ARES CAPITAL CORP Form N-2/A August 05, 2016

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As filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 5, 2016

Registration No. 333-212788

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM N-2

REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

ý PRE-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO. 1 o POST-EFFECTIVE AMENDMENT NO.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Charter)

245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor New York, New York 10167 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

Registrant's Telephone Number, including Area Code: (212) 750-7300

Joshua M. Bloomstein General Counsel Ares Capital Corporation 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor New York, New York 10167 (212) 750-7300

(Name and Address of Agent for Service)

Copies of information to:

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Approximate Date of Proposed Public Offering: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If any securities being registered on this form will be offered on a delayed or continuous basis in reliance on Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered in connection with a dividend reinvestment plan, check the following box. ý

It is proposed that this filing will become effective (check appropriate box):

o when declared effective pursuant to section 8(c).

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

Title of Securities Being Registered	Amount Being Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Debt Security	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price(1)	Amount of Registration Fee
Debt Securities(2)				
Total			\$1,000,000,000(3)	\$100,700(4)

- (1) Estimated pursuant to Rule 457(o) solely for the purpose of determining the registration fee. The proposed maximum offering price per security will be determined from time to time, by the Registrant in connection with the sale by the Registrant of the securities registered under this registration statement.
- Subject to Note 3 below, there is being registered hereunder an indeterminate principal amount of debt securities as may be sold, from time to time separately. If any debt securities are issued at an original issue discount, then the offering price shall be in such greater principal amount as shall result in an aggregate price to investors not to exceed \$1,000,000,000.
- In no event will the aggregate offering price of all debt securities issued from time to time pursuant to this registration statement exceed \$1,000,000,000.
- (4) Previously paid.

THE REGISTRANT HEREBY AMENDS THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT ON SUCH DATE OR DATES AS MAY BE NECESSARY TO DELAY ITS EFFECTIVE DATE UNTIL THE REGISTRANT SHALL FILE A FURTHER AMENDMENT WHICH SPECIFICALLY STATES THAT THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL THEREAFTER BECOME EFFECTIVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8(a) OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, OR UNTIL THIS REGISTRATION STATEMENT SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE ON SUCH DATE AS THE COMMISSION, ACTING PURSUANT TO SECTION 8(a), MAY DETERMINE.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted.

Subject to Completion, dated August 5, 2016

PROSPECTUS

\$1,000,000,000

Debt Securities

Ares Capital Corporation is a specialty finance company that is a closed- end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first lien senior secured loans (including "unitranche" loans, which are loans that combine both senior and mezzanine debt, generally in a first lien position), second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. To a lesser extent, we also make preferred and/or common equity investments.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management LLC, a subsidiary of Ares Management, L.P., a publicly traded, leading global asset manager. Ares Operations LLC, a subsidiary of Ares Management, L.P., provides certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate.

Investing in our debt securities involves risks that are described in the "Risk Factors" section beginning on page 23 of this prospectus, including the risk of leverage.

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our debt securities. Our debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms to be described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement concisely provide important information about us that you should know before investing in our debt securities. Please read this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement before you invest and keep it for future reference. We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. This information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (310) 201-4200 or on our website at www.arescapitalcorp.com. The SEC also maintains a website at www.sec.gov that contains such information.

Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This prospectus may not be used to consummate sales of securities unless accompanied by a prospectus supplement.

The date of this prospectus is , 2016.

You should rely only on the information contained in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement. We have not authorized any other person to provide you with different information. If anyone provides you with different or inconsistent information, you should not rely on it. We are not making an offer to sell these securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information appearing in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement is accurate only as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement, as applicable. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus is part of a registration statement that we have filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), using the "shelf" registration process. Under the shelf registration process, we may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our debt securities on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. Our debt securities may be offered at prices and on terms described in one or more supplements to this prospectus. This prospectus provides you with a general description of the debt securities that we may offer. Each time we use this prospectus to offer our debt securities, we will provide a prospectus supplement that will contain specific information about the terms of that offering. The prospectus supplement may also add, update or change information contained in this prospectus. Please carefully read this prospectus and the prospectus supplement together with any exhibits and the additional information described under the headings "Available Information" and "Risk Factors" before you make an investment decision.

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PROSPECTUS SUMMARY

This summary highlights some of the information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. It is not complete and may not contain all of the information that you may want to consider. You should read carefully the more detailed information set forth under "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement. Except where the context suggests otherwise, the terms "we," "us," "our," "the Company" and "Ares Capital" refer to Ares Capital Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries; "Ares Capital Management" and "our investment adviser" refer to Ares Capital Management LLC; "Ares Operations" and "our administrator" refer to Ares Operations LLC; and "Ares" and "Ares Management" refer to Ares Management, L.P. (NYSE: ARES) and its affiliated companies (other than portfolio companies of its affiliated funds).

Other than as specifically set forth herein or in any accompanying prospectus supplement, information presented with respect to the Company does not reflect the completion of the American Capital Acquisition (as defined below), and any investment decision you make should be made with the understanding that the American Capital Acquisition may not be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

THE COMPANY

Overview

Ares Capital, a Maryland corporation, is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company, or a "BDC," under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or the "Investment Company Act." We were founded on April 16, 2004, were initially funded on June 23, 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. As of March 31, 2016, we were the largest BDC with approximately \$9.4 billion of total assets.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, a subsidiary of Ares Management, a publicly traded, leading global alternative asset manager. Our administrator, Ares Operations, a subsidiary of Ares Management, provides certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate.

As discussed in "American Capital Acquisition" below, on May 23, 2016, we entered into a definitive agreement (the "Merger Agreement") under which we have agreed, subject to the satisfaction of certain closing conditions, to acquire American Capital, Ltd., a Delaware corporation ("American Capital"), in a cash and stock transaction, which we refer to as the "American Capital Acquisition." We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in U.S. middle-market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive. However,

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we may from time to time invest in larger or smaller (in particular, for investments in early stage and/or venture capital-backed) companies. We generally use the term "middle-market" to refer to companies with annual EBITDA between \$10 million and \$250 million. As used herein, EBITDA represents net income before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.

We invest primarily in first lien senior secured loans (including "unitranche" loans, which are loans that combine both senior and mezzanine debt, generally in a first lien position), second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien senior secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. Our investments in corporate borrowers generally range between \$30 million and \$500 million each, investments in project finance/power generation projects generally range between \$10 million and \$200 million each and investments in early-stage and/or venture capital-backed companies generally range between \$1 million and \$25 million each. However, the investment sizes may be more or less than these ranges and may vary based on, among other things, our capital availability, the composition of our portfolio and general micro- and macro-economic factors.

To a lesser extent, we also make preferred and/or common equity investments, which have generally been non-control equity investments of less than \$20 million (usually in conjunction with a concurrent debt investment). However, we may increase the size or change the nature of these investments.

The proportion of these types of investments will change over time given our views on, among other things, the economic and credit environment in which we are operating. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may subsequently syndicate or sell a portion of such amount (including, without limitation, to vehicles managed by our portfolio company, Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P. ("IHAM")), such that we are left with a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment. In addition to originating investments, we may also acquire investments in the secondary market (including purchases of a portfolio of investments).

The first and second lien senior secured loans in which we invest generally have stated terms of three to 10 years and the mezzanine debt investments in which we invest generally have stated terms of up to 10 years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, we may invest in loans and securities with any maturity or duration. The instruments in which we invest typically are not rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such instruments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service, lower than "BBB" by Fitch Ratings or lower than "BBB" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services), which, under the guidelines established by these entities, is an indication of having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Bonds that are rated below investment grade are sometimes referred to as "high yield bonds" or "junk bonds." We may invest without limit in debt or other securities of any rating, as well as debt or other securities that have not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage the current investment platform, resources and existing relationships of Ares Management with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investment opportunities. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares has been in existence for over 15 years and its partners have an average of over 24 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, commercial real estate finance, investment banking and capital markets. We

have access to Ares' investment professionals and administrative professionals, who provide assistance in accounting, finance, legal, compliance, operations, information technology and investor relations. As of March 31, 2016, Ares had approximately 340 investment professionals and approximately 525 administrative professionals.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of eligible portfolio companies, we also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in non-qualifying assets, as permitted by the Investment Company Act. See "Regulation." Specifically, as part of this 30% basket, we may invest in entities that are not considered "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in the Investment Company Act), including companies located outside of the United States, entities that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions under the Investment Company Act, and publicly traded entities whose public equity market capitalization exceeds the levels provided for under the Investment Company Act.

In the first quarter of 2011, the staff of the SEC (the "Staff") informally communicated to certain BDCs the Staff's belief that certain entities, which would be classified as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act but for the exception from the definition of "investment company" set forth in Rule 3a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act, could not be treated as "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in Section 2(a)(46) under the Investment Company Act) (i.e., not eligible to be included in a BDC's 70% "qualifying assets" basket). Subsequently, in August 2011 the SEC issued a concept release (the "Concept Release") which stated that "[a]s a general matter, the Commission presently does not believe that Rule 3a-7 issuers are the type of small, developing and financially troubled businesses in which the U.S. Congress intended BDCs primarily to invest" and requested comment on whether or not a 3a-7 issuer should be considered an "eligible portfolio company." We provided a comment letter in respect of the Concept Release and continue to believe that the language of Section 2(a)(46) of the Investment Company Act permits a BDC to treat as "eligible portfolio companies" entities that rely on the 3a-7 exception. However, given the current uncertainty in this area (including the language in the Concept Release) and subsequent discussions with the Staff, we have, solely for purposes of calculating the composition of our portfolio pursuant to Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act, identified such entities, which include the SDLP (as defined below) and the SSLP (as defined below), as "non-qualifying assets" should the Staff ultimately disagree with our position.

Co-Investment Programs

Senior Direct Lending Program

In December 2015, we established a joint venture with Varagon Capital Partners ("Varagon") to make certain first lien senior secured loans, including certain stretch senior and unitranche loans, to U.S. middle-market companies. Varagon was formed in 2013 as a lending platform by American International Group, Inc. (NYSE:AIG) and other partners. The joint venture is called the Senior Direct Lending Program (the "SDLP"). It is expected that the SDLP will commit and hold individual loans of up to \$300 million. We may directly co-invest with the SDLP to accommodate larger transactions. We will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of subordinated certificates (the "SDLP Certificates"), and Varagon and its clients will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of senior notes, intermediate funding notes and SDLP Certificates. It is expected that we and a client of Varagon will own 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of any outstanding SDLP Certificates.

As of June 30, 2016, we and Varagon have agreed to make capital available to the SDLP of \$2.9 billion in the aggregate, of which no amounts were funded. The SDLP will be capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SDLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SDLP consisting of representatives of ours

and Varagon (with approval from a representative of each required). As of June 30, 2016, we agreed to make available to the SDLP (subject to the approval of the investment committee of the SDLP as described above) approximately \$591 million, of which no amounts were committed or funded. The SDLP Certificates will pay a coupon of LIBOR plus a stated spread and also entitle the holders thereof to receive a portion of the excess cash flow from the loan portfolio, which may result in a return to the holders of the SDLP Certificates that is greater than the stated coupon. The SDLP Certificates are junior in right of payment to the senior notes and intermediate funding notes. See "Recent Developments" and Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on the SDLP.

Senior Secured Loan Program

The Company and General Electric Capital Corporation ("GECC") and GE Global Sponsor Finance LLC (collectively, "GE") have co-invested in first lien senior secured loans of middle market companies through an unconsolidated Delaware limited liability company, the Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC (d/b/a "the Senior Secured Loan Program") or the SSLP (the "SSLP"). The SSLP has been capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SSLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SSLP consisting of representatives of the Company and GE (with approval from a representative of each required). We have provided capital to the SSLP in the form of subordinated certificates (the "SSLP Certificates").

In August 2015, GE completed the sale of its U.S. Sponsor Finance business, through which GE had participated with us in the SSLP, to Canada Pension Plan Investment Board ("CPPIB"). This sale excluded GE's interest in the SSLP, and the Company and GE continue to operate the SSLP. The Company and GE no longer have an obligation to present senior secured lending investment opportunities to the SSLP and since June 30, 2015, the SSLP has not made any investments related to new portfolio companies; however, the Company and GE may provide capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments (see below) and other amounts to its portfolio companies. On August 24, 2015, we were advised that GECC, as the holder of the senior notes of the SSLP (the "Senior Notes"), directed State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee of the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, to apply all principal proceeds received by the SSLP from its investments to the repayment of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes until paid in full (prior to the distribution of any such principal proceeds to the holders of the SSLP Certificates, which includes us). GECC had previously elected to waive its right to receive priority repayments on the Senior Notes from principal proceeds in most circumstances. Prior to closing the sale to CPPIB, GE had announced its intention to provide the Company and CPPIB the opportunity to work together on the SSLP on a go-forward basis. GECC has also stated that if a mutual agreement between us and CPPIB to partner on the SSLP is not reached, it intends to retain its interest in the SSLP and the SSLP would be wound down in an orderly manner. We have been in dialogue with GE and CPPIB to determine if there is an opportunity to work together; however, to date there has been no agreement in respect of the SSLP as a result of these discussions and there can be no assurance that such discussions will continue or any such agreement will be reached. In addition to discussions with CPPIB and GECC, we are also exploring other options with respect to the SSLP's portfolio, although there can be no assurance that we will pursue any of them.

As of June 30, 2016, the Company and GE had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$7.1 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. As discussed above, we anticipate that no new investments will be made by the SSLP and that the Company and GE will only provide additional capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments and other amounts to its portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016, the SSLP had commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies of \$94.5 million, which had been approved by the investment committee of the

SSLP as described above. As of June 30, 2016, we had funded approximately \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016, we had commitments to co-invest in the SSLP for our portion of the SSLP's commitments to fund delayed draw loans to portfolio companies of up to \$14.9 million. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the SSLP Certificates held by us was \$1.9 billion at fair value (including unrealized depreciation of \$38.7 million), which represented approximately 21% of our total portfolio at fair value. As of June 30, 2016, the SSLP had 32 different underlying borrowers. For more information on the SSLP, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio and Investment Activity Senior Secured Loan Program."

Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.

As of June 30, 2016, our portfolio company, IHAM, an SEC-registered investment adviser, managed 16 vehicles and served as the sub-manager/sub-servicer for three other vehicles (such vehicles, the "IHAM Vehicles"). As of June 30, 2016, IHAM had assets under management of approximately \$3.5 billion. As of June 30, 2016, Ares Capital had invested approximately \$171.0 million (at amortized cost) in IHAM. In connection with IHAM's registration as a registered investment adviser, on March 30, 2012, we received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing us to, subject to certain conditions, own directly or indirectly up to 100% of IHAM's outstanding equity interests and make additional investments in IHAM. From time to time, IHAM or certain IHAM Vehicles may purchase investments from us or sell investments to us, in each case for a price equal to the fair market value of such investments determined at the time of such transactions. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 for more information about IHAM and Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for information related to IHAM's role in the American Capital Acquisition.

Ares Capital Management LLC

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by an origination, investment and portfolio management team of approximately 80 U.S.-based investment professionals as of March 31, 2016 and led by certain partners of the Ares Credit Group: Michael Arougheti, Kipp deVeer, Mitchell Goldstein and Michael Smith. Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' investment platform and benefits from the significant capital markets, trading and research expertise of Ares' investment professionals. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has 12 members comprised of certain of the U.S.-based partners of the Ares Credit Group and certain partners in the Ares Private Equity Group.

MARKET OPPORTUNITY

We believe that current market conditions present attractive opportunities for us to invest in middle-market companies, specifically:

We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. These factors may result in opportunities for alternative funding sources to middle-market companies and therefore more new-issue market opportunities for us.

We believe that the disruption and volatility in the credit markets between 2008 and 2009 reduced capital available to certain specialty finance companies and other capital providers,

causing a reduction in competition. While market conditions have largely recovered from the events of 2008 and 2009, there have been continuing periods of volatility, some lasting longer than others. These market conditions may continue to create opportunities to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns.

We believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold our loans without having to syndicate them is a competitive advantage.

We believe that middle-market companies have faced difficulty in raising debt through the capital markets. This approach to financing may become more difficult to the extent institutional investors seek to invest in larger, more liquid offerings, leaving less competition and fewer financing alternatives for middle-market companies.

We believe there is a large pool of un-invested private equity capital for middle-market businesses. We expect private equity firms will seek to leverage their investments by combining equity capital with senior secured loans and mezzanine debt from other sources such as us.

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle-market companies:

The Ares Platform

Ares operates three distinct but complementary investment groups, including the Ares Credit Group, the Ares Private Equity Group and the Ares Real Estate Group. We believe Ares' current investment platform provides a competitive advantage in terms of access to origination and marketing activities and diligence for us. In particular, we believe that the Ares platform provides us with an advantage through its deal flow generation and investment evaluation process. Ares' asset management platform also provides additional market information, company knowledge and industry insight that benefit our investment and due diligence process. Ares' professionals maintain extensive financial sponsor and intermediary relationships, which provide valuable insight and access to transactions and information.

Seasoned Management Team

The investment professionals in the Ares Credit Group and members of our investment adviser's investment committee also have significant experience investing across market cycles. This experience also provides us with a competitive advantage in identifying, originating, investing in and managing a portfolio of investments in middle-market companies.

Broad Origination Strategy

We focus on self-originating most of our investments by pursuing a broad array of investment opportunities in middle-market companies, venture capital backed businesses and power generation projects across multiple channels. We also leverage off of the extensive relationships of the broader Ares platform, including relationships with the portfolio companies in the IHAM Vehicles, to identify investment opportunities. We believe that this allows for asset selectivity and that there is a significant relationship between proprietary deal origination and credit performance. We believe that our focus on generating proprietary deal flow and lead investing also gives us greater control over capital structure, deal terms, pricing and documentation and enables us to actively manage our portfolio investments.

Moreover, by leading the investment process, we are often able to secure controlling positions in credit tranches, thereby providing additional control in investment outcomes. We also have originated substantial proprietary deal flow from middle-market intermediaries, which often allows us to act as the sole or principal source of institutional capital to the borrower.

Scale and Flexible Transaction Structuring

We believe that being one of the largest BDCs makes us a more desirable and flexible capital provider, especially in competitive markets. We are flexible with the types of investments we make and the terms associated with those investments. We believe this approach and experience enables our investment adviser to identify attractive investment opportunities throughout economic cycles and across a company's capital structure so we can make investments consistent with our stated investment objective and preserve principal while seeking appropriate risk adjusted returns. In addition, we have the flexibility to provide "one stop" financing with the ability to invest capital across the balance sheet and syndicate and hold larger investments than many of our competitors. We believe that the ability to underwrite, syndicate and hold larger investments benefits our stockholders by (a) potentially increasing net income and earnings through syndication, (b) increasing originated deal flow flexibility, (c) broadening market relationships and deal flow, (d) allowing us to optimize our portfolio composition and (e) allowing us to provide capital to a broader spectrum of middle-market companies, which we believe currently have limited access to capital from traditional lending sources. In addition, we believe that the ability to provide capital at every level of the balance sheet provides a strong value proposition to middle-market borrowers and our senior debt capabilities provide superior deal origination and relative value analysis capabilities compared to traditional "mezzanine only" lenders.

Experience with and Focus on Middle-Market Companies

Ares has historically focused on investments in middle-market companies and we benefit from this experience. In sourcing and analyzing deals, our investment adviser benefits from Ares' extensive network of relationships focused on middle-market companies, including management teams, members of the investment banking community, private equity groups and other investment firms with whom Ares has had long-term relationships. We believe this network enables us to identify well-positioned prospective portfolio company investments. The Ares Credit Group works closely with Ares' other investment professionals. As of March 31, 2016, Ares oversaw a portfolio of investments in approximately 1,000 companies, approximately 495 structured assets and approximately 155 properties across over 50 industries, which provides access to an extensive network of relationships and insights into industry trends and the state of the capital markets.

Disciplined Investment Philosophy

In making its investment decisions, our investment adviser has adopted Ares' long-standing, consistent, credit-based investment approach that was developed over 15 years ago by its founders. Specifically, our investment adviser's investment philosophy, portfolio construction and portfolio management involve an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment and financial markets and company-specific research and analysis. Its investment approach emphasizes capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk. In addition to engaging in extensive due diligence from the perspective of a long-term investor, our investment adviser's approach seeks to reduce risk in investments by focusing on:

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businesses with strong franchises and sustainable competitive advantages;
industries with positive long-term dynamics;
businesses and industries with cash flows that are dependable and predictable;

management teams with demonstrated track records and appropriate economic incentives;

rates of return commensurate with the perceived risks;

securities or investments that are structured with appropriate terms and covenants; and

businesses backed by experienced private equity sponsors.

Extensive Industry Focus

We seek to concentrate our investing activities in industries with a history of predictable and dependable cash flows and in which the Ares investment professionals have had extensive investment experience. Ares investment professionals have developed long-term relationships with management teams and management consultants in over 50 industries, and have accumulated substantial information and identified potential trends within these industries. In turn, we benefit from these relationships, information and identification of potential trends in making investments.

OPERATING AND REGULATORY STRUCTURE

Our investment activities are managed by our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, which is a subsidiary of Ares, and supervised by our board of directors, a majority of whom are independent of Ares and its affiliates. Ares Capital Management is registered under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, or the "Advisers Act." Under our Amended and Restated Investment Advisory and Management Agreement with Ares Capital Management, referred to herein as our "investment advisory and management agreement," we have agreed to pay Ares Capital Management base management fees based on our total assets, as defined under the Investment Company Act (other than cash and cash equivalents, but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) ("base management fees"), fees based on our net investment income ("income based fees") and fees based on our net capital gains ("capital gains incentive fees"). See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement." Ares Operations provides us with certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate pursuant to an Amended and Restated Administration Agreement, referred to herein as our "administration agreement." See "Management Administration Agreement."

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For example, we are not generally permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which a fund managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates (other than us and our downstream affiliates) currently has an investment. However, we may co-invest with funds managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and our allocation procedures. Certain types of co-investment transactions would only be permitted pursuant to an exemptive order from the SEC, for which we have applied. Any such order will be subject to certain terms and conditions. Further there is no assurance that this application for exemptive relief will be granted by the SEC.

Also, while we may borrow funds to make investments, our ability to use debt is limited in certain significant aspects. See "Business Operating and Regulatory Structure" and "Regulation." In particular, BDCs must have at least 200% asset coverage calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act (i.e., we are permitted to borrow one dollar for every dollar we have in assets less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities issued by us) in order to incur debt or issue preferred stock (which we refer to collectively as "senior securities"), which requires us to finance our investments with at least as much equity as senior securities in the aggregate. Certain of our credit facilities also require that we maintain asset coverage of at least 200%.

In addition, as a consequence of us being a regulated investment company ("RIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") for U.S. federal income tax purposes, our asset growth is dependent on our ability to raise equity capital through the issuance of common stock.

RICs generally must distribute substantially all of their investment company taxable income (as defined under the Code) to stockholders as dividends in order to preserve their status as a RIC and not be subject to additional U.S. federal corporate-level taxes. This requirement, in turn, generally prevents us from using our earnings to support our operations, including making new investments. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

ACQUISITION OPPORTUNITIES

We believe the recent volatility in the credit markets has increased the likelihood of further consolidation in our industry. To that end, we are evaluating (and expect to continue to evaluate in the future) a number of potential strategic opportunities, including acquisitions of:

asset portfolios;

other private and public finance companies, business development companies and asset managers; and

selected secondary market assets.

In this regard, on May 23, 2016 we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire American Capital in a cash and stock transaction. See "American Capital Acquisition" below for more information.

We have been in, and from time to time may engage in, discussions with counterparties in respect of various potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, including potential acquisitions of other finance companies, business development companies and asset managers. Some of these transactions could be material to our business and, if completed, could be difficult to integrate, result in increased leverage or dilution and/or subject us to unexpected liabilities. However, other than in connection with the American Capital Acquisition, none of these discussions has progressed to the point at which the completion of any such transaction could be deemed to be probable or reasonably certain as of the date of this prospectus. Completion of any such transaction would be subject to completion of due diligence, finalization of key business and financial terms (including price) and negotiation of final definitive documentation as well as a number of other factors and conditions including, without limitation, the approval of our board of directors, any required third party consents and, in certain cases, the approval of our stockholders. We cannot predict how quickly the terms of any such transaction could be finalized, if at all. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such transaction would be completed. In connection with evaluating potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, we have, and may in the future, incur significant expenses for the evaluation and due diligence investigation of these potential transactions.

INDEBTEDNESS

As of June 30, 2016, we had approximately \$3.9 billion in aggregate principal amount of total outstanding indebtedness, approximately \$2.5 billion aggregate principal amount of which was unsecured indebtedness of Ares Capital, approximately \$1.2 billion aggregate principal amount of which was secured indebtedness at the Ares Capital level and approximately \$0.2 billion aggregate principal amount of which was secured indebtedness of our consolidated subsidiaries.

For more information on the Company's debt, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources."

AMERICAN CAPITAL ACQUISITION

On May 23, 2016, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire American Capital in a cash and stock transaction. American Capital is an internally managed closed-end, non-diversified

management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the Investment Company Act.

If the American Capital Acquisition is completed, American Capital will become a subsidiary of ARCC and American Capital Asset Management, LLC, a wholly owned portfolio company of American Capital ("ACAM"), will merge with and into ARCC's portfolio compant IHAM, with IHAM remaining as the surviving entity in such merger.
Simplified Structure Before the Completion of the American Capital Acquisition
Simplified Structure Following the Completion of the American Capital Acquisition

Immediately following the Mergers, American Capital will convert into a Delaware limited liability company and withdraw its election as a BDC.

If the American Capital Acquisition is completed, the diversification of our investment portfolio is expected to increase by both issuer and industry, with our largest investment (our investment in subordinated certificates of the SSLP) declining from approximately 21% of our total investment portfolio at fair value as of June 30, 2016 to approximately 16% of the combined company's total investment portfolio at fair value on a pro forma basis as of June 30, 2016. Pro forma for the American Capital Acquisition, no other single portfolio company investment

would represent greater than 5% of the combined company's total investment portfolio at fair value as of June 30, 2016.

The following table presents the asset mix of investments and number of portfolio companies for Ares Capital as of June 30, 2016 and pro forma for the combined company as of June 30, 2016:

	Actual Ares Capital	Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
First Lien Senior Secured Loans	29%	26%
Second Lien Senior Secured Loans	31%	31%
SSLP Subordinated Certificates	21%	16%
Senior Subordinated Debt	8%	9%
Collateralized Loan Obligations (CLOs)	0%	3%
Preferred Equity	4%	4%
Other Equity	7%	11%

	Actual Ares Capital	Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
Number of Portfolio Companies	214	331

The following table presents the industrial composition of our portfolio at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and the combined company's portfolio at fair value on a pro forma basis as of June 30, 2016:

		Pro Forma
	Actual Ares	Ares Capital
Industry	Capital	Combined
Investment Funds and Vehicles	21.7%	20.2%
Healthcare Services	12.5%	11.4%
Other Services	10.0%	7.8%
Consumer Products	8.0%	7.7%
Business Services	6.7%	11.9%
Power Generation	6.7%	5.0%
Manufacturing	5.3%	4.4%
Financial Services	4.2%	7.4%
Restaurants and Food Services	4.2%	3.1%
Education	3.5%	3.1%
Oil and Gas	2.9%	2.1%
Containers and Packaging	2.8%	2.8%
Automotive Services	2.5%	2.5%
Food and Beverage	2.5%	2.3%
Commerical Real Estate Finance	1.1%	1.2%
Other	5.4%	7.1%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

As of June 30, 2016, we had (i) total assets of approximately \$9.2 billion, (ii) total liabilities of approximately \$4.0 billion and (iii) a net asset value per share of \$16.62. Assuming the American Capital Acquisition was completed as of June 30, 2016, the combined company would have on a pro forma basis as of June 30, 2016 (i) total assets of more than \$12.3 billion, (ii) total liabilities of more than \$5.4 billion, and (iii) a net asset value per share of \$16.25. The information presented in this paragraph and the immediately preceding paragraphs is provided for illustrative purposes only and does not necessarily indicate what the future assets, liabilities, net asset value or asset mix of the combined company will be following the American Capital Acquisition. This pro forma information does not include adjustments to reflect any cost savings or other operational efficiencies that may be realized as a result of the American Capital Acquisition or any future restructuring or integration expenses related

to the American Capital Acquisition. Additionally, this pro forma information does not include any estimated net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations or other asset sales and repayments that are not already reflected that may occur between June 30, 2016 and the completion of the American Capital Acquisition. The foregoing information should be read in conjunction with the Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and the corresponding notes included elsewhere in this prospectus.

While there can be no assurances as to the exact timing, or that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed at all, we expect to complete the American Capital Acquisition as early as the fourth quarter of 2016. The completion of the American Capital Acquisition is subject to certain conditions, including, among others, American Capital stockholder approval, Ares Capital stockholder approval, required regulatory approvals, receipt of certain third party consents and other customary closing conditions.

We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a more detailed description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

In connection with the American Capital Acquisition, we entered into an agreement with our investment adviser, dated May 23, 2016, pursuant to which our investment adviser will (i) provide approximately \$275 million of cash consideration payable to American Capital stockholders in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement at closing and (ii) waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the closing of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (x) \$10 million of income based fees and (y) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under our investment advisory and management agreement.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

From July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we made new investment commitments of approximately \$469 million, of which \$343 million were funded. As discussed further below, included in the \$469 million of new investment commitments was our \$217 million initial investment commitment in the SDLP Certificates, of which \$194 million was funded, to make co-investments with Varagon and its clients in first lien senior secured loans through the SDLP. Overall, of the total new commitments, 46% were in investments in the SDLP Certificates, 21% were in first lien senior secured loans, 19% were in senior subordinated loans, 13% were in second lien senior secured loans and 1% were in other equity securities. Of the approximately \$469 million of new investment commitments, 80% were floating rate, 19% were fixed rate and 1% were non-interest bearing. The weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities funded during the period at amortized cost was 11.7%. We may seek to sell all or a portion of these new investment commitments, although there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so.

In July 2016, we and Varagon and its clients completed the initial funding of the SDLP. As part of the initial funding, pursuant to a forward sale agreement between us and the SDLP, we sold \$529 million of investment commitments to the SDLP, including \$55 million of unfunded commitments, and recorded no realized gains or losses. Varagon and its clients sold \$503 million of investment commitments to the SDLP, including \$51 million of unfunded commitments. Immediately following these sales to the SDLP, the funded SDLP portfolio totaled \$926 million and was comprised of 10 first lien senior secured loans to U.S. middle-market companies and the unfunded commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies totaled \$106 million. To support the acquisition

of the initial funded portfolio by the SDLP, clients of Varagon provided \$704 million of capital to the SDLP in the form of notes and \$28 million in the form of SDLP Certificates, while we provided \$194 million of capital in the form of SDLP Certificates. We and a client of Varagon own 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of the outstanding SDLP Certificates. We estimate that the initial yield on our investment in the SDLP Certificates will be at least 13.5%. Following this initial funding, the SDLP will make first lien senior secured loans directly to U.S. middle-market companies.

From July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we exited approximately \$752 million of investment commitments. Included in the \$752 million commitments exited were \$529 million of investment commitments sold to the SDLP. Of the total investment commitments, 73% were first lien senior secured loans, 26% were second lien senior secured loans and 1% were senior subordinated loans. Of the approximately \$752 million of exited investment commitments, 99% were floating rate and 1% were fixed rate. The weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities exited or repaid during the period at amortized cost was 8.1%. On the approximately \$752 million of investment commitments exited from July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we recognized total net realized gains of approximately \$9 million.

In addition, as of July 27, 2016, we had an investment backlog and pipeline of approximately \$555 million and \$525 million, respectively. Investment backlog includes transactions approved by our investment adviser's investment committee and/or for which a formal mandate, letter of intent or a signed commitment have been issued, and therefore we believe are likely to close. Investment pipeline includes transactions where due diligence and analysis are in process, but no formal mandate, letter of intent or signed commitment have been issued. The consummation of any of the investments in this backlog and pipeline depends upon, among other things, one or more of the following: satisfactory completion of our due diligence investigation of the prospective portfolio company, our acceptance of the terms and structure of such investment and the execution and delivery of satisfactory transaction documentation. In addition, we may sell all or a portion of these investments and certain of these investments may result in the repayment of existing investments. We cannot assure you that we will make any of these investments or that we will sell all or any portion of these investments.

RISK FACTORS

Investing in Ares Capital involves risks. The following is a summary of the principal risks that you should carefully consider before investing in our debt securities. In addition, see "Risk Factors" beginning on page 23 for a more detailed discussion of the principal risks as well as certain other risks you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our debt securities.

The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.

Uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States, China and several countries in the European Union (EU) could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our shares of common stock have traded at a discount from net asset value and may do so again, which could limit our ability to raise additional equity capital.

Our ability to grow depends on our ability to raise capital.

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility and a failure to maintain our status as a RIC may subject us to additional corporate-level income taxes.

We are dependent upon certain key personnel of Ares for our future success and upon their access to other Ares investment professionals.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested, subjects us to certain covenants with which we must comply and may increase the risk of investing with us.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

Most of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, the fair value of these investments may not be readily determinable. Additionally, to the extent that we need liquidity and need to sell assets, the lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

Our financial condition and results of operations could be negatively affected if a significant investment fails to perform as expected.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.

Declines in market prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets can result in significant net unrealized depreciation of our portfolio, which in turn would reduce our net asset value.

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Our investments, which are primarily in middle-market companies, may be risky and we could lose all or part of our investment.

Our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged.

Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of an investment in our debt securities.

We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition.

Completion of the American Capital Acquisition will cause immediate dilution to our stockholders' voting interests in us and may cause immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock.

We may be unable to realize the benefits anticipated by the American Capital Acquisition, including estimated cost savings and synergies, or it may take longer than anticipated to achieve such benefits.

Termination of the Merger Agreement could negatively impact us and, under certain circumstances, the Company and American Capital are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement.

OUR CORPORATE INFORMATION

Our administrative offices are located at 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90067, telephone number (310) 201-4200, and our executive offices are located at 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor, New York, New York 10167, telephone number (212) 750-7300.

OFFERINGS

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our debt securities on terms to be determined at the time of the offering. We will offer our debt securities at prices and on terms to be set forth in one or more supplements to this prospectus.

We may offer our debt securities directly to one or more purchasers, through agents that we designate from time to time or to or through underwriters or dealers. The prospectus supplement relating to each offering will identify any agents or underwriters involved in the sale of our debt securities, and will set forth any applicable purchase price, fee, commission or discount arrangement between us and our agents or underwriters or among our underwriters or the basis upon which such amount may be calculated. See "Plan of Distribution." We may not sell any of our debt securities through agents, underwriters or dealers without delivery of a prospectus supplement describing the method and terms of the offering of our debt securities.

Set forth below is additional information regarding offerings of our debt securities:

Management arrangements

Use of proceeds

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale

of our debt securities for general corporate purposes, which include, among other things, (a) investing in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective and (b) repaying indebtedness. Each supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering will more fully identify the use of the

proceeds from such offering. See "Use of Proceeds."

Leverage We borrow funds to make additional investments. We use this practice, which is known as "leverage,"

to attempt to increase returns to our stockholders, but it involves significant risks. See "Risk Factors," "Senior Securities" and "Regulation Indebtedness and Senior Securities." With certain limited

exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, as calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% after such borrowing. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of

directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. Ares Capital Management serves as our investment adviser. Ares Operations serves as our administrator. For a description of Ares Capital Management, Ares Operations, Ares and our contractual arrangements with these companies, see "Management Investment Advisory and

Management Agreement," and " Administration Agreement."

Available information We are required to file periodic reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. This

information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (310) 201-4200 or on our website at www.arescapitalcorp.com. Information contained on our website is not incorporated into this

prospectus and you should not consider such information to be part of this prospectus. Such information

is also available from the EDGAR database on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

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SELECTED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA OF ARES CAPITAL

The following selected financial and other data as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 are derived from our consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included elsewhere in this prospectus. The selected financial and other data as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 and other quarterly financial information is derived from our unaudited financial statements, but in the opinion of management, reflects all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) that are necessary to present fairly the results of such interim periods. Interim results as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2016. The data should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Senior Securities," which are included elsewhere in this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

As of and For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015 and As of and For the Years Ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011 (dollar amounts in millions, except per share data and as otherwise indicated)

As of and For the Six Months Ended June 30,

	2016	2015	A	s of and For t	he Year Ende	ed December	31,
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Total Investment Income	\$ 493.3	\$ 502.7	\$ 1,025.4	\$ 989.0	\$ 881.7	\$ 748.0	\$ 634.5
Total Expenses	266.1	266.4	499.8	532.9	437.2	387.9	344.6
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes	227.2	236.3	525.6	456.1	444.5	360.1	289.9
Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax	9.2	6.1	17.8	18.3	14.1	11.2	7.5
Net Investment Income	218.0	230.2	507.8	437.8	430.4	348.9	282.4
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments, Foreign Currencies, Extinguishment of Debt and Other Assets	71.0	16.9	(129.1) 153.2	58.1	159.3	37.1
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$ 289.0	\$ 247.1	\$ 378.7	\$ 591.0	\$ 488.5	\$ 508.2	\$ 319.5

Per	Share	Data
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Net Increase in Stockholder's Equity Resulting from													
Operations:													
Basic	\$ 0.92	\$	0.79	\$	1.20	\$	1.94	\$	1.83	\$	2.21	\$	1.56
Diluted	\$ 0.92	\$	0.79	\$	1.20	\$	1.94	\$	1.83	\$	2.21	\$	1.56
Cash Dividends Declared and Payable(1)	\$ 0.76	\$	0.81	\$	1.57	\$	1.57	\$	1.57	\$	1.60	\$	1.41
Net Asset Value	\$ 16.62	\$	16.80	\$	16.46	\$	16.82	\$	16.46	\$	16.04	\$	15.34
Total Assets(2)	\$ 9,207.6	\$	9,088.6	\$	9,506.8	\$	9,454.3	\$	8,093.7	\$	6,360.6	\$	5,359.7
Total Debt (Carrying Value)(2)	\$ 3,785.4	\$	3,546.0	\$	4,113.9	\$	3,881.0	\$	2,938.5	\$	2,155.3	\$	2,045.9
Total Debt (Principal Amount)	\$ 3,859.6	\$	3,648.6	\$	4,196.6	\$	3,999.3	\$	3,078.8	\$	2,293.8	\$	2,170.5
Total Stockholders' Equity	\$ 5,218.0	\$	5,282.4	\$	5,173.3	\$	5,283.7	\$	4,904.4	\$	3,988.3	\$	3,147.3
Other Data:													
Number of Portfolio Companies at Period End(3)	214		207		218		205		193		152		141
Principal Amount of Investments Purchased	\$ 1,016.0	\$	1,395.4	\$	3,905.0	\$	4,534.3	\$	3,493.2	\$	3,161.6	\$	3,239.0
Principal Amount of Investments Sold and Repayments	\$ 1,203.4	\$	1,830.6	\$	3,651.3	\$	3,212.8	\$	1,801.4	\$	2,482.9	\$	2,468.2
Total Return Based on Market Value(4)	5.0%	b	10.6%	,	1.3%	ó	(3.3)	%	10.5%	,	23.6%	'o	2.3%
Total Return Based on Net Asset Value(5)	5.5%	b	4.7%	,	7.2%	6	11.8%)	11.4%	,	14.3%	o o	10.5%
Weighted Average Yield of Debt and Other Income Producing													
Securities at Fair Value(6):	9.9%	b	10.6%	'n	10.3%	6	10.1%)	10.4%	,	11.3%	'o	12.0%
Weighted Average Yield of Debt and Other Income Producing													
Securities at Amortized Cost(6):	9.8%	b	10.6%	,	10.1%	ó	10.1%		10.4%	,	11.4%	b	12.1%

Includes an additional dividend of \$0.05 per share paid in the six months ended June 30, 2015, an additional dividend of \$0.05 per share paid in the year ended December 31, 2015, an additional dividend of \$0.05 per share paid in the year ended December 31, 2014, an additional dividend of \$0.05 per share paid in the year ended December 31, 2013 and additional dividends of \$0.10 per share in the aggregate paid in the year ended December 31, 2012.

⁽²⁾Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2016 presentation. In particular, unamortized debt issuance costs were previously included in other assets and were reclassified to long-term debt as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2015-03,

Interest Imputation of Interest (Topic 835): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs during the first quarter of 2016.

