decrease of \$111.3 million in the second quarter of 2006 and a decrease of \$48.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to an increase of \$15.2 million and a decrease of \$3.4 million for the same periods in 2005. The components of change in fair value of embedded derivatives are summarized as follows:

	Three Months June 30, 2006 (Dollars in tho		200:	5	-	Months End e 30, 5	led	200:	5		
Index annuities	\$ (70,818)	\$	15,226	\$	(33,329)	\$	(3,365)	
Contingent convertible senior notes	(40,503)			(15,	228)				
	\$ (111,32	1)	\$	15,226	\$	(48,557)	\$	(3,365)	

The changes related to the embedded derivatives within our index annuities resulted primarily from changes in the expected index credits on the next policy anniversary dates, which are related to the change in fair value of the options acquired to fund these index credits discussed above in change in fair value of derivatives. The value of the embedded derivative is also impacted by changes in discount rates used in estimating future option costs and the growth in the host component of the embedded derivative. Discount rates have increased in the 2006 periods resulting in reductions in the embedded derivative values while the host values have increased as a result of the accumulation of guaranteed interest on those values and net growth in the index annuity account values. See Critical Accounting Policies Derivative Instruments Index Products included in Management s Discussion and Analysis included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

The decreases in the 2006 periods for the fair value of the conversion option embedded within our contingent convertible senior notes coincide with declines in the per share price of our common stock during those periods. This conversion option was required to be bifurcated and marked to market in accordance with SFAS 133 beginning December 15, 2005. See note 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. Effective June 8, 2006, this conversion option is no longer required to be bifurcated and marked to market.

Interest expense on notes payable increased 61% to \$6.5 million in the second quarter of 2006 and 69% to \$13.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$4.1 million and \$8.2 million for the same periods in 2005. These increases were primarily due to \$2.6 million for the second quarter and \$6.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 of amortization of the discount created in the fourth quarter of 2005 when the conversion option embedded in our contingent convertible senior notes was bifurcated from the host instrument. This discount was reduced from \$77.6 million to \$4.7 million during the second quarter of 2006 when the conversion option embedded within our contingent convertible senior notes was no longer required to be bifurcated. See note 7 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Interest expense on subordinated debentures increased 72% to \$5.4 million in the second quarter of 2006 and 67% to \$10.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$3.1 million and \$6.2 million for the same periods in

2005. These increases were primarily due to increases in weighted average interest rates, which were 8.13% and 7.07% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively, and the issuance of additional subordinated debentures of \$30.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2006 and \$56.7 million in 2005. The amount of subordinated debentures outstanding at June 30, 2006 was \$261.6 million compared to \$189.2 million at June 30, 2005.

Interest expense on amounts due under repurchase agreements increased to \$8.5 million in the second quarter of 2006 and to \$14.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$2.2 million and \$3.7 million for the same periods in 2005. These increases were principally due to increases in the borrowings outstanding which averaged \$664.4 million for the second quarter of 2006, and \$587.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$309.0 million and \$260.6 million for the same periods in 2005, and changes in the weighted average interest rates on amounts borrowed which were 5.15% for the second quarter of 2006 and 4.92% for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to 2.90% and 2.83% for the same periods in 2005.

Amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs increased 59% to \$25.4 million in the second quarter of 2006, and 72% to \$56.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$16.0 million and \$32.7 million for the same periods in 2005. These increases were primarily due to additional annuity deposits as discussed above. The comparison between periods is also affected by amortization associated with the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business as discussed above. The gross profit adjustments resulting from the application of SFAS 133 to our index annuity business increased amortization by \$0.9 million for the second quarter of 2006 and \$8.8 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to decreases of \$4.0 million and \$5.8 million for the same periods in 2005.

Other operating costs and expenses increased 2% to \$9.9 million in the second quarter of 2006 and 12% to \$20.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to \$9.7 million and \$17.9 million for the same periods in 2005. Other operating expenses in the second quarter of 2006 were increased by \$0.8 million due to risk charges related to our reinsurance agreements with Hannover Life Reinsurance Company of America (Hannover), offset by a decrease in legal expenses of \$0.6 million. See note 5 to our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 for more information on our reinsurance agreements with Hannover. The increase for the six months ended June 30, 2006 compared to the same period in 2005 was principally attributable to an increase of \$0.8 million in salaries and related costs of employment due to growth in our annuity business and \$1.5 million in risk charges related to our reinsurance agreements with Hannover.

Financial Condition

Investments

Our investment strategy is to maintain a predominantly investment grade fixed income portfolio, provide adequate liquidity to meet our cash obligations to policyholders and others and maximize current income and total investment return through active investment management. Consistent with this strategy, our investments principally consist of fixed maturity securities and short-term investments.

Insurance statutes regulate the type of investments that our life subsidiaries are permitted to make and limit the amount of funds that may be used for any one type of investment. In light of these statutes and regulations and our business and investment strategy, we generally seek to invest in United States government and government-agency securities and corporate securities rated investment grade by established nationally recognized rating organizations or in securities of comparable investment quality, if not rated.