Includes commitments to portfolio companies for which funding had yet to occur.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the total return based on market value equaled the increase of the ending market value at June 30, 2016 of \$14.20 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2015 of \$14.25 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$0.76 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2016, divided by the market value at December 31, 2015. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the total return based

on market value equaled the increase

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of the ending market value at June 30, 2015 of \$16.46 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2014 of \$15.61 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$0.81 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2015, divided by the market value at December 31, 2014. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the total return based on market value equaled the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2015 of \$14.25 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2014 of \$15.61 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2015, divided by the market value at December 31, 2014. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the total return based on market value equaled the decrease of the ending market value at December 31, 2014 of \$15.61 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2013 of \$17.77 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2014, divided by the market value at December 31, 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the total return based on market value equaled the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2013 of \$17.77 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2012 of \$17.50 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2013, divided by the market value at December 31, 2012. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the total return based on market value equaled the increase of the ending market value at December 31, 2012 of \$17.50 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2011 of \$15.45 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.60 per share for the year ended December 31, 2012, divided by the market value at December 31, 2011. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the total return based on market value equaled the decrease of the ending market value at December 30, 2011 of \$15.45 per share from the ending market value at December 31, 2010 of \$16.48 per share plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.41 per share for the year ended December 31, 2011, divided by the market value at December 31, 2010. The Company's shares fluctuate in value. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

(5) For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$0.76 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2016, divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. For the six months ended June 30, 2015, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$0.81 per share for the six months ended June 30, 2015, divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. For the year ended December 31, 2015, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2015, divided by the beginning net asset value. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2014, divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.57 per share for the year ended December 31, 2013, divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. For the year ended December 31, 2012, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.60 per share for the year ended December 31, 2012 divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the total return based on net asset value equaled the change in net asset value during the period plus the declared and payable dividends of \$1.41 per share for the year ended December 31, 2011 divided by the beginning net asset value for the period. These calculations are adjusted for shares issued in connection with the dividend reinvestment plan and the issuance of common stock in connection with any equity offerings and the equity components of any convertible notes issued during the period. The Company's performance changes over time and currently may be different than that shown. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

"Weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities" is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount or premium earned on accruing debt and other income producing securities, divided by (b) total accruing debt and other income producing securities at amortized cost or at fair value as applicable.

(6)

SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (Unaudited) (dollar amounts in thousands, except per share data)

				20	16			
						Q2		Q1
Total investment income					\$	245,262	\$	248,050
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains and income								
based fees and capital gains incentive fees					\$	144,614	\$	145,614
Income based fees and capital gains incentive fees					\$	39,350	\$	32,884
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains					\$	105,264	\$	112,730
Net realized and unrealized gains					\$	52,136	\$	18,811
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations					\$	157,400	\$	131,541
Basic and diluted earnings per common share					\$	0.50	\$	0.42
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter					\$	16.62	\$	16.50
				201	15			
		04		03		O2		01
Total investment income	\$	261,676	\$	260,948	\$	249,479	\$	253,247
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains (losses) and	-		-		-	,,.,,	-	
income based fees and capital gains incentive fees	\$	150,782	\$	159,691	\$	145,134	\$	146,822
Income based fees and capital gains incentive fees	\$	3,679	\$	29,214	\$	36,631	\$	25,145
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$	147,103	\$	130,477	\$	108,503	\$	121,677
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(132,390)		(13,618)		38,019	\$	(21,101)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$		\$. , ,	\$	146,522	\$	100,576
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.05	\$	0.37	\$	0.47	\$	0.32
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$	16.46	\$	16.79	\$	16.80	\$	16.71
				20	14			
		Q4		03		O2		Q1
Total investment income	\$	270,917	\$	253,396	\$	224,927	\$	239,719
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains and income	Ψ	270,517	Ψ	200,000	Ψ	221,727	Ψ	235,715
based fees and capital gains incentive fees	\$	166,532	\$	149,722	\$	127,699	\$	141,589
Income based fees and capital gains incentive fees	\$		\$	44,432	\$	35,708	\$	29,253
Net investment income before net realized and unrealized gains	\$	128,185	\$	105,290	\$	91,991	\$	112,336
Net realized and unrealized gains	\$	25,202	\$	72,449	\$	50,840	\$	4,656
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$	153,387	\$	177,739	\$	142,831	\$	116,992
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.49	\$	0.57	\$	0.48	\$	0.39
Net asset value per share as of the end of the quarter	\$	16.82	\$	16.71	\$	16.52	\$	16.42
19	Ψ	10.02	Ψ	10.71	Ψ	10.52	Ψ	10.12
1,								

UNAUDITED SELECTED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables set forth unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data for the Company and American Capital as a combined company after giving effect to the merger of Orion Acquisition Sub, Inc. ("Acquisition Sub"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, with and into American Capital, with American Capital remaining as the surviving entity in such merger as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Merger") and the merger of ACAM with and into IHAM, with IHAM remaining as the surviving entity in such merger (the "ACAM Merger" and together with the Merger, the "Mergers"). The information as of June 30, 2016 is presented as if the Mergers had been completed on June 30, 2016 and after giving effect to the Mortgage Manager Sale (as defined below) and certain other transactions that occurred or are expected to occur subsequent to June 30, 2016 (collectively, the "Other Pro Forma Transactions"). The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 are presented as if the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on December 31, 2014. Such unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data is based on the historical financial statements of the Company and American Capital from publicly available information and certain assumptions and adjustments as discussed in Note 3 of the accompanying notes to the pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements in the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements." In the opinion of management, adjustments necessary to reflect the direct effect of these transactions have been made. The merger of Acquisition Sub with and into American Capital will be accounted for under the acquisition method of accounting as provided by ASC 805-50, Business Combinations-Related Issues.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data should be read together with the respective historical audited and unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes of American Capital and the Company included in this prospectus. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data are presented for illustrative purposes only and do not necessarily indicate what the future operating results or financial position of the combined company will be following completion of the Mergers. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data does not include adjustments to reflect any cost savings or other operational efficiencies that may be realized as a result of the Mergers or any future restructuring or integration expenses related to the Mergers. Additionally, the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data does not include any estimated net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations or other asset sales and repayments that are not already reflected that may occur between June 30, 2016 and the completion of the Mergers.

We and American Capital cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition.

(dollar amounts in millions)

	Pro Forma Ares Capital						
	Ended	Six Months I June 30, 2016		e Year Ended ember 31, 2015			
Total Investment Income	\$	734	\$	1,580			
Total Expenses		360		755			
Net Investment Income Before Taxes		374		825			
Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax		9		18			
Net Investment Income		365		807			
Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments, Foreign Currencies and Extinguishment of Debt		48		(352)			
Net Increase in Stockholders' Equity Resulting from Operations	\$	413	\$	455			

	A	ctual			
	Ares	Capital ne 30, 2016	A	Pro Forma Ares Capital s of June 30, 2016	
Total Assets	\$	9,208	\$	12,384	
Total Debt (at Carrying Value)	\$	3,785	\$	5,086	
Stockholders' Equity	\$	5,218	\$	6,904	
			21		

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA PER SHARE DATA

The following selected unaudited consolidated pro forma per share information for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 is presented as if the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on December 31, 2014. The unaudited pro forma consolidated net asset value per common share outstanding reflects the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions as if they had been completed on June 30, 2016.

Such unaudited pro forma consolidated per share information is based on the historical financial statements of the Company and American Capital from publicly available information and certain assumptions and adjustments as discussed in the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements." This unaudited pro forma consolidated per share information is provided for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of what the operating results or financial position of the Company or American Capital would have been had the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions been completed at the beginning of the periods or on the dates indicated, nor are they necessarily indicative of any future operating results or financial position of the combined company following the completion of the Mergers. The following should be read in connection with the section entitled "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" and other information included in or incorporated by reference into this prospectus.

We and American Capital cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition.

As of and For the Six Months Ended															
	June 30, 2016								For the Year Ended December 31, 2015						
					Pro forma Per							Pro forma		Per	
	Consolidated- Equivalent								Consolidated-Equivalent						
		Ares	Aı	merican		Ares	A	American	1	Ares	Aı	nerican	Ares	An	ierican
	C	apital	(Capital		Capital	(Capital(3)	C	apital	(Capital	Capital	Ca	pital(3)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Stockholders'															
Equity Resulting from Operations:															
Basic	\$	0.92	\$	0.12	\$	0.97	\$	0.47	\$	1.20	\$	(0.70)	\$ 1.07	\$	0.52
Diluted	\$	0.92	\$	0.11	\$	0.97	\$	0.47	\$	1.20	\$	(0.70)	\$ 1.07	\$	0.52
Cash Dividends Declared(1)	\$	0.76	\$		\$	0.76	\$	0.37	\$	1.57	\$		\$ 1.57	\$	0.76
Net Asset Value per Share(2)	\$	16.62	\$	20.77	\$	16.24	\$	7.85							

- (1)

 The cash dividends declared per share represent the actual dividends declared per share for the period presented. The pro forma consolidated cash dividends declared are the dividends per share as declared by the Company.
- (2)

 The pro forma consolidated net asset value per share is computed by dividing the pro forma consolidated net assets as of June 30, 2016 by the pro forma consolidated number of shares outstanding.
- (3)

 The American Capital equivalent pro forma per share amount is calculated by multiplying the pro forma consolidated Ares Capital per share amounts by the common stock exchange ratio of 0.483.

RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider the risk factors described below, together with all of the other information included in this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement, including our consolidated financial statements and the related notes thereto, before you decide whether to make an investment in our debt securities. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected. In such case, the trading price, if any, of our debt securities could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR BUSINESS

The capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. Such market conditions may materially and adversely affect debt and equity capital markets, which may have a negative impact on our business and operations.

From time to time, capital markets may experience periods of disruption and instability. For example, between 2008 and 2009, the global capital markets were unstable as evidenced by periodic disruptions in liquidity in the debt capital markets, significant write-offs in the financial services sector, the re-pricing of credit risk in the broadly syndicated credit market and the failure of major financial institutions. Despite actions of the U.S. federal government and foreign governments, these events contributed to worsening general economic conditions that materially and adversely impacted the broader financial and credit markets and reduced the availability of debt and equity capital for the market as a whole and financial services firms in particular. While market conditions have largely recovered from the events of 2008 and 2009, there have been continuing periods of volatility, some lasting longer than others. For example, beginning in the latter half of 2015 and continuing into 2016, economic uncertainty and market volatility in China and geopolitical unrest in the Middle East, combined with continued volatility of oil prices, among other factors, have caused disruption in the capital markets, including the markets in which we participate. In addition, the referendum by British voters to exit the European Union ("E.U.") ("Brexit") in June 2016 has led to further disruption and instability in the global markets. There can be no assurance these market conditions will not continue or worsen in the future.

Equity capital may be difficult to raise during periods of adverse or volatile market conditions because, subject to some limited exceptions, as a BDC, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price less than net asset value without first obtaining approval for such issuance from our stockholders and our independent directors. We generally seek approval from our stockholders so that we have the flexibility to issue up to 25% of our then outstanding shares of our common stock at a price below net asset value. Pursuant to approval granted at a special meeting of stockholders held on May 12, 2016, we currently are permitted to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at a price below net asset value, subject to certain limitations and determinations that must be made by our board of directors. Such stockholder approval expires on May 12, 2017.

Volatility and dislocation in the capital markets can also create a challenging environment in which to raise or access debt capital. The reappearance of market conditions similar to those experienced from 2008 through 2009 for any substantial length of time could make it difficult to extend the maturity of or refinance our existing indebtedness or obtain new indebtedness with similar terms and any failure to do so could have a material adverse effect on our business. The debt capital that will be available to us in the future, if at all, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions than what we currently experience. If we are unable to raise or refinance debt, then our equity investors may not benefit from the potential for increased returns on equity resulting from

leverage and we may be limited in our ability to make new commitments or to fund existing commitments to our portfolio companies.

Significant changes or volatility in the capital markets may also have a negative effect on the valuations of our investments. While most of our investments are not publicly traded, applicable accounting standards require us to assume as part of our valuation process that our investments are sold in a principal market to market participants (even if we plan on holding an investment through its maturity). Significant changes in the capital markets may also affect the pace of our investment activity and the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. Thus, the illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments to access capital if required, and as a result, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments if we were required to sell them for liquidity purposes. An inability to raise or access capital could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

Uncertainty about the financial stability of the United States, China and several countries in the E.U. could have a significant adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Due to federal budget deficit concerns, S&P downgraded the federal government's credit rating from AAA to AA+ for the first time in history on August 5, 2011. Further, Moody's and Fitch had warned that they may downgrade the federal government's credit rating. Further downgrades or warnings by S&P or other rating agencies, and the United States government's credit and deficit concerns in general, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact both the perception of credit risk associated with our debt portfolio and our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, a decreased U.S. government credit rating could create broader financial turmoil and uncertainty, which may weigh heavily on our financial performance and the value of our common stock.

In 2010, a financial crisis emerged in Europe, triggered by high budget deficits and rising direct and contingent sovereign debt in Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain, which created concerns about the ability of these nations to continue to service their sovereign debt obligations. While the financial stability of many of such countries has improved significantly, risks resulting from any future debt crisis in Europe or any similar crisis could have a detrimental impact on the global economic recovery, sovereign and non-sovereign debt in these countries and the financial condition of European financial institutions. In July and August 2015, Greece reached agreements with its international creditors for bailouts that provide aid in exchange for austerity terms that had previously been rejected by Greek voters. Market and economic disruptions have affected, and may in the future affect, consumer confidence levels and spending, personal bankruptcy rates, levels of incurrence and default on consumer debt and home prices, among other factors. We cannot assure you that market disruptions in Europe, including the increased cost of funding for certain governments and financial institutions, will not impact the global economy, and we cannot assure you that assistance packages will be available, or if available, be sufficient to stabilize countries and markets in Europe or elsewhere affected by a financial crisis. To the extent uncertainty regarding any economic recovery in Europe negatively impacts consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

In the second quarter of 2015, stock prices in China experienced a significant drop, resulting primarily from continued sell-off of shares trading in Chinese markets. In addition, in August 2015, Chinese authorities sharply devalued China's currency. Since then, the Chinese capital markets have continued to experience periods of instability. In June 2016, British voters passed a referendum to exit the E.U. leading to heightened volatility in global markets and foreign currencies. These market and economic disruptions have affected, and may in the future affect, the U.S. capital markets, which could adversely affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

In October 2014, the Federal Reserve announced that it was concluding its bond-buying program, or quantitative easing, which was designed to stimulate the economy and expand the Federal Reserve's holdings of long-term securities, suggesting that key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, had showed signs of improvement since the inception of the program. It is unclear what effect, if any, the conclusion of the Federal Reserve's bond-buying program will have on the value of our investments. Additionally, in December 2015, the Federal Reserve raised the federal funds rate. These developments, along with the United States government's credit and deficit concerns, the European sovereign debt crisis and the economic slowdown in China, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

A failure on our part to maintain our status as a BDC would significantly reduce our operating flexibility.

If we fail to maintain our status as a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company that is required to register under the Investment Company Act, which would subject us to additional regulatory restrictions and significantly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, any such failure could cause an event of default under our outstanding indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We are dependent upon certain key personnel of Ares for our future success and upon their access to other Ares investment professionals.

We depend on the diligence, skill and network of business contacts of certain key personnel of the Ares Credit Group. We also depend, to a significant extent, on access to the investment professionals of other groups within Ares and the information and deal flow generated by Ares' investment professionals in the course of their investment and portfolio management activities. Our future success depends on the continued service of certain key personnel of the Ares Credit Group. The departure of any of these individuals, or of a significant number of the investment professionals or partners of Ares, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, we cannot assure you that Ares Capital Management will remain our investment adviser or that we will continue to have access to Ares' investment professionals or its information and deal flow. Further, there can be no assurance that Ares Capital will replicate its own or Ares' historical success, and we caution you that our investment returns could be substantially lower than the returns achieved by other Ares-managed funds.

Our financial condition and results of operations depend on our ability to manage future growth effectively.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our ability to acquire suitable investments and monitor and administer those investments, which depends, in turn, on our investment adviser's ability to identify, invest in and monitor companies that meet our investment criteria.

Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of the structuring of our investment process and the ability of our investment adviser to provide competent, attentive and efficient services to us. Our executive officers and the members of our investment adviser's investment committee have substantial responsibilities in connection with their roles at Ares and with the other Ares funds, as well as responsibilities under the investment advisory and management agreement. They may also be called upon to provide significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies. These demands on their time, which will increase as the number of investments grow, may distract them or slow the rate of investment. In order to grow, Ares will need to hire, train, supervise, manage and retain new employees. However, we cannot assure you that Ares will be able to do so

effectively. Any failure to manage our future growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, as we grow, we may open up new offices in new geographic regions that may increase our direct operating expenses without corresponding revenue growth.

Our ability to grow depends on our ability to raise capital.

We will need to periodically access the capital markets to raise cash to fund new investments in excess of our repayments, and we may also need to access the capital markets to refinance existing debt obligations to the extent such maturing obligations are not repaid with availability under our revolving credit facilities or cash flows from operations. We have elected to be treated as a RIC and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax treatment applicable to RICs. Among other things, in order to maintain our RIC status, we must distribute to our stockholders on a timely basis generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, and, as a result, such distributions will not be available to fund investment originations or repay maturing debt. We must continue to borrow from financial institutions and issue additional securities to fund our growth. Unfavorable economic or capital market conditions may increase our funding costs or limit our access to the capital markets, or could result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. An inability to successfully access the capital markets may limit our ability to refinance our existing debt obligations as they become due and/or to fully execute our business strategy and could limit our ability to grow or cause us to have to shrink the size of our business, which could decrease our earnings, if any.

In addition, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts or issue senior securities, such that our asset coverage, as calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% immediately after such borrowing, which, in certain circumstances, may restrict our ability to borrow or issue debt securities or preferred stock. The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing or issuance of senior securities. We cannot assure you that we will be able to maintain the Revolving Credit Facility, the Revolving Funding Facility and the SMBC Funding Facility (each as defined below and together, the "Facilities"), obtain other lines of credit or issue senior securities at all or on terms acceptable to us.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

We may issue senior securities or borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, up to the maximum amount permitted by the Investment Company Act. Under the provisions of the Investment Company Act, we are permitted, as a BDC, to incur indebtedness or issue senior securities only in amounts such that our asset coverage, as calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, equals at least 200% after each such incurrence or issuance. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test, which may prohibit us from paying dividends and could prevent us from maintaining our status as a RIC or may prohibit us from repurchasing shares of our common stock. In addition, our inability to satisfy this test could cause an event of default under our existing indebtedness. If we cannot satisfy this test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous and, depending on the nature of our leverage, repay a portion of our indebtedness. Accordingly, any failure to satisfy this test could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations. As of June 30, 2016, our asset coverage calculated in accordance with the Investment Company Act was 234%. Also, to generate cash for funding new investments, we may in the future seek to issue additional debt or to securitize certain of our loans. The Investment Company Act may impose restrictions on the structure of any such securitization.

We are not generally able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the current net asset value per share of our common stock if our board of directors determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders approve such sale. Any such sale would be dilutive to the net asset value per share of our common stock. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our board of directors, closely approximates the market value of such securities (less any commission or discount). If our common stock trades at a discount to net asset value, this restriction could adversely affect our ability to raise capital.

Pursuant to approval granted at a special meeting of stockholders held on May 12, 2016, we currently are permitted to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at a price below net asset value, subject to certain limitations and determinations that must be made by our board of directors. Such stockholder approval expires on May 12, 2017.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing with us.

Borrowings, also known as leverage, magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increase the risks associated with investing in our securities. We currently borrow under our Facilities and have issued or assumed other senior securities, and in the future may borrow from, or issue additional senior securities to, banks, insurance companies, funds, institutional investors and other lenders and investors. Lenders and holders of such senior securities have fixed dollar claims on our consolidated assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders or any preferred stockholders. If the value of our consolidated assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value per share of our common stock to increase more sharply than it would have had we not incurred leverage.

Conversely, if the value of our consolidated assets decreases, leveraging would cause net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have had we not incurred leverage. Similarly, any increase in our consolidated income in excess of consolidated interest payable on the borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would had we not incurred leverage, while any decrease in our consolidated income would cause net income to decline more sharply than it would have had we not incurred leverage. Such a decline could negatively affect our ability to make common stock dividend payments. There can be no assurance that a leveraging strategy will be successful.

As of June 30, 2016, we had approximately \$1,340.0 million of outstanding borrowings under the Facilities, approximately \$25.0 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of the SBA-guaranteed debentures (the "SBA Debentures"), approximately \$732.5 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2017 Convertible Notes, the 2018 Convertible Notes and the 2019 Convertible Notes (each as defined below and together, the "Convertible Unsecured Notes") and approximately \$1,762.1 million in aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2018 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the October 2022 Notes and the 2047 Notes (each as defined below and together, the "Unsecured Notes"). In order for us to cover our annual interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness at June 30, 2016, we must achieve annual returns on our June 30, 2016 total assets of at least 1.6%. The weighted average stated interest rate charged on our principal amount of outstanding indebtedness as of June 30, 2016 was 3.9%. We intends to continue borrowing under the Facilities in the future and we may increase the size of the Facilities or issue additional debt securities or other evidences of indebtedness (although there can be no assurance that we will be successful in doing so). For more information on our indebtedness, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources." Our ability to service its debt depends largely on its financial performance and is subject to prevailing

economic conditions and competitive pressures. The amount of leverage that we employ at any particular time will depend on our investment adviser's and our board of directors' assessments of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing.

The Facilities, the SBA Debentures, the Convertible Unsecured Notes and the Unsecured Notes impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities, including limitations that could hinder our ability to finance additional loans and investments or to make the distributions required to maintain our status as a RIC. A failure to renew the Facilities or to add new or replacement debt facilities or to issue additional debt securities or other evidences of indebtedness could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition to regulatory requirements that restrict our ability to raise capital, the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA Debentures contain various covenants that, if not complied with, could accelerate repayment under the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes and SBA Debentures, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition and results of operations.

The agreements governing the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA Debentures require us to comply with certain financial and operational covenants. These covenants may include, among other things:

restrictions on the level of indebtedness that we are permitted to incur in relation to the value of our assets;

restrictions on our ability to incur liens; and

maintenance of a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

As of the date of this prospectus, we are in compliance in all material respects with the covenants of the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA Debentures. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. For example, depending on the condition of the public debt and equity markets and pricing levels, unrealized depreciation in our portfolio may increase in the future. Any such increase could result in our inability to comply with our obligation to restrict the level of indebtedness that we are able to incur in relation to the value of our assets or to maintain a minimum level of stockholders' equity.

Accordingly, although we believe we will continue to be in compliance, there are no assurances that we will continue to comply with the covenants in the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes and the SBA Debentures. Failure to comply with these covenants could result in a default under the Facilities, the Convertible Unsecured Notes, the Unsecured Notes or the SBA Debentures that, if we were unable to obtain a waiver from the lenders or holders of such indebtedness, as applicable, such lenders or holders could accelerate repayment under such indebtedness and thereby have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

A number of entities compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in middle-market companies. We compete with other BDCs, public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies, insurance companies, hedge funds, and, to the extent they provide an alternative form of financing, private equity funds. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we do. Some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk

assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the Investment Company Act imposes on us as a BDC and that the Code imposes on us as a RIC. We cannot assure you that the competitive pressures we face will not have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Also, as a result of this competition, we may not be able to pursue attractive investment opportunities from time to time.

We do not seek to compete primarily based on the interest rates we offer and we believe that some of our competitors may make loans with interest rates that are comparable to or lower than the rates we offer. Rather, we compete with our competitors based on our existing investment platform, seasoned investment professionals, experience and focus on middle-market companies, disciplined investment philosophy, extensive industry focus and flexible transaction structuring. For a more detailed discussion of these competitive advantages, see "Business Competitive Advantages."

We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss. As a result of operating in such a competitive environment, we may make investments that are on less favorable terms than what we may have originally anticipated, which may impact our return on these investments.

We may be subject to additional corporate-level income taxes if we fail to maintain our status as a RIC.

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax treatment applicable to RICs. As a RIC, we generally will not pay U.S. federal corporate-level income taxes on our income and net capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends on a timely basis. We will be subject to U.S. federal corporate-level income tax on any undistributed income and/or gains. To maintain our status as a RIC, we must meet certain source of income, asset diversification and annual distribution requirements. We may also be subject to certain U.S. federal excise taxes, as well as state, local and foreign taxes.

To maintain our RIC status, we must timely distribute an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income as defined by the Code, which generally includes net ordinary income and net short term capital gains) to our stockholders (the "Annual Distribution Requirement"). We have the ability to pay a large portion of our dividends in shares of our stock, and as long as a portion of such dividend is paid in cash and other requirements are met, such stock dividends will be taxable as a dividend for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This may result in our U.S. stockholders having to pay tax on such dividends, even if no cash is received, and may result in our non-U.S. stockholders being subject to withholding tax in respect of amounts distributed in our stock. Because we use debt financing, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the Investment Company Act and financial covenants under our indebtedness that could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to qualify as a RIC. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to maintain our status as a RIC and, thus, may be subject to corporate-level income tax on all of our income and/or gains.

To maintain our status as a RIC, in addition to the Annual Distribution Requirement, we must also meet certain annual source of income requirements at the end of each taxable year and asset diversification requirements at the end of each calendar quarter. Failure to meet these requirements may result in our having to (a) dispose of certain investments quickly or (b) raise additional capital to prevent the loss of RIC status. Because most of our investments are in private companies and are generally illiquid, any such dispositions may be at disadvantageous prices and may result in losses. Also, the rules applicable to our qualification as a RIC are complex with many areas of uncertainty. Accordingly, no assurance can be given that we have qualified or will continue to qualify as a RIC. If

we fail to maintain our status as a RIC for any reason and become subject to regular "C" corporation income tax, the resulting corporate-level income taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution and the amount of our distributions. Such a failure would have a material adverse effect on us and on any investment in us. Certain provisions of the Code provide some relief from RIC disqualification due to failures of the source of income and asset diversification requirements, although there may be additional taxes due in such cases. We cannot assure you that we would qualify for any such relief should we fail the source of income or asset diversification requirements.

We may have difficulty paying our required distributions under applicable tax rules if we recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income.

For U.S. federal income tax purposes, we generally are required to include in income certain amounts that we have not yet received in cash, such as original issue discount, which may arise, for example, if we receive warrants in connection with the making of a loan or payment in kind ("PIK") interest representing contractual interest added to the loan principal balance and due at the end of the loan term. Such original issue discount or PIK interest is included in income before we receive any corresponding cash payments. We also may be required to include in income certain other amounts that we will not receive in cash, including, for example, amounts attributable to hedging and foreign currency transactions.

Since, in certain cases, we may recognize income before or without receiving cash in respect of such income, we may have difficulty meeting the U.S. federal income tax requirement to distribute generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income to maintain our status as a RIC. Accordingly, we may have to sell some of our investments at times we would not consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and thus be subject to additional corporate-level income taxes. Such a failure would have a material adverse effect on us and on any investment in us. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations Taxation as a RIC."

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our investment objective and rate of return on invested capital. Because we borrow money and may issue debt securities or preferred stock to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds or pay interest or dividends on such debt securities or preferred stock and the rate at which we invest these funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

Trading prices for debt that pays a fixed rate of return tend to fall as interest rates rise. Trading prices tend to fluctuate more for fixed-rate securities that have longer maturities. In the past, we have entered into certain hedging transactions, such as interest rate swap agreements, to mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, and we may do so again in the future. In addition, we may increase our floating rate investments to position the portfolio for rate increases. However, we cannot assure you that such transactions will be successful in mitigating our exposure to interest rate risk. Hedging transactions may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Although we have no policy governing the maturities of our investments, under current market conditions we expect that we will invest in a portfolio of debt generally having maturities of up to

10 years. This means that we are subject to greater risk (other things being equal) than a fund invested solely in shorter-term securities. A decline in the prices of the debt we own could adversely affect the trading price of our common stock. Also, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make an investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

Most of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded and, as a result, the fair value of these investments may not be readily determinable.

A large percentage of our portfolio investments are not publicly traded. The fair value of investments that are not publicly traded may not be readily determinable. We value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors based on, among other things, the input of our management and audit committee and independent valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of our board of directors to assist in the valuation of each portfolio investment without a readily available market quotation at least once during a trailing 12-month period (with certain de minimis exceptions). The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, with a minimum of 55% (based on value) of our valuations of portfolio companies without readily available market quotations subject to review by an independent valuation firm each quarter. However, we may use these independent valuation firms to review the value of our investments more frequently, including in connection with the occurrence of significant events or changes in value affecting a particular investment. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm obtains an understanding of, and performs select procedures relating to, our investment valuation process within the context of performing the integrated audit.

The types of factors that may be considered in valuing our investments include the enterprise value of the portfolio company (the entire value of the portfolio company to a market participant, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flows, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to similar publicly traded securities, changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments would trade in their principal markets and other relevant factors. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private investments and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and may be based on estimates, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these investments existed and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Our net asset value per share could be adversely affected if our determinations regarding the fair value of these investments are higher than the values that we realize upon disposition of such investments.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

As we generally make investments in private companies, substantially all of these investments are subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or are otherwise less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded our investments. In addition, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we or an affiliated manager of Ares has material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the interest rates payable on the debt investments we make, the default rates on such investments, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Our financial condition and results of operations could be negatively affected if a significant investment fails to perform as expected.

Our investment portfolio includes investments that may be significant individually or in the aggregate. If a significant investment in one or more companies fails to perform as expected, such a failure could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations, and the magnitude of such effect could be more significant than if we had further diversified our portfolio.

Our investment portfolio includes our investment in the SSLP, which as of June 30, 2016, represented approximately 21% of our total portfolio at fair value. In addition, for the six months ended June 30, 2016, approximately 26% of our total investment income was earned from our investment in the SSLP. The income earned from the SSLP is derived from the interest and fee income earned by the SSLP from its investments in first lien senior secured loans of middle market companies. We provide capital to the SSLP in the form of SSLP Certificates, which had a 10.2% yield at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and are junior in right of payment to the senior notes held by GE in the SSLP. For more information on the SSLP, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio and Investment Activity Senior Secured Loan Program." Our return on and repayment of our investment in the SSLP Certificates depends on the performance of the loans in the SSLP's portfolio in the aggregate would have a negative effect on the yield on our SSLP Certificates and could ultimately result in the loss of some or all of our investment in the SSLP Certificates.

As discussed in this prospectus, GE sold its U.S. Sponsor Finance business, through which GE had participated with us in the SSLP, to CPPIB. While GECC has announced its intention to continue to operate the SSLP and to provide us and CPPIB the opportunity to work together on the SSLP on a go-forward basis, it has also stated that if a mutual agreement between us and CPPIB to partner on the SSLP is not reached, it intends to retain its interest in the SSLP and the SSLP would be wound down in an orderly manner. We notified the SSLP on June 9, 2015 of our election to terminate, effective 90 days thereafter, our obligation to present senior secured lending investment opportunities to the SSLP prior to pursuing such opportunities for ourself. We do not anticipate that we will make any investments in the SSLP related to new portfolio companies. On August 24, 2015, we were advised that GECC, as the holder of the Senior Notes, directed State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee of the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, to apply all principal proceeds received by the SSLP from its investments to the repayment of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes until paid in full (prior to the distribution of any such principal proceeds to the holders of the SSLP Certificates, which includes us). GECC had previously elected to waive its right to receive priority repayments on the Senior Notes from principal proceeds in most circumstances. As a result of these events, we expect that the aggregate SSLP portfolio will decline over time as loans in the program are repaid or exited, and as a result the portion of our earnings attributable to our investment in the SSLP will decline over time as well.

There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns.

Certain of our executive officers and directors, and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of other entities and affiliates of our investment adviser and investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our or our stockholders' best interests or may require them to devote time to services for other entities, which could interfere with the time available to provide services to us. Certain members of our investment adviser's investment committee have significant responsibilities for other Ares funds. For example, Mr. Bennett Rosenthal is required to devote a substantial majority of his business time to the affairs of the Ares Private Equity Group. Similarly, although the professional staff of our investment adviser will devote as much time to the management of the Company as appropriate to enable our investment adviser to perform its duties in accordance with the investment advisory and management agreement, the investment professionals of our investment adviser may have conflicts in allocating their time and services among the Company, on the one hand, and investment vehicles managed by Ares or one or more of its affiliates, on the other hand. These activities could be viewed as creating a conflict of interest insofar as the time and effort of the professional staff of our investment adviser and its officers and employees will not be devoted exclusively to the business of the Company but will instead be allocated between the business of the Company and the management of these other investment vehicles. However, Ares believes that the efforts of such individuals are synergistic with and beneficial to the affairs of Ares Capital and these other investment vehicles managed by Ares or its affiliates.

In addition, certain Ares funds may have investment objectives that compete or overlap with, and may from time to time invest in asset classes similar to those targeted by, Ares Capital. Consequently, we, on the one hand, and these other entities, on the other hand, may from time to time pursue the same or similar capital and investment opportunities. Ares and our investment adviser endeavor to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, and in any event consistent with any fiduciary duties owed to Ares Capital. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds managed by investment managers affiliated with Ares. In addition, there may be conflicts in the allocation of investment opportunities among us and the funds managed by investment managers affiliated with Ares or one or more of our controlled affiliates or among the funds they manage.

We have from time to time sold assets to IHAM and the IHAM Vehicles and, as part of our investment strategy, we may offer to sell additional assets to vehicles managed by one or more of our controlled affiliates (including IHAM) or we may purchase assets from vehicles managed by one or more of our controlled affiliates. In addition, vehicles managed by one or more of our controlled affiliates (including IHAM) may offer assets to or may purchase assets from one another. While assets may be sold or purchased at prices that are consistent with those that could be obtained from third parties in the marketplace, and although these types of transactions generally require approval of one or more independent parties, there may be an inherent conflict of interest in such transactions between us and funds managed by one of our controlled affiliates.

We pay a base management fee, an income based fee and a capital gains incentive fee to our investment adviser, and reimburse our investment adviser for certain expenses it incurs. In addition, investors in our common stock will invest on a gross basis and receive distributions on a net basis after expenses, resulting in, among other things, a lower rate of return than one might achieve if distributions were made on a gross basis.

Our investment adviser's base management fee is based on a percentage of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) and, consequently, our investment adviser may have conflicts of interest in connection with decisions that

could affect our total assets, such as decisions as to whether to incur indebtedness or to make future investments.

The income based fees payable by us to our investment adviser that relate to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of such fee will become uncollectible. Our investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the income based fees it received that were based on accrued interest that we never actually receive.

In connection with the American Capital Acquisition, our investment adviser has agreed to waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the closing of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (1) \$10 million of the income based fees and (2) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under our investment advisory and management agreement.

Our investment advisory and management agreement renews for successive annual periods if approved by our board of directors or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities, including, in either case, approval by a majority of our directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act. However, both we and our investment adviser have the right to terminate the agreement without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party. Moreover, conflicts of interest may arise if our investment adviser seeks to change the terms of our investment advisory and management agreement, including, for example, the terms for compensation. While any material change to the investment advisory and management agreement must be submitted to stockholders for approval under the Investment Company Act, we may from time to time decide it is appropriate to seek stockholder approval to change the terms of the agreement.

We are party to an administration agreement with our administrator, Ares Operations, a subsidiary of Ares Management, pursuant to which our administrator furnishes us with administrative services and we pay our administrator at cost our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses (including travel expenses) incurred by our administrator in performing its obligations under our administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of certain of our officers (including our chief compliance officer, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, general counsel, treasurer and assistant treasurer) and their respective staffs, but not investment professionals.

Our portfolio company, IHAM, is party to an administration agreement, referred to herein as the "IHAM administration agreement," with Ares Operations. Pursuant to the IHAM administration agreement, our administrator provides IHAM with administrative services and IHAM reimburses our administrator for all of the actual costs associated with such services, including its allocable portion of our administrator's overhead and the cost of our administrator's officers and respective staff in performing its obligations under the IHAM administration agreement. Prior to entering into the IHAM administration agreement, IHAM was party to a services agreement with our investment adviser, pursuant to which our investment adviser provided similar services.

As a result of the arrangements described above, there may be times when the management team of Ares (including those members of management focused primarily on managing Ares Capital) has interests that differ from those of yours, giving rise to a conflict.

Our stockholders may have conflicting investment, tax and other objectives with respect to their investments in us. The conflicting interests of individual stockholders may relate to or arise from, among other things, the nature of our investments, the structure or the acquisition of our investments and the timing of dispositions of our investments. As a consequence, conflicts of interest may arise in

connection with decisions made by our investment adviser, including with respect to the nature or structuring of our investments, that may be more beneficial for one stockholder than for another stockholder, especially with respect to stockholders' individual tax situations. In selecting and structuring investments appropriate for us, our investment adviser will consider the investment and tax objectives of the Company and our stockholders, as a whole, not the investment, tax or other objectives of any stockholder individually.

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect our liquidity, financial condition or results of operations.

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
disease pandemics;
events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and
cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and operating results and negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders.

Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business by causing a disruption to our operations, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information and/or damage to our business relationships, all of which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and operating results.

A cyber incident is considered to be any adverse event that threatens the confidentiality, integrity or availability of our information resources. These incidents may be an intentional attack or an unintentional event and could involve gaining unauthorized access to our information systems for purposes of misappropriating assets, stealing confidential information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. The result of these incidents may include disrupted operations, misstated or unreliable financial data, liability for stolen assets or information, increased cybersecurity protection and insurance costs, litigation and damage to our business relationships. As our reliance on technology has increased, so have the risks posed to our information systems, both internal and those provided by Ares Management and third-party service providers. Ares Management has implemented processes, procedures and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, but these measures, as well as our increased awareness of the nature and extent of a risk of a cyber incident, do not guarantee that a cyber incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident.

Ineffective internal controls could impact our business and operating results.

Our internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements because of its inherent limitations, including the possibility of human error, the circumvention or overriding of

controls, or fraud. Even effective internal controls can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements. If we fail to maintain the adequacy of our internal controls, including any failure to implement required new or improved controls, or if we experience difficulties in their implementation, our business and operating results could be harmed and we could fail to meet our financial reporting obligations.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations or the operations of our portfolio companies or our SBIC subsidiary, changes in the interpretation thereof or newly enacted laws or regulations, such as the Dodd-Frank Act, and any failure by us or our portfolio companies to comply with these laws or regulations, could require changes to certain business practices of us or our portfolio companies, negatively impact the operations, cash flows or financial condition of us or our portfolio companies, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies.

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws and regulations at the local, state, federal and, in some cases, foreign levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, may be changed from time to time, and new laws and regulations may be enacted. Accordingly, any change in these laws or regulations, changes in their interpretation, or newly enacted laws or regulations and any failure by us or our portfolio companies to comply with these laws or regulations, could require changes to certain business practices of us or our portfolio companies, negatively impact the operations, cash flows or financial condition of us or our portfolio companies, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies.

On July 21, 2010, President Obama signed into law the Dodd-Frank Act. Many of the provisions of the Dodd-Frank Act have had extended implementation periods and delayed effective dates and have required extensive rulemaking by regulatory authorities. While many of the rules required to be written have been promulgated, some have not yet been implemented. Although the full impact of the Dodd-Frank Act on us and our portfolio companies may not be known for an extended period of time, the Dodd-Frank Act, including the rules implementing its provisions and the interpretation of those rules, along with other legislative and regulatory proposals directed at the financial services industry or affecting taxation that are proposed or pending in the U.S. Congress, may negatively impact the operations, cash flows or financial condition of us or our portfolio companies, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies.

Over the last several years, there also has been an increase in regulatory attention to the extension of credit outside of the traditional banking sector, raising the possibility that some portion of the non-bank financial sector will be subject to new regulation. While it cannot be known at this time whether any regulation will be implemented or what form it will take, increased regulation of non-bank credit extension could negatively impact our operating results or financial condition, impose additional costs on us, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or otherwise adversely affect our business.

Our investment adviser's liability is limited under the investment advisory and management agreement, and we are required to indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Our investment adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the investment advisory and management agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our board of directors in declining to follow our investment adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the investment advisory and management agreement, our investment

adviser and its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entities affiliated with it will not be liable to us for their acts under the investment advisory and management agreement, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties. We have agreed to indemnify, defend and protect our investment adviser and its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entities affiliated with it with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of or otherwise based upon the performance of any of our investment adviser's duties or obligations under the investment advisory and management agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser for the Company, and not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard in the performance of their duties under the investment advisory and management agreement. These protections may lead our investment adviser to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Investments Our investment adviser's fee structure may induce it to make certain investments, including speculative investments."

We may be obligated to pay our investment adviser certain fees even if we incur a loss.

Our investment adviser is entitled to income based fees for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our pre-incentive fee net investment income for that quarter (before deducting any income based fee and capital gains incentive fees and certain other items) above a threshold return for that quarter. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income for income based fee purposes excludes realized and unrealized capital losses or depreciation and income taxes related to realized gains that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses or depreciation and income taxes related to realized gains result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay our investment adviser income based fees for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our portfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

Under the investment advisory and management agreement, we will defer cash payment of any income based fee and the capital gains incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if, during the most recent four full calendar quarter periods ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any income based fees or capital gains incentive fees accrued during the period) is less than 7.0% of our net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) at the beginning of such period. These calculations will be adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases. Any such deferred fees will be carried over for payment in subsequent calculation periods to the extent such payment can then be made under the investment advisory and management agreement.

If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of income based fees will become uncollectible. Our investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of income based fees it received that was based on accrued income that we never receive as a result of a default on the obligation that resulted in the accrual of such income.

Our SBIC subsidiary is subject to SBA regulations.

Our wholly owned subsidiary, Ares Venture Finance, L.P. ("AVF LP"), is a licensed Small Business Investment Company ("SBIC") and is regulated by the Small Business Administration ("SBA"). As of June 30, 2016, AVF LP held approximately \$74.8 million in assets and accounted for approximately 0.87% of our total assets. AVF LP obtains leverage by issuing the SBA Debentures. As of June 30, 2016, AVF LP had approximately \$25 million in aggregate principal amount of the SBA Debentures outstanding.

If AVF LP fails to comply with applicable regulations, the SBA could, depending on the severity of the violation, limit or prohibit AVF LP's use of SBA Debentures, declare outstanding SBA Debentures immediately due and payable, and/or limit AVF LP from making new investments. In addition, the SBA could revoke or suspend AVF LP's license for willful or repeated violation of, or willful or repeated failure to observe, any provision of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended (the "Small Business Investment Act") or any rule or regulation promulgated thereunder. AVF LP's status as an SBIC does not automatically assure that it will receive SBA Debenture funding. Receipt of SBA leverage funding is dependent upon whether AVF LP is and continues to be in compliance with SBA regulations and policies and whether funding is available. The amount of SBA leverage funding available to SBICs is dependent upon annual Congressional authorizations and in the future may be subject to annual Congressional appropriations. There can be no assurance that there will be sufficient debenture funding available at the times desired by AVF LP. For more information on SBA Debentures or the SBA regulations to which AVF LP is subject, see "Regulation SBA Regulation."

We have elected to be treated as a RIC and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the U.S. federal income tax treatment applicable to RICs. Among other things, in order to maintain our RIC status, we must distribute to our stockholders on a timely basis generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, which includes taxable income from AVF LP. AVF LP may be limited by SBA regulations from making certain distributions to us that may be necessary to timely make distributions to stockholders and to maintain our status as a RIC. Compliance with the SBA regulations may cause us to fail to qualify as a RIC and consequently result in the imposition of additional corporate-level income taxes on us. Noncompliance with the SBA regulations may result in adverse consequences for AVF LP as described above.

We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition.

While there can be no assurances as to the exact timing, or that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed at all, we expect to complete the American Capital Acquisition as early as the fourth quarter of 2016. The completion of the American Capital Acquisition is subject to certain conditions, including, among others, American Capital stockholder approval, our stockholder approval, required regulatory approvals, receipt of certain third party consents and other customary closing conditions. We intend to complete the American Capital Acquisition as soon as possible; however, we cannot assure you that the conditions required to complete the American Capital Acquisition will be satisfied or waived on the anticipated schedule, or at all. If the American Capital Acquisition is not completed, we will have incurred substantial expenses for which no ultimate benefit will have been received. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition If the American Capital Acquisition does not close, we won't benefit from the expenses incurred in its pursuit." In addition, the Merger Agreement provides that, in connection with the termination of the Merger Agreement under specified circumstances, American Capital or the Company may be required to pay the other party a termination fee of \$140 million. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition Under certain circumstances, American Capital and the Company are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement." See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition may not happen as scheduled, or at all.

RISKS RELATING TO OUR INVESTMENTS

Declines in market prices and liquidity in the corporate debt markets can result in significant net unrealized depreciation of our portfolio, which in turn would reduce our net asset value.

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value as determined in good faith by or under the direction of our board of directors. We may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments: the enterprise value of a portfolio company (the entire value of the portfolio company to a market participant, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to similar publicly traded securities, changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments would trade in their principal markets and other relevant factors. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we use the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation. While most of our investments are not publicly traded, applicable accounting standards require us to assume as part of our valuation process that our investments are sold in a principal market to market participants (even if we plan on holding an investment through its maturity). As a result, volatility in the capital markets can also adversely affect our investment valuations. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized depreciation. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio can reduce our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer unrealized losses, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or

Economic recessions or downturns could impair our portfolio companies and harm our operating results.

Many of our portfolio companies may be susceptible to economic downturns or recessions and may be unable to repay our loans during these periods. Therefore, during these periods our non-performing assets may increase and the value of our portfolio may decrease if we are required to write down the values of our investments. Adverse economic conditions may also decrease the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments. Economic slowdowns or recessions could lead to financial losses in our portfolio and a decrease in revenues, net income and assets. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could prevent us from increasing investments and harm our operating results. We experienced to some extent such effects as a result of the economic downturn that occurred from 2008 through 2009 and may experience such effects again in any future downturn or recession.

A portfolio company's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by us or other lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, acceleration of the time when the loans are due and foreclosure on its assets representing collateral for its obligations, which could trigger cross defaults under other agreements and jeopardize our portfolio company's ability to meet its obligations under the debt that we hold and the value of any equity securities we own. We may incur expenses to the extent necessary to seek recovery upon default or to negotiate new terms with a defaulting portfolio company.

Investments in privately held middle-market companies involve significant risks.

We primarily invest in privately held U.S. middle-market companies. Investments in privately held middle-market companies involve a number of significant risks, including the following:

these companies may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;

they typically have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;

they typically depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse effect on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;

there is generally little public information about these companies. These companies and their financial information are not subject to the Exchange Act (as defined below) and other regulations that govern public companies, and we may be unable to uncover all material information about these companies, which may prevent us from making a fully informed investment decision and cause us to lose money on our investments;

they generally have less predictable operating results and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position;

our executive officers, directors and our investment adviser may, in the ordinary course of business, be named as defendants in litigation arising from our investments in our portfolio companies;

changes in laws and regulations, as well as their interpretations, may adversely affect their business, financial structure or prospects; and

they may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs.

Our debt investments may be risky and we could lose all or part of our investment.

The debt that we invest in is typically not initially rated by any rating agency, but we believe that if such investments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service, lower than "BBB" by Fitch Ratings or lower than "BBB" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services), which under the guidelines established by these entities is an indication of having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Bonds that are rated below investment grade are sometimes referred to as "high yield bonds" or "junk bonds." Therefore, our investments may result in an above average amount of risk and volatility or loss of principal. While the debt we invest in is often secured, such security does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the terms of the loan, or that the value of any collateral will be sufficient to allow us to recover all or a portion of the outstanding amount of the loan should we be forced to enforce our remedies.

We also may invest in assets other than first and second lien and mezzanine debt investments, including high-yield securities, U.S. government securities, credit derivatives and other structured securities and certain direct equity investments. These investments entail additional risks that could adversely affect our investment returns.

Investments in equity securities, many of which are illiquid with no readily available market, involve a substantial degree of risk.

We may purchase common and other equity securities. Although common stock has historically generated higher average total returns than fixed income securities over the long-term, common stock also has experienced significantly more volatility in those returns. The equity securities we acquire may fail to appreciate and may decline in value or become worthless and our ability to recover our investment will depend on our portfolio companies' success. Investments in equity securities involve a number of significant risks, including:

any equity investment we make in a portfolio company could be subject to further dilution as a result of the issuance of additional equity interests and to serious risks as a junior security that will be subordinate to all indebtedness (including trade creditors) or senior securities in the event that the issuer is unable to meet its obligations or becomes subject to a bankruptcy process;

to the extent that the portfolio company requires additional capital and is unable to obtain it, we may not recover our investment; and

in some cases, equity securities in which we invest will not pay current dividends, and our ability to realize a return on our investment, as well as to recover our investment, will be dependent on the success of the portfolio company. Even if the portfolio company is successful, our ability to realize the value of our investment may be dependent on the occurrence of a liquidity event, such as a public offering or the sale of the portfolio company. It is likely to take a significant amount of time before a liquidity event occurs or we can otherwise sell our investment. In addition, the equity securities we receive or invest in may be subject to restrictions on resale during periods in which it could be advantageous to sell them.

There are special risks associated with investing in preferred securities, including:

preferred securities may include provisions that permit the issuer, at its discretion, to defer distributions for a stated period without any adverse consequences to the issuer. If we own a preferred security that is deferring its distributions, we may be required to report income for tax purposes before we receive such distributions:

preferred securities are subordinated to debt in terms of priority to income and liquidation payments, and therefore will be subject to greater credit risk than debt;

preferred securities may be substantially less liquid than many other securities, such as common stock or U.S. government securities; and

generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company, subject to limited exceptions.

Additionally, when we invest in first lien senior secured loans (including unitranche loans), second lien senior secured loans or mezzanine debt, we may acquire warrants or other equity securities as well. Our goal is ultimately to dispose of such equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of such interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

We may invest, to the extent permitted by law, in the equity securities of investment funds that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions to the Investment Company Act and in advisers to similar investment funds and, to the extent we so invest, will bear our ratable share of any such company's

expenses, including management and performance fees. We will also remain obligated to pay the base management fee, income based fee and capital gains incentive fee to our investment adviser with respect to the assets invested in the securities and instruments of such companies. With respect to each of these investments, each of our common stockholders will bear his or her share of the base management fee, income based fee and capital gains incentive fee due to our investment adviser as well as indirectly bearing the management and performance fees and other expenses of any such investment funds or advisers.

There may be circumstances in which our debt investments could be subordinated to claims of other creditors or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

If one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, even though we may have structured our interest as senior debt, depending on the facts and circumstances, a bankruptcy court might recharacterize our debt holding as an equity investment and subordinate all or a portion of our claim to that of other creditors. In addition, lenders can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them where they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over the borrower. For example, we could become subject to a lender's liability claim, if, among other things, we actually render significant managerial assistance.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies.

Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt, or issue other equity securities, that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments. By their terms, such instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of dividends, interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of our investments. These debt instruments would usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event and during the continuance of a default under such debt. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company typically are entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying such holders, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of securities ranking equally with our investments, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other security holders in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing any junior priority loans we make to our portfolio companies may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements (including agreements governing "first out" and "last out" structures) that we enter into with the holders of senior debt. Under such an intercreditor agreement, at any time that senior obligations are outstanding, we may forfeit certain rights with respect to the collateral to the holders of the senior obligations. These rights may include the right to commence enforcement proceedings against the collateral, the right to control the conduct of such enforcement proceedings, the right to approve amendments to collateral documents, the right to release liens on the collateral and the right to waive past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if as a result our rights as junior lenders are adversely affected.

When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, we are often not in a position to exert influence on the entity, and other equity holders and management of the company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our portfolio holdings.

When we make debt or minority equity investments, we are subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree and the other equity holders and

management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investment.

Our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged.

Some of our portfolio companies may be highly leveraged, which may have adverse consequences to these companies and to us as an investor. These companies may be subject to restrictive financial and operating covenants and the leverage may impair these companies' ability to finance their future operations and capital needs. As a result, these companies' flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions and to take advantage of business opportunities may be limited. Further, a leveraged company's income and net assets will tend to increase or decrease at a greater rate than if borrowed money were not used.

Our investment adviser's fee structure may induce it to make certain investments, including speculative investments.

The fees payable by us to our investment adviser may create an incentive for our investment adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such compensation arrangement. The way in which income based fees payable to our investment adviser are determined, which are calculated as a percentage of the return on invested capital, may encourage our investment adviser to use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor the holders of our common stock and the holders of securities convertible into our common stock. In addition, our investment adviser will receive the capital gains incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike income based fees, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the capital gains incentive fee. As a result, our investment adviser may have a tendency to invest more in investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns.

The income based fees will be computed and paid on income that has been accrued but not yet received in cash, including as a result of investments with a deferred interest feature such as debt instruments with PIK interest, preferred stock with PIK dividends and zero coupon securities. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the income based fee will become uncollectible. Our investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the fees it received that were based on such accrued interest that we never actually received.

Because of the structure of the income based fees, it is possible that we may have to pay income based fees in a quarter during which we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of the hurdle rate for a quarter, we will pay the applicable income based fees even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized and/or unrealized capital losses. In addition, if market interest rates rise, our investment adviser may be able to invest our funds in debt instruments that provide for a higher return, which would increase our pre-incentive fee net investment income and make it easier for our investment adviser to surpass the fixed hurdle rate and receive income based fees.

Our investments in foreign companies may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

Our investment strategy contemplates potential investments in foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S.

companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes (potentially at confiscatory levels), less liquid markets, less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar denominated, our investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us.

We may expose ourselves to risks if we engage in hedging transactions.

We have and may in the future enter into hedging transactions, which may expose us to risks associated with such transactions. We may utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter-party credit risk.

Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions does not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions should increase. Moreover, it may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price.

The success of our hedging transactions will depend on our ability to correctly predict movements in currencies and interest rates. Therefore, while we may enter into such transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate and interest rate risks, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or interest rates may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary. Moreover, for a variety of reasons, we may not seek to (or be able to) establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations. See also "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates."

We may initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in high-quality short-term investments, which will generate lower rates of return than those expected from the interest generated on first and second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt.

We may initially invest a portion of the net proceeds of offerings pursuant to this prospectus primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality short-term

investments. These securities generally earn yields substantially lower than the income that we anticipate receiving once we are fully invested in accordance with our investment objective. As a result, we may not, for a time, be able to achieve our investment objective and/or we may need to, for a time, decrease the amount of any dividend that we may pay to our stockholders to a level that is substantially lower than the level that we expect to pay when the net proceeds of offerings are fully invested in accordance with our investment objective. If we do not realize yields in excess of our expenses, we may incur operating losses and the market price of our shares may decline.

RISKS RELATING TO OFFERINGS PURSUANT TO THIS PROSPECTUS

There is a risk that investors in our debt securities may not receive all of the interest income to which they are entitled.

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. If we declare a dividend and if more stockholders opt to receive cash distributions rather than participate in our dividend reinvestment plan, we may be forced to sell some of our investments in order to make cash dividend payments.

In addition, due to the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Certain of the Facilities may also limit our ability to declare dividends if we default under certain provisions. Further, if we invest a greater amount of assets in equity securities that do not pay current dividends, it could reduce the amount available for distribution.

The above-referenced restrictions on distributions may also inhibit our ability to make required interest payments to holders of our debt, which may cause a default under the terms of our debt agreements. Such a default could materially increase our cost of raising capital, as well as cause us to incur penalties under the terms of our debt agreements.

The trading market or market value of our publicly issued debt securities may fluctuate.

Our publicly issued debt securities may or may not have an established trading market. We cannot assure you that a trading market for our publicly issued debt securities will ever develop or be maintained if developed. In addition to our creditworthiness, many factors may materially adversely affect the trading market for, and market value of, our publicly issued debt securities. These factors include, but are not limited to, the following:

the time remaining to the maturity of these debt securities;

the outstanding principal amount of debt securities with terms identical to these debt securities;

the ratings assigned by national statistical ratings agencies;

the general economic environment;

the supply of such debt securities trading in the secondary market, if any;

the redemption or repayment features, if any, of these debt securities;

the level, direction and volatility of market interest rates generally; and

market rates of interest higher or lower than rates borne by the debt securities.

You should also be aware that there may be a limited number of buyers if and when you decide to sell your debt securities. This too may materially adversely affect the market value of the debt securities or the trading market for the debt securities.

Terms relating to redemption may materially adversely affect your return on any debt securities that we may issue.

If your debt securities are redeemable at our option, we may choose to redeem your debt securities at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In addition, if your debt securities are subject to mandatory redemption, we may be required to redeem your debt securities also at times when prevailing interest rates are lower than the interest rate paid on your debt securities. In this circumstance, you may not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as your debt securities being redeemed.

Our credit ratings may not reflect all risks of an investment in our debt securities.

Our credit ratings are an assessment by third parties of our ability to pay our obligations. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of our debt securities. Our credit ratings, however, may not reflect the potential impact of risks related to market conditions generally or other factors discussed above on the market value of or trading market for the publicly issued debt securities.

RISKS RELATING TO THE AMERICAN CAPITAL ACQUISITION

Completion of the American Capital Acquisition will cause immediate dilution to our stockholders' voting interests in us and may cause immediate dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock.

Upon completion of the American Capital Acquisition, each share of American Capital Common Stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the American Capital Acquisition will be converted into the right to receive, in accordance with the Merger Agreement, certain cash consideration as well as stock consideration from us at the exchange ratio of 0.483 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of our common stock (the "Exchange Ratio"). The Exchange Ratio of 0.483 of a share of our common stock for each share of American Capital Common Stock was fixed on May 23, 2016, the date of the signing of the Merger Agreement, and is not subject to adjustment based on changes in the trading price of our or American Capital Common Stock before the closing of the American Capital Acquisition. Based on the number of shares of American Capital Common Stock outstanding on the date of the Merger Agreement, this would result in approximately 110.8 million of our shares being exchanged for approximately 229.3 million outstanding American Capital shares, subject to adjustment in certain limited circumstances. If the American Capital Acquisition is completed, based on the number of our common shares issued and outstanding on the date hereof, our stockholders will own approximately 74% of the combined company's outstanding common stock and American Capital stockholders will own approximately 26% of the combined company's outstanding common stock. Consequently, our stockholders should expect to exercise less influence over the management and policies of the combined company following the American Capital Acquisition than they currently exercise over our management and policies.

Any change in the market price of our common stock prior to completion of the American Capital Acquisition will affect the value of the stock portion of the American Capital Acquisition consideration that holders of American Capital Common Stock will receive upon completion of the American Capital Acquisition. The conversion of shares of American Capital Common Stock into shares of our common stock may result in the issuance of shares of our common stock at a price below our net asset value per share, which would result in dilution to the net asset value per share of our common stock.

We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American

Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition."

We may be unable to realize the benefits anticipated by the American Capital Acquisition and subsequent combination, including estimated cost savings and synergies, or it may take longer than anticipated to achieve such benefits.

The realization of certain benefits anticipated as a result of the American Capital Acquisition will depend in part on the integration of American Capital's investment portfolio with our investment portfolio and the integration of American Capital's business with our investment portfolio or business. There can be no assurance that American Capital's investment portfolio or business can be operated profitably or integrated successfully into ours in a timely fashion or at all. The dedication of management resources to such integration may detract attention from the day-to-day business of the Company and there can be no assurance that there will not be substantial costs associated with the transition process or there will not be other material adverse effects as a result of these integration efforts. Such effects, including but not limited to, incurring unexpected costs or delays in connection with such integration and failure of American Capital's investment portfolio to perform as expected, could have a material adverse effect on the financial results of the combined company.

In connection with the American Capital Acquisition, our investment adviser has agreed to (1) provide approximately \$275 million of cash consideration, or \$1.20 per share of American Capital Common Stock, payable to American Capital stockholders in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement at the effective time of the Mergers and (2) waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the closing of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (A) \$10 million of the income based fees and (B) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case, to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under the investment advisory and management agreement.

We also expect to achieve certain cost savings and synergies from the American Capital Acquisition when the two companies have fully integrated their portfolios. It is possible that our estimates of the potential cost savings and synergies could turn out to be incorrect. If the estimates turn out to be incorrect or we are not able to successfully combine the investment portfolios and businesses of the two companies, the anticipated cost savings and synergies may not be fully realized or realized at all or may take longer to realize than expected.

American Capital's and our inability to obtain consents with respect to certain investment funds managed by ACAM and its subsidiaries representing at least 75% of the aggregate assets under management of such funds as of March 31, 2016 could delay or prevent the completion of the American Capital Acquisition.

Under the Merger Agreement, American Capital's and our obligation to complete the American Capital Acquisition is subject to the prior receipt of consents required to be obtained from certain investment funds managed by ACAM, with respect to aggregate assets under management of such consenting funds representing at least 75% of the aggregate assets under management of all such funds as of March 31, 2016 and approvals and consents required to be obtained from other third parties. Although American Capital and we expect that all such approvals and consents will be obtained and remain in effect and all conditions related to such consents will be satisfied, if they are not, the closing of the American Capital Acquisition could be significantly delayed or the American Capital Acquisition may not occur at all.

The American Capital Acquisition may trigger certain "change of control" provisions and other restrictions in contracts of American Capital, the Company or their affiliates and the failure to obtain any required consents or waivers could adversely impact the combined company.

Certain agreements of American Capital and the Company or their affiliates, including with respect to certain funds managed by ACAM and its affiliates, will or may require the consent or waiver of one or more counter-parties in connection with the American Capital Acquisition. The failure to obtain any such consent or waiver may permit such counter-parties to terminate, or otherwise increase their rights or the combined company's obligations under, any such agreement because the American Capital Acquisition may violate an anti-assignment, change of control or other provision relating to any of such transactions. If this happens, we may have to seek to replace such an agreement with a new agreement or seek an amendment to such agreement. American Capital and the Company cannot assure you that we will be able to replace or amend any such agreement on comparable terms or at all.

If any such agreement is material, the failure to obtain consents, amendments or waivers under, or to replace on similar terms or at all, any of these agreements could adversely affect the financial performance or results of operations of the combined company following the American Capital Acquisition, including preventing the Company from operating a material part of American Capital's business.

In addition, the completion of the American Capital Acquisition may violate, conflict with, result in a breach of any provision of or the loss of any benefit under, constitute a default (or an event that, with or without notice or lapse of time or both, would constitute a default) under, or result in the termination, cancellation, acceleration or other change of any right or obligation (including any payment obligation) under agreements of American Capital or the Company. Any such violation, conflict, breach, loss, default or other effect could, either individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations, assets or business of the combined company following completion of the American Capital Acquisition.

Litigation filed against American Capital and its board of directors, the Company, and certain parties to the Merger Agreement, could prevent or delay the completion of the American Capital Acquisition or result in the payment of damages following completion of the American Capital Acquisition.

American Capital and we are aware that four lawsuits have been filed by stockholders of American Capital challenging the American Capital Acquisition. Each of these suits is filed as a stockholder class action. These actions assert claims against the members of American Capital's board of directors and American Capital alleging that the Merger Agreement is the product of a flawed sales process and that American Capital's directors breached their fiduciary duties by facilitating the acquisition of American Capital by the Company for inadequate consideration and agreeing to lock up the American Capital Acquisition with deal protection devices that preclude other bidders from making a successful competing offer for American Capital. The lawsuits also claim that American Capital, ACAM, American Capital Mortgage Management, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of ACAM or "ACMM," American Capital Agency Corp. or "AGNC," the Company and certain of the Company's affiliates aided and abetted the directors' alleged breaches of fiduciary duties. The lawsuits demand, among other things, a preliminary and permanent injunction enjoining the American Capital Acquisition and rescinding the transaction or any part thereof that may be implemented. These legal proceedings could delay or prevent the American Capital Acquisition from becoming effective within the agreed upon timeframe or at all, and, if the American Capital Acquisition is completed, may be material to the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company. It is possible that third parties could try to seek to impose liability against the combined company in connection with this matter or other potential legal proceedings.

Termination of the Merger Agreement could negatively impact us.

If the Merger Agreement is terminated, there may be various consequences, including:

our business may have been adversely impacted by the failure to pursue other beneficial opportunities due to the focus of management on the American Capital Acquisition, without realizing any of the anticipated benefits of completing the American Capital Acquisition;

the market price of our common stock might decline to the extent that the market price prior to termination reflects a market assumption that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed; and

the payment of any reverse termination fee, if required under the circumstances, could adversely affect our financial condition and liquidity.

Under certain circumstances, American Capital and the Company are obligated to pay each other a termination fee upon termination of the Merger Agreement.

No assurance can be given that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed. The Merger Agreement provides for the payment by American Capital to us of a termination fee of \$140 million if the Merger Agreement is terminated by American Capital or us under certain circumstances. If American Capital stockholders do not adopt the Merger Agreement and the Merger Agreement is terminated, American Capital will be required to reimburse us for our expenses up to \$15 million, which amount will reduce, on a dollar for dollar basis, any termination fee that becomes payable by American Capital to us. In addition, the Merger Agreement provides for a payment by us to American Capital of a reverse termination fee of \$140 million under certain other circumstances. If the issuance of the shares of our common stock to be issued pursuant to the Merger Agreement (including, if applicable, at a price below its then current net asset value per share) does not receive required stockholder and other Investment Company Act approvals, if any, and the Merger Agreement is terminated, we will be required to reimburse American Capital for its expenses up to \$15 million, which amount will reduce, on a dollar for dollar basis, any termination fee that becomes payable by us to American Capital.

The market price of our common stock after the completion of the American Capital Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those affecting American Capital Common Stock or our common stock currently.

Our business differs from that of American Capital in some respects and, accordingly, the results of operations of the combined company and the market price of our common stock after the completion of the American Capital Acquisition may be affected by factors different from those currently affecting our results of operations or American Capital's results of operations prior to the completion of the American Capital Acquisition.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this prospectus constitute forward-looking statements, which relate to future events or our future performance or financial condition. The forward-looking statements contained in this prospectus involve a number of risks and uncertainties, including statements concerning:

the American Capital Acquisition;
our, or our portfolio companies', future business, operations, operating results or prospects;
the return or impact of current and future investments;
the impact of a protracted decline in the liquidity of credit markets on our business;
the impact of fluctuations in interest rates on our business;
the impact of changes in laws or regulations (including the interpretation thereof) governing our operations or the operations of our portfolio companies or the operations of our competitors;
the valuation of our investments in portfolio companies, particularly those having no liquid trading market;
our ability to recover unrealized losses;
market conditions and our ability to access alternative debt markets and additional debt and equity capital;
our contractual arrangements and relationships with third parties, including parties to our co-investment programs;
the general economy and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
uncertainty surrounding the financial stability of the U.S., the EU and China;
the social, geopolitical, financial, trade and legal implications of Brexit;
Middle East turmoil and the potential for fluctuating energy prices and its impact on the industries in which we invest;
the financial condition of and ability of our current and prospective portfolio companies to achieve their objectives;

our expected financings and investments;

our ability to successfully complete and integrate any acquisitions;

the adequacy of our cash resources and working capital;

the timing, form and amount of any dividend distributions;

the timing of cash flows, if any, from the operations of our portfolio companies; and

the ability of our investment adviser to locate suitable investments for us and to monitor and administer our investments.

We use words such as "anticipates," "believes," "expects," "intends," "will," "should," "may" and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements include these words. Our actual results and condition could differ materially from those implied or expressed in the forward-looking statements for any reason, including the factors set forth in "Risk Factors" and the other information included in this prospectus.

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We have based the forward-looking statements included in this prospectus on information available to us on the date of this prospectus, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Although we undertake no obligation to revise or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, you are advised to consult any additional disclosures that we may make directly to you or through reports that we have filed or in the future may file with the SEC, including annual reports on Form 10-K, registration statements on Form N-2, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and current reports on Form 8-K.

The forward-looking statements in this prospectus are excluded from the safe harbor protection provided by Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under the Merger Agreement, subject to the completion of the Mergers, American Capital stockholders will receive approximately \$1.47 billion in cash from us, or \$6.41 per share, plus 0.483 shares of Ares Capital common stock for each share of American Capital common stock, resulting in approximately 111.0 million shares of Ares Capital common stock issued in exchange for approximately 229.9 million shares of American Capital common stock. The purchase price is approximately \$3.2 billion in total cash and stock consideration from us which is based upon a closing price of \$15.14 per share of Ares Capital common stock as of July 31, 2016 and an implied value per share of American Capital common stock of \$13.72. Additionally as part of the total merger consideration received by American Capital stockholders, Ares Capital Management will provide approximately \$275 million of cash, or \$1.20 per fully diluted share, to American Capital stockholders at closing. Separately, upon completion of the Mergers, each share of American Capital common stock will also be entitled to receive \$2.45 per share in cash (representing an aggregate amount of approximately \$563 million), which amount represents the per share cash consideration to be paid to American Capital as a result of the completion of the Mortgage Manager Sale, which was completed on July 1, 2016. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information has been derived from and should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements and the related notes of both American Capital and the Company, which are included elsewhere in this prospectus. See "Index to Financial Statements."

The following unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information and explanatory notes illustrate the effect of the Mergers on our financial position and results of operations based upon our and American Capital's respective historical financial positions and results of operations under the acquisition method of accounting with the Company treated as the acquirer.

In accordance with GAAP, the acquired assets and assumed liabilities of American Capital will be recorded by us at their estimated fair values as of the effective time. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information of the Company and American Capital reflects the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 and the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated income statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 assumes the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on June 30, 2016. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated statements of income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 assumes the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on December 31, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information is presented for illustrative purposes only and does not necessarily indicate the results of operations or the combined financial position that would have resulted had the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions been completed at the beginning of the applicable period presented, nor the impact of potential expense efficiencies of the Mergers, certain potential asset dispositions and other factors. In addition, as explained in more detail in the accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information, the allocation of the pro forma purchase price reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information involves estimates, is subject to adjustment and may vary significantly from the actual purchase price allocation that will be recorded upon completion of the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions. Additionally, the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial data does not include any estimated net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity resulting from operations or other asset sales and repayments that are not already reflected that may occur between June 30, 2016 and the completion of the Mergers.

We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors" Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition.

Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet As of June 30, 2016 Unaudited

(in millions, except share and per share data)

		Actual Ares Capital		Adjusted American Capital(A)		Pro Forma Adjustments		Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
Assets and Liabilities Data:								
Investments, at fair value	\$	8,900	\$	3,291	\$	(181) (B)	\$	12,010
Cash and cash equivalents		126		896		(724) (B)		87
						(1,474) (C)		
						1,263 (D)		
Other assets		182		345		(245) (B)		287
						5 (D)		
Total assets	\$	9,208	\$	4,532	\$	(1,356)	\$	12,384
Debt	\$	3,785	\$		\$	1,301 (D)	\$	5,086
Other liabilities	-	205	-	124	-	71 (B)	-	394
						(6) (D)		
						(*) (=)		
Total liabilities		3,990		124		1,366		5,480
Stockholders' equity		5,218		4,408		(1,221) (B)		6,904
Stockholders equity		3,210		1,100		(1,474) (C)		0,501
						(27) (D)		
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	9,208	\$	4,532	\$	(1,356)	\$	12,384
Total shares outstanding		313,954,008		216,066,309		111,053,353		425,007,361
N. d. a a a de la constanta de	¢	16.63	¢	20.40			¢	16.24
Net assets per share	\$	16.62	\$	20.40			\$	16.24

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016 Unaudited

(in millions, except share and per share data)

		Actual Ares Capital		Actual American Capital	Pro Forma Adjustments		Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
Performance Data:					,		
Interest and dividend income	\$	448	\$	270	\$ (57) (I	Ξ)	\$ 661
Fees and other income		45		34	(6) (H	Ξ)	73
Total investment income		493		304	(63)		734
Interest and credit facility fees		96		30	(21) (F	7)	122
.,					17 (F		
Base management fees		69		4	24 (0		97
Income based fees		58			(4) (H		54
Capital gains incentive fees		14				(F	14
Other expenses		29		105	(61) (I)	73(L)
•					. , ,		, ,
Total expenses		266		139	(45)		360
Total expenses		200		13)	(13)		300
Net investment income before							
taxes		227		165	(18)		374
taxes		221		103	(10)		3/4
		0		4.5	(45) (1	``	0
Income taxes		9		45	(45) (J)	9
Net investment income		218		120	27		365
Net realized gains		58		103	(16) (J		145
Net unrealized gains (losses)		13		(197)	139 (H		(97)
					(52) (J)	
Net realized and unrealized gains							
(losses)		71		(94)	71		48
Net increase in stockholders'							
equity	\$	289	\$	26	\$ 98		\$ 413
							-
Weighted average shares							
outstanding		314,123,517		225,817,418	111,053,353 (H	()	425,176,870
Earnings per share	\$	0.92	\$	0.12			\$ 0.97
Lamings per snare	Ψ	0.92	Ψ	0.12			0.97

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 Unaudited

(in millions, except share and per share data)

Performance Data:			Actual Ares Capital	Actual American Capital	Pro Forma Adjustments			Pro Forma Ares Capital Combined
Fees and other income 134 64 (8) (E) 190 Total investment income 1,025 671 (116) 1,580 Interest and credit facility fees 227 79 (43) (F) 297 Base management fees 134 13 76 (G) 223 Income based fees 121 (15) (H) 106 Capital gains incentive fees (27) (H) (27) Other expenses 44 201 (89) (I) 156(L) Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342)	Performance Data:		•	•	J			
Fees and other income 134 64 (8) (E) 190 Total investment income 1,025 671 (116) 1,580 Interest and credit facility fees 227 79 (43) (F) 297 Base management fees 134 13 76 (G) 223 Income based fees 121 (15) (H) 106 Capital gains incentive fees (27) (H) (27) Other expenses 44 201 (89) (I) 156(L) Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342)		\$	891 \$	607	\$ (108)	(E)	\$	1,390
Interest and credit facility fees	Fees and other income		134	64				190
Interest and credit facility fees					ì			
Interest and credit facility fees	Total investment income		1.025	671	(116)			1.580
Sase management fees					,			,
Base management fees 134 13 76 (G) 223 Income based fees 121 (15) (H) 106 Capital gains incentive fees (27) (H) (27) Other expenses 44 201 (89) (I) 156(L) Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) (J) (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	,							
Income based fees	Base management fees		134	13				223
Capital gains incentive fees (27) (H) (27) Other expenses 44 201 (89) (I) 156(L) Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares			121					106
Other expenses 44 201 (89) (I) 156(L) Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Capital gains incentive fees		(27)		,			(27)
Total expenses 499 293 (37) 755 Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares				201	(89)			
Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455	r				()	()		()
Net investment income before taxes 526 378 (79) 825 Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455	Total expenses		499	203	(37)			755
Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Total expenses		777	293	(37)			133
Income taxes 18 125 (125) (J) 18 Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	N		506	270	(70)			025
Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) 118 (J) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Net investment income before taxes		526	3/8	(79)			825
Net investment income 508 253 46 807 Net realized gains (losses) 128 (627) (64) (J) (563) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) 118 (J) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares								
Net realized gains (losses) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Income taxes		18	125	(125)	(J)		18
Net realized gains (losses) Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares								
Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Net investment income		508	253	46			807
Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares								
Net unrealized gains (losses) (246) 187 162 (E) 221 118 (J) Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Net realized gains (losses)		128	(627)	(64)	(J)		(563)
Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares								
Net realized and unrealized losses (118) (440) 216 (342) Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Tier ameanized games (100000)		(2.0)	10,				
Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares					110	(3)		
Loss on extinguishment of debt (10) (10) Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Nat realized and unrealized losses		(118)	(440)	216			(3/2)
Net increase (decrease) in stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares				(440)	210			
stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	Loss on extinguishment of debt		(10)					(10)
stockholders' equity \$ 380 \$ (187) \$ 262 \$ 455 Weighted average shares	N							
Weighted average shares		Ф	200 ф	(107)	Φ 262		ф	455
	stockholders' equity	\$	380 \$	(187)	\$ 262		\$	455
	Weighted average shares							
511,675,657 207,152,057 111,655,655 (1) 125,126,152			314 375 099	267 192 057	111 053 353	(K)		425 428 452
	o and talling		0.11,070,077	207,172,037	111,000,000	(11)		.25, 126, 152
Earnings (loss) per share \$ 1.20 \$ (0.70) \$ 1.07	Earnings (loss) per share	\$	1.20 \$	(0.70)			\$	1.07

See accompanying notes to the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements.