We have classified a portion of our fixed maturity investments as available for sale. Available for sale securities are reported at fair value and unrealized gains and losses, if any, on these securities (net of income taxes and certain adjustments for changes in amortization of deferred policy acquisition costs and deferred sales inducements) are included directly in a separate component of stockholders—equity, thereby exposing stockholders—equity to volatility due to changes in market interest rates and the accompanying changes in the reported value of securities classified as available for sale, with stockholders—equity increasing as interest rates decline and, conversely, decreasing as interest rates rise.

Investments increased to \$11.1 billion at June 30, 2006 compared to \$10.5 billion at December 31, 2005 as a result of the growth in our annuity business discussed above. At June 30, 2006, the fair value of our available for sale fixed maturity and equity securities was \$296.2 million less than the amortized cost of those investments, compared to \$88.7 million at December 31, 2005. At June 30, 2006, the amortized cost of our

fixed maturity securities held for investment exceeded the fair value by \$534.4 million, compared to \$112.8 million at December 31, 2005. The increase in the net unrealized investment losses at June 30, 2006 compared to December 31, 2005 is principally related to an increase in market interest rates and an increase in invested assets.

The composition of our investment portfolio is summarized as follows (dollars in thousands):

	June Carr Amo		Percent		December 31, 2005 Carrying Amount	Percent	
Fixed maturity securities:							
United States Government full faith and credit	\$	2,677			\$ 2,774		
United States Government sponsored agencies	7,78	1,613	70.1	%	7,445,474	71.0	%
Public utilities	133,2	222	1.2	%	133,346	1.3	%
Corporate securities	746,	554	6.7	%	674,230	6.4	%
Redeemable preferred stocks	61,29	94	0.5	%	46,896	0.4	%
Mortgage and asset-backed securities							
United States Government and agencies	187,	146	1.7	%	220,379	2.1	%
Non-government	364,	163	3.3	%	377,011	3.6	%
Total fixed maturity securities	9,270	6,669	83.5	%	8,900,110	84.8	%
Equity securities	73,32	22	0.7	%	84,846	0.8	%
Mortgage loans on real estate	1,573	3,201	14.2	%	1,321,637	12.6	%
Derivative instruments	180,2	213	1.6	%	185,391	1.8	%
Policy loans	391				362		
	\$	11,103,796	100.0	%	\$ 10,492,346	100.0	%

At June 30, 2006 and December 31, 2005, the amortized cost and estimated fair value of fixed maturity securities and equity securities that were in an unrealized loss position were as follows:

June 30, 2006	Number of Positions (Dollars in thous	Amortized Cost usands)		Unrealized Losses		Estima Fair V		imated r Value
Fixed maturity securities:								
Available for sale:								
United States Government full faith and credit	4	\$	2,149	\$	(97)	\$	2,052
United States Government sponsored agencies	77	3,0	50,035	(19	8,640)	2,8	51,395
Public utilities	24	130	,508	(8,1)	130)	122	2,378
Corporate securities	98	638	,872	(41	,506)	597	7,366
Redeemable preferred stocks	18	55,0	583	(5,3)	315)	50,	368
Mortgage and asset-backed securities:								
United States Government and agencies	13	177,426		(9,395)	168	3,031
Non-government	28	391	,723	(32	,232)	359	9,491
	262	\$	4,446,396	\$	(295,315)	\$	4,151,081
Held for investment:								
United States Government sponsored agencies	89	\$	4,930,217	\$	(534,381)	\$	4,395,836
	89	\$	4,930,217	\$	(534,381)	\$	4,395,836
Equity securities, available for sale:								
Non-redeemable preferred stocks	16	\$	57,551	\$	(3,475)	\$	54,076
Common stocks	5	8,79	96	(65	1)	8,1	45
	21	\$	66,347	\$	(4,126)	\$	62,221
19								

	Number of Positions	Amortized Cost	Unrealized Losses	Estimated Fair Value	
December 31, 2005	(Dollars in th	ousands)			
Fixed maturity securities:					
Available for sale:					
United States Government full faith and credit	2	\$ 902	\$ (24) \$ 878	
United States Government sponsored agencies	70	2,822,317	(67,471) 2,754,846	
Public utilities	15	84,690	(1,306) 83,384	
Corporate securities	54	374,502	(12,596) 361,906	
Redeemable preferred stocks	10	35,013	(2,076) 32,937	
Mortgage and asset-backed securities:					
United States Government and agencies	7	47,053	(160) 46,893	
Non-government	25	280,226	(12,933) 267,293	
	183	\$ 3,644,703	\$ (96,566) \$ 3,548,	137
Held for investment:					
United States Government sponsored agencies	81	\$ 4,541,914	\$ (113,290) \$ 4,428,0	624
r S	81	\$ 4,541,914	\$ (113,290) \$ 4,428,0	
Equity securities, available for sale:					
Non-redeemable preferred stocks	12	\$ 44,665	\$ (2,075) \$ 42,590)
Common stocks	5	8,816	(1,534) 7,282	
	17	\$ 53,481			