Ares Capital Corporation and Subsidiaries

Pro Forma Schedule of Investments Unaudited As of June 30, 2016 (Dollar Amounts in Millions)

			Ares Capital Fair		American Capital Fair		Pro F Ares (
Company Investment Funds and Vehicles	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
ACAS CLO 2007-1, Ltd.	Investment company Investment company	Secured notes (due 4/21) Subordinated notes (due 4/21)			\$ 8.4 12.7	\$ 8.3 11.3	\$ 8.4 12.7	\$ 8.3 11.3
ACAS Wachovia Investments, L.P.(4)	Investment partnership	Partnership interest			1.8	0.4	1.8	0.4
Apidos CLO XVIII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/26)			31.7	20.4	31.7	20.4
Apidos CLO XXI	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 6/27)			10.7	9.5	10.7	9.5
Ares IIIR/IVR CLO Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 4/21)			11.1	3.4	11.1	3.4
Babson CLO Ltd. 2006-II	Investment company	Income notes (due 10/20)			2.7		2.7	
Babson CLO Ltd. 2013-II	Investment company	Income notes (due 1/25)			3.6	2.9	3.6	2.9
Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-I	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/25)			6.0	4.0	6.0	4.0
Babson CLO Ltd. 2014-II	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 9/26)			19.2	8.9	19.2	8.9
Blue Hill CLO, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 1/26)			17.1	7.8	17.1	7.8
Blue Wolf Capital Fund II, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			9.0	8.6	9.0	8.6
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2013-3, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/25)			3.3	2.9	3.3	2.9
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2015-3, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/28)			23.8	21.3	23.8	21.3
Cent CDO 12 Limited	Investment company	Income notes (due 11/20)			14.2	26.8	14.2	26.8
Cent CLO 22 Limited	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 11/26)			35.5	16.8	35.5	16.8
Cent CLO 24 Limited	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 10/26)			23.9	18.3	23.9	18.3
Centurion CDO 8 Limited	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 3/17)			0.2		0.2	
CoLTs 2005-1 Ltd.	Investment company	Preference shares (360 shares, due 12/16)			1.7	0.1	1.7	0.1

CoLTs 2005-2 Ltd.	Investment company	Preference shares (34,170,000 shares, due 12/18)			11.0	0.6	11.0	0.6
Covestia Capital Partners, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	\$ 0.5	\$ 1.9			0.5	1.9
CREST Exeter Street Solar 2004-1	Investment company	Preferred securities (3,500,000 shares, due 6/39)			3.2		3.2	
Dryden 40 Senior Loan Fund	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 8/28)			8.1	7.1	8.1	7.1
Eaton Vance CDO X plc	Investment company	Secured subordinated notes (due 2/27)			11.1	5.0	11.1	5.0
European Capital Private Debt LP(4)	Investment partnership	Partnership interest			97.7	102.2	97.7	102.2
European Capital UK SME Debt LP(4)	Investment partnership	Partnership interest			11.5	11.4	11.5	11.4
Flagship CLO V	Investment company	Deferrable notes (due 9/19) Subordinated securities (15,000 shares, due 9/19)			1.5 7.0	1.7 0.6	1.5 7.0	1.7 0.6
GoldenTree Loan Opportunities VII, Limited	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 4/25)			29.6	21.4	29.6	21.4
		56						

			Ares Capital Fair		Capital American Capital Fair Fair			rma apital Fair
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2014-1 Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 2/26)			0.9	0.4	0.9	0.4
Halcyon Loan Advisors Funding 2015-2, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/27)			18.5	15.2	18.5	15.2
HCI Equity, LLC(4)	Investment company	Member interest		0.1				0.1
Herbert Park B.V.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 10/26)			25.4	18.7	25.4	18.7
Imperial Capital Private Opportunities, LP	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	4.1	15.4			4.1	15.4
LightPoint CLO IV, LTD	Investment company	Income notes (due 4/18)			3.6		3.6	
LightPoint CLO VII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 5/21)			2.5	1.4	2.5	1.4
Madison Park Funding XII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/26)			8.1	6.7	8.1	6.7
Madison Park Funding XIII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 1/25)			24.2	19.2	24.2	19.2
Montgomery Lane, LLC(4)	Holding company for RMBS securities	Common membership units (100 units)				3.8		3.8
NYLIM Flatiron CLO 2006-1 LTD.	Investment company	Subordinated securities (10,000 shares, due 8/20)			4.4	2.7	4.4	2.7
Och Ziff Loan Management XIII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 7/27)			13.1	12.0	13.1	12.0
Octagon Investment Partners XIX, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 4/26)			17.7	13.2	17.7	13.2
Octagon Investment Partners XVIII, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 12/24)			12.0	8.3	12.0	8.3
OHA Credit Partners XI, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 10/28)			30.4	27.3	30.4	27.3
Partnership Capital Growth Fund I, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest		0.4				0.4
Partnership Capital Growth Investors III, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	2.5	2.7			2.5	2.7
PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment II, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	6.6	10.3			6.6	10.3
PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	2.2	1.6			2.2	1.6
Piper Jaffray Merchant Banking Fund I, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest	1.6	1.8			1.6	1.8
Qualium I	Investment company/parternship	Common stock (249,414 shares)			5.3	5.0	5.3	5.0
Sapphire Valley CDO I, Ltd.	Investment company	Subordinated notes (due 12/22)			18.7	10.0	18.7	10.0
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC(4)	Co-investment vehicle	Subordinated certificates (due 12/24)	1,938.4	1,899.8			1,938.4	1,899.8

Member interest (87.5% interest) THL Credit Wind River Investment company Income notes (due 7/26) 9.6 8.2 9.6 8.2 2014-2 CLO Ltd. Preferred securities Vitesse CLO, Ltd. Investment company 11.9 11.9 (20,000,000 shares, due 8/20) Voya CLO 2014-4, Ltd. Subordinated notes 22.3 16.5 22.3 16.5 Investment company (due 10/26) VSC Investors LLC Membership interest 0.3 1.1 0.3 1.1 Investment company Total 1,956.2 1,935.1 645.9 490.3 2,602.1 2,425.4 **Business Services** 2329497 Ontario Inc. Outsourced data center Junior secured loan 43.0 29.5 43.0 29.5 (10.5%, due 6/19) infrastructure and related services provider 57

			Ares Capital Fair		American Capita Fair		Pro Fo Ares C		
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	
Accruent, LLC and Athena Parent, Inc.	Real estate and facilities management software provider	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 11/22)	42.5	42.5			42.5	42.5	
	F	Common stock (3,000 shares)	3.0	3.0			3.0	3.0	
BeyondTrust Software, Inc.	Provider of privileged account management and vulnerability management software solutions	Senior secured loan (8.0%, due 9/19)			29.6	28.7	29.6	28.7	
Blue Topco GmbH(4)	Web sheet and sheet fed printing facilities	Senior secured loan (5.0%, due 6/19)(2)			2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	
		Senior subordinated loan (due 6/19)(3)			7.1	8.2	7.1	8.2	
BluePay Processing, LLC	Technology-enabled payment processing solutions provider	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 8/22)			32.8	32.8	32.8	32.8	
Brandtone Holdings Limited	Mobile communications and marketing services provider	Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 11/18)	4.7	4.6			4.7	4.6	
	•	Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 1/19)	3.1	3.0			3.1	3.0	
		Warrant to purchase up to 184,003 units of Series Three participating convertible preferred shares							
CallMiner, Inc.	Provider of cloud-based conversational analytics solutions	Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 5/18)	2.8	2.8			2.8	2.8	
		Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 9/18)	1.6	1.6			1.6	1.6	
		Warrant to purchase up to 2,350,636 shares of Series 1 preferred stock							
Cast & Crew Payroll, LLC	Payroll and accounting services provider to the entertainment industry	Junior secured loan (8.8%, due 8/23)			35.7	33.8	35.7	33.8	
CIBT Holdings, Inc. and CIBT Investment Holdings, LLC	Expedited travel document processing services	Class A shares (2,500 shares)	2.5	5.5			2.5	5.5	
CMW Parent LLC (fka Black Arrow, Inc.)	Multiplatform media firm	Series A units (32 units)							
Columbo TopCo Limited(4)	Outsourced compliance consulting and software provider	Common stock (745,352 shares)			1.0		1.0		
	F	Redeemable preferred stock (34,028,135 shares)			71.9	43.0	71.9	43.0	
Command Alkon, Incorporated and CA Note Issuer, LLC	Software solutions provider to the ready-mix concrete industry	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 8/20)	10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0	
	·	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 8/20)	11.5	11.5			11.5	11.5	
		Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 8/20) Senior subordinated loan	26.5	26.5			26.5	26.5 21.8	
		(14.0%, due 8/21)(2)	21.0	21.0			21.0	21.0	

Compusearch Software Systems, Inc.	E-procurement and contract management solutions for the Federal marketplace	Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 11/21)	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0
		58				

			Ares C	apital Fair	America	n Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Compuware Parent, LLC	Web and mobile cloud performance testing and monitoring services provider	Class A-1 common stock (4,132 units)	2.3	2.1			2.3	2.1
		Class B-1 common stock (4,132 units)	0.5	0.4			0.5	0.4
		Class C-1 common stock (4,132 units)	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.3
		Class A-2 common stock (4,132 units)						
		Class B-2 common stock (4,132 units) Class C-2 common stock						
		(4,132 units)						
Convergint Technologies, LLC	Service-based integrator of Electronic Security, Fire Alarm & Life Safety, Healthcare Technologies, Communications and Building Automation	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 12/17-12/20)			94.0	94.0	94.0	94.0
Datapipe, Inc.	Provider of outsourced	Junior secured loan (8.5%,			29.2	29.0	29.2	29.0
	IT solutions	due 9/19)						
Directworks, Inc. and Co-Exprise Holdings, Inc.	Provider of cloud-based software solutions for direct materials sourcing and supplier management for manufacturers	Senior secured loan (10.3%, due 4/18) Warrant to purchase up to	1.9	2.0			1.9	2.0
		1,875,000 shares of Series 1 preferred stock						
DTI Holdco, Inc. and OPE DTI Holdings, Inc.	Provider of legal process outsourcing and managed services	Senior secured loan (5.8%, due 8/20)	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0
		Class A common stock (7,500 shares)	7.5	3.6			7.5	3.6
		Class B common stock (7,500 shares)		3.6				3.6
Electronic Warfare Associates, Inc.	Provider of electronic warfare, cyber security and advanced commercial test tools systems	Warrant to purchase 863,887 shares of common stock			0.8	0.9	0.8	0.9
	-y	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 2/19)			15.0	15.3	15.0	15.3
EN Engineering, L.L.C.	National utility services firm providing engineering and consulting services to natural gas, electric power and other energy and industrial end markets	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 6/21)						
		Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 6/21)	4.6	4.6			4.6	4.6
		Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 6/21)	22.1	22.3			22.1	22.3
Faction Holdings, Inc. and The Faction Group LLC (fka	Wholesaler of cloud-based software	Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 12/19)	3.0	3.0			3.0	3.0

PeakColo Holdings, Inc.)	applications and services					
		Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 5/19)	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.9
		Warrant to purchase up to 1,481 shares of Series A preferred stock		0.1		0.1
		Warrant to purchase up to 2,037 shares of Series A preferred stock	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
		59				

	Investment Common stock (4,987,267 shares) Redeemable preferred stock (31,303,601 shares) Warrant to purchase up to 122,827 units of Series C	Cost	Fair Value	23.2 32.3	Fair Value 6.8	23.2 32.3	Fair Value 6.8
for lential lth & for lential any chandising utions to	Redeemable preferred stock (31,303,601 shares) Warrant to purchase up to						
for lential any chandising utions to	(31,303,601 shares) Warrant to purchase up to			32.3	34.7	32.3	34.7
handising utions to							
	preferred stock						
ack the	Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21)			5.0	4.8	5.0	4.8
	Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/24)			97.3	97.3	97.3	97.3
	Senior secured loan (due 9/19)			4.4		4.4	
ng small	Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23)			10.0	9.7	10.0	9.7
e	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19)	19.7	20.1			19.7	20.1
	Warrant to purchase up to 385,616 shares of Series D preferred stock						
_	Warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
	Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21)			88.4	88.2	88.4	88.2
	Redeemable preferred stock (2,475 shares)			2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
gement consumer	Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22)			19.8	18.5	19.8	18.5
tware	Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19)	2.2	2.5			2.2	2.5
	Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19)	22.2	22.5			22.2	22.5
	Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3 convertible preferred stock	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.3
	utions to oldwide tware used ack the are blic are sourced astrial M ng small ze ervices the are arketing tware arketing tware integrity, visibility untegrity, visibility wen gement to consumer theare speech tware r em	preferred stock duvide tware used ack the due 4/21) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21) Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/24) Sourced Senior secured loan (due 9/19) M Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) Privices due 3/19) ervices Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19) ervices due 3/19) warrant to purchase up to 385,616 shares of Series D preferred stock arketing tware U24,300 shares of Series C preferred stock Integrity, Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) Integrity, Redeemable preferred stock (2,475 shares) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3	attions to Idwide Itware used ack the are Idwide Idwide Idwide Itware used ack the are Idw 4/21) Idw 6/24) Idw 6/25) Idw 6/26) Idw 6/	tware used ack the are used Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21) Dic Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/24) Sourced Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) M Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) Ervices Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19) e market Warrant to purchase up to 385,616 shares of Series D preferred stock arketing Warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock Integrity, due 12/21) Integrity, Redeemable preferred stock (2,475 shares) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3	trions to idwide tware used ack the are Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21) Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/24) M Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) M Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) M Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19) The most secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19) Warrant to purchase up to 385,616 shares of Series D preferred stock Warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock The preferred stock The gritty, senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) The gritty, risibility Wern due 12/21) The gritty, Redeemable preferred stock Warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock The gritty, senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) The gritty, risibility Warrant to purchase up to 19.8 Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) The gritty due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3 O.3 O.3 O.3 O.3	tutions to Idwide by the preferred stock that the due 4/21) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21) Sourced Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/24) Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) My ang small Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) My ang small due 7/23) Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 3/19) The e market Warrant to purchase up to 385.616 shares of Series D preferred stock Arketing Warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock Integrity, visibility due 12/21) Redeemable preferred stock Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/22) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3 Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3	tware used ack the due 4/21) lic Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 4/21) sourced Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 9/13) M Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 7/23) Marant to purchase up to 385,616 shares of Series D preferred stock warrant to purchase up to 124,300 shares of Series C preferred stock arketing tware Junior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) Redeemable preferred stock yeen gement consumer theare Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 17/23) Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) Junior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) Junior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/21) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 17/23) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 17/23) Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 17/29) Junior secured loan (9.9%, 2.2 2.5 2.2 Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3 Junior secured loan (9.9%, due 7/19) Warrant to purchase up to 68,187 shares of Series G-3

iParadigms, LLC Provider of Junior secured loan (8.3%, 39.3 35.7 39.3 35.7 anti-plagiarism software due 7/22)

to the education industry

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			Ares C	apital Fair	America	n Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company iPipeline, Inc., Internet Pipeline, Inc. and iPipeline Holdings, Inc.	Business Description Provider of SaaS-based software solutions to the insurance and financial services industry	Investment Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 8/22)	Cost 11.9	Value 11.9	Cost	Value	Cost 11.9	Value 11.9
	,	Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 8/22)	44.7	44.7			44.7	44.7
		Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 8/22)	14.9	14.9			14.9	14.9
		Preferred stock (1,485 shares) Common stock (647,542 shares)	1.5	2.5			1.5	2.5
Iron Bow Technologies, LLC	Provider of information technology solutions	Junior secured loan (13.2%, due 2/21)(2)			15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2
IronPlanet, Inc.	Online auction platform provider for used heavy equipment	Warrant to purchase to up to 133,333 shares of Series C preferred stock	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2
ISS Compressors Industries, Inc., ISS Valves Industries, Inc., ISS Motors Industries, Inc., ISS Machining Industries, Inc., and ISS Specialty Services Industries, Inc.	Provider of repairs, refurbishments and services to the broader industrial end user markets	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 6/18)	32.6	32.6			32.6	32.6
modelies, mo		Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 6/18)	6.2	6.2			6.2	6.2
Itel Laboratories, Inc.	Data services provider for building materials to property insurance industry	Preferred units (1,798,391 units)	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.1
Landslide Holdings, Inc.	Software for IT departments and systems management	Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 2/21)			9.0	8.8	9.0	8.8
LLSC Holdings Corporation(4)	Provider of in-store marketing services to retailers and marketers of consumer products	Convertible preferred stock (9,000 shares)			10.8	17.7	10.8	17.7
Market Track Holdings, LLC	Business media consulting services company	Preferred stock (1,685 shares)	2.2	2.5			2.2	2.5
	, ,	Common stock (16,251 shares)	2.2	2.7			2.2	2.7
Maximus Holdings, LLC	Provider of software simulation tools and related services	Warrant to purchase up to 1,050,013 shares of common stock						
Miles 33 Limited(4)	Supplier of computer software to the publishing sector	Senior secured loan (5.3%, due 12/17-9/18)(2)			6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
		Senior subordinated loan (due 9/21)(3) Redeemable preferred stock			13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0
Ministry Brands, LLC and MB Parent Holdings, LLC	Software and payment services provider to	Senior secured loan (10.8%, due 11/21)	48.6	48.9	1.2		48.6	48.9
	faith-based institutions	Senior secured loan (10.8%,	25.0	25.0			25.0	25.0
		due 11/21)	2.1	2.4			2.1	2.4

		Class A common units						
		(2,130,772 units)						
Mitchell International, Inc.	Provider of information services and technology solutions for the automobile insurance claims industry	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 10/21)			16.9	15.8	16.9	15.8
MVL Group, Inc.(4)	Marketing research provider	Senior subordinated loan (due 7/12)(3)	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2
		Common stock (560,716 shares)						
		61						

			Ares Capital Fair		Fair Fair		Pro Fo Ares C		
Company NAS, LLC, Nationwide Marketing Group, LLC and Nationwide Administrative Services, Inc.	Business Description Buying and marketing services organization for appliance, furniture and consumer electronics dealers	Investment Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 12/21)	Cost 24.1	Value 22.7	Cost	Value	Cost 24.1	Value 22.7	
Novetta Solutions, LLC	A provider of threat and fraud analytics software and solutions	Senior secured loan (6.0%, due 10/22) Junior secured loan (9.5%,			12.8 30.7	12.5 29.1	12.8 30.7	12.5 29.1	
Park Place Technologies, LLC	Provider of third party maintenance services to the server and storage markets.	due 10/23) Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 12/22)			41.5	41.5	41.5	41.5	
PayNearMe, Inc.	Electronic cash payment system provider	Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 9/19)	9.6	9.9			9.6	9.9	
		Common stock (100 shares) Warrant to purchase up to 195,726 shares of Series E preferred stock	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2	
PHL Investors, Inc., and PHL Holding Co.(4)	Mortgage services	Class A common stock (576 shares)	3.8				3.8		
Poplicus Incorporated	Business intelligence and market analytics platform for companies that sell to the public sector	Senior secured loan (due 7/19)(3)	4.7	2.5			4.7	2.5	
	Sector	Warrant to purchase up to 2,402,991 shares of Series C preferred stock	0.1				0.1		
PowerPlan, Inc. and Project Torque Ultimate Parent Corporation	Fixed asset financial management software provider	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 2/23)	29.8	30.0			29.8	30.0	
Corporation	provider	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 2/23)	49.6	50.0			49.6	50.0	
		Class A common stock (1,980 shares) Class B common stock (989,011 shares)	2.0	3.0			2.0	3.0	
Powersport Auctioneer Holdings, LLC	Powersport vehicle auction operator	Common units (1,972 units)	1.0	1.4			1.0	1.4	
Project Silverback Holdings Corp.	Management software solution offering	Common stock (308,224 shares)				0.4		0.4	
•	Ç	Convertible preferred stock (743 shares)			0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	
		Senior secured loan (6.5%, due 7/20)			23.7	23.9	23.7	23.9	
R2 Acquisition Corp.	Marketing services	Common stock (250,000 shares)	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.3	
Rocket Fuel Inc.	Provider of open and integrated software for digital marketing optimization	Common stock (11,405 units)							
Sonian Inc.	Cloud-based email archiving platform	Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 9/19)	7.3	7.5			7.3	7.5	

		Warrant to purchase up to 169,045 shares of Series C preferred stock	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
Systems Maintenance Services Holding, Inc.	Provides multi-vendor maintenance solutions for IT original equipment manufacturers	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 10/20)			34.8	34.8	34.8	34.8
		62						

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	ı Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Talari Networks, Inc.	Networking equipment provider	Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 12/18)	5.9	6.0			5.9	6.0
	•	Warrant to purchase up to 421,052 shares of	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
		Series D-1 preferred stock						
TestAmerica Environmental Services, LLC(4)	Operator of environmental testing laboratories	Senior subordinated loan (12.5%, due 6/18)(2)			16.9	43.3	16.9	43.3
The Greeley Company, Inc. and HCP Acquisition Holdings, LLC(4)	Healthcare compliance advisory services	Senior subordinated loan (due 3/17)(3)	2.7	1.4			2.7	1.4
Trotaings, DEC(1)		Class A units (14,293,110 units)	12.8				12.8	
TraceLink, Inc.	Supply chain management software provider for the pharmaceutical industry	Senior secured revolving loan (7.5%, due 12/16)	4.4	4.4			4.4	4.4
	p.iai.maccancan maasii.y	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 1/19)	4.4	4.5			4.4	4.5
		Warrant to purchase up to 283,353 shares of Series A-2 preferred stock	0.1	1.0			0.1	1.0
		1						
Tyden Cayman Holdings Corp.	Manufacturer and provider of cargo security and product identification and traceability solutions	Common stock (5,521,203 shares)			5.5	4.3	5.5	4.3
	traceaomity solutions	Convertible preferred stock (46,276 shares)			0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Velocity Holdings Corp.	Hosted enterprise resource planning application management services provider	Common units (1,713,546 units)	4.5	3.2			4.5	3.2
W3 Co.	Provider of integrated safety and compliance solutions to companies operating in hazardous environments	Junior secured loan (due 9/20)(3)			8.8	3.9	8.8	3.9
WorldPay Group PLC	Payment processing company	C2 shares (73,974 shares)						
Total			625.4	598.8	941.4	909.3	1,566.8	1,508.1
Financial Services								
AllBridge Financial, LLC(4)	Asset management services	Equity interests		0.5				0.5
American Capital Asset Management, LLC(4)	Asset management services	Senior subordinated loan (5.0%, due 9/16)			35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0(8)
		Common membership interest (100% interest)			586.6	955.2	586.6	955.2(8)
AmWINS Group, LLC	Wholesale insurance broker	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 9/20)			45.1	46.1	45.1	46.1
Callidus Capital Corporation(4)	Asset management services	Common stock (100 shares)	3.0	1.7			3.0	1.7
-								

Ciena Capital LLC(4)	Real estate and small business loan servicer	Senior secured revolving loan (6.0%, due 12/16)	14.0	14.0	14.0	14.0
		Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/16)	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
		Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/16)	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
		Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/16)	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
		Equity interests	35.0	14.9	35.0	14.9
Commercial Credit Group, Inc.	Commercial equipment finance and leasing company	Senior subordinated loan (12.8%, due 5/18)	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	apital Fair	
Company FAMS Acquisition, Inc.(4)	Business Description Provider of outsourced	Investment Senior subordinated loan	Cost	Value	Cost 12.9	Value 11.9	Cost 12.9	Value 11.9	
Transcriequisition, mei(1)	receivables management services	(12.0%, due 1/16)(2)			12.0	11.5	12.,	11.5	
	management services	Senior subordinated loan (due 1/16)(3)			14.4	12.8	14.4	12.8	
Gordian Acquisition Corp.	Financial services firm	Common stock (526 shares)							
Imperial Capital Group LLC	Investment services	Class A common units (17,307 units)	7.9	11.7			7.9	11.7	
		2006 Class B common units (5,670 units)							
		2007 Class B common units (707 units)							
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.(4)	Asset management services	Member interest (100.00% interest)	171.0	231.2			171.0	231.2(8)	
Javlin Three LLC, Javlin Four LLC, and Javlin Five LLC	Asset-backed financial services company	Senior secured revolving loan (10.5%, due 6/17)	38.8	38.8			38.8	38.8	
LSQ Funding Group, L.C. and LM LSQ Investors LLC	Asset based lender	Senior subordinated loan (10.5%, due 6/21)	30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0	
		Membership units	3.3	3.3			3.3	3.3	
The Gordian Group, Inc.	Financial services firm	Senior secured loan (5.7%, due 7/19)			41.1	40.3	41.1	40.3	
Total			333.1	376.2	735.1	1,101.3	1,068.2	1,477.5	
Healthcare Services Absolute Dental Management LLC and ADM	Dental services provider	Senior secured loan (9.3%, due 1/22)	18.8	18.8			18.8	18.8	
Equity, LLC		Senior secured loan (9.3%, due 1/22)	5.0	5.0			5.0	5.0	
		Class A preferred units (4,000,000 units)	4.0	3.3			4.0	3.3	
		Class A common units (4,000,000 units)							
ADCS Billings Intermediate Holdings, LLC	Dermatology practice	Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 5/22)	8.6	8.6			8.6	8.6	
C /		Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 5/22)	22.5	22.5			22.5	22.5	
Alcami Holdings LLC(4)	Chemistry outsourcing partner to the pharmaceutical and biotechnology industries	Senior secured loan (6.5%, due 3/17-10/20)			109.3	110.1	109.3	110.1	
		Senior subordinated loan (13.2%, due 10/20)(2)			144.3	147.6	144.3	147.6	
		Redeemable preferred stock (84,936 shares)			61.1		61.1		
Alegeus Technologies Holdings Corp.	Benefits administration and transaction processing provider	Preferred stock (2,997 shares)	3.1	1.9			3.1	1.9	
		Common stock (3 shares)							
Argon Medical Devices, Inc.	Manufacturer and marketer of single-use specialty medical devices	Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/22)	8.8	9.0			8.8	9.0	

AwarePoint Corporation	Healthcare technology platform developer	Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 6/18)	8.5	8.8	8.5	8.8
		Warrant to purchase up to 3,213,367 shares of Series 1 preferred stock		0.6		0.6
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			Ares C	apital Fair	America	n Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC and CCS Group Holdings, LLC	Correctional facility healthcare operator	Senior secured revolving loan (5%, due 7/19)	3.8	3.2			3.8	3.2
		Senior secured revolving loan (6.5%, due 7/19)	1.7	1.4			1.7	1.4
		Senior secured loan (5%, due 7/21)	6.6	5.6			6.6	5.6
		Junior secured loan (9.4%, due 7/22)	134.0	108.0			134.0	108.0
		Class A units (601,937 units)		0.4				0.4
Correctional Medical Group Companies, Inc.	Correctional facility healthcare operator	Senior secured loan (9.6%, due 9/21)	3.1	3.1			3.1	3.1
companies, me.	neuroneuro operator	Senior secured loan (9.6%, due 9/21)	4.1	4.1			4.1	4.1
		Senior secured loan (9.6%, due 9/21)	44.7	44.7			44.7	44.7
DCA Investment Holding, LLC	Multi-branded dental practice management	Senior secured revolving loan (7.8%, due 7/21)	3.4	3.4			3.4	3.4
		Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 7/21)	18.9	18.6			18.9	18.6
DNAnexus, Inc.	Bioinformatics company	Senior secured loan (9.3%, due 10/18)	10.1	10.3			10.1	10.3
		Warrant to purchase up to 909,092 units of Series C preferred stock		0.3				0.3
Gentle Communications, LLC	Dental services provider	Senior secured loan (7.5%, due 5/22)	43.5	43.5			43.5	43.5
Global Healthcare Exchange, LLC and GHX Ultimate Parent Corp.	On-demand supply chain automation solutions provider	Class A common stock (2,991 shares)	3.0	3.0			3.0	3.0
·		Class B common stock (980 shares)		5.4				5.4
Greenphire, Inc. and RMCF III CIV XXIX, L.P	Software provider for clinical trial management	Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 12/18)	4.0	4.0			4.0	4.0
	munugemen	Limited partnership interest	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0
HALT Medical, Inc.(4)	Patented disposable needle used to remove uterine fibroids	Senior secured loan (due 6/16)(3)			74.0	36.1	74.0	36.1
INC Research Mezzanine Co-Invest, LLC	Pharmaceutical and biotechnology consulting services	Common units (1,410,000 units)		1.6				1.6
Intermedix Corporation	Revenue cycle management provider to the emergency healthcare industry	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 6/20)	112.0	107.5			112.0	107.5
LM Acquisition Holdings, LLC	Developer and manufacturer of medical equipment	Class A units (426 units)	0.7	1.8			0.7	1.8
MC Acquisition Holdings I, LLC	Healthcare professional provider	Class A units (1,338,314 shares)	1.3	1.3			1.3	1.3
MW Dental Holding Corp.	Dental services provider	Senior secured revolving loan (8.5%, due 4/18)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0

Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 4/18)	50.1	50.1	50.1	50.1
Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 4/18)	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5
Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 4/18)	19.6	19.6	19.6	19.6
65				

			Ares C	apital Fair		rican pital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company My Health Direct, Inc.	Business Description Healthcare scheduling exchange software	Investment Senior secured loan (10.8%, due 1/18)	Cost 1.9	Value 1.9	Cost	Value	Cost 1.9	Value 1.9
	solution provider	Warrant to purchase up to 4,548 shares of Series D preferred stock						
New Trident Holdcorp, Inc.	Outsourced mobile diagnostic healthcare service provider	Junior secured loan (10.3%, due 7/20)	79.0	76.8			79.0	76.8
NMSC Holdings, Inc. and ASP NAPA Holdings, LLC	Anesthesia management services provider	Junior secured loan (11.0%, due 10/23)	74.3	74.3			74.3	74.3
		Class A units (25,277 units)	2.5	2.5			2.5	2.5
Nodality, Inc.	Biotechnology company	Senior secured loan (due 7/16)(3)	2.4	2.6			2.4	2.6
		Senior secured loan (due 7/16)(3)	9.7	0.7			9.7	0.7
		Common stock (3,736,255 shares)						
OmniSYS Acquisition Corporation, OmniSYS, LLC, and OSYS Holdings, LLC	Provider of technology-enabled solutions to pharmacies	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 11/18)	10.5	10.5			10.5	10.5
and OS 15 Holdings, EEC	sortions to pilaritacies	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 11/18)	5.9	5.9			5.9	5.9
		Limited liability company membership interest (1.57%)	1.0	0.7			1.0	0.7
Patterson Medical Supply, Inc.	Distributor of rehabilitation supplies and equipment	Junior secured loan (8.8%, due 8/23)	18.8	19.0			18.8	19.0
PerfectServe, Inc.	Communications software platform provider for hospitals and physician practices	Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 3/20)	8.7	9.0			8.7	9.0
	1	Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 6/20)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0
		Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 6/21)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0
		Warrant to purchase up to 28,428 shares of Series C preferred stock	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2
		Warrant to purchase up to 34,113 shares of Series C preferred stock		0.3				0.3
PhyMED Management LLC	Provider of anesthesia services	Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 5/21)	46.6	44.9			46.6	44.9
Precyse Acquisition Corp.	Provider of healthcare information management technology and services	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 4/23)	9.6	10.0			9.6	10.0
Respicardia, Inc.	Developer of implantable therapies to improve cardiovascular health	Warrant to purchase up to 99,094 shares of Series C preferred stock						
Sarnova HC, LLC, Tri-Anim Health Services, Inc., and BEMS Holdings, LLC	Distributor of emergency medical service and respiratory products	Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 7/22)	54.0	54.0			54.0	54.0
Transaction Data Systems, Inc.	Pharmacy management software provider	Junior secured loan (10%, due 6/22)	27.5	27.5			27.5	27.5

U.S. Anesthesia Partners, Inc.	Anesthesiology service provider	Junior secured loan (10.3%, due 9/20)	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5
		Junior secured loan (10.3%, due 9/20)	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
		66				

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	ı Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Urgent Cares of America Holdings I, LLC and FastMed Holdings I, LLC	Operator of urgent care clinics	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 12/22)	13.9	13.1			13.9	13.1
		Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 12/22)	54.5	51.2			54.5	51.2
		Preferred units (7,696,613 units)	7.7	8.3			7.7	8.3
		Series A common units (2,000,000 units)	2.0	0.9			2.0	0.9
		Series C common units (1,026,866 units)		0.4				0.4
VistaPharm, Inc. and Vertice Pharma UK Parent Limited	Manufacturer and distributor of generic pharmaceutical products	Senior secured loan (6.7%, due 12/21)	5.1	5.1			5.1	5.1
		Preferred shares (40,662 shares)	0.4	0.4			0.4	0.4
Young Innovations, Inc.	Dental supplies and equipment manufacturer	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 7/19)	45.0	45.0			45.0	45.0
Total			1,153.1	1,112.6	388.7	293.8	1,541.8	1,406.4
Other Services								
American Residential Services L.L.C.	Heating, ventilation and air conditioning services provider	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/21)	49.6	50.0			49.6	50.0
C : F1 :	0.00 1	0 11 // 20/	10.6	10.6			12.6	12.6
Community Education Centers, Inc. and CEC Parent Holdings LLC(4)	Offender re-entry and in-prison treatment services provider	Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 12/17)	13.6	13.6			13.6	13.6
		Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 12/17)	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.7
		Junior secured loan (15.6%, due 6/18)	21.9	21.9			21.9	21.9
		Class A senior preferred units (7,846 units)	9.4	10.5			9.4	10.5
		Class A junior preferred units (26,154 units) Class A common units (134	20.2	21.8			20.2	21.8
		units)						
Competitor Group, Inc., Calera XVI, LLC and Champion Parent Corporation(4)	Endurance sports media and event operator	Senior secured revolving loan (5.0%, due 11/18)	4.5	4.2			4.5	4.2
		Senior secured loan (5.0%, due 11/18)	38.0	35.8			38.0	35.8
		Preferred shares (18,875 shares) Membership units	16.0 2.5				16.0 2.5	
		Common shares (114,000 shares)	2.3				2.3	
Crown Health Care Laundry Services, Inc. and Crown Laundry Holdings, LLC(5)	Provider of outsourced healthcare linen management solutions	Senior secured revolving loan (7.3%, due 3/19)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0
		Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 3/19)	18.3	18.3			18.3	18.3
		Class A preferred units (2,475,000 units)	2.5	3.2			2.5	3.2
		Class B common units (275,000 units)	0.3	0.4			0.3	0.4
			31.5	31.5			31.5	31.5

Dwyer Acquisition Parent, Inc. and TDG Group Holding Company	Operator of multiple franchise concepts primarily related to home maintenance or repairs	Senior subordinated loan (11.0%, due 2/20)						
	·	Senior subordinated loan (11.0%, due 2/20)	52.7	52.7			52.7	52.7
		Common stock (32,843 shares)	3.4	4.8			3.4	4.8
Hard 8 Games, LLC(4)	Develops disruptive gaming technology for casino applications	Senior secured loan (7.2%, due 12/16)(2)			63.3	63.3	63.3	63.3
		Membership units (2 units)			24.0	23.1	24.0	23.1
		67						

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Massage Envy, LLC	Franchisor in the massage industry	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 9/18)	7.8	7.8			7.8	7.8
		Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 9/18)	45.2	45.2			45.2	45.2
		Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 9/18)	18.9	18.9			18.9	18.9
		Common stock (3,000,000 shares)	3.0	5.6			3.0	5.6
McKenzie Sports Products, LLC	Designer, manufacturer and distributor of hunting-related supplies	Senior secured loan (4.8%, due 9/20)	7.5	7.3			7.5	7.3
		Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 9/20)	39.5	38.7			39.5	38.7
		Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 9/20)	45.0	44.1			45.0	44.1
OpenSky Project, Inc. and OSP Holdings, Inc.	Social commerce platform operator	Senior secured loan (10.0%, due 9/17)	1.5	1.5			1.5	1.5
		Warrant to purchase up to 159,496 shares of Series D preferred stock						
Osmose Utility Services, Inc. and Osmose Holdings, Inc.	Provider of structural integrity management services to transmission and distribution infrastructure	Junior secured loan (8.8%, due 8/23)	24.6	24.3	33.7	33.6	58.3	57.9
SocialFlow, Inc.	Social media optimization platform provider	Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 8/19)	3.9	4.0			3.9	4.0
		Warrant to purchase up to 215,331 shares of Series C preferred stock						
Spin HoldCo Inc.	Laundry service and equipment provider	Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 5/20)	140.0	135.8			140.0	135.8
Surface Dive, Inc.	SCUBA diver training and certification provider	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 1/22)	37.4	37.4			37.4	37.4
	and common promact	Junior secured loan (10.3%, due 1/22)	87.9	88.2			87.9	88.2
Towne Holdings, Inc.	Provider of contracted hospitality services and parking systems	Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 5/22)	56.3	56.3			56.3	56.3
		Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 5/22)	9.0	9.0			9.0	9.0
TWH Water Treatment Industries, Inc., TWH Filtration Industries, Inc. and TWH Infrastructure Industries, Inc.	Wastewater infrastructure repair, treatment and filtration holding company	Senior secured loan (10.3%, due 10/19)	5.4	5.4			5.4	5.4
		Senior secured loan (10.3%, due 10/19)	36.4	36.4			36.4	36.4
U.S. Security Associates Holdings, Inc	Security guard service provider	Junior secured loan (11.0%, due 7/18)	25.0	25.0			25.0	25.0
WASH Multifamily Acquisition Inc. and Coinamatic Canada Inc.	Laundry service and equipment provider	Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 5/23)	3.7	3.6			3.7	3.6
		Junior secured loan (8.0%, due 5/23)	20.9	20.6			20.9	20.6

Total			906.0	886.5	121.0	120.0	1,027.0	1,006.5
Consumer Products								
Bellotto Holdings Limited(4)	Provider of made-to-measure blinds	Common stock (2,697,010 shares)			86.0	115.2	86.0	115.2
		Redeemable preferred stock (7,300,610 shares)			39.5	41.2	39.5	41.2
		68						

			Ares C	Capital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company BRG Sports, Inc.	Business Description Designer, manufacturer and licensor of branded sporting goods, reconditioning services and collectibles	Investment Common units (6,566,655 units)	Cost	Value	Cost 0.7	Value	Cost 0.7	Value
		Redeemable preferred stock (2,009 shares)			2.5	3.0	2.5	3.0
Delsey Holding S.A.S.	Designs, markets and distributes high-quality innovative travel luggage	Senior subordinated loan (13.5%, due 7/21)(2)			1.5	1.1	1.5	1.1
		Senior subordinated loan (13.5%, due 7/21)(2)			8.0	6.6	8.0	6.6
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC and Bowhunter Holdings, LLC	Provider of branded archery and bowhunting accessories	Senior secured loan (4.0%, due 3/19)	4.5	4.2			4.5	4.2
		Senior secured loan (4.0%, due 3/19)	6.7	6.3			6.7	6.3
		Senior secured loan (6.6%, due 3/19)	9.5	8.7			9.5	8.7
		Senior secured loan (6.6%, due 3/19)	50.1	46.1			50.1	46.1
		Common units (300 units)	3.7	1.8			3.7	1.8
FXI Holdings, Inc.	Producer of flexible polyurethane foam	Common stock (3,163 shares)				0.6		0.6
Group Montana, Inc.(4)	Leading designer, manufacturer and distributor of western-style accessories	Common stock (100% interest)			12.6	1.6	12.6	1.6
	Western seyle accessories	Convertible preferred stock (4,000 shares)			6.8	7.1	6.8	7.1
		Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 1/17)			5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Implus Footcare, LLC	Provider of footwear and other accessories	Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 6/21)	17.2	17.2			17.2	17.2
Indra Holdings Corp.	Designer, marketer, and distributor of rain and cold weather products	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 11/21)	79.1	64.0			79.1	64.0
Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. and Wonder Holdings Acquisition Corp.	Developer and marketer of OTC healthcare products	Warrant to purchase up to 1,120 shares of preferred stock		1.4				1.4
	P	Warrant to purchase up to 1,654,678 shares of common stock		0.8				0.8
Oak Parent, Inc.	Manufacturer of athletic	Senior secured loan (7.6%,	2.4	2.4			2.4	2.4
	apparel	due 4/18) Senior secured loan (7.6%, due 4/18) Senior secured loan (9.5%,	7.7	7.7			7.7	7.7
		due 4/18) Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 4/18)						
Plantation Products, LLC, Seed Holdings, Inc. and Flora Parent, Inc.	Provider of branded lawn and garden products	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 6/21)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0
		Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 6/21)	53.8	54.0			53.8	54.0
			10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0

Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 6/21) Common stock (30,000 shares)	3.0	4.6	3.0	4.6
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			Ares C	apital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company RD Holdco Inc.(4)	Business Description Manufacturer of steam cleaning carpet care machines rented to consumers	Investment Common stock (458,596 shares)	Cost	Value	Cost 23.6	Value 26.3	Cost 23.6	Value 26.3
	consumers	Warrant to purchase 56,372 shares of common stock			2.9		2.9	
		Junior secured loan (11.3%, due 12/18)			15.6	16.7	15.6	16.7
SHO Holding I Corporation	Manufacturer and distributor of slip resistant footwear	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 4/23)	97.7	99.0			97.7	99.0
Shock Doctor, Inc. and Shock Doctor Holdings, LLC(5)	Developer, marketer and distributor of sports protection equipment and accessories	Junior secured loan (11.5%, due 10/21)	35.4	35.4			35.4	35.4
		Junior secured loan (11.5%, due 10/21)	54.0	54.0			54.0	54.0
		Class A preferred units (50,000 units)	5.0	4.8			5.0	4.8
		Class C preferred units (50,000 units)	5.0	4.8			5.0	4.8
The Hygenic Corporation	Designer, manufacturer and marketer of branded wellness products	Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 4/21)	70.0	71.4			70.0	71.4
The Step2 Company, LLC(4)	Toy manufacturer	Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 9/19)	27.5	27.6			27.5	27.6
		Junior secured loan (due 9/19)(3) Common units (1,116,879	30.3	28.1			30.3	28.1
		units) Class B common units (126,278,000 units)						
		Warrant to purchase up to 3,157,895 units						
Varsity Brands Holding Co., Inc., Hercules Achievement, Inc., Hercules Achievement Holdings, Inc. and Hercules VB Holdings, Inc.	Leading manufacturer and distributor of textiles, apparel & luxury goods	Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 12/22)	55.1	55.6			55.1	55.6
Troidings, Tie		Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 12/22)	91.0	91.7			91.0	91.7
		Common stock (3,353,370 shares) Common stock (3,353,371	3.4	4.6 5.7			3.4	4.6 5.7
		shares)	4.1	5.7			4.1	3.7
Total			728.2	713.9	204.7	224.4	932.9	938.3
Power Generation Alphabet Energy, Inc.	Technology developer to convert waste-heat into electricity	Senior secured loan (12.5%, due 8/17)(2)	3.7	4.0			3.7	4.0
		Series 1B preferred stock (12,976 shares)	0.3				0.3	
		Warrant to purchase up to 125,000 shares of Series 2 preferred stock	0.1				0.1	
			49.5	49.5			49.5	49.5

Bicent (California) Holdings LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan (8.3%, due 2/21)	
		70	

			Ares Ca	apital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Brush Power, LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 8/20)	44.6	44.6			44.6	44.6
	· F	Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 8/20)	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
		Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 8/20)	2.3	2.3			2.3	2.3
		Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 8/20)	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.7
		Senior secured loan (6.3%, due 8/20)	9.7	9.7			9.7	9.7
		Senior secured loan (7.8%, due 8/20)						
CEI Kings Mountain Investor, LP	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan (11.0%, due 3/17)(2)	30.8	30.9			30.8	30.9
CPV Maryland Holding Company II, LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan (10.0%, due 12/20)	44.5	42.7			44.5	42.7
	орегшог	Warrant to purchase up to 4 units of common stock						
DESRI VI Management Holdings, LLC	Wind power generation facility operator	Senior subordinated loan (9.8%, due 12/21)	25.0	25.0			25.0	25.0
Holdings, LLC	racinty operator	Non Controlling Units (10 units)	1.5	2.2			1.5	2.2
Green Energy Partners, Stonewall LLC and Panda Stonewall Intermediate Holdings II LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior secured loan (6.5%, due 11/21)	24.8	24.0			24.8	24.0
Troidings It 220		Senior subordinated loan (13.3%, due 12/21)(2)	19.0	18.4			19.0	18.4
		Senior subordinated loan (13.3%, due 12/21)(2)	88.8	86.2			88.8	86.2
Joule Unlimited Technologies, Inc. and Stichting Joule Global Foundation	Renewable fuel and chemical production developer	Senior secured loan (13.0%, due 10/18)(2)	9.0	7.9			9.0	7.9
		Common stock (11,195,168 shares)						
		Warrant to purchase up to 32,051 shares of Series C-2 preferred stock						
La Paloma Generating Company, LLC	Natural gas fired, combined cycle plant operator	Junior secured loan (due 2/20)(3)	9.0	1.9			9.0	1.9
Moxie Liberty LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior secured loan (7.5%, due 8/20)	34.7	34.5			34.7	34.5
Moxie Patriot LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 12/20)	34.7	34.0			34.7	34.0
Panda Power Annex Fund Hummel Holdings II LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan (13.0%, due 10/16)(2)	113.5	114.1			113.5	114.1
Panda Temple Power II, LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities	Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 4/19)	19.8	18.1			19.8	18.1

	operator							
Panda Temple Power, LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 3/22)	23.6	22.0			23.6	22.0
PERC Holdings 1 LLC	Operator of recycled energy, combined heat and power, and energy efficiency facilities	Class B common units (21,653,543 units)	21.7	24.6			21.7	24.6
Total			610.7	596.7			610.7	596.7
Manufacturing								
Chariot Acquisition, LLC	Distributor and designer of aftermarket golf cart parts and accessories	Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 9/21)	55.6	55.6	29.5	29.5	85.1	85.1
		71						

			Ares Capital Fair		American Capital Fair		Pro Fo Ares C	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Component Hardware Group, Inc.	Commercial equipment	Senior secured revolving loan (5.5%, due 7/19)	2.2	2.2			2.2	2.2
Споир, піс.		Senior secured loan (5.5%, due 7/19)	8.0	8.0			8.0	8.0
Harvey Tool Company, LLC and Harvey Tool Holding, LLC	Cutting tool provider to the metalworking industry	Senior subordinated loan (11.0%, due 9/20)(2)	28.0	28.0			28.0	28.0
O.		Class A membership units (750 units)	0.9	1.5			0.9	1.5
HCV1 S.A.S(4)	R&D designer of in-line inspection devices for product quality control	Common stock (14,569,412 shares)			25.6		25.6	
		Senior secured loan (13.8%, due 2/20)(2)			3.6	3.4	3.6	3.4
Ioxus, Inc	Energy storage devices	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 6/18)(2)	10.1	9.8			10.1	9.8
		Warrant to purchase up to 1,210,235 shares of Series BB preferred stock		0.2				0.2
		Warrant to purchase up to 3,038,730 shares of common stock						
KPS Global LLC	Walk-in cooler and freezer systems	Senior secured loan (9.7%, due 12/20)	36.5	36.5			36.5	36.5
MacLean-Fogg Company and MacLean-Fogg Holdings, L.L.C.	Manufacturer and supplier for the power utility and automotive markets worldwide	Senior subordinated loan (13.5%, due 10/25)(2)	98.4	98.4			98.4	98.4
	worldwide	Preferred units (70,183 units)(2)	72.1	72.1			72.1	72.1
Niagara Fiber Intermediate Corp.	Insoluble fiber filler products	Senior secured revolving loan (due 5/18)(3)	1.8	1.4			1.8	1.4
•		Senior secured loan (due 5/18)(3)	1.4	1.1			1.4	1.1
		Senior secured loan (due 5/18)(3)	13.4	10.5			13.4	10.5
Nordco Inc.	Railroad maintenance-of-way machinery	Senior secured revolving loan (8.8%, due 8/20)	3.8	3.5			3.8	3.5
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 8/20)	70.1	65.2			70.1	65.2
Pelican Products, Inc.	Flashlights	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 4/21)	40.0	37.2			40.0	37.2
Saw Mill PCG Partners LLC	Metal precision engineered components	Common units (1,000 units)	1.0				1.0	
SI Holdings, Inc.	Elastomeric parts, mid-sized composite structures, and composite tooling	Common stock (1,500 shares)	1.5	2.0			1.5	2.0
TPTM Merger Corp.	Time temperature indicator products	Senior secured revolving loan (7.5%, due 9/18)	1.3	1.3			1.3	1.3
		Senior secured loan (9.7%, due 9/18)	22.0	22.0			22.0	22.0
		Senior secured loan (9.7%, due 9/18)	10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0

		Senior secured loan (9.7%, due 9/18)	2.0	2.0			2.0	2.0
WP CPP Holdings, LLC	Precision engineered castings	Junior secured loan (8.8%, due 4/21)			19.6	17.8	19.6	17.8
		72						

			Ares C	apital Fair	American Capital Fair		Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company Zodiac Marine and Pool S.A.	Business Description Boat equipment and marine products manufacturer	Investment Senior subordinated loan (due 9/17)(3)	Cost	Value	Cost 38.8	Value 3.1	Cost 38.8	Value 3.1
	manuracture	Junior secured loan (due 3/17)(3)			25.2	7.9	25.2	7.9
Total			480.1	468.5	142.3	61.7	622.4	530.2
Restaurants and Food Services								
ADF Capital, Inc., ADF Restaurant Group, LLC, and ARG Restaurant Holdings, Inc.	Restaurant owner and operator	Senior secured loan (9.3%, due 12/18)	28.6	26.6			28.6	26.6
		Senior secured loan (9.3%, due 12/18)	10.9	10.2			10.9	10.2
		Promissory note (\$23,652 par due 12/2023)	13.8	11.4			13.8	11.4
		Warrant to purchase up to 23,750 units of Series D common stock						
Benihana, Inc.	Restaurant owner and	Senior secured revolving	1.1	1.1			1.1	1.1
	operator	loan (7.8%, due 7/18) Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 1/19)	4.8	4.6			4.8	4.6
DineInFresh, Inc.	Meal-delivery provider	Senior secured loan (9.8%,	6.2	6.3			6.2	6.3
		due 7/18) Warrant to purchase up to 143,079 shares of Series A preferred stock						
Garden Fresh Restaurant Corp.	Restaurant owner and operator	Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 7/18)	40.1	40.1			40.1	40.1
Global Franchise Group, LLC and GFG Intermediate Holding, Inc.	Worldwide franchisor of quick service restaurants	Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 12/19)	60.8	60.8			60.8	60.8
Heritage Food Service Group, Inc. and WCI-HFG Holdings, LLC	Distributor of repair and replacement parts for commercial kitchen equipment	Junior secured loan (9.5%, due 10/22)	31.6	31.3			31.6	31.3
	equipment	Preferred units (3,000,000 units)	3.0	2.9			3.0	2.9
Orion Foods, LLC(4)	Convenience food service retailer	Senior secured loan (due 9/15)(3)	1.4	0.8			1.4	0.8
		Junior secured loan (due 9/15)(3) Preferred units (10,000						
		units) Class A common units						
		(25,001 units) Class B common units						
		(1,122,452 units)						
OTG Management, LLC	Airport restaurant operator	Senior secured revolving loan (8.8%, due 12/17)	8.0	8.0			8.0	8.0
	, p	Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 12/17)	60.1	60.1			60.1	60.1
		Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 12/17)	14.3	14.3			14.3	14.3
			24.7	24.7			24.7	24.7

		Senior secured loan (8.8%,				
		due 12/17)				
		Common units (3,000,000	3.0	11.9	3.0	11.9
		units)				
		Warrant to purchase up to	0.1	23.8	0.1	23.8
		7.73% of common units				
Restaurant Holding	Fast food restaurant	Senior secured loan (8.8%,	35.4	35.2	35.4	35.2
Company, LLC	operator	due 2/19)				
Total			347.9	374.1	347.9	374.1
Total			347.9	374.1	347.9	374.1
Total Education			347.9	374.1	347.9	374.1
	Education software	Preferred stock (485,159	347.9 10.5	374.1 11.2	347.9 10.5	374.1 11.2
Education	Education software developer	Preferred stock (485,159 shares)				
Education Campus Management Corp.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Education Campus Management Corp. and Campus Management		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Education Campus Management Corp. and Campus Management		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

			Ares Capital Fair		American Capital Fair		Pro Forma Ares Capital Fair	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Infilaw Holding, LLC	Operator of for-profit law schools	Senior secured loan (11.5%, due 1/17)(2)	2.5	2.5	Cust	, and	2.5	2.5
		Series A preferred units (124,890 units)(2)	125.5	111.7			125.5	111.7
		Series B preferred units (1.96 units)	9.2	2.2			9.2	2.2
Instituto de Banca y Comercio, Inc. & Leeds IV Advisors, Inc.	Private school operator	Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 12/18)(2)	1.8	1.8			1.8	1.8
		Senior preferred series A-1 shares (163,902 shares)	119.4	75.5			119.4	75.5
		Series B preferred stock (1,401,385 shares)	4.0				4.0	
		Series B preferred stock (1,750,000 shares)	1.0				1.0	
		Series C preferred stock (1,994,644 shares) Series C preferred stock	0.7				0.7	
		(2,512,586 shares) Common stock (20 shares)						
		(20 onares)						
Lakeland Tours, LLC	Educational travel provider	Senior secured revolving loan (5.8%, due 2/22)	7.6	7.6			7.6	7.6
		Senior secured loan (5.8%, due 2/22)	5.0	5.1			5.0	5.1
		Senior secured loan (10.5%, due 2/22)	31.3	31.7			31.3	31.7
OnCourse Learning Corporation	Provider of state and federally mandated education and training solutions	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 2/19)			19.3	19.3	19.3	19.3
PIH Corporation	Franchisor of education-based early childhood centers	Senior secured revolving loan (7.0%, due 12/18)	0.6	0.6			0.6	0.6
Primrose Holding Corporation(5)	Franchisor of education-based early childhood centers	Common stock (7,227 shares)				10.5		10.5
R3 Education, Inc. and EIC Acquisitions Corp.	Medical school operator	Preferred stock (1,977 shares)	0.5	0.5			0.5	0.5
		Common membership interest (15.76% interest) Warrant to purchase up to	15.8	31.0			15.8	31.0
		27,890 shares						
Regent Education, Inc.	Provider of software solutions designed to optimize the financial aid and enrollment processes	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 1/18)(2)	3.8	3.9			3.8	3.9
	·	Warrant to purchase up to 987,771 shares of Series CC preferred stock		0.1				0.1
Severin Acquisition, LLC	Provider of student information system software solutions to the K-12 education market	Senior secured revolving loan (5.5%, due 7/21)	1.4	1.3			1.4	1.3
		Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 7/22)	4.1	4.0	29.4	30.2	33.5	34.2
		Junior secured loan (10.3%, due 7/22)	3.2	3.2			3.2	3.2

		Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 7/22)	14.7	14.6			14.7	14.6
WCI-Quantum Holdings, Inc.	Distributor of instructional products, services and resources	Series A preferred stock (1,272 shares)	1.0	1.1			1.0	1.1
Total			363.6	309.6	48.7	60.0	412.3	369.6
		74						

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Company Containers and Packaging	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Charter NEX US Holdings, Inc.	Producer of high-performance specialty films used in flexible packaging	Junior secured loan (9.3%, due 2/23)	11.7	11.7			11.7	11.7
GS Pretium Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer and supplier of high performance plastic containers	Common stock (500,000 shares)	0.5	0.4			0.5	0.4
ICSH, Inc.	Industrial container manufacturer, reconditioner and servicer	Senior secured revolving loan (6.8%, due 12/18)	1.0	1.0			1.0	1.0
		Junior secured loan (10.2%, due 12/19)	66.0	66.0			66.0	66.0
Industrial Container Services, LLC	Industrial container manufacturer, reconditioner and servicer	Senior secured loan (6.8%, due 12/18)			49.6	49.6	49.6	49.6
		Junior secured loan (10.2%, due 12/19)			9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9
LBP Intermediate Holdings LLC	Manufacturer of paper and corrugated foodservice packaging	Senior secured loan (6.5%, due 7/20)	24.2	24.5			24.2	24.5
Microstar Logistics LLC, Microstar Global Asset Management LLC, and MStar Holding Corporation	Keg management solutions provider	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/18)	78.5	78.5			78.5	78.5
Holding Corporation		Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/18)	54.0	54.0			54.0	54.0
		Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 12/18)	10.0	7.4			10.0	10.0
		Common stock (50,000 shares)	4.0	7.4			4.0	7.4
Ranpak Corp.	Manufacturer of paper-based protective packaging systems and materials	Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 10/22)			25.0	22.4	25.0	22.4
Total			249.9	253.5	84.5	81.9	334.4	335.4
Oil and Gas								
EXPL Pipeline Holdings LLC(4)	Common-carrier pipeline system that transports petroleum products	Common membership units (100,000 units)			60.6	25.2	60.6	25.2
	penotenn products	Senior secured loan (8.1%, due 1/17)			39.7	39.7	39.7	39.7
Lonestar Prospects, Ltd.	Sand proppant producer and distributor to the oil and natural gas industry	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 9/18)(2)	24.5	24.0			24.5	24.0
	•	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 9/18)(2)	47.9	46.9			47.9	46.9
Petroflow Energy Corporation(5)	Oil and gas exploration and production company	Senior secured loan (3.0%, due 6/19)	16.2	14.7			16.2	14.7
	·	Junior secured loan (due 12/19)(3)	21.9	3.3			21.9	3.3
			11.1				11.1	

		Common units (202,000 units)				
Primexx Energy Corporation	Privately-held oil and gas exploration and production company	Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 1/20)	124.6	128.8	124.6	5 128.8
		75				

			Ares C	apital Fair	America	n Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
UL Holding Co., LLC and Universal Lubricants, LLC(5)	Manufacturer and distributor of re-refined oil products	Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 5/20)(2)	1.9	7.1	Cost	, uruc	1.9	7.1
		Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 5/20)(2)	8.3	30.0			8.3	30.0
		Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 5/20)(2)	0.9	3.5			0.9	3.5
		Class A common units (533,351 units)	5.0				5.0	
		Class B-5 common units (272,834 units)	2.5				2.5	
		Class C common units (758,546 units)						
		Warrant to purchase up to 719,044 shares of Class A units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 28,663 shares of Class B-1 units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 57,325 shares of Class B-2 units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 29,645 shares of Class B-3 units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 80,371 shares of Class B-5 units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 59,655 shares of Class B-6 units						
		Warrant to purchase up to 1,046,713 shares of Class C units						
Total			264.8	258.3	100.3	64.9	365.1	323.2
Automotive Services								
AEP Holdings, Inc. and Arrowhead Holdco Company	Distributor of non-discretionary, mission-critical aftermarket replacement parts	Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 8/21)	45.3	45.3			45.3	45.3
		Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 8/21)	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.7
		Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 8/21)	10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0
		Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 8/21)						
		Common stock (2,832 shares)	2.8	2.8			2.8	2.8
American Driveline Systems, Inc.(4)	Franchisor of automotive transmission repair centers	Common stock (289,215 shares)			18.2		18.2	
		Senior subordinated loan (11.0%, due 3/21)(2)			45.0	40.7	45.0	40.7
		Redeemable preferred stock (7,121 shares)			83.5		83.5	
CH Hold Corp.	Collision repair company	Senior secured revolving	0.8	0.8			0.8	0.8
		loan (6.3%, due 11/19) Senior secured revolving loan (7.8%, due 11/19)	0.7	0.7			0.7	0.7
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ChargePoint, Inc.	Developer and operator of electric vehicle charging stations	Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 7/19)	9.8	10.0	9.8	10.0
		Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 1/19)	9.6	10.0	9.6	10.0
		Warrant to purchase up to 404,563 shares of Series E preferred stock	0.3	1.4	0.3	1.4
Dent Wizard International	Automotive	Junior secured loan (10.3%,	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Corporation and DWH Equity Investors, L.P.	reconditioning services	due 10/20)	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
·		Class A Common Stock (10,000 shares)	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.5
		Class B Common Stock (20,000 shares)	0.7	1.0	0.7	1.0
		76				

			Ares C	apital Fair	Americai	ı Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Eckler Industries, Inc.	Restoration parts and accessories provider for classic automobiles	Senior secured revolving loan (8.5%, due 7/17)	2.0	1.9			2.0	1.9
		Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 7/17)	7.0	6.5			7.0	6.5
		Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 7/17)	26.3	24.7			26.3	24.7
		Series A preferred stock (1,800 shares)	1.8				1.8	
		Common stock (20,000 shares)	0.2				0.2	
EcoMotors, Inc.	Engine developer	Senior secured loan (11.0%, due 3/18)	11.0	11.5			11.0	11.5
		Warrant to purchase up to 321,888 shares of Series C preferred stock		0.3				0.3
		Warrant to purchase up to 70,000 shares of Series C preferred stock		0.1				0.1
Simpson Performance Products, Inc.	Provider of motorsports safety equipment	Senior secured loan (9.8%, due 2/20)	24.5	24.5			24.5	24.5
SK SPV IV, LLC	Collision repair site operators	Series A common stock (12,500 units)	0.6	3.1			0.6	3.1
	operators	Series B common stock (12,500 units)	0.6	3.1			0.6	3.1
TA THI Buyer, Inc. and TA THI Parent, Inc.	Collision repair company	Series A Preferred stock (50,000 shares)	5.0	13.4			5.0	13.4
		Convertible preferred stock (25,000 shares)			2.5	4.9	2.5	4.9
		Junior secured loan (9.8%, due 1/21)			41.0	42.2	41.0	42.2
T-4-1			210.0	222.2	100.2	07.0	400.2	210.1
Total			210.0	222.3	190.2	87.8	400.2	310.1
Food and Beverage								
American Seafoods Group LLC and American Seafoods Partners LLC	Harvester and processor of seafood	Senior secured revolving loan (7.5%, due 8/21)	3.3	3.3			3.3	3.3
		Senior secured loan (6.0%, due 8/21)	19.2	19.5			19.2	19.5
		Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 2/22)	55.0	55.0			55.0	55.0
		Class A units (77,922 units)	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
		Warrant to purchase up to 7,422,078 Class A units	7.4	7.9			7.4	7.9
Eagle Family Foods Group LLC	Manufacturer and producer of milk products	Senior secured loan (10.1%, due 12/21)	4.8	4.8			4.8	4.8
	•	Senior secured loan (10.1%, due 12/21)	49.6	50.0			49.6	50.0
FPI Holding Corporation(4)	Distributor of stone fruits, grapes, persimmons, pomegranates and Asian pears	Senior secured loan (due 7/16)(3)			0.4		0.4	
GF Parent LLC	Producer of low-acid, aseptic food and beverage products	Class A Preferred Units (2,940 units)	2.9	1.4			2.9	1.4

		Class A Common Units (59,999.74 units)	0.1		0.1	
		(39,999.74 units)				
Kettle Cuisine, LLC	Manufacturer of fresh refrigerated and frozen food products	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 2/22)	28.5	28.5	28.5	28.5
KeyImpact Holdings, Inc. and JWC/KI Holdings, LLC	Foodservice sales and marketing agency	Senior secured loan (7.1%, due 11/21)	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0
		Membership units	5.0	6.0	5.0	6.0
		-				
		77				

			Ares Capital Amer Fair		American	ı Capital Fair	Fa	
Company NECCO Holdings, Inc.(4)	Business Description Confectioner	Investment Common stock (860,189 shares)	Cost	Value	Cost 0.1	Value	Cost 0.1	Value
		Senior secured loan (due 11/17)(3)			11.7	8.4	11.7	8.4
		Junior secured loan (due 11/17)(3)			2.7		2.7	
Teasdale Foods, Inc.	Provider of store brand and branded bean and hominy products	Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 10/21)			52.8	51.7	52.8	51.7
Total			221.9	222.5	67.7	60.1	289.6	282.6
Environmental Services								
MPH Energy Holdings, LP	Operator of municipal recycling facilities	Limited partnership interest						
RE Community Holdings, LP and Pegasus Community Energy, LLC	Operator of municipal recycling facilities	Preferred stock (1,000 shares)	8.8				8.8	
Soil Safe Acquisition Corp.(4)	Provider of environmental services for lightly contaminated soil	Common stock (810 shares)			9.0	11.6	9.0	11.6
		Senior secured loan (8.0%, due 1/18-12/18)			19.5	19.6	19.5	19.6
		Senior subordinated loan (16.1%, due 12/19)(2)			78.3	78.4	78.3	78.4
		Junior secured loan (10.8%, due 7/19)			12.7	12.7	12.7	12.7
Waste Pro USA, Inc	Waste management services	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 10/20)	16.5	16.5			16.5	16.5
		Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 10/20)	59.8	59.8			59.8	59.8
Total			85.1	76.3	119.5	122.3	204.6	198.6
Commercial Real Estate Finance								
10th Street, LLC and New 10th Street, LLC(4)	Real estate holding company	Senior secured loan (13.0%, due 11/19)(2)	25.4	25.4			25.4	25.4
		Senior subordinated loan (13.0%, due 11/19)(2)	27.4	27.4			27.4	27.4
		Member interest (10.00% interest)	0.6	44.5			0.6	44.5
		Option (25,000 units)						
ACAS Real Estate Holdings Corporation(4)	Real estate holding company	Common stock (100% interest)			4.5	9.4	4.5	9.4
Crescent Hotels & Resorts, LLC and affiliates(4)	Hotel operator	Senior subordinated loan (15.0%, due 9/11) Common equity interest		3.1				3.1
NECCO Realty	Confectionery	Common membership units			4.9		4.9	
Investments, LLC(4)	production facility	(7,450 units) Senior secured loan (due 12/17)(3)			32.8	24.9	32.8	24.9
Parmenter Woodland Park Plaza, LLC	Commercial real estate loan	Senior secured loan (5.4%, due 9/18)			17.5	15.3	17.5	15.3

Total			53.4	100.4	59.7	49.6	113.1	150.0
Aerospace and Defense								
Cadence Aerospace, LLC	Aerospace precision components manufacturer	Senior secured loan (6.5%, due 5/18)	4.0	4.1			4.0	4.1
		Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 5/18)						
		Junior secured loan (10.5%, due 5/19)	79.7	77.3			79.7	77.3
CAMP International Holding Company	Provider of subscription-based maintenance tracking information services to the corporate aviation market	Junior secured loan (8.3%, due 11/19)			15.0	14.7	15.0	14.7
		78						

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	ı Capital Fair	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Jazz Acquisition, Inc.	Manufacturer and distributor of components for the commercial aerospace, business, military and general aviation markets	Junior secured loan (7.8%, due 6/22)			24.9	19.3	24.9	19.3
Photonis Technologies S.A.S.	Services photo sensor technology needs for Industry & Science, Medical Imaging and Night Vision	Senior secured loan (8.5%, due 9/19)			28.5	29.1	28.5	29.1
Wyle Laboratories, Inc. and Wyle Holdings, Inc.	Provider of specialized engineering, scientific and technical services	Senior preferred stock (775 shares)(2)	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
		Common stock (1,885,195 shares)	2.3	2.8			2.3	2.8
Total			86.1	84.3	68.4	63.1	154.5	147.4
Wholesale Distribution								
CPI Buyer, LLC	Marketer, distributor and manufacturer of products specializing in fluid handling, test and measurement and electrochemistry	Junior secured loan (8.5%, due 8/22)			24.7	23.7	24.7	23.7
Flow Solutions Holdings, Inc.	Distributor of high value fluid handling, filtration and flow control products	Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 10/18)	6.0	5.5			6.0	5.5
	•	Junior secured loan (10.0%, due 10/18)	29.5	27.1			29.5	27.1
Kele Holdco, Inc.	Distributor of peripheral control products used in building automation systems of commercial buildings	Common stock (30,000 shares)			3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	6	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 10/20-10/22)			70.9	70.9	70.9	70.9
Total			35.5	32.6	98.6	97.6	134.1	130.2
Hotel Services								
Aimbridge Hospitality, LLC	Hotel operator	Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 10/18)	2.8	2.9			2.8	2.9
		Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 10/18)	3.3	3.3			3.3	3.3
		Senior secured loan (8.3%, due 10/18)	14.8	15.0			14.8	15.0
Castle Management Borrower LLC	Hotel operator	Senior secured loan (5.5%, due 9/20)	5.7	5.7			5.7	5.7
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Junior secured loan (11.0%, due 3/21)	10.0	10.0			10.0	10.0
		Junior secured loan (11.0%, due 3/21)	55.0	55.0			55.0	55.0
Total			91.6	91.9			91.6	91.9
Telecommunications								

Adaptive Mobile Security Limited	Developer of security software for mobile communications networks	Senior secured loan (10.0%, due 7/18)	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.7
		Senior secured loan (10.0%, due 10/18)	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
American Broadband Communications, LLC, American Broadband Holding Company, and Cameron Holdings of NC, Inc.	Broadband communication services	Warrant to purchase up to 208 shares		7.2		7.2
		Warrant to purchase up to 200 shares		6.9		6.9
		79				

	Ares Ca		apital Fair	American	Capital Fair		o Forma s Capital Fair	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Iotum Global Holdings, Inc.	Conference calling provider	Senior secured loan (10.0%, due 5/17)(2)			1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
LTG Acquisition, Inc.	Manufacturer of display, lighting and passenger communication systems for global mass transportation markets	Common stock (5,000 shares)			5.0	4.8	5.0	4.8
	·	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 10/20)			46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0
Startec Equity, LLC(4)	Communication services	Member interest						
Wilcon Holdings LLC	Communications infrastructure provider	Class A common stock (2,000,000 shares)	1.8	3.2			1.8	3.2
Total			5.1	20.7	52.2	52.0	57.3	72.7
Chemicals								
Genomatica, Inc.	Developer of a biotechnology platform for the production of chemical products	Warrant to purchase 322,422 shares of Series D preferred stock						
K2 Pure Solutions Nocal, L.P.	Chemical Producer	Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 2/21)	14.0	14.0			14.0	14.0
		Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 2/21)	26.0	26.0			26.0	26.0
		Senior secured loan (7.0%, due 2/21)	13.0	13.0			13.0	13.0
Kinestral Technologies, Inc.	Designer of adaptive, dynamic glass for the commercial and residential markets.	Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 10/18)	9.6	9.7			9.6	9.7
	Testernia manage	Warrant to purchase up to 325,000 shares of Series A preferred stock	0.1	0.2			0.1	0.2
		Warrant to purchase up to 131,883 shares of Series B preferred stock						
Liquid Light, Inc.(4)	Developer and licensor of process technology for the conversion of carbon dioxide into major chemicals	Senior secured loan (due 11/17)(3)	2.1	0.2			2.1	0.2
		Warrant to purchase up to 86,009 shares of Series B preferred stock	0.1				0.1	
Total			64.9	63.1			64.9	63.1
Housing-Building Materials								
DiversiTech Corporation	Manufacturer & marketer of parts, supplies, and accessories to HVACR industry	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 11/22)			9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4
Financière Newglass S.A.S.	Manufacturer and distributor of dual-pane insulated glass for windows	Convertible preferred stock (15,000,000 shares)			18.2	16.1	18.2	16.1
Financière OFIC S.A.S.		Warrant				2.9		2.9

	Designs, produces, and markets lightweight materials for roofing products					
Halex Holdings, Inc.(4)	Manufacturer and Distributer of floor covering installation products	Junior secured loan (due 1/18)(3)	15.5	15.5	15.5	15.5
	•	Common stock (51,853 shares)	9.2	18.9	9.2	18.9
Total			52.3	62.8	52.3	62.8
		80				

Compony	Business Description	Investment	Ares C	apital Fair Value	American Cost	Capital Fair Value	Pro Fo Ares C	
Company Retail	Dusiness Description	mvestment	Cost	vaiue	Cost	value	Cost	value
Galls, LLC	Distributes public safety equipment and apparel	Junior secured loan (9.0%, due 6/17-8/21)			37.1	37.1	37.1	37.1
Modacin France S.A.S.	European retailer of women's ready-to-wear clothing	Senior subordinated loan (due 11/19)(3)			11.4		11.4	
Paper Source, Inc. and Pine Holdings, Inc.	Retailer of fine and artisanal paper products	Senior secured revolving loan (8.5%, due 9/18)	0.4	0.4			0.4	0.4
		Senior secured loan (7.3%, due 9/18)	9.7	9.7			9.7	9.7
		Class A Common Stock (36,364 shares)	6.0	7.3			6.0	7.3
Things Remembered, Inc. and TRM Holdings Corporation	Personalized gifts retailer	Sred revolving loan (due 5/17)(3)	4.1	1.4			4.1	1.4
- to the second		Senior secured loan (due 5/18)(3)	12.6	4.3			12.6	4.3
Total			32.8	23.1	48.5	37.1	81.3	60.2
Health Clubs								
Athletic Club Holdings, Inc.	Premier health club operator	Senior secured loan (9.5%, due 10/20)	41.0	41.0			41.0	41.0
CFW Co-Invest, L.P., NCP Curves, L.P. and Curves International Holdings, Inc.	Health club franchisor	Limited partnership interest	4.2	4.5			4.2	4.5
<i>g.,</i>		Common stock (1,680 shares)						
		Limited partnership interest	2.2	2.5			2.2	2.5
Total			47.4	48.0			47.4	48.0
Computers and Electronics								
Everspin Technologies, Inc.	Designer and manufacturer of computer memory solutions	Senior secured revolving loan (7.3%, due 6/17)	1.1	1.1			1.1	1.1
		Senior secured loan (8.8%, due 6/19)	7.6	8.0			7.6	8.0
		Warrant to purchase up to 480,000 shares of Series B preferred stock	0.4	0.4			0.4	0.4
Liquid Robotics, Inc.	Ocean data services provider utilizing long duration, autonomous surface vehicles	Senior secured loan (11.0%, due 4/19)	2.9	2.9			2.9	2.9
	Surface (Cinetes	Senior secured loan (9.0%, due 5/19)	4.9	5.0			4.9	5.0
		Warrant to purchase up to 30,172 shares of Series E preferred stock						
		Warrant to purchase up to 50,263 shares of Series E preferred stock	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.1
Scanner Holdings Corporation(4)	Developer, manufacturer and distributor of high-speed, high-capacity document	Common stock (167,387 shares)			0.1		0.1	
	image scanners				8.7	1.4	8.7	1.4

		Convertible preferred stock (66,424,135 shares) Senior subordinated loan (14.0%, due 6/22)			16.6	16.6	16.6	16.6
Total			17.0	17.5	25.4	18.0	42.4	35.5
Printing, Publishing and Media								
Batanga, Inc.	Independent digital media company	Senior secured loan (12.0%, due 12/16)	9.9	10.1			9.9	10.1
	5.1.1	*						
Earthcolor Group, LLC	Printing management services	Limited liability company interests (9.3%)						
		81						

			Ares C	apital Fair	American	Capital Fair	Pro For Ares Ca	
Company	Business Description	Investment	Cost	Value	Cost	Value	Cost	Value
Rebellion Media Group Corp.(4)	Diversified digital media company	Senior secured loan (due 7/16)(3)			5.7	2.4	5.7	2.4
Roark Money Mailer, LLC(5)	Shared mail direct marketing company	Common membership units (6% interest)				1.7		1.7
The Teaching Company, LLC and The Teaching Company Holdings, Inc.	Education publications provider	Preferred stock (10,663 shares)	1.1	3.8			1.1	3.8
		Common stock (15,393 shares)						
Total			11.0	13.9	5.7	4.1	16.7	18.0
Total Investments before Pro Forma Adjustments Pro Forma Adjustments:			8,980.8	8,900.4	4,200.8	4,062.1	13,181.6	12,962.5
Actual exits and repayments of American Capital investments between July 1, 2016 and July 31, 2016(6)					(321.2)	(659.8)	(321.2)	(659.8)
Investments expected to be sold pursuant to contractual agreements as of July 31, 2016(7)					(117.2)	(111.1)	(117.2)	(111.1)
Estimated Purchase Price Allocation Adjustment(1)								(181.0)
Total Investments			\$ 8,980.8	\$ 8,900.4	\$ 3,762.4	\$ 3,291.2	3 12,743.2 \$	12,010.6

(2) Has a payment-in-kind (PIK) interest feature.

(3) Loan is on non-accrual status at June 30, 2016.

(4)
As defined in the Investment Company Act, the combined company "Controls" this portfolio company because it owns 25% or more of its outstanding voting securities and/or the combined company has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of the portfolio company.

As defined in the Investment Company Act, the combined company is an "Affiliated Person" to this portfolio company because it owns 5% or more of its outstanding voting securities and/or the combined company has the power to exercise control over the management or policies of the portfolio company (including through a management agreement).

(6)

Upon consummation of the Merger and in accordance with ASC 805 50, Business Combinations Related Issues, we will be required to allocate the purchase price of American Capital's assets based on our estimate of fair value and record such fair value as the cost basis and initial fair value of each such investment in our financial statements. In this regard, our management determined that the aggregate adjustment to American Capital's investments approximates \$181 million. As a result, such adjustment has been reflected in a single line item entitled "Estimated Purchase Price Allocation Adjustment." However, a final determination of the fair value of American Capital's investments will be made after the Merger is completed and, as a result, the actual amount of this adjustment may vary from the preliminary amount set forth herein. Thus, the information set forth in the columns reflect historical amounts and have not been individually adjusted to reflect the Estimated Purchase Price Allocation Adjustment.

Includes actual exits and repayments of American Capital's investments occurring between July 1, 2016 and July 31, 2016, including the Mortgage Manager Sale.

- (7)
 Includes investments expected to be sold pursuant to contractual agreements as of July 31, 2016. Ares Capital and American Capital cannot assure you that it will sell all or any portion of these investments.
- (8) In conjunction with the completion of the Mergers, ACAM will merge with and into IHAM, with IHAM remaining as the surviving entity in such merger. Pro forma for the Mergers and the Mortgage Manager Sale, the amortized cost and fair value of IHAM as of June 30, 2016 would be approximately \$592.6 million and \$652.8 million, respectively.

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1. Basis of Pro Forma Presentation

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information related to the Mergers is included as of and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015. On May 23, 2016, we and American Capital entered into the Merger Agreement. For the purposes of the pro forma condensed consolidated financial statements, the purchase price is approximately \$3.2 billion in total cash and stock consideration which is based upon a price of \$15.14 per share of Ares Capital common stock as of July 31, 2016 and an implied value per share of American Capital common stock of \$13.72. The pro forma adjustments included herein reflect the conversion of American Capital common stock into Ares Capital common stock using an exchange ratio of 0.483 of a share of Ares Capital common stock, for each of the approximately 229.9 million shares of American Capital common stock outstanding as of July 31, 2016. Each share of American Capital common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the Mergers will also be entitled to (1) \$6.41 per share in cash from Ares Capital, (2) \$1.20 per share in cash (representing an aggregate amount of approximately \$275) from Ares Capital Management, acting solely on its own behalf and (3) certain Ares Capital dividend make-up amounts, if applicable. Separately, upon completion of the Mergers, each share of American Capital common stock will also be entitled to receive \$2.45 per share in cash, which amount represents the per share cash consideration to be paid to American Capital as a result of the completion of the Mortgage Manager Sale, which occurred on July 1, 2016.

The merger of Acquisition Sub with and into American Capital will be accounted for as an asset acquisition of American Capital by Ares Capital in accordance with the asset acquisition method of accounting as detailed in ASC 805-50, *Business Combinations-Related Issues*. The fair value of the merger consideration paid by us is allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their relative fair values as of the date of acquisition and will not give rise to goodwill. If the fair value of the net assets acquired exceeds the fair value of the merger consideration paid by us, then we would recognize a deemed contribution from Ares Capital Management in an amount up to approximately \$275. If the fair value of the net assets acquired exceeds the fair value of the merger consideration paid by us and by Ares Capital Management, then we would recognize a purchase accounting gain. Alternatively, if the fair value of the net assets acquired is less than the fair value of the merger consideration paid by us, then we would recognize a purchase accounting loss. As indicated in Note 2 below regarding the preliminary pro forma purchase price allocation calculated as of June 30, 2016, the estimated fair value of the net assets acquired on a pro forma basis exceeds the estimated fair value of the merger consideration paid by us resulting in the recognition of a deemed contribution from Ares Capital Management of approximately \$32, which would be recorded by Ares Capital in the period the Mergers are completed.

Under the Investment Company Act, the regulations pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation S-X and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company or an operating company which provides substantially all of its services and benefits to us. Our financial statements include its accounts and the accounts of all our consolidated subsidiaries. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

In determining the fair value of the assets to be acquired, we follow ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements*, which expands the application of fair value accounting. ASC 820-10 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosure of fair value measurements. ASC 820-10 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. ASC 820-10 requires us to assume that the portfolio investment is sold in its principal market to market participants, or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market, which may be a hypothetical market. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able

to transact. In accordance with ASC 820-10, we have considered its principal market as the market in which Ares Capital exits its portfolio investments with the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820-10 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. In accordance with ASC 820-10, these inputs are summarized in the three broad levels listed below:

Level 1 Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that Ares Capital has the ability to access.

Level 2 Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, we continue to employ the net asset valuation policy approved by our board of directors that is consistent with ASC 820-10. Consistent with our valuation policy, it evaluates the source of inputs, including any markets in which our investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. Our valuation policy considers the fact that because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, the fair value of its investments must typically be determined using unobservable inputs.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it. As of June 30, 2016, substantially all of the investments held by us and American Capital are Level 3 investments.

The following table presents fair value measurements of investments for the pro forma combined company as of June 30, 2016:

			Fair '		Measui Jsing	eme	nts
	Total	Leve	d 1	Le	vel 2]	Level 3
Investments not measured at net asset value(1)	\$ 11,878	\$	2	\$	377	\$	11,499
Investments measured at net asset value(1)	132						
Total Investments	\$ 12,010						

(1)

Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the consolidated balance sheet.

The following table presents changes in investments that use Level 3 inputs between the actual June 30, 2016 amounts and those presented for the pro forma combined company as of June 30, 2016:

	 ual Ares Capital	Aı	Actual nerican Capital	Pro Form Adjustme	na	Pro Forma Combined res Capital
Actual balance as of June 30, 2016	\$ 8,893	\$	3,560	\$	\$	12,453
Estimated purchase price allocation adjustment				((183)	(183)
Actual exits and repayments of American Capital investments between						
July 1, 2016 and July 31, 2016			(660)			(660)
Investments expected to be sold pursuant to contractual agreements as of						
July 31, 2016			(111)			(111)
Net transfers in and/or out of Level 3						
Pro Forma Balance as of June 30, 2016	\$ 8,893	\$	2,789	\$ ((183) \$	11,499

As of June 30, 2016, the net unrealized depreciation on the investments that use Level 3 inputs for the pro forma combined company was \$86.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than would be realized based on the valuations currently assigned.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information includes preliminary estimated purchase price allocation adjustments to record the assets and liabilities of American Capital at their respective estimated fair values and represents our estimates based on available information. The pro forma adjustments included herein may be revised as additional information becomes available and as additional analyses are performed. The final allocation of the purchase price will be determined after the Mergers are completed and after completion of a final analysis to determine the estimated fair values of American Capital's assets and liabilities as of the effective time of the Mergers. Accordingly, the final purchase accounting adjustments and integration charges may be materially different from the pro forma adjustments presented in this prospectus. Increases or decreases in the estimated fair values of the net assets and other items of American Capital as compared to the information shown in this prospectus may change the amount of the purchase price recognized as a deemed contribution, income or loss in accordance with ASC 805-50.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information presented in this prospectus is for illustrative purposes only and does not necessarily indicate the results of operations or the combined financial position that would have resulted had the Mergers been completed at the beginning of the applicable period presented, nor the impact of expense efficiencies, asset dispositions, share repurchases and other factors. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information is not indicative of the results of operations in future periods or the future financial position of the combined company.

2. Preliminary Purchase Accounting Allocations

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information includes the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2016 assuming the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on June 30, 2016. The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated income statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 were prepared assuming the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions had been completed on December 31, 2014.

The unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information reflects the issuance of approximately 111.0 million shares of Ares Capital common stock pursuant to the Merger Agreement.

The merger of Acquisition Sub with and into American Capital will be accounted for using the asset acquisition method of accounting; accordingly, the merger consideration paid by us in connection with the Mergers will be allocated to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities of American Capital at their relative fair values estimated by us as of the effective time. The excess fair value of the net assets acquired over the fair value of the merger consideration paid by us is recognized as a deemed contribution from Ares Capital Management in an amount up to approximately \$275. Accordingly, the pro forma purchase price has been allocated to the assets acquired and the liabilities assumed based on our estimate of relative fair values as summarized in the following table:

	Ameri	o Forma can Capital e 30, 2016
Common stock issued	\$	1,681
Cash consideration paid		1,474
Deemed contribution from Ares Capital Management		32
Total purchase price	\$	3,187
Assets acquired:		
Investments	\$	3,110
Cash and cash equivalents		172
Other assets		100
Total assets acquired	\$	3,382
Other liabilities assumed		(195)
Net assets acquired	\$	3,187

3. Preliminary Pro Forma Adjustments

The preliminary pro forma purchase accounting allocation included in the unaudited pro forma condensed consolidated financial information is as follows:

A.

To reflect American Capital's balance sheet as of June 30, 2016, updated for estimated changes subsequent to June 30, 2016:

	Actual rican Capital ne 30, 2016	Pro Forma djustments	A	Adjusted american Capital June 30, 2016
Investments, at fair value	\$ 4,062	\$ (771)(1)	\$	3,291
Cash and cash equivalents	914	(18)(1)(2)(3)	896
Other assets	358	(13)		345
Total assets	\$ 5,334	\$ (802)	\$	4,532
Debt	\$ 784	\$ (784)(2)	\$	
Other liabilities	132	(8)		124
Total liabilities	916	(792)		124
Net assets	4,418	(10)(3)		4,408
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 5,334	\$ (802)	\$	4,532

(1)
Includes actual exits and repayments of investments occurring between July 1, 2016 and July 31, 2016 of \$660 at fair value (total proceeds of \$658), including the Mortgage Manager Sale. Also includes investments expected to be sold pursuant to contractual agreements as of

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July 31, 2016 of \$111 at fair value (total proceeds of \$112). We and American Capital cannot assure you that American Capital will sell all or any portion of these investments.

- (2) Reflects the use of available cash to repay all outstanding indebtedness as of June 30, 2016.
- (3) Includes proceeds received from 0.3 million stock options exercised from July 1, 2016 through July 31, 2016, totaling \$3.
- B.

 To reflect the acquisition of American Capital by the issuance of approximately 111.0 million shares of Ares Capital common stock.

 The table below reflects the allocation of the purchase price on the basis of our estimate of the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:

Components of the purchase price:

June 30, 2016 Adjustments June 30,	
Common stock issued \$	1,681
Cash consideration paid	1,474
Deemed contribution from Ares Capital Management	32
Total purchase price \$	3,187
Assets acquired:	
Investments, at fair value \$ 3,291 \$ (181)(1) \$	3,110
Cash and cash equivalents 896 (724)(2)(3)	172
Deferred tax asset 235 (235)(1)	
Other assets $110 mtext{(10)(1)}$	100
Total assets acquired \$ 4,532 \$ (1,150) \$	3,382
Other liabilities assumed (124) $(71)(1)(2)$	(195)
Net assets acquired \$ 4,408 \$ (1,221) \$	3,187

C.

Primarily to reflect the allocation of the purchase price to American Capital's assets and liabilities based on our estimates of fair value. There is no single approach for determining fair value in good faith. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process. The adjustment to other liabilities includes an adjustment to record a liability for the estimated loss on future lease payments of \$51.

In addition to the net effect of the fair value adjustments to American Capital's assets and liabilities, the net assets of American Capital were decreased for various transaction costs expected to be incurred by American Capital of approximately \$182, including \$21 of other liabilities expected to be paid within the 24 months following the completion of the Mergers.

⁽³⁾Pursuant to the Merger Agreement, in connection with the Mortgage Manager Sale, American Capital stockholders will receive a distribution equal to approximately \$563.

The net assets of the pro forma combined company were decreased for the cash consideration paid by us to American Capital stockholders of approximately \$6.41 per fully diluted share, or approximately \$1,474.

D.

The pro forma adjustment to cash and cash equivalents primarily reflects draws under our revolving credit facilities with the cash proceeds used to fund the various net cash requirements of Ares Capital related to the Mergers, including certain costs expected to be incurred by Ares Capital related to the Mergers. For the purposes of these unaudited pro forma condensed

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consolidated financial statements, it is assumed that the Revolving Funding Facility (defined below) is amended and upsized from its current committed amount of \$540 to \$1,000 as contemplated by the Debt Commitment Letter (as defined in the Merger Agreement). The net assets of the pro forma combined company were decreased by \$27 to reflect various other costs expected to be incurred by us in connection with the Mergers.

- E.

 Investment income and any unrealized gains and losses associated with actual exits and repayments of investments occurring between July 1, 2016 and July 31, 2016, including the Mortgage Manager Sale, or expected to be sold pursuant to contractual agreements as of July 31, 2016 were removed from the pro forma condensed consolidated statement of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015.
- F.

 Reflects the reduction to interest expense associated with the repayment of all outstanding indebtedness of American Capital as of June 30, 2016. Also reflects the interest expense associated with the additional draws under our revolving credit facilities assumed in Note D above.
- G.

 Base management fees were computed based on 1.5% of average total assets (other than cash and cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) per our investment advisory and management agreement.
- H.

 Income based and capital gains incentive fees were recomputed based on the formulas described in our investment advisory and management agreement. The additional income based fees prior to the consideration of the fee waiver from Ares Capital Management for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$16 and \$25, respectively. After applying the fee waiver for such periods, the reduction in the income based fees for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 were \$4 and \$15, respectively.
- I.

 Adjustments to other expenses were made to reflect compensation costs for American Capital employees that would have been covered by the base management fees paid to Ares Capital Management and therefore would not be directly incurred by us.

 Additionally, all American Capital stock option costs were excluded as such costs would not exist at the Company as there is no stock option plan maintained by us. Lastly, any actual costs incurred related to the Mergers and the Other Pro Forma Transactions were also excluded.
- J.

 Adjustments were made to reflect that American Capital would have been a RIC under the Code and operated in a manner so as to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. For the periods presented, American Capital was subject to taxation as a corporation under Subchapter C of the Code.
- K.

 Total shares outstanding as of June 30, 2016 have been adjusted to reflect the following:

Ares Capital shares outstanding as of June 30, 2016 Estimated shares issued in connection with the Mergers reflected as outstanding for the periods presented	313,954,008 111,053,353
Ares Capital adjusted shares outstanding as of June 30, 2016	425,007,361

Weighted average shares for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and the year ended December 31, 2015 have been adjusted to reflect the following:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2016	For the Year Ended December 31, 2015
Ares Capital weighted average shares outstanding	314,123,517	314,375,099
Estimated shares issued in connection with the Mergers reflected as outstanding for the periods presented	111,053,353	111,053,353
Ares Capital adjusted weighted average shares outstanding	425,176,870	425,428,452

L.

Includes compensation costs for certain American Capital employees that would have been subject to reimbursement by us, pursuant to the administrative agreement with our administrator, Ares Operations, for our allocable share of such compensation. For the six months ended June 30, 2016, includes such compensation costs of \$28. For the year ended December 31, 2015, includes such compensation costs of \$57. These compensation costs as well as other general and administrative expenses do not reflect any potential expense efficiencies of the Mergers.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Unless otherwise specified in a prospectus supplement, we intend to use the net proceeds from the sale of our debt securities for general corporate purposes, which include investing in portfolio companies in accordance with our investment objective. We also expect to use the net proceeds of an offering to repay or repurchase outstanding indebtedness, which may include indebtedness (approximately \$3.9 billion aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016) under (a) the Revolving Credit Facility (as defined below) (\$1,165.0 million outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (b) the Revolving Funding Facility (as defined below) (approximately \$53.0 million outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (c) the SMBC Funding Facility (as defined below) (approximately \$122.0 million outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (d) the 2017 Convertible Notes (approximately \$162.5 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (f) the 2019 Convertible Notes (approximately \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (g) the 2018 Notes (as defined below) (approximately \$750.0 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (h) the 2020 Notes (as defined below) (approximately \$600.0 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016), (i) the October 2022 Notes (as defined below) (approximately \$182.5 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016), and (j) the 2047 Notes (as defined below) (approximately \$182.5 million aggregate principal amount outstanding as of June 30, 2016). In addition, we may also use the net proceeds of an offering to fund our cash portion of the merger consideration for the pending American Capital Acquisition. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for more information on the terms of the American Capital Acquisition.

The interest charged on the indebtedness incurred under the Revolving Credit Facility is based on LIBOR (one-, two-, three- or six-month) plus an applicable spread of either 1.75% or 2.00% or an "alternate base rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the Revolving Credit Facility) plus an applicable spread of either 0.75% or 1.00%, in each case, determined monthly based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the total commitments of the Revolving Credit Facility and other debt, if any, secured by the same collateral as the Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2016, one-, two-, three- and six-month LIBOR was 0.47%, 0.55%, 0.65% and 0.92%, respectively. For \$1,195.0 million of the total Revolving Credit Facility capacity, the expiration date is May 4, 2021 and for the remaining \$70.0 million, the expiration date is May 4, 2020. The interest charged on the indebtedness incurred under the Revolving Funding Facility is based on LIBOR plus applicable spreads ranging from 2.25% to 2.50% and ranging from 1.25% to 1.50% over "base rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the Revolving Funding Facility), in each case, determined monthly based on the composition of the borrowing base relative to outstanding borrowings under the facility. The Revolving Funding Facility is scheduled to expire on May 14, 2019 (subject to extension exercisable upon mutual consent). The interest rate charged on the indebtedness incurred under the SMBC Funding Facility is based on an applicable spread of either 1.75% or 2.00% over LIBOR or 0.75% or 1.00% over a "base rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the SMBC Funding Facility), in each case, determined monthly based on the amount of the average borrowings outstanding under the SMBC Funding Facility. The SMBC Funding Facility is scheduled to expire on September 14, 2022 (subject to two one-year extension options exercisable upon mutual consent). The interest charged on the Convertible Unsecured Notes and the Unsecured Notes is as follows: (a) 4.875% in the case of the 2017 Convertible Notes, (b) 4.75% in the case of the 2018 Convertible Notes, (c) 4.375% in the case of the 2019 Convertible Notes, (d) 4.875% in the case of the 2018 Notes, (e) 3.875% in the case of the 2020 Notes, (f) 5.875% in the case of the October 2022 Notes and (g) 6.875% in the case of the 2047 Notes. The 2017 Convertible Notes, the 2018 Convertible Notes and the 2019 Convertible Notes mature on March 15, 2017, January 15, 2018 and January 15, 2019, respectively. The 2018 Notes, the 2020 Notes, the October 2022 Notes and the 2047 Notes mature on November 30, 2018, January 15, 2020, October 1, 2022 and April 15, 2047, respectively. The supplement to this prospectus relating to an offering may more fully identify the use of the proceeds from such offering.

We anticipate that substantially all of the net proceeds of an offering of debt securities pursuant to this prospectus and its related prospectus supplement will be used for the above purposes within three months of any such offering, depending on the availability of appropriate investment opportunities consistent with our investment objective, but no longer than within six months of any such offerings.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of eligible portfolio companies, we also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in non-qualifying assets, as permitted by the Investment Company Act. See "Regulation." Specifically, as part of this 30% basket, we may invest in entities that are not considered "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in the Investment Company Act), including companies located outside of the United States, entities that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions under the Investment Company Act, and publicly traded entities whose public equity market capitalization exceeds the levels provided for under the Investment Company Act. Pending such investments, we will invest a portion of the net proceeds primarily in cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality short-term investments. These securities generally earn yields substantially lower than the income that we anticipate receiving once we are fully invested in accordance with our investment objective and/or we may need to, for a time, decrease the amount of any dividend that we may pay to our stockholders to a level that is substantially lower than the level that we expect to pay when the net proceeds of offerings are fully invested in accordance with our investment objective. If we do not realize yields in excess of our expenses, we may incur operating losses and the market price of our common stock and debt securities may decline. See "Regulation Temporary Investments" for additional information about temporary investments we may make while waiting to make longer-term investments in pursuit of our investment objective.

RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the ratios of earnings to fixed charges of the Company, computed as set forth below, were as follows:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30, I 2016	For the Year Ended December 31, Do	For the Year Ended ecember 31, D	For the Year Ended ecember 31J 2013	For the Year Ended December 31, Do	For the Year Ended ecember 31, 2011
Earnings to Fixed	2010	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Charges(1)	4.1	2.7(2)	3.8(3)	3.9	4.6(4)	3.7(5)

For purposes of computing the ratios of earnings to fixed charges, earnings represent net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations plus (or minus) income tax expense (benefit) including excise tax expense plus fixed charges. Fixed charges include interest and credit facility fees expense and amortization of debt issuance costs.

(1) Earnings include net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP. Net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP can vary substantially from period to period.

Excluding the net realized and unrealized gains or losses and the capital gains incentive fee expense accrued in accordance with GAAP, the earnings to fixed charges ratio would be 3.5 for the six months ended June 30, 2016, 3.2 for the year ended December 31, 2015, 3.2 for the year ended December 31, 2014, 3.7 for the year ended December 31, 2013, 3.7 for the year ended December 31, 2012 and 3.6 for the year ended December 31, 2011.

- (2) Earnings for the year ended December 31, 2015 included a net realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$6.6 million.
- (3) Earnings for the year ended December 31, 2014 included a net realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$0.1 million.
- (4) Earnings for the year ended December 31, 2012 included a net realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$2.7 million.
- (5) Earnings for the year ended December 31, 2011 included a net realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$19.3 million.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the "Selected Condensed Consolidated Financial Data of Ares Capital," the "Unaudited Selected Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Data," the "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements" and our and American Capital's financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement.

We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

OVERVIEW

We are a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company incorporated in Maryland. We have elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (together with the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, the "Investment Company Act").

We are externally managed by Ares Capital Management, a subsidiary of Ares Management, a publicly traded, leading global alternative asset manager, pursuant to our investment advisory and management agreement. Our administrator, Ares Operations LLC ("Ares Operations" or our "administrator"), a subsidiary of Ares Management, provides certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in first lien senior secured loans (including unitranche loans), second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component like warrants.

To a lesser extent, we also make preferred and/or common equity investments, which have generally been non-control equity investments, of less than \$20 million (usually in conjunction with a concurrent debt investment). However, we may increase the size or change the nature of these investments.

Since our initial public offering ("IPO") on October 8, 2004 through June 30, 2016, our exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized internal rate of return to us of approximately 13% (based on original cash invested, net of syndications, of approximately \$13.3 billion and total proceeds from such exited investments of approximately \$16.3 billion). Internal rate of return is the discount rate that makes the net present value of all cash flows related to a particular investment equal to zero. Internal rate of return is gross of expenses related to investments as these expenses are not allocable to specific investments. Investments are considered to be exited when the original investment objective has been achieved through the receipt of cash and/or non-cash consideration upon the repayment of a debt investment or sale of an investment or through the determination that no further consideration was collectible and, thus, a loss may have been realized. Approximately 70% of these exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized internal rate of return to us of 10% or greater.

Additionally, since our IPO on October 8, 2004 through June 30, 2016, our realized gains have exceeded our realized losses by approximately \$537 million (excluding a one-time gain on the acquisition of Allied Capital Corporation ("Allied Capital") and realized gains/losses from the

extinguishment of debt and from other assets). For this same time period, our average annualized net realized gain rate was approximately 1.1% (excluding a one-time gain on the acquisition of Allied Capital and realized gains/losses from the extinguishment of debt and from other assets). Net realized gain/loss rates for a particular period are the amount of net realized gains/losses during such period divided by the average quarterly investments at amortized cost in such period.

Information included herein regarding internal rates of return, realized gains and losses and annualized net realized gain rates are historical results relating to our past performance and are not necessarily indicative of future results, the achievement of which cannot be assured.

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For instance, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in "qualifying assets," including securities and indebtedness of private U.S. companies and certain public U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. We also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in non-qualifying assets, as permitted by the Investment Company Act. See "Regulation." Specifically, as part of this 30% basket, we may invest in entities that are not considered "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in the Investment Company Act), including companies located outside of the United States, entities that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions under the Investment Company Act, and publicly traded entities whose public equity market capitalization exceeds the levels provided for under the Investment Company Act.

We have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company, or a "RIC", under the Code, and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements and timely distribute to our stockholders generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. Pursuant to this election, we generally will not have to pay U.S. federal corporate-level taxes on any income that we distribute to our stockholders provided that we satisfy those requirements.

In addition, on May 23, 2016, we entered into the Merger Agreement to acquire American Capital, a Delaware corporation, in a cash and stock transaction. As of May 20, 2016, the last full trading day prior to the announcement of the American Capital Acquisition, the transaction had an implied value of approximately \$4.0 billion, or \$17.40 per fully diluted share of American Capital common stock. As of July 27, 2016, the transaction had an implied value of approximately \$4.0 billion, or \$17.43 per fully diluted share of American Capital common stock. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for more information on the American Capital Acquisition.

PORTFOLIO AND INVESTMENT ACTIVITY

Our investment activity for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 and for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 is presented below (information presented herein is at amortized cost unless otherwise indicated).

	For the Months June	En	ded		For the Years Ended December 31,							
(dollar amounts in millions)	2016		2015		2015		2014	2013				
New investment commitments(1):												
New portfolio companies	\$	\$	593.5	\$	2,482.4	\$	2,283.8	\$	2,148.5			
Existing portfolio companies(2)	361.1		727.0		1,334.2		2,294.8		1,854.4			
Total new investment commitments(3)	1,010.5		1,320.5		3,816.6		4,578.6		4,002.9			
Less:												
Investment commitments exited(4)	1,243.2		1,906.4		3,816.0		3,539.8		1,840.0			
Net investment commitments (exited)	\$ (232.7)	\$	(585.9)	\$	0.6	\$	1,038.8	\$	2,162.9			
Principal amount of investments funded:												
First lien senior secured loans	\$ 621.6	\$	449.9	\$	2,070.6	\$	2,642.1	\$	2,011.1			
Second lien senior secured loans	284.8		614.1		1,232.2		1,046.9		602.8			
Subordinated certificates of the SSLP(5)	3.0		217.7		228.7		463.6		652.5			
Senior subordinated debt	94.3		90.3		257.1		298.8		181.0			
Preferred equity securities	5.7		13.9		89.3		13.7		1.8			
Other equity securities	6.6		9.5		27.1		69.2		44.0			
Total	\$ 1,016.0	\$	1,395.4	\$	3,905.0	\$	4,534.3	\$	3,493.2			
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:												
First lien senior secured loans	\$ 692.1	\$	1,408.4	\$	2,948.6	\$	2,326.0	\$	885.8			
Second lien senior secured loans	427.6		154.0		194.6		444.3		526.1			
Subordinated certificates of the SSLP			162.8		329.7		174.3		145.2			
Senior subordinated debt	52.9		80.9		132.6		143.5		201.0			
Preferred equity securities	1.9		8.6		11.1		31.2		26.3			
Other equity securities	28.8		15.5		32.6		88.7		16.8			
Commercial real estate			0.4		2.1		4.8		0.2			
Total	\$ 1,203.3	\$	1,830.6	\$	3,651.3	\$	3,212.8	\$	1,801.4			
Number of new investment commitments(6)	30		39		86		115		95			
Average new investment commitment amount	\$ 33.7	\$	33.9	\$	44.4	\$	39.8	\$	42.1			
Weighted average term for new investment commitments (in	60				65		70		- 4			
months)	60	,		75		1	73	1	74			
Percentage of new investment commitments at floating rates	87% 91%			899		909		89%				
Percentage of new investment commitments at fixed rates	11%	11% 8%		89	0	89	6	10%				
Weighted average yield of debt and other income producing												
securities(7):	0.20	,	0.00	1	0.00	1	0.00	1	0.00			
Funded during the period at amortized cost	9.2%		9.89		9.09		9.0%		9.8%			
Funded during the period at fair value(8)	9.2%		9.89		9.09				9.8%			
Exited or repaid during the period at amortized cost	8.9%		7.99		7.99		8.39		9.8%			
Exited or repaid during the period at fair value(8)	9.0%	0	7.99	o	7.99	8.3%		9.7%				

⁽¹⁾New investment commitments include new agreements to fund revolving credit facilities or delayed draw loans. See "Off Balance Sheet Arrangements" as well as Note 7 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015, for more information on our commitments to fund revolving credit facilities or delayed draw loans.

⁽²⁾ Includes investment commitments to the SSLP to make co-investments with GE in first lien senior secured loans of middle market companies of \$0.0 million and \$212.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016

and 2015, respectively, and \$219.4 million, \$494.2 million and \$736.6 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively

- Includes both funded and unfunded commitments. Of these new investment commitments, we funded \$895.5 million and \$1,191.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, respectively, and \$3,571.4 million, \$4,112.4 million and \$3,382.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.
- Includes both funded and unfunded commitments. For the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, investment commitments exited included exits of unfunded commitments of \$107.8 million and \$262.0 million, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, investment commitments exited included exits of unfunded commitments of \$263.1 million, \$448.9 million and \$113.2 million, respectively.
- (5)

 See "Senior Secured Loan Program" below and Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 for more information on the SSLP.
- Number of new investment commitments represents each commitment to a particular portfolio company or a commitment to multiple companies as part of an individual transaction (e.g., the purchase of a portfolio of investments).
- "Weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities" is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount or premium earned on accruing debt and other income producing securities, divided by (b) the total accruing debt and other income producing securities at amortized cost or at fair value as applicable.
- (8) Represents fair value for investments in the portfolio as of the most recent prior quarter end, if applicable.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, our investments consisted of the following:

	As of								
		June 3	0, 20	16		Decembe	r 31,	2015	
	A	mortized		Fair	A	mortized		Fair	
(in millions)		Cost		Value		Cost		Value	
First lien senior secured loans	\$	2,612.6	\$	2,554.1	\$	2,735.2	\$	2,638.8	
Second lien senior secured loans		2,830.8		2,766.0		2,944.6		2,861.3	
Subordinated certificates of the SSLP(1)		1,938.5		1,899.8		1,935.4		1,884.9	
Senior subordinated debt		716.7		714.3		663.0		654.1	
Preferred equity securities		458.7		372.5		435.1		375.8	
Other equity securities		423.5		593.7		434.4		640.5	
Commercial real estate								0.1	
Total	\$	8,980.8	\$	8,900.4	\$	9,147.7	\$	9,055.5	

⁽¹⁾ The proceeds from these certificates were applied to co-investments with GE to fund first lien senior secured loans to 32 and 41 different borrowers as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

The weighted average yields at amortized cost and fair value of the following portions of our portfolio as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	As of									
	June 30, 20)16	December 31,	2015						
	Amortized	Fair	Amortized	Fair						
	Cost	Value	Cost	Value						
Debt and other income producing securities(1)	9.8%	9.9%	10.1%	10.3%						
Total portfolio(2)	8.9%	9.0%	9.1%	9.2%						
First lien senior secured loans(2)	8.3%	8.5%	8.2%	8.5%						
Second lien senior secured loans(2)	9.8%	10.0%	9.4%	9.7%						
Subordinated certificates of the SSLP(2)(3)	10.0%	10.2%	12.0%	12.3%						
Senior subordinated debt(2)	12.0%	12.1%	11.6%	11.7%						
Income producing equity securities(2)	12.3%	13.2%	11.0%	11.7%						

- "Weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities" is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount or premium earned on accruing debt and other income producing securities, divided by (b) the total accruing debt and other income producing securities at amortized cost or at fair value as applicable.
- "Weighted average yields" are computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount or premium earned on the relevant accruing debt and other income producing securities, divided by (b) the total relevant investments at amortized cost or at fair value as applicable.
- (3) The proceeds from these certificates were applied to co-investments with GE to fund first lien senior secured loans.

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, our investment adviser grades the credit risk of all investments on a scale of 1 to 4 no less frequently than quarterly. This system is intended primarily to reflect the underlying risk of a portfolio investment relative to our initial cost basis in respect of such portfolio investment (i.e., at the time of origination or acquisition), although it may also take into account under certain circumstances the performance of the portfolio company's business, the collateral coverage of the investment and other relevant factors. Under this system, investments with a grade of 4 involve the least amount of risk to our initial cost basis. The trends and risk factors for this investment since origination or acquisition are generally favorable, which may include the performance of the portfolio company or a potential exit. Investments graded 3 involve a level of risk to our initial cost basis that is similar to the risk to our initial cost basis at the time of origination or acquisition. This portfolio company is generally performing as expected and the risk factors to our ability to ultimately recoup the cost of our investment are neutral to favorable. All investments or acquired investments in new portfolio companies are initially assessed a grade of 3. Investments graded 2 indicate that the risk to our ability to recoup the initial cost basis of such investment has increased materially since origination or acquisition, including as a result of factors such as declining performance and non-compliance with debt covenants; however, payments are generally not more than 120 days past due. An investment grade of 1 indicates that the risk to our ability to recoup the initial cost basis of such investment has substantially increased since origination or acquisition, and the portfolio company likely has materially declining performance. For debt investments with an investment grade of 1, most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. For investments graded 1, it is anticipated that we will not recoup our initial cost basis and may realize a substantial loss of our initial cost basis upon exit. For

investments graded 1 or 2, our investment adviser enhances its level of scrutiny over the monitoring of such portfolio company. The grade of a portfolio investment may be reduced or increased over time.

Set forth below is the grade distribution of our portfolio companies as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

					As of	•					
		June 3	30, 2016 Numbe	r			D	ecembe	er 3	1, 2015 Number	
	Fair		of	-			Fair			of	
(dollar amounts in millions)	Value	%	Compan	ies	%		Value	%	(Companies	%
Grade 1	\$ 109.5	1.2	2% 1	1	5.1%	\$	28.6	0.3	3%	8	3.7%
Grade 2	524.6	5.9	9% 1	4	6.6%		445.6	4.9	9%	16	7.3%
Grade 3	7,341.0	82.5	5% 16	57	78.0%		7,824.5	86.4	1%	174	79.8%
Grade 4	925.3	10.4	1% 2	22	10.3%		756.8	8.4	1%	20	9.2%
Total	\$ 8,900.4	100.0)% 21	4	100.0%	\$	9,055.5	100.0)%	218	100.0%

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the weighted average grade of the investments in our portfolio at fair value was 3.0 and 3.0, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, loans on non-accrual status represented 1.3% and 0.7% of the total investments at amortized cost and at fair value, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, loans on non-accrual status represented 2.6% and 1.7% of the total investments at amortized cost and at fair value, respectively.

Senior Direct Lending Program

In December 2015, we established a joint venture with Varagon to make certain first lien senior secured loans, including certain stretch senior and unitranche loans, to U.S. middle-market companies. Varagon was formed in 2013 as a lending platform by American International Group, Inc. (NYSE:AIG) and other partners. The joint venture is called the Senior Direct Lending Program (the "SDLP"). It is expected that the SDLP will commit and hold individual loans of up to \$300 million. We may directly co-invest with the SDLP to accommodate larger transactions. We will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of the SDLP Certificates, and Varagon and its clients will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of senior notes, intermediate funding notes and SDLP Certificates. It is expected that we and a client of Varagon will own 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of any outstanding SDLP Certificates.

As of June 30, 2016, we and Varagon have agreed to make capital available to the SDLP of \$2.9 billion in the aggregate, of which no amounts were funded. The SDLP will be capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SDLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SDLP consisting of representatives of ours and Varagon (with approval from a representative of each required). As of June 30, 2016, we agreed to make available to the SDLP (subject to the approval of the investment committee of the SDLP as described above) approximately \$591 million, of which no amounts were committed or funded. The SDLP Certificates will pay a coupon of LIBOR plus a stated spread and also entitle the holders thereof to receive a portion of the excess cash flow from the loan portfolio, which may result in a return to the holders of the SDLP Certificates that is greater than the stated coupon. The SDLP Certificates are junior in right of payment to the senior notes and intermediate funding notes.

During the three months ended December 31, 2015, we entered into an agreement with the SDLP to sell certain of our investments to the SDLP at a mutually agreed upon price on a future date. The value of the agreement with the SDLP will change as the fair value of the identified loans changes and as additional loans are added to such agreement. See "Recent Developments," as well as Note 16

to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on the SDLP.

Senior Secured Loan Program

We and GE have co-invested in first lien senior secured loans of middle market companies through the SSLP. The SSLP has been capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SSLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SSLP consisting of representatives of ours and GE (with approval from a representative of each required). We have provided capital to the SSLP in the form of the SSLP Certificates.

In August 2015, GE completed the sale of its U.S. Sponsor Finance business, through which GE had participated with us in the SSLP, to CPPIB. This sale excluded GE's interest in the SSLP, and the Company and GE continue to operate the SSLP. The Company and GE no longer have an obligation to present senior secured lending investment opportunities to the SSLP and since June 30, 2015, the SSLP has not made any investments related to new portfolio companies; however, the Company and GE may provide capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments (see below) and other amounts to its portfolio companies. On August 24, 2015, we were advised that GECC, as the holder of the Senior Notes, directed State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee of the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, to apply all principal proceeds received by the SSLP from its investments to the repayment of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes until paid in full (prior to the distribution of any such principal proceeds to the holders of the SSLP Certificates, which includes us). GECC had previously elected to waive its right to receive priority repayments on the Senior Notes from principal proceeds in most circumstances. Prior to closing the sale to CPPIB, GE had announced its intention to provide us and CPPIB the opportunity to work together on the SSLP on a go-forward basis. GECC has also stated that if a mutual agreement between us and CPPIB to partner on the SSLP is not reached, it intends to retain its interest in the SSLP and the SSLP would be wound down in an orderly manner. We have been in dialogue with GE and CPPIB to determine if there is an opportunity to work together; however, to date there has been no agreement in respect of the SSLP as a result of these discussions and there can be no assurance that such discussions will continue or any such agreement will be reached. In addition to discussions with CPPIB and GECC, we are also exploring other options with respect to the SSLP's portfolio, although there can be no assurance that we will pursue any of them.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company and GE had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$7.1 billion and \$8.5 billion in aggregate principal amount, respectively, to the SSLP. As discussed above, we anticipate that no new investments will be made by the SSLP and that the Company and GE will only provide additional capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments and other amounts to its portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the SSLP had commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies of \$94.5 million and \$198.6 million, respectively, which had been approved by the investment committee of the SSLP as described above.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$2.0 billion and \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount, respectively, to the SSLP. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had commitments to co-invest in the SSLP for our portion of the SSLP's commitments to fund delayed draw loans to portfolio companies of up to \$14.9 million and \$32.6 million, respectively. As discussed above, it is not anticipated that we will make new investments through the SSLP.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the SSLP had total assets of \$7.1 billion and \$8.5 billion, respectively. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, GE's investment in the SSLP

consisted of the Senior Notes of \$4.8 billion and \$6.2 billion, respectively, and SSLP Certificates of \$286.3 million and \$285.8 million, respectively. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the Company and GE owned 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of the outstanding SSLP Certificates.

The SSLP Certificates pay a weighted average coupon of LIBOR plus approximately 8.0% and also entitle the holders thereof to receive a portion of the excess cash flow from the loan portfolio, which may result in a return to the holders of the SSLP Certificates that is greater than the stated coupon. The SSLP Certificates are junior in right of payment to the Senior Notes held by GE. We expect that for so long as principal proceeds from SSLP repayments are directed entirely to repay the Senior Notes as discussed above, the yield on the SSLP Certificates will decline.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the portfolio was comprised of all first lien senior secured loans to U.S. middle-market companies. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, none of these loans were on non-accrual status. The portfolio companies in the SSLP are in industries similar to the companies in our portfolio.

Below is a summary of the SSLP's portfolio, followed by a listing of the individual first lien senior secured loans in the SSLP's portfolio as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

	As of					
		June 30,	D	December 31,		
(dollar amounts in millions)		2016		2015		
Total first lien senior secured loans(1)	\$	6,246.7	\$	8,138.5		
Weighted average yield on first lien senior secured loans(2)		6.8%		6.7%		
Number of borrowers in the SSLP		32		41		
Largest loan to a single borrower(1)	\$	341.6	\$	345.9		
Total of five largest loans to borrowers(1)	\$	1,479.3	\$	1,579.9		

(1) At principal amount.

(2)

Computed as the (a) annual stated interest rate on accruing first lien senior secured loans, divided by (b) total first lien senior secured loans at principal amount.

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SSLP Loan Portfolio as of June 30, 2016

(dollar amounts in millions) Portfolio Company	Business Description	Maturity Date	Stated Interest Rate(1)	Principal Amount
ADG, LLC	Dental services provider	9/2019	8.1% \$	
AMZ Holding Corp.	Specialty chemicals manufacturer	12/2019	6.8%	202.9
Athletico Management, LLC and Accelerated Holdings, LLC	Provider of outpatient rehabilitation services	12/2020	6.3%	299.6
Breg, Inc.	Designer, manufacturer, and distributor of non-surgical orthopedic products for preventative, post-operative and rehabilitative use	10/2020	6.5%	148.1
Brewer Holdings Corp. and Zywave, Inc.	Provider of software and technology-enabled content and analytical solutions to insurance brokers	3/2021	8.0%	249.5
Connoisseur Media, LLC	Owner and operator of radio stations	6/2019	7.3%	100.8
DFS Holding Company, Inc.	Distributor of maintenance, repair, and operations parts, supplies, and equipment to the foodservice industry	2/2022	6.5%	191.6
Drayer Physical Therapy Institute, LLC	Outpatient physical therapy provider	7/2018	8.3%	132.5
DTI Holdco, Inc.(2)(4)	Provider of legal process outsourcing and managed services	8/2020	5.8%	289.4
ECI Purchaser Company, LLC	Manufacturer of equipment to safely control pressurized gases	12/2018	6.2%	207.2
Excelligence Learning Corporation	Developer, manufacturer and retailer of educational products	12/2020	6.8%	174.6
Gehl Foods, LLC(4)	Producer of low-acid, aseptic food and beverage products	3/2021	7.5%	156.9
III US Holdings, LLC	Provider of library automation software and systems	6/2018	6.0%	167.4
Implus Footcare, LLC	Provider of footwear and other accessories	4/2021	7.0%	261.4
Intermedix Corporation(3)	Revenue cycle management provider to the emergency healthcare industry	12/2019	5.8%	257.6
Laborie Medical Technologies Corp(4)	Developer and manufacturer of medical equipment	9/2019	7.3%	197.9
Mavis Tire Supply LLC	Auto parts retailer	10/2020	6.3%	241.2
MCH Holdings, Inc.(4)	Healthcare professional provider	1/2020	6.7%	168.5
Oak Parent, Inc.(2)	Manufacturer of athletic apparel	4/2018	7.6%	268.5
Palermo Finance Corporation	Provider of mission-critical integrated public safety software and services to local, state, and federal agencies	11/2020	7.0%	185.0
Penn Detroit Diesel Allison, LLC	Distributor of new equipment and aftermarket parts to the heavy-duty truck industry	10/2019	7.0%	60.9
Pretium Packaging, L.L.C(4)	Manufacturer and supplier of high performance plastic containers	6/2020	6.3%	216.0
Restaurant Technologies, Inc.	Provider of bulk cooking oil management services to the restaurant and fast food service industries	10/2021	6.8%	227.7
Sanders Industries Holdings, Inc.(4)	Elastomeric parts, mid-sized composite structures, and composite tooling	5/2020	6.5%	76.1
Singer Sewing Company	Manufacturer of consumer sewing machines	6/2017	7.3%	185.5
Square Brands International, LLC	Franchisor and operator of specialty battery and light bulb retail stores	6/2021	6.7%	198.5
STATS Acquisition, LLC	Sports technology, data and content company	6/2020	8.5%	101.9
TA THI Buyer, Inc. and TA THI Parent, Inc.(4)	Collision repair company	7/2020	6.5%	341.6
The Linen Group	Provider of outsourced commercial linen and laundry services	8/2019	8.0%	95.7
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			Stated	
(dollar amounts in millions)		Maturity	Interest	Principal
Portfolio Company	Business Description	Date	Rate(1)	Amount
U.S. Anesthesia Partners, Inc.(3)	Anesthesiology service provider	12/2019	6.0%	260.1
WCI-Quantum Holdings, Inc.(4)	Distributor of instructional products, services and resources	10/2020	5.8%	80.7
Woodstream Group, Inc.	Pet products manufacturer	5/2022	7.3%	280.2

\$ 6,246.7

- (1) Represents the weighted average annual stated interest rate as of June 30, 2016. All interest rates are payable in cash.
- (2) We also hold a portion of this company's first lien senior secured loan.
- (3) We also hold a portion of this company's second lien senior secured loan.
- (4) We hold an equity investment in this company.

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SSLP Loan Portfolio as of December 31, 2015

(dollar amounts in millions) Portfolio Company	Business Description	Maturity Date	Stated Interest Rate(1)	Principal Amount	Fair Value(2)
ADG, LLC	Dental services provider	9/2019	8.1%	\$ 204.5	\$ 204.5
AMZ Holding Corp.	Specialty chemicals manufacturer	12/2018	6.8%	225.3	220.8
Athletico Management, LLC and Accelerated Holdings, LLC	Provider of outpatient rehabilitation services	12/2020	6.3%	307.0	307.0
Breg, Inc.	Designer, manufacturer, and distributor of non-surgical orthopedic products for preventative, post-operative and rehabilitative use	10/2020	6.3%	148.9	142.9
Brewer Holdings Corp. and Zywave, Inc.	Provider of software and technology-enabled content and analytical solutions to insurance brokers	3/2021	8.0%	257.3	257.3
Cambridge International, Inc.	Manufacturer of custom designed and engineered metal products	4/2018	8.0%	79.5	79.5
CH Hold Corp.	Collision repair company	11/2019	5.5%	345.9	342.4
CIBT Holdings, Inc.(3)(5)	Expedited travel document processing services	12/2018	6.8%	209.0	209.0
Connoisseur Media, LLC	Owner and operator of radio stations	6/2019	7.3%	117.9	114.4
CWD, LLC	Supplier of automotive aftermarket brake parts	6/2016	7.0%	121.3	121.3
DFS Holding Company, Inc.	Distributor of maintenance, repair, and operations parts, supplies, and equipment to the foodservice industry	2/2022	6.5%	192.5	190.6
Drayer Physical Therapy Institute, LLC	Outpatient physical therapy provider	7/2018	8.0%	133.2	131.9
DTI Holdco, Inc.(3)(5)	Provider of legal process outsourcing and managed services	8/2020	5.8%	297.2	288.3
ECI Purchaser Company, LLC	Manufacturer of equipment to safely control pressurized gases	12/2019	6.0%	227.4	220.6
Excelligence Learning Corporation	Developer, manufacturer and retailer of educational products	12/2020	6.8%	179.1	177.3
Gehl Foods, LLC(5)	Producer of low-acid, aseptic food and beverage products	3/2021	7.5%	159.2	157.6
Gentle Communications, LLC	Dental services provider	6/2020	6.5%	83.9	82.3
III US Holdings, LLC	Provider of library automation software and systems	6/2018	6.0%	204.0	204.0
Implus Footcare, LLC	Provider of footwear and other accessories	4/2021	7.0%	262.7	257.4
Intermedix Corporation(4)	Revenue cycle management provider to the emergency healthcare industry	12/2019	5.8%	261.0	258.4
ISS Compressors Industries, Inc.	Provider of repairs, refurbishments and services to the broader industrial end user markets	6/2018	6.5%	172.8	172.8
Laborie Medical Technologies Corp(5)	Developer and manufacturer of medical equipment	9/2019	7.3%	198.9	196.9
Mavis Tire Supply LLC	Auto parts retailer	10/2020	6.3%	242.4	242.4
MCH Holdings, Inc.(5)	Healthcare professional provider	1/2020	6.3%	173.8	173.8
MWI Holdings, Inc.(3)	Engineered springs, fasteners, and other precision components	3/2019	7.4%	254.9	254.9
Oak Parent, Inc.(3)	Manufacturer of athletic apparel	4/2018	7.6%	285.0	285.0
Palermo Finance Corporation	Provider of mission-critical integrated public safety software and services to local, state, and federal agencies	11/2020	7.0%	188.1	188.1
Penn Detroit Diesel Allison, LLC	Distributor of new equipment and aftermarket parts to the heavy-duty truck industry	10/2019	7.3%	70.9	70.9
Pretium Packaging, L.L.C(5)	Manufacturer and supplier of high performance plastic containers	6/2020	6.3%	217.1	212.7
Restaurant Technologies, Inc.	Provider of bulk cooking oil management services to the restaurant and fast food service industries	10/2021	6.8%	228.9	226.6
Sanders Industries Holdings, Inc.(5)	Elastomeric parts, mid-sized composite structures, and composite tooling	5/2020	7.0%	77.5	77.5
Singer Sewing Company	Manufacturer of consumer sewing machines	6/2017	7.3%	190.0	184.3
Square Brands International, LLC	Franchisor and operator of specialty battery and light bulb retail stores	6/2021	6.7%	199.5	197.5
STATS Acquisition, LLC	Sports technology, data and content company	6/2020	7.0%	102.7	97.6
Strategic Partners, Inc.(5)	Supplier of medical uniforms, specialized medical footwear and accessories	8/2018	7.3%	286.4	286.4

TA THI Buyer, Inc. and TA THI Parent, Inc.(5) The Linen Group	Collision repair company Provider of outsourced commercial linen and	7/2020 8/2019	6.5% 8.0%	343.4 96.2	343.4 95.2
Towne Holdings, Inc.	laundry services Provider of contracted hospitality services and parking systems	12/2019	6.8%	166.1	166.1
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			Stated		
(dollar amounts in millions)		Maturity	Interest	Principal	Fair
Portfolio Company	Business Description	Date	Rate(1)	Amount	Value(2)
U.S. Anesthesia Partners, Inc.(4)	Anesthesiology service provider	12/2019	6.0%	261.4	261.4
WCI-Quantum Holdings, Inc.(5)	Distributor of instructional products, services and	10/2020	5.8%	84.1	83.3
	resources				
Woodstream Group, Inc.	Pet products manufacturer	5/2022	7.3%	281.6	276.0

\$ 8.138.5 \$ 8.060.3

- (1)

 Represents the weighted average annual stated interest rate as of December 31, 2015. All interest rates are payable in cash.
- (2)

 Represents the fair value in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 820-10. The determination of such fair value is not included in our board of directors valuation process described elsewhere herein.
- (3) We also hold a portion of this company's first lien senior secured loan.
- (4)
 We also hold a portion of this company's second lien senior secured loan.
- (5) We hold an equity investment in this company.

The amortized cost and fair value of our SSLP Certificates were \$1.9 billion and \$1.9 billion, respectively, as of June 30, 2016, and \$1.9 billion, respectively, as of December 31, 2015. As described above, the SSLP Certificates pay a weighted average coupon of LIBOR plus approximately 8.0% and also entitle the holders thereof to receive a portion of the excess cash flow from the underlying loan portfolio, which may result in a return to the holders of the SSLP Certificates that is greater than both the coupon on the SSLP Certificates as well as the weighted average yield on the SSLP's portfolio of 6.8% and 6.7% as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. Our yield on our investment in the SSLP at amortized cost and fair value was 10.0% and 10.2%, respectively, as of June 30, 2016, and 12.0% and 12.3%, respectively, as of December 31, 2015. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we earned interest income of \$57.6 million and \$116.4 million, respectively, from our investment in the SSLP Certificates. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we earned interest income of \$69.9 million and \$138.2 million, respectively, from our investment in the SSLP Certificates.

We are also entitled to certain fees in connection with the SSLP. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, in connection with the SSLP, we earned capital structuring service, sourcing and other fees totaling \$5.7 million and \$11.4 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, in connection with the SSLP, we earned capital structuring service, sourcing and other fees totaling \$18.7 million and \$33.4 million, respectively.

Selected financial information for the SSLP as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 and for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, was as follows:

			As of	
(in millions)	Jur	ne 30, 2016	Dece	ember 31, 2015
Selected Balance Sheet Information:				
Investments in loans receivable, net	\$	6,210.7	\$	8,090.0
Cash and other assets		877.7		437.4
Total assets	\$	7,088.4	\$	8,527.4
Senior notes	\$	4,820.5	\$	6,248.4
Other liabilities		56.9		72.8

Total liabilities Subordinated certificates and members' capital	4,877.4 2,211.1	6,321.2 2,206.2
Total liabilities and members' capital	\$ 7,088.4 \$	8,527.4

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,			
(in millions)		2016		2015
Selected Statement of Operations Information:				
Total interest and other income	\$	271.9	\$	338.1
Interest expense		92.4		115.0
Management and sourcing fees		28.8		36.5
Other expenses		13.2		29.0
Total expenses		134.4		180.5
Net income	\$	137.5	\$	157.6

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015

Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Six Months Ended June 30,				
(in millions)		2016		2015		2016		2015
Total investment income	\$	245.3	\$	249.5	\$	493.3	\$	502.7
Total expenses		136.0		138.4		266.1		266.4
Net investment income before income taxes		109.3		111.1		227.2		236.3
Income tax expense, including excise tax		4.0		2.6		9.2		6.1
Net investment income		105.3		108.5		218.0		230.2
Net realized gains on investments and foreign currency transactions		30.6		24.2		58.0		56.0
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, foreign currency and other transactions		21.5		13.8		13.0		(35.3)
Realized losses on extinguishment of debt								(3.8)
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$	157.4	\$	146.5	\$	289.0	\$	247.1

Net income can vary substantially from period to period due to various factors, including acquisitions, the level of new investment commitments, the recognition of realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As a result, comparisons of net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations may not be meaningful.

Investment Income

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,			For the Months	Enc	led
(in millions)	2016		2015	2016		2015
Interest income from investments	\$ 204.0	\$	201.3	\$ 411.2	\$	399.9
Capital structuring service fees	12.2		23.1	27.8		43.2
Dividend income	20.8		14.8	37.3		39.4
Management and other fees	4.6		6.2	9.6		12.3
Other income	3.7		4.1	7.4		7.9

Total investment income

\$ 245.3 \$ 249.5 \$ 493.3 \$ 502.7

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The increase in interest income from investments for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to an increase in the size of our portfolio, partially offset by a decrease in the weighted average yield of our portfolio. The size of our portfolio increased from an average of \$8.4 billion at amortized cost for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to an average of \$9.1 billion at amortized cost for the comparable period in 2016. The weighted average yield of our portfolio decreased from 9.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to 9.1% for the comparable period in 2016, primarily driven by the decrease in the yield of the SSLP Certificates. The decrease in capital structuring service fees for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was due to the decrease in new investment commitments, which decreased from \$820.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to \$539.9 million for the comparable period in 2016 as well as the decrease in the weighted average capital structuring fees received on new investment commitments, which decreased from 2.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2015 to 2.2% in the comparable period in 2016. This decline was in part driven by the SSLP no longer making new investments. Dividend income for the three months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 included dividends received from IHAM totaling \$10.0 million for both periods. Also during the three months ended June 30, 2016, we received \$4.6 million in other non-recurring dividends from non-income producing equity securities compared to \$1.8 million for the comparable period in 2015.

Dividend income for the three months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to lower sourcing fees from the SSLP driven by the decrease in size of the SSLP portfolio.

The increase in interest income from investments for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to an increase in the size of our portfolio, partially offset by a decrease in the weighted average yield of our portfolio. The size of our portfolio increased from an average of \$8.6 billion at amortized cost for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to an average of \$9.1 billion at amortized cost for the comparable period in 2016. The weighted average yield of our portfolio decreased from 9.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to 9.1% for the comparable period in 2016, primarily driven by the decrease in the yield of the SSLP Certificates. The decrease in capital structuring service fees for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was due to the decrease in new investment commitments, which decreased from \$1.3 billion for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to \$1.0 billion for the comparable period in 2016, as well as the decrease in the weighted average capital structuring service fees received on new investment commitments, which decreased from 3.3% for the six months ended June 30, 2015 to 2.7% for the comparable period in 2016. This decline was in part driven by the SSLP no longer making new investments. Dividend income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015 included dividends received from IHAM totaling \$20.0 million and \$30.0 million, respectively. The dividends received from IHAM for the six months ended June 30, 2015 included additional dividends of \$10.0 million that were paid in addition to the quarterly dividends generally paid by IHAM. IHAM paid the additional dividends out of accumulated earnings that had previously been retained by IHAM. Also during the six months ended June 30, 2016, we received \$5.3 million in other non-recurring dividends from non-income producing equity securities compared to \$3.3 million for the comparable period in 2015. Dividend income for the six months ended June 30, 2016 also included new recurring dividends of \$4.9 million. The decrease in management and other fees for the six months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to lower sourcing fees from the SSLP driven by the decrease in size of the SSLP portfolio.

Operating Expenses

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				ix ded			
(in millions)		2016		2015		2016		2015
Interest and credit facility fees	\$	45.3	\$	56.4	\$	95.6	\$	115.0
Base management fees		34.5		33.0		69.2		66.9
Income based fees		28.9		29.0		58.0		58.3
Capital gains incentive fees		10.4		7.7		14.2		3.5
Administrative fees		3.3		3.5		6.8		7.0
Professional fees and other costs related to the American Capital Acquisition		6.6				8.0		
Other general and administrative		7.0		8.8		14.3		15.7
Total operating expenses	\$	136.0	\$	138.4	\$	266.1	\$	266.4

Interest and credit facility fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were comprised of the following:

	For the Three Months Ended June 30,				For t Month Jur	 ded	
(in millions)	2016 2015		2016 2015		2	2016	2015
Stated interest expense	\$	39.0	\$	45.2	\$	81.5	\$ 92.4
Facility fees		1.2		2.9		2.5	5.8
Amortization of debt issuance costs		3.5		4.3		7.4	8.7
Accretion of net discount on notes payable		1.6		4.0		4.2	8.1
Total interest and credit facility fees	\$	45.3	\$	56.4	\$	95.6	\$ 115.0

Stated interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the decrease in our weighted average stated interest rate of our debt outstanding, partially offset by an increase in the average principal amount of debt outstanding. The weighted average stated interest rate on our outstanding debt was 4.0% for the three months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 5.2% for the comparable period in 2015 primarily as a result of the maturity of the higher cost \$575.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes (the "February 2016 Convertible Notes") and the \$230.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes (the "June 2016 Convertible Notes") and increased utilization of our lower cost revolving facilities. For the three months ended June 30, 2016, our average principal debt outstanding increased to \$3.9 billion as compared to \$3.5 billion for the comparable period in 2015. Facility fees for the three months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the increased utilization of our revolving facilities resulting in lower unused commitment fees. Amortization of debt issuance costs and accretion of net discount on notes payable for the three months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the maturity of the February 2016 Convertible Notes and the June 2016 Convertible Notes.

Stated interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the decrease in our weighted average stated interest rate of our debt outstanding, partially offset by an increase in the average principal amount of debt outstanding. The weighted average stated interest rate on our outstanding debt was 4.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2016 as compared to 5.2% for the comparable period in 2015 primarily as a result of the repayment upon maturity of the higher cost February 2016 Convertible Notes and June 2016 Convertible Notes as well as increased utilization of our lower cost revolving facilities. For the six

months ended June 30, 2016, our average principal debt outstanding increased to \$4.0 billion as compared to \$3.6 billion for the comparable period in 2015. Facility fees for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the increased utilization of our revolving facilities resulting in lower unused commitment fees. Amortization of debt issuance costs and accretion of net discount on notes payable for the six months ended June 30, 2016 decreased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to the maturity of the February 2016 Convertible Notes and the June 2016 Convertible Notes.

The increase in base management fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to the increase in the size of the portfolio. The decrease in income based fees for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 from the comparable period in 2015 was primarily due to the decrease in net investment income excluding income based fees and capital gains incentive fees.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the capital gains incentive fees expense calculated in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") was \$10.4 million and \$14.2 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, the capital gains incentive fees expense calculated in accordance with GAAP was \$7.7 million and \$3.5 million, respectively. Capital gains incentive fee expense accrual for the three months ended June 30, 2016 increased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to net gains on investments, foreign currency and other transactions and the extinguishment of debt during the three months ended June 30, 2016 of \$52.1 million compared to net gains of \$38.0 million during the three months ended June 30, 2015. Capital gains incentive fee expense accrual for the six months ended June 30, 2016 increased from the comparable period in 2015 primarily due to net gains on investments, foreign currency and other transactions and the extinguishment of debt during the six months ended June 30, 2016 of \$70.9 million compared to net gains of \$16.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2015. The capital gains incentive fee accrued under GAAP includes an accrual related to unrealized capital appreciation, whereas the capital gains incentive fee actually payable under our investment advisory and management agreement does not. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation will be realized in the future. The accrual for any capital gains incentive fee under GAAP in a given period may result in an additional expense if such cumulative amount is greater than in the prior period or a reduction of previously recorded expense if such cumulative amount is less than in the prior period. If such cumulative amount is negative, then there is no accrual. As of June 30, 2016, the total capital gains incentive fee accrual calculated in accordance with GAAP was \$56.5 million. As of June 30, 2016, there was no capital gains incentive fee actually payable under our investment advisory and management agreement. See Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, for more information on the base management fees, income based fees and capital gains incentive fees.

Administrative fees represent fees paid to Ares Operations for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of certain of our executive officers and their respective staffs. Other general and administrative expenses include professional fees, rent, insurance, depreciation and director's fees, among other costs.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$6.5 million and \$8.0 million, respectively, in professional fees and other costs related to the American Capital Acquisition that were not incurred in the comparable periods in 2015.

Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must generally (among other requirements) timely distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our investment company taxable

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income, as defined by the Code, for each year. In order to maintain our RIC status, we have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders which will generally relieve us from U.S. federal corporate-level income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward such taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions from such current year taxable income into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. If we determine that our estimated current year taxable income will be in excess of estimated dividend distributions for the current year from such income, we accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income as such taxable income is earned. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded a net expense of \$3.0 million and \$6.0 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded a net expense of \$2.4 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax.

Certain of our consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, we recorded a tax expense of approximately \$1.0 million and \$3.2 million, respectively, for these subsidiaries. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2015, we recorded a tax expense of approximately \$0.2 million and \$2.1 million, respectively, for these subsidiaries.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we had \$751.7 million of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$33.2 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$35.7 million of investments sold to IHAM and certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized gain of \$0.3 million was recorded on these transactions. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more detail on IHAM and its managed vehicles. During the three months ended June 30, 2016, net realized gains on investments of \$33.2 million were comprised of \$34.3 million of gross realized gains and \$1.1 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the three months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

(in millions)		ealized
Portfolio Company	Gains (Losses)
Napa Management Services Corporation	\$	15.5
Netsmart Technologies, Inc.		7.7
WorldPay Group PLC		4.2
Other, net		5.8
Total	\$	33.2

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we also recognized net realized losses on foreign currency transactions of \$2.5 million.

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we had \$756.6 million of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$24.9 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$42.9 million of investments sold to IHAM and certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized gain of \$0.1 million was recorded on these transactions. During the three months ended June 30, 2015, net realized gains on investments of \$24.9 million were comprised of \$26.7 million of gross realized gains and \$1.8 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the three months ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	- 1 - 1	Realized (Losses)
TAP Holdings, LLC	\$	11.2
Driven Brands, Inc.		5.5
Implus Footcare, LLC		3.5
Woodstream Corporation		3.2
Other, net		1.5
Total	\$	24.9

During the three months ended June 30, 2015, we also recognized net realized loss on foreign currency transactions of \$0.7 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we had \$1,256.2 million of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$58.7 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$101.1 million of investments sold to IHAM and certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized gain of \$0.4 million was recorded on these transactions. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more detail on IHAM and its managed vehicles. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, net realized gains on investments of \$58.7 million were comprised of \$59.8 million of gross realized gains and \$1.1 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the six months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Net Realize Gains (Losse		
Napa Management Services Corporation	\$	15.5	
Physiotherapy Associates Holdings, Inc.		8.1	
Netsmart Technologies, Inc.		7.7	
AllBridge Financial, LLC		6.3	
Lakeland Tours, LLC		4.9	
WorldPay Group PLC		4.2	
MedAssets, Inc.		3.0	
Other, net		9.0	
Total, net	\$	58.7	

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we also recognized net realized losses on foreign currency transactions of \$0.7 million.

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we had \$1.9 billion of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$52.1 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$300.8 million of investments sold to IHAM and certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized gain of \$0.2 million was recorded on these transactions. During the six months ended June 30, 2015, net realized gains on investments of \$52.1 million were comprised of \$55.4 million of gross realized gains and \$3.3 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the six months ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Net Realized Gains (Losses)			
Tripwire, Inc.	\$	13.8		
TAP Holdings, LLC		11.2		
Protective Industries, Inc.		8.1		
Driven Brands, Inc.		5.5		
Implus Footcare, LLC		3.5		
Woodstream Corporation		3.2		
Panda Temple Power, LLC		2.4		
Other, net		4.4		
Total	\$	52.1		

During the six months ended June 30, 2015 we also recognized net realized gains on foreign currency transactions of \$3.9 million. In addition, during the six months ended June 30, 2015, we redeemed the entire outstanding \$143.8 million principal amount of the unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on February 15, 2022. The total redemption price (including accrued and unpaid interest) was \$144.6 million, which resulted in a realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$3.8 million.

Net Unrealized Gains/Losses

We value our portfolio investments quarterly and the changes in value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses in our consolidated statement of operations. Net unrealized gains and losses for our portfolio for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and 2015, were comprised of the following:

	For the Months June	Enc	ded	For th Months June	End	led
(in millions)	2016		2015	2016		2015
Unrealized appreciation	\$ 114.2	\$	64.3	\$ 158.0	\$	80.2
Unrealized depreciation	(72.3)		(42.4)	(112.7)		(81.7)
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation reversed related to net realized gains or						
losses(1)	(23.5)		(8.2)	(32.3)		(32.4)
Total net unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 18.4	\$	13.7	\$ 13.0	\$	(33.9)

(1)

The net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation reversed related to net realized gains or losses represents the unrealized appreciation or depreciation recorded on the related asset at the end of the prior period.

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The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the three months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)			
Primexx Energy Corporation	\$	16.2		
UL Holding Co., LLC		12.7		
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		10.0		
The Step2 Company, LLC		7.4		
Community Education Centers, Inc.		5.9		
TA THI Buyer, Inc.		3.6		
The Hygenic Corporation		3.5		
Green Energy Partners		3.5		
ADF Restaurant Group, LLC		3.4		
PERC Holdings 1 LLC		2.9		
Spin HoldCo Inc.		2.8		
American Seafoods Investors LLC		2.4		
Lonestar Prospects, Ltd.		2.2		
Liquid Light, Inc.		(2.1)		
Indra Holdings Corp.		(2.4)		
Poplicus Incorporated		(2.6)		
Competitor Group, Inc.		(3.0)		
FastMed Holdings I, LLC		(3.6)		
Nordco Inc.		(4.1)		
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC		(4.4)		
Infilaw Holding, LLC		(5.3)		
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC		(14.7)		
Instituto de Banca y Comercio, Inc.		(14.8)		
Other, net		22.4		
Total	\$	41.9		

During the three months ended June 30, 2016, we also recognized net unrealized gains on foreign currency and other transactions of \$3.1 million.

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the three months ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

(in millions)		realized eciation
Portfolio Company	(Depr	eciation)
Cast & Crew Payroll, LLC	\$	13.3
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		5.3
Ciena Capital LLC		3.6
OTG Management, LLC		3.0
Physiotherapy Associates Holdings, Inc.		2.2
SK SPV IV, LLC		2.1
The Step2 Company, LLC		2.0
Wellspring Distribution Corp		2.0
UL Holding Co., LLC and Universal Lubricants, LLC		(3.6)
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC and CCS Group Holdings, LLC		(5.1)
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		(18.1)
Other, net		15.2
Total	\$	21.9

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the six months ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	App	Inrealized reciation reciation)
UL Holding Co., LLC	\$	22.2
The Step2 Company, LLC		15.7
Primexx Energy Corporation		12.4
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		11.8
ADF Restaurant Group, LLC		11.7
Community Education Centers, Inc.		10.8
R3 Education, Inc.		5.1
Spin HoldCo Inc.		4.2
Green Energy Partners		4.2
TA THI Buyer, Inc.		4.1
2329497 Ontario Inc.		3.5
Orion Foods, LLC		3.2
The Hygenic Corporation		2.8
American Seafoods Investors LLC		2.2
Lonestar Prospects, Ltd.		2.2
McKenzie Sports Products, LLC		2.1
Liquid Light, Inc.		(2.1)
Poplicus Incorporated		(2.5)
Competitor Group, Inc.		(3.9)
Things Remembered, Inc.		(4.1)
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC		(4.2)
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		(4.3)
Nordco Inc.		(4.9)
FastMed Holdings I, LLC		(5.1)
Indra Holdings Corp.		(8.1)
Infilaw Holding, LLC		(10.2)
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC		(14.9)
Instituto de Banca y Comercio, Inc.		(23.7)
Other, net		15.1
Total, net	\$	45.3

During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we also recognized net unrealized losses on foreign currency and other transactions of \$0.0 million.

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the six months ended June 30, 2015 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Appı	nrealized reciation reciation)
Cast & Crew Payroll, LLC	\$	17.6
Ciena Capital LLC		7.3
The Step2 Company, LLC		3.0
OTG Management, LLC		2.7
Monte Nido Holdings, LLC		2.2
Physiotherapy Associates Holdings, Inc.		2.2
SK SPV IV, LLC		2.1
TA THI Buyer, Inc. and TA THI Parent, Inc.		2.1
Wellspring Distribution Corp		2.0
Petroflow Energy Corporation		(2.1)
R3 Education, Inc.		(2.4)
Indra Holdings Corp.		(2.5)
New Trident Holdcorp, Inc.		(2.5)
Infilaw Holding, LLC		(2.8)
ADF Capital, Inc.		(3.5)
UL Holding Co., LLC and Universal Lubricants, LLC		(3.5)
2329497 Ontario Inc.		(4.2)
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC and CCS Group Holdings, LLC		(5.0)
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		(14.8)
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		(17.6)
Other, net		18.2
Total	\$	(1.5)

During the six months ended June 30, 2015, we also recognized net unrealized losses on foreign currency and other transactions of \$1.3 million.

For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013

Operating results for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013 were as follows:

	For the Years Ended December 31,					
(in millions)		2015	,,,,,	2014		2013
Total investment income	\$	1,025.4	\$	989.0	\$	881.7
Total expenses		499.8		532.9		437.2
Net investment income before income taxes		525.6		456.1		444.5
Income tax expense, including excise tax		17.8		18.3		14.1
Net investment income		507.8		437.8		430.4
Net realized gains on investments and foreign currency transactions		127.5		93.9		63.7
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, foreign currency and other transactions		(246.2)		59.4		(5.6)
Realized losses on extinguishment of debt		(10.4)		(0.1)		
Net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations	\$	378.7	\$	591.0	\$	488.5

Net income can vary substantially from period to period due to various factors, including acquisitions, the level of new investment commitments, the recognition of realized gains and losses and unrealized appreciation and depreciation. As a result, comparisons of net increase in stockholders' equity resulting from operations may not be meaningful.

Investment Income

	For the Years Ended							
	December 31,							
(in millions)		2015		2014		2013		
Interest income from investments	\$	817.4	\$	741.4	\$	647.9		
Capital structuring service fees		94.6		113.6		91.7		
Dividend income		73.5		84.3		99.6		
Management and other fees		23.9		24.6		20.2		
Other income		16.0		25.1		22.3		
Total investment income	\$	1,025.4	\$	989.0	\$	881.7		

The increase in interest income from investments for the year ended December 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014 was primarily due to an increase in the size of our portfolio, which increased from an average of \$8.1 billion at amortized cost for the year ended December 31, 2014 to an average of \$8.6 billion at amortized cost for the comparable period in 2015. The decrease in capital structuring service fees for the year ended December 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014 was primarily due to the decrease in new investment commitments, which decreased from \$4.6 billion for the year ended December 31, 2014 to \$3.8 billion for the comparable period in 2015. Dividend income for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 included dividends received from IHAM, a wholly owned portfolio company, totaling \$50.0 million and \$50.0 million, respectively. Also during the year ended December 31, 2015, we received \$8.9 million in other non-recurring dividends from non-income producing equity securities compared to \$19.0 million for the comparable period in 2014. The decrease in other income for the year ended December 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014 was primarily attributable to lower amendment fees.

The increase in interest income from investments for the year ended December 31, 2014 from the comparable period in 2013 was primarily due to an increase in the size of our portfolio, which increased from an average of \$6.7 billion at amortized cost for the year ended December 31, 2013 to an average of \$8.1 billion at amortized cost for the comparable period in 2014. The increase in capital structuring service fees for the year ended December 31, 2014 from the comparable period in 2013 was primarily due to the increase in new investment commitments, which increased from \$4.0 billion for the year ended December 31, 2013 to \$4.6 billion for the comparable period in 2014, as well as the increase in the weighted average capital structuring service fees received on new investment commitments, from 2.3% for the year ended December 31, 2013 to 2.5% in the comparable period in 2014. Dividend income for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 included dividends received from IHAM totaling \$50.0 million and \$72.4 million, respectively. The dividends received from IHAM for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 included additional dividends of \$10.0 million and \$32.4 million, respectively, that were paid in addition to the quarterly dividends generally paid by IHAM. IHAM paid the additional dividends out of accumulated earnings that had previously been retained by IHAM. Also during the year ended December 31, 2014, we received \$19.0 million in other non-recurring dividends from non-income producing equity securities compared to \$9.0 million for the comparable period in 2013. The increase in management and other fees for the year ended December 31, 2014 from the comparable period in 2013 was primarily attributable to higher sourcing and other fees received from the SSLP.

Operating Expenses

	For the Years Ended								
		December 31,							
(in millions)		2015		2014		2013			
Interest and credit facility fees	\$	227.0	\$	216.0	\$	171.5			
Base management fees		134.3		128.0		104.9			
Income based fees		121.4		118.3		110.5			
Capital gains incentive fees		(26.7)		29.5		11.6			
Administrative fees		14.2		13.7		12.3			
Other general and administrative		29.6		27.4		26.4			
Total operating expenses	\$	499.8	\$	532.9	\$	437.2			

Interest and credit facility fees for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, were comprised of the following:

	For the Years Ended December 31,						
(in millions)	2015		2014		2013		
Stated interest expense	\$ 183.2	\$	173.7	\$	136.3		
Facility fees	10.3		10.8		8.2		
Amortization of debt issuance costs	17.1		16.4		13.2		
Accretion of net discount on notes payable	16.4		15.1		13.8		
Total interest and credit facility fees	\$ 227.0	\$	216.0	\$	171.5		

Stated interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2015 increased from the comparable period in 2014 primarily due to the increase in the average principal amount of debt outstanding, partially offset by a decrease in our weighted average stated interest rate of our debt outstanding. For the year ended December 31, 2015, our average principal debt outstanding increased to \$3.7 billion as compared to \$3.3 billion for the comparable period in 2014, and the weighted average stated interest rate on our outstanding debt was 5.0% for the year ended December 31, 2015 as compared to 5.3% for the comparable period in 2014.

Stated interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2014 increased from the comparable period in 2013 primarily due to the increase in the average principal amount of debt outstanding, partially offset by a decrease in our weighted average stated interest rate of our debt outstanding. For the year ended December 31, 2014, our average principal debt outstanding increased to \$3.3 billion as compared to \$2.6 billion for the comparable period in 2013, and the weighted average stated interest rate on our outstanding debt was 5.3% for the year ended December 31, 2014 as compared to 5.3% for the comparable period in 2013.

The increase in base management fees and our income based fees for the year ended December 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2014 and from the comparable period in 2013 were primarily due to the increases in the size of the portfolio in the case of base management fees and in the case of income based fees, the related increase in net investment income excluding income based fees and capital gains incentive fees.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the reduction in capital gains incentive fees calculated in accordance with GAAP was \$26.7 million. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the capital gains incentive fee expense accrual calculated in accordance with GAAP was \$29.5 million and \$11.6 million, respectively. Capital gains incentive fee expense accrual for the year ended December 31, 2015 decreased from the comparable period in 2014 primarily due to net losses on investments, foreign currency and other transactions and the extinguishment of debt during the year ended December 31,

2015 of \$129.1 million compared to net gains of \$153.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2014. Capital gains incentive fee expense accrual for the year ended December 31, 2014 increased from the comparable period in 2013 primarily due to higher net gains on investments and foreign currency transactions, which increased from \$58.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2013 to \$153.1 million for the comparable period in 2014. The capital gains incentive fee accrued under GAAP includes an accrual related to unrealized capital appreciation, whereas the capital gains incentive fee actually payable under our investment advisory and management agreement does not. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation will be realized in the future. The accrual for any capital gains incentive fee under GAAP in a given period may result in an additional expense if such cumulative amount is greater than in the prior period or a reduction of previously recorded expense if such cumulative amount is less than in the prior period. If such cumulative amount is negative, then there is no accrual. As of December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the total capital gains incentive fee accrual calculated in accordance with GAAP was \$42.3 million, \$93.0 million and \$80.9 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, there was no capital gains incentive fee actually payable under our investment advisory and management agreement. As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, the capital gains incentive fee actually payable under our investment advisory and management agreement was \$24.0 million and \$17.4 million, respectively. See Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015, for more information on the base management fees, income based fees and capital gains incentive fees.

Administrative fees represent fees paid to Ares Operations for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of certain of our executive officers and their respective staffs. Other general and administrative expenses include professional fees, rent, insurance, depreciation and director's fees, among other costs.

Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must generally (among other requirements) timely distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. In order to maintain our RIC status, we have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders which will generally relieve us from U.S. federal corporate-level income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward such taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions from such current year taxable income into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. If we determine that our estimated current year taxable income will be in excess of estimated dividend distributions for the current year from such income, we accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income as such taxable income is earned. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded a net expense of \$9.0 million, \$5.5 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax. The net expense for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014 each included a reduction in expense related to the recording of a requested refund resulting from the overpayment of the prior year's excise tax of \$1.0 million and \$1.7 million, respectively.

Certain of our consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state income taxes. For the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, we recorded a tax expense of approximately \$8.8 million, \$12.8 million and \$3.8 million, respectively, for these subsidiaries. The decrease in income tax expense for our taxable consolidated subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2015 from the comparable period in 2013 was primarily driven by lower realized gains from the exits of certain investments held by such subsidiaries during the year ended December 31, 2015. The increase in income tax expense for our taxable consolidated subsidiaries for the year ended December 31, 2014

from the comparable period in 2013 was primarily driven by the realized gains from the exits of certain investments held by such subsidiaries during the year ended December 31, 2014.

Net Realized Gains/Losses

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we had \$3.7 billion of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$121.3 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$538.1 million of investments sold to IHAM or certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized gain of \$0.6 million was recorded on these transactions. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 for more detail on IHAM and its managed vehicles. Net realized gains on investments of \$121.3 million were comprised of \$125.6 million of gross realized gains and \$4.3 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the year ended December 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

Net Realized				
Gains (Losses)				
\$	25.9			
	13.8			
	11.2			
	8.3			
	8.2			
	8.0			
	5.6			
	5.5			
	4.5			
	30.3			
\$	121.3			
	Gains \$			

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we also recognized net realized gains on foreign currency transactions of \$6.2 million. In addition, during the year ended December 31, 2015, we redeemed the entire \$143.8 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of the unsecured notes that were scheduled to mature on February 15, 2022 (the "February 2022 Notes"). The February 2022 Notes were redeemed at par plus accrued and unpaid interest for a total redemption price of approximately \$144.6 million, which resulted in a realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$3.8 million. We also redeemed the entire \$200.0 million aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2040 Notes (as defined below). The 2040 Notes were redeemed at par plus accrued and unpaid interest for a total redemption price of approximately \$200.6 million, which resulted in a realized loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$6.6 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2014, we had \$3.3 billion of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$91.7 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$219.6 million of investments sold to IHAM or certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized loss of \$0.1 million was recorded on these transactions. Net realized gains on investments of \$91.7 million were comprised of \$153.8 million of gross realized gains and \$62.1 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the year ended December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Net Realized		
Portfolio Company	Gain	s (Losses)	
Insight Pharmaceuticals Corporation	\$	33.1	
The Dwyer Group		21.1	
Waste Pro USA, Inc.		18.4	
Service King Paint & Body, LLC		10.4	
The Thymes, LLC		9.8	
CT Technologies Intermediate Holdings, Inc.		6.7	
ELC Acquisition Corp.		5.9	
VSS-Tranzact Holdings, LLC		5.1	
Platform Acquisition, Inc.		4.7	
Apple & Eve, LLC		4.3	
Pillar Processing LLC		(6.6)	
CitiPostal Inc.		(20.8)	
MVL Group, Inc.		(27.7)	
Other, net		27.3	
Total	\$	91.7	

During the year ended December 31, 2014, we also recognized net realized gains on foreign currency transactions of \$2.2 million. In addition, during the year ended December 31, 2014, we purchased \$0.4 million aggregate principal amount of the 2047 Notes (as defined below) and as a result of these transactions, we recognized realized losses on extinguishment of debt of \$2.2 million.

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we had \$1.8 billion of sales, repayments or exits of investments resulting in \$63.7 million of net realized gains on investments. These sales, repayments or exits included \$442.3 million of investments sold to IHAM or certain vehicles managed by IHAM. A net realized loss of \$0.1 million was recorded on these transactions. Net realized gains on investments of \$63.7 million were comprised of \$112.9 million of gross realized gains and \$49.2 million of gross realized losses.

The net realized gains on investments during the year ended December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

(in millions)	Net Realized		
Portfolio Company	Gains (Losses)		
Passport Health Communications, Inc.	\$	19.8	
Financial Pacific Company		17.7	
Component Hardware Group, Inc.		17.2	
Tradesmen International, Inc.		10.0	
AWTP, LLC		8.7	
Performant Financial Corporation		8.6	
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		7.1	
Performance Food Group, Inc.		4.1	
eInstruction Corporation		(40.3)	
Other, net		10.8	
Total	\$	63.7	

Net Unrealized Gains/Losses

We value our portfolio investments quarterly and the changes in value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses in our consolidated statement of operations. Net unrealized gains and losses for our portfolio for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, were comprised of the following:

	For the Years Ended						
	December 31,						
(in millions)		2015		2014		2013	
Unrealized appreciation	\$	115.7	\$	176.6	\$	106.5	
Unrealized depreciation		(304.2)		(120.4)		(105.1)	
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation reversed related to net realized gains or losses(1)		(60.1)		1.6		(7.0)	
Total net unrealized gains (losses)	\$	(248.6)	\$	57.8	\$	(5.6)	

(1)

The net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation reversed related to net realized gains or losses represents the unrealized appreciation or depreciation recorded on the related asset at the end of the prior period.

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the year ended December 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)				
OTG Management, LLC	\$	27.6			
Ciena Capital LLC		11.3			
Physiotherapy Associates Holdings, Inc.		6.4			
Napa Management Services Corporation		5.6			
UL Holding Co., LLC		4.7			
Lakeland Tours, LLC		4.5			
Spin HoldCo Inc.		(5.6)			
Things Remembered, Inc.		(5.7)			
La Paloma Generating Company, LLC		(6.2)			
10th Street, LLC		(6.4)			
Indra Holdings Corp.		(7.4)			
Green Energy Partners		(8.2)			
Primexx Energy Corporation		(8.3)			
Nodality, Inc.		(8.6)			
Competitor Group, Inc.		(9.3)			
2329497 Ontario Inc.		(9.8)			
Instituto de Banca y Comercio, Inc.		(13.8)			
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC		(14.2)			
Infilaw Holding, LLC		(14.3)			
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		(23.8)			
Petroflow Energy Corporation		(26.4)			
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		(77.1)			
Other, net		(3.5)			
Total	\$	(188.5)			

During the year ended December 31, 2015, we also recognized net unrealized gains on foreign currency and other transactions of \$2.3 million.

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the year ended December 31, 2014 consisted of the following:

	Net Unrealized				
(in millions)	Appreciation				
Portfolio Company	_	reciation)			
10th Street, LLC	\$	43.7			
UL Holding Co., LLC		15.0			
Cast & Crew Payroll, LLC		11.6			
Imperial Capital Private Opportunities, LP		10.1			
Ciena Capital LLC		9.8			
Tripwire, Inc.		8.4			
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC		7.0			
Campus Management Corp.		6.8			
Global Healthcare Exchange, LLC		4.0			
Eckler Industries, Inc.		(4.0)			
OTG Management, LLC		(4.2)			
Orion Foods, LLC		(4.6)			
Community Education Centers, Inc.		(6.9)			
2329497 Ontario Inc.		(7.4)			
The Step2 Company, LLC		(17.1)			
ADF Restaurant Group, LLC		(18.1)			
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		(21.0)			
Other, net		23.1			
Total	\$	56.2			

During the year ended December 31, 2014, we also recognized net unrealized gains on foreign currency transactions of \$1.6 million.

The changes in net unrealized appreciation and depreciation during the year ended December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

(in millions) Portfolio Company	Appr	nrealized eciation eciation)
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC	\$	9.8
Orion Foods, LLC		7.0
10th Street, LLC		6.8
American Broadband Communications, LLC		6.6
Imperial Capital Private Opportunities, LP		5.7
OTG Management, LLC		4.5
The Dwyer Group		4.2
Ciena Capital LLC		(7.7)
Competitor Group, Inc.		(9.5)
Instituto de Banca y Comercio, Inc.		(12.6)
UL Holding Co., LLC		(13.2)
CitiPostal Inc.		(13.8)
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.		(13.9)
Other, net		27.5
Total	\$	1.4

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Our liquidity and capital resources are generated primarily from the net proceeds of public offerings of equity and debt securities, advances from the Facilities, net proceeds from the issuance of other securities, including unsecured notes and the SBA Debentures, as well as cash flows from operations.

As of June 30, 2016, we had \$125.9 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$3.9 billion in total aggregate principal amount of debt outstanding (\$3.8 billion at carrying value). Subject to leverage, borrowing base and other restrictions, we had approximately \$0.9 billion available for additional borrowings under the Facilities and the SBA Debentures as of June 30, 2016.

We may from time to time seek to retire or repurchase our common stock through cash purchases, as well as retire, cancel or purchase our outstanding debt through cash purchases and/or exchanges, in open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such purchases or exchanges, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material. In addition, we may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue additional debt securities, including unsecured debt and/or debt securities convertible into common stock. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the Investment Company Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to borrow amounts such that our asset coverage, calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, is at least 200% after such borrowing. On June 21, 2016, we received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing us to modify our calculation of asset coverage requirements to exclude the SBA Debentures. This exemptive relief provides us with increased investment flexibility but also increases our risk related to leverage. As of June 30, 2016, our asset coverage was 234% (excluding the SBA Debentures).

Equity Capital Activities

The following table summarizes the total shares issued and proceeds received in public offerings of our common stock net of underwriting discounts and offering costs for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013.

(in millions, except per share data)	Shares issued	pr	ffering ice per nare(1)	(roceeds net of underwriting discounts and offering costs
July 2014 public offering	15.5	\$	16.63	\$	257.7
Total for the year ended December 31, 2014 2013	15.5			\$	257.7
December 2013 public offering October 2013 public offering	16.4 12.7	\$	17.47 16.98	\$	286.0 214.3
April 2013 public offering	19.1	\$	17.43	\$	333.2
Total for the year ended December 31, 2013	48.2			\$	833.5

(1)

The shares were sold to the underwriters for a price equal to the offering price per share, which the underwriters were then permitted to sell at variable prices to the public.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, our total equity market capitalization was \$4.5 billion and \$4.5 billion, respectively. There were no sales of our equity securities during the six months ended June 30, 2016 or during the year ended December 31, 2015.

In September 2015, our board of directors approved a stock repurchase program authorizing us to repurchase up to \$100 million in the aggregate of our outstanding common stock in the open market at certain thresholds below our net asset value per share, in accordance with the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act of. The timing, manner, price and amount of any share repurchases will be determined by us, in our discretion, based upon the evaluation of economic and market conditions, stock price, applicable legal and regulatory requirements and other factors. Our stock repurchase program expires on February 28, 2017. The program does not require us to repurchase any specific number of shares and we cannot assure stockholders that any shares will be repurchased under the program. The program may be suspended, extended, modified or discontinued at any time. As of June 30, 2016, we had repurchased a total of 514,677 shares of our common stock in the open market under the stock repurchase program since its inception in September 2015, at an average price of \$13.92 per share, including commissions paid, leaving approximately \$92.8 million available for additional repurchases under the program.

In connection with our stock repurchase program, in March 2016, we entered into a Rule 10b5-1 plan to repurchase shares of our common stock in accordance with certain parameters set forth in such plan. In May 2016, we suspended our stock repurchase program pending the completion of the American Capital Acquisition. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" below and Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information. During the six months ended June 30, 2016, we repurchased a total of 393,056 shares of our common stock in the open market for \$5.5 million under the stock repurchase program. The shares were repurchased at an average price of \$13.94 per share, including commissions paid.

A a a f

Debt Capital Activities

(1)

Our debt obligations consisted of the following as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015:

					A	s of				
		Jun Total	e 30, 2016	30, 2016 December 31, 2015 Total						
	A	ggregate		Aggregate						
		rincipal					Principal			
		Amount vailable/	Principal	(Carrying		Amount Available/	Principal	c	Carrying
(in millions)		standing(1)	Amount	•	Value		tstanding(1)	Amount		Value
Revolving Credit										
Facility	\$	1,265.0(2)\$	1,165.0	\$	1,165.0	\$	1,290.0(2)	\$ 515.0	\$	515.0
Revolving Funding										
Facility		540.0(3)	53.0		53.0		540.0	250.0		250.0
SMBC Funding Facility		400.0	122.0		122.0		400.0	110.0		110.0
SBA Debentures		75.0	25.0		24.4		75.0	22.0		21.4
February 2016										
Convertible Notes						(4)	575.0	575.0		573.9(5)
June 2016 Convertible										
Notes						(4)	230.0	230.0		228.0(5)
2017 Convertible Notes		162.5	162.5		161.0(5)	162.5	162.5		160.0(5)
2018 Convertible Notes		270.0	270.0		265.7(5)	270.0	270.0		264.4(5)
2019 Convertible Notes		300.0	300.0		295.3(5)	300.0	300.0		294.5(5)
2018 Notes		750.0	750.0		744.1(6)	750.0	750.0		743.0(6)
2020 Notes		600.0	600.0		594.9(7)	600.0	600.0		594.2(7)
October 2022 Notes		182.5	182.5		178.2(8)	182.5	182.5		177.9(8)
2047 Notes		229.6	229.6		181.7(9)	229.6	229.6		181.6(9)
Total	\$	4,774.6	3,859.6	\$	3,785.3	\$	5,604.6	\$ 4,196.6	\$	4,113.9

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Subject to borrowing base, leverage and other restrictions. Represents the total aggregate amount committed or outstanding, as applicable, under such instrument.

- Provides for a feature that allows us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility to a maximum of \$1,897.5 million.
- Provides for a feature that allows us and our consolidated subsidiary, Ares Capital CP Funding LLC ("Ares Capital CP"), under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the Revolving Funding Facility to a maximum of \$865.0 million.
- (4) See below for more information on the repayment of the February 2016 Convertible Notes and the June 2016 Convertible Notes.
- Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the Convertible Unsecured Notes (as defined below), the February 2016 Convertible Notes and the June 2016 Convertible Notes less unamortized debt issuance costs and the unaccreted discount recorded upon the issuances of such notes. As of June 30, 2016, the total unamortized debt issuance costs and the unaccreted discount for the 2017 Convertible Notes, the 2018 Convertible Notes and the 2019 Convertible Notes (each as defined below) were \$1.5 million, \$4.3 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2015, the total unamortized debt issuance costs and the unaccreted discount for the February 2016 Convertible Notes, the June 2016 Convertible Notes, the 2017 Convertible Notes, the 2018 Convertible Notes and the 2019 Convertible Notes were \$1.1 million, \$2.0 million, \$5.6 million and \$5.5 million, respectively.
- (6)

 Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2018 Notes (as defined below) less unamortized debt issuance costs plus the net unamortized premium that was recorded upon the issuances of the 2018 Notes. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the total unamortized debt issuance costs less the net unamortized premium were \$5.9 million and \$7.0 million, respectively.
- (7)

 Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2020 Notes (as defined below) less unamortized debt issuance costs and the net unaccreted discount recorded upon the issuances of the 2020 Notes. As of June 30, 2016, and December 31, 2015, the total unamortized debt issuance costs and the net unaccreted discount were \$5.1 million and \$5.8 million, respectively.
- (8)

 Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the October 2022 Notes (as defined below) less unamortized debt issuance costs. As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the unamortized debt issuance costs were \$4.3 million and \$4.6 million, respectively.
- (9)

 Represents the aggregate principal amount outstanding of the 2047 Notes (as defined below) less the unaccreted purchased discount recorded as part of the acquisition of Allied Capital Corporation in April 2010 (the "Allied Acquisition"). As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, the total unaccreted purchased discount was \$47.9 million and \$48.0 million, respectively.

The weighted average stated interest rate and weighted average maturity, both on aggregate principal amount, of all our debt outstanding as of June 30, 2016 were 3.9% and 5.2 years, respectively, and as of December 31, 2015 were 4.4% and 4.5 years, respectively.

The ratio of total principal amount of debt outstanding to stockholders' equity as of June 30, 2016 was 0.74:1.00 compared to 0.81:1.00 as of December 31, 2015.

Revolving Credit Facility

We are party to a senior secured revolving credit facility (as amended and restated, the "Revolving Credit Facility"), which allows us to borrow up to \$1,265.0 million at any one time outstanding. For \$1,195.0 million of the Revolving Credit Facility, the end of the revolving period and the stated maturity date are May 4, 2020 and May 4, 2021, respectively. For the remaining \$70 million of the Revolving Credit Facility, the end of the revolving period and the stated maturity date are May 4, 2019 and May 4, 2020, respectively. The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for a feature that allowed us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the Revolving Credit Facility to a maximum of \$1,897.5 million. The interest rate charged on the Revolving Credit Facility is based on an applicable spread of either 1.75% or 2.00% over LIBOR or 0.75% or 1.00% over an "alternate base"

rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the Revolving Credit Facility), in each case, determined monthly based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the total commitments of the Revolving Credit Facility and other debt, if any, secured by the same collateral as the Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2016, the interest rate in effect was LIBOR plus 1.75%. We are also required to pay a letter of credit fee of either 2.00% or 2.25% per annum on letters of credit issued, determined monthly based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the total commitments of the Revolving Credit Facility and other debt, if any, secured by the same collateral as the Revolving Credit Facility. Additionally, we are required to pay a commitment fee of 0.375% per annum on any unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$1,165.0 million outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility and we were in compliance in all material respects with the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility.

Revolving Funding Facility

Ares Capital CP is party to a revolving funding facility (as amended, the "Revolving Funding Facility"), which allows Ares Capital CP to borrow up to \$540.0 million at any one time outstanding. The Revolving Funding Facility is secured by all of the assets held by, and the membership interest in, Ares Capital CP. The end of the reinvestment period and the stated maturity date for the Revolving Funding Facility is May 14, 2017 and May 14, 2019, respectively. The Revolving Funding Facility also provides for a feature that allows, under certain circumstances, for an increase in the size of the Revolving Funding Facility to a maximum of \$865.0 million. See Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for information regarding a potential amendment to the Revolving Funding Facility in connection with the American Capital Acquisition. The interest rate charged on the Revolving Funding Facility is based on an applicable spread ranging from 2.25% to 2.50% over LIBOR or ranging from 1.25% to 1.50% over a "base rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the Revolving Funding Facility) in each case, determined monthly based on the composition of the borrowing base relative to outstanding borrowings under the Revolving Funding Facility. As of June 30, 2016, the interest rate in effect was LIBOR plus 2.25%. Additionally, Ares Capital CP is required to pay a commitment fee of between 0.50% and 1.50% per annum depending on the size of the unused portion of the Revolving Funding Facility. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$53.0 million outstanding under the Revolving Funding Facility and we and Ares Capital CP were in compliance in all material respects with the terms of the Revolving Funding Facility. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" below for more information on the Revolving Funding Facility.

SMBC Funding Facility

Our consolidated subsidiary, Ares Capital JB Funding LLC ("ACJB"), is party to a revolving funding facility (as amended, the "SMBC Funding Facility"), which allows ACJB to borrow up to \$400.0 million at any one time outstanding. The SMBC Funding Facility is secured by all of the assets held by ACJB. As of June 30, 2016, the end of the reinvestment period and the stated maturity date for the SMBC Funding Facility were September 14, 2017 and September 14, 2022, respectively. The reinvestment period and the stated maturity date are both subject to two one-year extensions by mutual agreement. The interest rate charged on the SMBC Funding Facility is based on an applicable spread of either 1.75% or 2.00% over LIBOR or 0.75% or 1.00% over a "base rate" (as defined in the agreements governing the SMBC Funding Facility), in each case, determined monthly based on the amount of the average borrowings outstanding under the SMBC Funding Facility. As of June 30, 2016, the interest rate in effect was LIBOR plus 1.75%. Additionally, ACJB is required to pay a commitment fee of between 0.35% and 0.875% per annum depending on the size of the unused portion of the SMBC Funding Facility. As of June 30, 2016, there was \$122.0 million outstanding under the SMBC Funding Facility and we and ACJB were in compliance in all material respects with the terms of the SMBC Funding Facility.

SBA Debentures

In April 2015, our wholly owned subsidiary, AVF LP, received a license from the SBA to operate as a SBIC under the provisions of Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act. The SBA places certain limitations on the financing of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies, including regulating the types of financings, restricting investments to only include small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries, and requiring capitalization thresholds that may limit distributions to us.

The license from the SBA allows AVF LP to obtain leverage by issuing the SBA Debentures, subject to issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. Leverage through the SBA Debentures is subject to required capitalization thresholds. Current SBA regulations limit the amount that any SBIC may borrow to \$150.0 million and as of June 30, 2016, the amount of the SBA Debentures committed to AVF LP by the SBA was \$75.0 million. The SBA Debentures are non-recourse to us, have interest payable semi-annually, have a ten-year maturity and may be prepaid at any time without penalty. As of June 30, 2016, AVF LP had \$25.0 million of the SBA Debentures issued and outstanding, which mature between September 2025 and March 2026. As of June 30, 2016, AVF LP was in compliance in all material respects with SBA regulatory requirements.

The interest rate for the SBA Debentures is fixed at the time the SBA Debentures and other applicable issued SBA- guaranteed debentures can be pooled and sold to the public and is based on a spread over U.S. treasury notes with ten-year maturities. The pooling of newly issued SBA-guaranteed debentures occurs twice per year. The spread includes an annual charge as determined by the SBA (the "Annual Charge") as well as a market-driven component. Prior to the ten-year fixed interest rate being determined, the interest rate charged for the SBA Debentures is based on LIBOR plus an applicable spread of 0.30% and the Annual Charge. As of June 30, 2016, the weighted average interest rate in effect for the SBA Debentures was 3.48%.

Convertible Unsecured Notes

We have issued \$162.5 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes that mature on March 15, 2017 (the "2017 Convertible Notes"), \$270.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2018 (the "2018 Convertible Notes") and \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured convertible notes that mature on January 15, 2019 (the "2019 Convertible Notes"). The Convertible Notes mature upon their respective maturity dates unless previously converted or repurchased in accordance with their terms. We do not have the right to redeem the Convertible Unsecured Notes prior to maturity. The 2017 Convertible Notes, the 2018 Convertible Notes and the 2019 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.875%, 4.750% and 4.375%, respectively, per year, payable semi-annually.

In certain circumstances, the Convertible Unsecured Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, at their respective conversion rates (listed below as of June 30, 2016) subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments and the requirements of their respective indenture (the "Convertible Unsecured Notes Indentures"). Prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding their respective conversion date (listed below), holders may convert their Convertible Unsecured Notes only under certain circumstances set forth in the respective Convertible Unsecured Notes Indenture. On or after their respective conversion dates until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding their respective maturity date, holders may convert their Convertible Unsecured Notes at any time. In addition, if we engage in certain corporate events as described in their respective Convertible Unsecured Notes Indenture, holders of the Convertible Unsecured Notes may require us to repurchase for cash all or part of the Convertible Unsecured Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the

principal amount of the Convertible Unsecured Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest through, but excluding, the required repurchase date.

Certain key terms related to the convertible features for each of the Convertible Unsecured Notes as of June 30, 2016 are listed below.

	2017 Convertible Notes	2018 Convertible Notes	2019 Convertible Notes
Conversion premium	17.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Closing stock price at issuance	\$16.46	\$16.91	\$17.53
Closing stock price date	March 8, 2012	October 3, 2012	July 15, 2013
Conversion price(1)	\$18.88	\$19.64	\$19.99
Conversion rate (shares per one thousand dollar principal amount)(1)	52.9678	50.9054	50.0292
Conversion dates	September 15, 2016	July 15, 2017	July 15, 2018

(1)

Represents conversion price and conversion rate, as applicable, as of June 30, 2016, taking into account certain de minimis adjustments that will be made on the conversion date.

In February 2016, we repaid in full the February 2016 Convertible Notes upon their maturity. In June 2016, we repaid in full the June 2016 Convertible Notes upon their maturity.

Unsecured Notes

2018 Notes

We have issued \$750.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes, which bear interest at a rate of 4.875% per year and mature on November 30, 2018 (the "2018 Notes"). The 2018 Notes require payment of interest semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. These notes are redeemable in whole or in part at any time at our option at a redemption price equal to par plus a "make whole" premium, as determined pursuant to the indenture governing the 2018 Notes, and any accrued and unpaid interest. \$600.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes were issued at a discount to the principal amount and \$150.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2018 Notes were issued at a premium of 102.7% of their principal amount.

2020 Notes

We have issued \$600.0 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes, which bear interest at a rate of 3.875% per year and mature on January 15, 2020 (the "2020 Notes"). The 2020 Notes require payment of interest semi-annually, and all principal is due upon maturity. These notes are redeemable in whole or in part at any time at our option at a redemption price equal to par plus a "make whole" premium, if applicable, as determined pursuant to the indenture governing the 2020 Notes, and any accrued and unpaid interest. \$400.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes were issued at a discount to the principal amount and \$200.0 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2020 Notes were issued at a premium of 100.2% of their principal amount.

October 2022 Notes

We have issued \$182.5 million in aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes, which bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year and mature on October 1, 2022 (the "October 2022 Notes"). The October 2022 Notes require payment of interest quarterly and all principal is due upon maturity. These notes are redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option, at a par redemption price of \$25.00 per security plus accrued and unpaid interest.

2047 Notes

As part of the Allied Acquisition, we assumed \$230.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes which bear interest at a rate of 6.875% and mature on April 15, 2047 (the "2047 Notes" and together with the 2018 Notes, the 2020 Notes and the October 2022 Notes, the "Unsecured Notes"). The 2047 Notes require payment of interest quarterly, and all principal is due upon maturity. These notes are redeemable in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at our option, at a par redemption price of \$25.00 per security plus accrued and unpaid interest.

As of June 30, 2016, we were in compliance in all material respects with the terms of the Convertible Unsecured Notes Indentures and the indentures governing the Unsecured Notes.

The Convertible Unsecured Notes and the Unsecured Notes are our senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to any future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Unsecured Notes and the Unsecured Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future unsecured indebtedness that is not expressly subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including existing unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

See Note 5 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on our debt obligations.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

A summary of the maturities of our principal amounts of debt and other contractual payment obligations as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Payments Due by Period									
	Less than									After
(in millions)		Total	1	year	1	1-3 years	3	-5 years	5	years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	515.0	\$		\$		\$	515.0	\$	
Revolving Funding Facility		250.0						250.0		
SMBC Funding Facility		110.0								110.0
SBA Debentures		22.0								22.0
February 2016 Convertible Notes		575.0		575.0						
June 2016 Convertible Notes		230.0		230.0						
2017 Convertible Notes		162.5				162.5				
2018 Convertible Notes		270.0				270.0				
2019 Convertible Notes		300.0						300.0		
2018 Notes		750.0				750.0				
2020 Notes		600.0						600.0		
October 2022 Notes		182.5								182.5
2047 Notes		229.6								229.6
Operating lease obligations		94.1		9.2		18.4		18.0		48.5
	\$	4,290.7	\$	814.2	\$	1,200.9	\$	1,683.0	\$	592.6

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We have various commitments to fund investments in our portfolio, as described below.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we had the following commitments to fund various revolving and delayed draw senior secured and subordinated loans, including commitments to fund which are at (or substantially at) our discretion:

	As of			
(in millions)	_	ine 30, 2016		nber 31, 015
Total revolving and delayed draw loan commitments	\$	383.7	\$	418.9
Less: drawn commitments		(93.9)		(122.9)
Total undrawn commitments		289.8		296.0
Less: commitments substantially at our discretion		(6.8)		(6.0)
Less: unavailable commitments due to borrowing base or other covenant restrictions				
Total net adjusted undrawn revolving and delayed draw loan commitments	\$	283.0	\$	290.0

Included within the total revolving and delayed draw loan commitments as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were delayed draw loan commitments totaling \$147.0 million and \$148.6 million, respectively. Our commitment to fund delayed draw loans is triggered upon the satisfaction of certain pre-negotiated terms and conditions. Generally, the most significant and uncertain term requires the borrower to satisfy a specific use of proceeds covenant. The use of proceeds covenant typically requires the borrower to use the additional loans for the specific purpose of a permitted acquisition or permitted investment, for example. In addition to the use of proceeds covenant, the borrower is generally required to satisfy additional negotiated covenants (including specified leverage levels).

Also included within the total revolving and delayed draw loan commitments as of June 30, 2016 were commitments to issue up to \$46.6 million in letters of credit through a financial intermediary on behalf of certain portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016, we had \$14.0 million in letters of credit issued and outstanding under these commitments on behalf of the portfolio companies. For all these letters of credit issued and outstanding, we would be required to make payments to third parties if the portfolio companies were to default on their related payment obligations. None of these letters of credit issued and outstanding are recorded as a liability on our balance sheet as such letters of credit are considered in the valuation of the investments in the portfolio company. Of these letters of credit, \$2.9 million expire in 2016 and \$11.1 million expire in 2017.

We also have commitments to co-invest in the SSLP for our portion of the SSLP's commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain portfolio companies of the SSLP. See "Senior Secured Loan Program" above and Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information.

As of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, we were party to subscription agreements to fund equity investments in private equity investment partnerships as follows:

	As of				
	Ju	ne 30,	December 31,		
(in millions)	2	2016	2015		
Total private equity commitments	\$	107.0	\$ 107.0		
Less: funded private equity commitments		(21.2)	(20.9)		
Total unfunded private equity commitments		85.8	86.1		
Less: private equity commitments substantially at our discretion		(84.5)	(84.6)		
Total net adjusted unfunded private equity commitments	\$	1.3	\$ 1.5		

In the ordinary course of business, we may sell certain of our investments to third party purchasers. In particular, in connection with the sale of certain controlled portfolio company equity investments (as well as certain other sales), we have, and may continue to do so in the future, agreed to indemnify such purchasers for future liabilities arising from the investments and the related sale transaction. Such indemnification provisions have given rise to liabilities in the past and may do so in the future.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

From July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we made new investment commitments of approximately \$469 million, of which \$343 million were funded. As discussed further below, included in the \$469 million of new investment commitments was our \$217 million initial investment commitment in the SDLP Certificates, of which \$194 million was funded, to make co-investments with Varagon and its clients in first lien senior secured loans through the SDLP. Overall, of the total new commitments, 46% were in investments in the SDLP Certificates, 21% were in first lien senior secured loans, 19% were in senior subordinated loans, 13% were in second lien senior secured loans and 1% were in other equity securities. Of the approximately \$469 million of new investment commitments, 80% were floating rate, 19% were fixed rate and 1% were non-interest bearing. The weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities funded during the period at amortized cost was 11.7%. We may seek to sell all or a portion of these new investment commitments, although there can be no assurance that we will be able to do so.

In July 2016, we and Varagon and its clients completed the initial funding of the SDLP. As part of the initial funding, pursuant to a forward sale agreement between us and the SDLP, we sold \$529 million of investment commitments to the SDLP, including \$55 million of unfunded commitments, and recorded no realized gains or losses. Varagon and its clients sold \$503 million of investment commitments to the SDLP, including \$51 million of unfunded commitments. Immediately following these sales to the SDLP, the funded SDLP portfolio totaled \$926 million and was comprised of 10 first lien senior secured loans to U.S. middle-market companies and the unfunded commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies totaled \$106 million. To support the acquisition of the initial funded portfolio by the SDLP, clients of Varagon provided \$704 million of capital to the SDLP in the form of notes and \$28 million in the form of SDLP Certificates, while we provided \$194 million of capital in the form of SDLP Certificates. We and a client of Varagon own 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of the outstanding SDLP Certificates. We estimate that the initial yield on our investment in the SDLP Certificates will be at least 13.5%. Following this initial funding, the SDLP will make first lien senior secured loans directly to U.S. middle-market companies.

From July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we exited approximately \$752 million of investment commitments. Included in the \$752 million commitments exited were \$529 million of investment commitments sold to the SDLP. Of the total investment commitments, 73% were first lien senior secured loans, 26% were second lien senior secured loans and 1% were senior subordinated loans. Of the approximately \$752 million of exited investment commitments, 99% were floating rate and 1% were fixed rate. The weighted average yield of debt and other income producing securities exited or repaid during the period at amortized cost was 8.1%. On the approximately \$752 million of investment commitments exited from July 1, 2016 through July 27, 2016, we recognized total net realized gains of approximately \$9 million.

In addition, as of July 27, 2016, we had an investment backlog and pipeline of approximately \$555 million and \$525 million, respectively. Investment backlog includes transactions approved by our investment adviser's investment committee and/or for which a formal mandate, letter of intent or a signed commitment have been issued, and therefore we believe are likely to close. Investment pipeline includes transactions where due diligence and analysis are in process, but no formal mandate, letter of intent or signed commitment have been issued. The consummation of any of the investments in this

backlog and pipeline depends upon, among other things, one or more of the following: satisfactory completion of our due diligence investigation of the prospective portfolio company, our acceptance of the terms and structure of such investment and the execution and delivery of satisfactory transaction documentation. In addition, we may sell all or a portion of these investments and certain of these investments may result in the repayment of existing investments. We cannot assure you that we will make any of these investments or that we will sell all or any portion of these investments.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with GAAP, and include the accounts of ours and our consolidated subsidiaries. We are an investment company following accounting and reporting guidance in ASC 946. The consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments and reclassifications that, in the opinion of management, are necessary for the fair presentation of the results of the operations and financial condition as of and for the periods presented. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

Interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP for interim financial information and pursuant to the requirements for reporting on Form 10-Q and Articles 6 or 10 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of financial statements for the interim period presented, have been included. The current period's results of operations will not necessarily be indicative of results that ultimately may be achieved for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include funds from time to time deposited with financial institutions and short-term, liquid investments in a money market account. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost which approximates fair value.

Concentration of Credit Risk

We place our cash and cash equivalents with financial institutions and, at times, cash held in money market accounts may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit.

Investments

Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the amortized cost basis of the investment using the specific identification method without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. Unrealized gains or losses primarily reflect the change in investment values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses when gains or losses are realized.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at such market quotations. In order to validate market quotations, we look at a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and nature of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available (i.e., substantially all of our investments) are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, based on, among other things, the input of our investment adviser, audit committee and independent third-party valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of our board of directors to assist in the valuation of each portfolio investment without a readily available market

quotation at least once during a trailing 12-month period (with certain de minimis exceptions) and under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, and a minimum of 55% of our portfolio at fair value is subject to review by an independent valuation firm each quarter. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm obtains an understanding of, and performs select procedures relating to, our investment valuation process within the context of performing the integrated audit.

As part of the valuation process, we may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments: the enterprise value of a portfolio company (the entire value of the portfolio company to a market participant, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets, which may affect the price at which similar investments would trade in their principal markets and other relevant factors. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation.

Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, as described herein. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which we have recorded it.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the valuations currently assigned.

Our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with our portfolio management team.

Preliminary valuations are reviewed and discussed with our investment adviser's management and investment professionals, and then valuation recommendations are presented to our board of directors.

The audit committee of our board of directors reviews these valuations, as well as the input of third parties, including independent third-party valuation firms, who review a minimum of 55% of our portfolio at fair value.

Our board of directors discusses valuations and ultimately determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio without a readily available market quotation in good faith based on, among other things, the input of our investment adviser, audit committee and, where applicable, independent third-party valuation firms.

See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 and Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on our valuation process.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis and includes the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums. Discounts from and premiums to par value on securities purchased are accreted/amortized into interest income over the life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the accretion of discounts and amortization of premiums, if any.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. We may make exceptions to this policy if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded as dividend income on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

Payment-in-Kind Interest

We have loans in our portfolio that contain PIK provisions. The PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in each loan agreement, is added to the principal balance of the loan and recorded as interest income. To maintain our status as a RIC, this non-cash source of income must be paid out to stockholders in the form of dividends, even though we have not yet collected the cash.

Capital Structuring Service Fees and Other Income

Our investment adviser seeks to provide assistance to our portfolio companies and in return we may receive fees for capital structuring services. These fees are generally only available to us as a result of our underlying investments, are normally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that our investment adviser provides vary by investment, but generally include reviewing existing credit facilities, arranging bank financing, arranging equity financing, structuring financing from multiple lenders, structuring financing from multiple equity investors, restructuring existing loans, raising equity and debt capital, and providing general financial advice, which concludes upon closing of the investment. Any services of the above nature subsequent to the closing would generally generate a separate fee payable to us. In certain instances where we are invited to participate as a co-lender in a transaction and do not provide significant services in connection with the investment, a portion of loan fees paid to us in such situations will be deferred and amortized over the estimated life of the loan.

Other income includes fees for management and consulting services, loan guarantees, commitments, amendments and other services rendered by us to portfolio companies. Such fees are recognized as income when earned or the services are rendered.

Foreign Currency Translation

Our books and records are maintained in U.S. dollars. Any foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- (1) Fair value of investment securities, other assets and liabilities at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the period.
- Purchases and sales of investment securities, income and expenses at the exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions, income or expenses.

Results of operations based on changes in foreign exchange rates are separately disclosed in the statement of operations, if any. Foreign security and currency translations may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies and U.S. government securities. These risks include, but are not limited to, currency fluctuations and revaluations and future adverse political, social and economic developments, which could cause investments in foreign markets to be less liquid and prices more volatile than those of comparable U.S. companies or U.S. government securities.

Derivative Instruments

We do not utilize hedge accounting and as such we value our derivatives at fair value with the unrealized gains or losses recorded in "net unrealized gains (losses) from foreign currency and other transactions" in our consolidated statement of operations.

Equity Offering Expenses

Our offering costs, excluding underwriters' fees, are charged against the proceeds from equity offerings when received.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs are amortized over the life of the related debt instrument using the straight line method or the effective yield method, depending on the type of debt instrument.

Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code and operate in a manner so as to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must (among other requirements) meet certain source-of- income and asset diversification requirements and timely distribute to our stockholders at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, for each year. We (among other requirements) have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders, which will generally relieve us from U.S. federal corporate-level income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we may choose to carry forward taxable income in excess of current year dividend distributions from such current year taxable income into the next tax year and pay a 4% excise tax on such income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year taxable income will be in excess of estimated dividend distributions for the current year, we accrue excise tax, if any, on estimated excess taxable income as such taxable income is earned.

Certain of our consolidated subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal and state corporate-level income taxes.

Dividends to Common Stockholders

Dividends and distributions to common stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by our board of directors each quarter and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by management. Net realized capital gains, if any, are generally distributed, although we may decide to retain such capital gains for investment.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any distributions we declare in cash on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend. We intend to use primarily newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan (so long as we are trading at a premium to net asset value). If our shares are trading at a discount to net asset value and we are otherwise permitted under applicable law to purchase such shares, we may purchase shares in the open market in connection with our obligations under our dividend reinvestment plan. However, we reserve the right to issue new shares of our common stock in connection with our obligations under the dividend reinvestment plan even if our shares are trading below net asset value.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of actual and contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income or loss and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include the valuation of investments.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2015, the Financial Accounting Standards Board the ("FASB") issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs, The new guidance modifies the requirements for reporting debt issuance costs. Under the amendments in ASU No. 2015-03, debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability will no longer be recorded as a separate asset, but will be presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability, consistent with debt discounts. The recognition and measurement guidance for debt issuance costs are not affected by ASU No. 2015-03. In addition, in August 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-15, Interest-Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30). The additional guidance reiterates that the SEC would not object to an entity deferring and presenting debt issuance costs related to a line of credit arrangement as an asset and subsequently amortizing the deferred debt issuance costs ratably over the term of the line of credit arrangement, regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings. ASU No. 2015-03 and ASU No. 2015-15 are required to be applied retrospectively for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company adopted ASU No. 2015-03 as of March 31, 2016. Prior to ASU No. 2015-03, deferred debt issuance costs related to term debt were reported on the balance sheet as other assets and amortized as interest expense. The consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015 has been adjusted to apply the change in accounting principle retrospectively. There is no effect on the statement of operations as a result of the change in accounting principle. Debt issuance costs related to term debt of \$24.5 million previously reported within other assets on the consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2015 were reclassified as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the related debt liability. ASU No. 2015-03 had no impact on the presentation or amortization of the debt issuance costs related to the Company's revolving credit facilities.

In May 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-07, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent). The new guidance removed the requirement that investments for which net asset value is determined based on practical expedient reliance be reported utilizing the fair value hierarchy. ASU No. 2015-07 is required to be applied retrospectively for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. The Company adopted ASU No. 2015-07 as of March 31, 2016, and thereby removed any investments valued in this manner from the fair value disclosures. See Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2015 and Note 8 to our consolidated financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information regarding the impact on the fair value disclosures.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." The guidance in this ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in "Revenue Recognition (Topic 605)." Under the new guidance, an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The amendments in ASU No. 2014-09 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods within that reporting period. In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Principal versus Agent Considerations*, which clarifies the guidance in ASU No. 2014-09 and has the same effective date as the original standard. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing, an update on identifying performance obligations and accounting for licenses of intellectual property. Additionally, in May 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients, which includes amendments for enhanced clarification of the guidance. Earlier application is permitted only as of annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in *Leases (Topic 840)*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for those leases previously classified as operating leases. The amendments in ASU No. 2016-02 are effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within that reporting period, with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting this ASU on its consolidated financial statements.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including changes in interest rates and the valuations of our investment portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in our earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. Because we fund a portion of our investments with borrowings, our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

As of June 30, 2016, 80% of the investments at fair value in our portfolio bore interest at variable rates, 10% bore interest at fixed rates, 9% were non-interest earning and 1% were on non-accrual status. Additionally, for the variable rate investments, 73% of these investments contained

interest rate floors (representing 59% of total investments at fair value). Also, as of June 30, 2016, all the loans made through the SSLP contained interest rate floors. The Facilities all bear interest at variable rates with no interest rate floors, while the SBA Debentures, the Unsecured Notes and the Convertible Unsecured Notes bear interest at fixed rates.

We regularly measure our exposure to interest rate risk. We assess interest rate risk and manage our interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis by comparing our interest rate sensitive assets to our interest rate sensitive liabilities. Based on that review, we determine whether or not any hedging transactions are necessary to mitigate exposure to changes in interest rates.

While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments. In addition, there can be no assurance that we will be able to effectively hedge our interest rate risk.

Based on our June 30, 2016, balance sheet, the following table shows the annual impact on net income of base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate floors for variable rate instruments) assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(in millions) Basis Point Change	Interest Interest Income Expense				In	Net ncome(1)
Up 300 basis points	\$	190.0	\$	40.2	\$	149.8
Up 200 basis points	\$	116.7	\$	26.8	\$	89.9
Up 100 basis points	\$	43.4	\$	13.4	\$	30.0
Down 100 basis points	\$	7.7	\$	(6.6)	\$	14.3
Down 200 basis points	\$	7.5	\$	(6.6)	\$	14.1
Down 300 basis points	\$	7.5	\$	(6.6)	\$	14.1

(1) Excludes the impact of income based fees. See Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on the income based fees.

Based on our December 31, 2015, balance sheet, the following table shows the annual impact on net income of base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate floors for variable rate instruments) assuming no changes in our investment and borrowing structure:

(in millions) Basis Point Change	 terest come	In Ex	Net Income(1)				
Up 300 basis points	\$ 177.0	\$	26.6	\$	150.4		
Up 200 basis points	\$ 105.4	\$	17.9	\$	87.5		
Up 100 basis points	\$ 33.9	\$	9.1	\$	24.8		
Down 100 basis points	\$ 14.2	\$	(3.4)	\$	17.6		
Down 200 basis points	\$ 14.0	\$	(3.4)	\$	17.4		
Down 300 basis points	\$ 14.0	\$	(3.4)	\$	17.4		

(1)

Excludes the impact of income based fees. See Note 3 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for more information on the income based fees.

SENIOR SECURITIES (dollar amounts in thousands, except per unit data)

Information about our senior securities (including preferred stock, debt securities and other indebtedness) is shown in the following tables as of the end of the last ten fiscal years and as of June 30, 2016. The report of our independent registered public accounting firm, KPMG LLP, on the senior securities table as of December 31, 2015, is attached as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement is a part. The " " indicates information that the SEC expressly does not require to be disclosed for certain types of senior securities.

	Ot Ex	tal Amount utstanding sclusive of Freasury	Cov	sset erage	Involuntary Liquidating Preference	Average Market Value
Class and Year Revolving Credit Facility	Se	curities(1)	Per	Unit(2)	Per Unit(3)	Per Unit(4)
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	1,165,000	\$	2.341	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2015 (as of Julie 30, 2010, unaudited)	\$	515,000	\$	2,341	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	170,000	\$	2,213	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	170,000	\$	2,272	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$		\$		\$	N/A
Fiscal 2011	\$	395,000	\$	2.393	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2010	\$	146,000	\$	3,079	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2009	\$	474,144	\$	2,294	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2008	\$	480,486	\$	2,201	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2007	\$	282,528	\$	2,644	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2006	\$	193,000	\$	2,628	\$	N/A
Revolving Funding Facility		,		,		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	53,000	\$	2,341	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	250,000	\$	2,213	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	324,000	\$	2,292	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	185,000	\$	2,547	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	300,000	\$	2,721	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2011	\$	463,000	\$	2,393	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2010	\$	242,050	\$	3,079	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2009	\$	221,569	\$	2,294	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2008	\$	114,300	\$	2,201	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2007	\$	85,000	\$	2,644	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2006	\$	15,000	\$	2,628	\$	N/A
Revolving Funding II Facility						
Fiscal 2009	\$		\$		\$	N/A
SMBC Revolving Funding Facility						
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	122,000	\$	2,341	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	110,000	\$	2,213	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	62,000	\$	2,292	\$	N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$		\$		\$	N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$		\$		\$	N/A
SBA Debentures						
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	25,000	\$		\$	N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	22,000	\$	2,213	\$	N/A
Debt Securitization						
Fiscal 2011	\$	77,531	\$ 139	2,393	\$	N/A

Class and Year	Ou Ex T	eal Amount atstanding aclusive of Treasury curities(1)	Cov	sset erage Jnit(2)	Involuntary Liquidating Preference Per Unit(3)	Averag Market Va Per Unite	alue
Fiscal 2010	\$	155,297	\$	3,079	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2009	\$	273,752	\$	2,294	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2008	\$	314,000	\$	2,201	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2007	\$	314,000	\$	2,644	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2006	\$	274,000	\$	2,628	\$		N/A
February 2016 Convertible Notes	Ψ	27 1,000	Ψ	2,020	Ψ		1 1/2 1
Fiscal 2015	\$	575,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	575,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	575,000	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	575,000	\$	2,721	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2011	\$	575,000	\$	2,393	\$		N/A
June 2016 Convertible Notes	Ψ	373,000	Ψ	2,373	Ψ		1 1/1 1
Fiscal 2015	\$	230,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	230,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	230,000	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	230,000	\$	2,721	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	230,000	\$	2,393	\$		N/A
2017 Convertible Notes	Ψ	230,000	Ψ	2,373	Ψ		1 1/7 1
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	162,500	\$	2,341	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	162,500	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	162,500	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	162,500	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	162,500	\$	2,721	\$		N/A
2018 Convertible Notes		- ,		,-	·		
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	270,000	\$	2,341	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	270,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	270,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	270,000	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2012	\$	270,000	\$	2,721	\$		N/A
2019 Convertible Notes		·		ŕ			
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	300,000	\$	2,341	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	300,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	300,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	300,000	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
2011 Notes							
Fiscal 2010	\$	300,584	\$	3,079	\$	\$ 1	,018
2012 Notes							
Fiscal 2010	\$	161,210	\$	3,079	\$	\$ 1	,018
2018 Notes							
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	750,000	\$	2,341	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	750,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	750,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2013	\$	600,000	\$	2,547	\$		N/A
2020 Notes							
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	600,000	\$	2,341	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2015	\$	600,000	\$	2,213	\$		N/A
Fiscal 2014	\$	400,000	\$	2,292	\$		N/A
			140				

		al Amount					
	Ex	itstanding clusive of Preasury	C	Asset Coverage	Involuntary Liquidating Preference		verage ket Value
Class and Year	Sec	curities(1)	Pe	er Unit(2)	Per Unit(3)	Pe	r Unit(4)
February 2022 Notes							
Fiscal 2014	\$	143,750	\$	2,292	\$	\$	1,024
Fiscal 2013	\$	143,750	\$	2,547	\$	\$	1,043
Fiscal 2012	\$	143,750	\$	2,721	\$	\$	1,035
October 2022 Notes							
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	182,500	\$	2,341	\$	\$	1,013
Fiscal 2015	\$	182,500	\$	2,213	\$	\$	1,011
Fiscal 2014	\$	182,500	\$	2,292	\$	\$	1,013
Fiscal 2013	\$	182,500	\$	2,547	\$	\$	993
Fiscal 2012	\$	182,500	\$	2,721	\$	\$	986
2040 Notes							
Fiscal 2014	\$	200,000	\$	2,292	\$	\$	1,040
Fiscal 2013	\$	200,000	\$	2,547	\$	\$	1,038
Fiscal 2012	\$	200,000	\$	2,721	\$	\$	1,041
Fiscal 2011	\$	200,000	\$	2,393	\$	\$	984
Fiscal 2010	\$	200,000	\$	3,079	\$	\$	952
2047 Notes							
Fiscal 2016 (as of June 30, 2016, unaudited)	\$	229,557	\$	2,341	\$	\$	1,013
Fiscal 2015	\$	229,557	\$	2,213	\$	\$	1,011
Fiscal 2014	\$	229,557	\$	2,292	\$	\$	985
Fiscal 2013	\$	230,000	\$	2,547	\$	\$	972
Fiscal 2012	\$	230,000	\$	2,721	\$	\$	978
Fiscal 2011	\$	230,000	\$	2,393	\$	\$	917
Fiscal 2010	\$	230,000	\$	3,079	\$	\$	847

- (1)

 Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at principal value at the end of the period presented.
- The asset coverage ratio for a class of senior securities representing indebtedness is calculated as our consolidated total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, divided by total senior securities representing indebtedness. This asset coverage ratio is multiplied by \$1,000 to determine the "Asset Coverage Per Unit" (including for the February 2022 Notes, the October 2022 Notes, the 2040 Notes and the 2047 Notes, which were issued in \$25 increments). In June 2016, we received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing us to modify the asset coverage requirements to exclude the SBA Debentures from this calculation. As such, the asset coverage ratio beginning with Fiscal 2016, excludes the SBA Debentures. Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2016 presentation. In particular, unamortized debt issuance costs were previously included in other assets and were reclassified to long-term debt as a result of the adoption of Accounting Standards Update ASU 2015-03, Interest-Imputation of Interest (Topic 835): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs during the first quarter of 2016.
- The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon our involuntary liquidation in preference to any security junior to it.
- Not applicable, except for with respect to the 2011 Notes, the 2012 Notes, the February 2022 Notes, the October 2022 Notes, the 2040 Notes and the 2047 Notes, as other senior securities are not registered for public trading on a stock exchange. The average market value per unit for each of the 2011 Notes, the 2012 Notes, the February 2022 Notes, the October 2022 Notes, the 2040 Notes and the 2047 Notes is based on the average daily prices of such notes and is expressed per \$1,000 of indebtedness (including for the February 2022 Notes, the October 2022 Notes, the 2040 Notes and the 2047 Notes, which were issued in \$25 increments).

BUSINESS

Ares Capital

Ares Capital, a Maryland corporation, is a specialty finance company that is a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company. We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the Investment Company Act. We were founded on April 16, 2004, were initially funded on June 23, 2004 and completed our initial public offering on October 8, 2004. We are one of the largest BDCs with approximately \$9.4 billion of total assets as of March 31, 2016.

We are externally managed by our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, a subsidiary of Ares Management, a publicly traded, leading global alternative asset manager. Our administrator, Ares Operations, a subsidiary of Ares Management, provides certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate.

Our investment objective is to generate both current income and capital appreciation through debt and equity investments. We invest primarily in U.S. middle-market companies, where we believe the supply of primary capital is limited and the investment opportunities are most attractive. However, we may from time to time invest in larger or smaller (in particular, for investments in early-stage and/or venture capital-backed) companies. We generally use the term "middle-market" to refer to companies with annual EBITDA between \$10 million and \$250 million. As used herein, EBITDA represents net income before net interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation and amortization.

We invest primarily in first lien senior secured loans (including "unitranche" loans, which are loans that combine both senior and mezzanine debt, generally in a first lien position), second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt, which in some cases includes an equity component. First and second lien senior secured loans generally are senior debt instruments that rank ahead of subordinated debt of a given portfolio company. Mezzanine debt is subordinated to senior loans and is generally unsecured. Our investments in corporate borrowers generally range between \$30 million and \$500 million each, investments in project finance/power generation projects generally range between \$10 million and \$200 million each and investments in early-stage and/or venture capital-backed companies generally range between \$1 million and \$25 million each. However, the investment sizes may be more or less than these ranges and may vary based on, among other things, our capital availability, the composition of our portfolio and general micro- and macro-economic factors.

To a lesser extent, we also make preferred and/or common equity investments, which have generally been non-control equity investments of less than \$20 million (usually in conjunction with a concurrent debt investment). However, we may increase the size or change the nature of these investments.

The proportion of these types of investments will change over time given our views on, among other things, the economic and credit environment in which we are operating. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our final investment. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may subsequently syndicate or sell a portion of such amount (including, without limitation, to vehicles managed by our portfolio company, IHAM), such that we are left with a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment. In addition to originating investments, we may also acquire investments in the secondary market (including purchases of a portfolio of investments).

The first and second lien senior secured loans in which we invest generally have stated terms of three to 10 years and the mezzanine debt investments in which we invest generally have stated terms of up to 10 years, but the expected average life of such first and second lien loans and mezzanine debt is generally between three and seven years. However, we may invest in loans and securities with any maturity or duration. The instruments in which we invest typically are not rated by any rating agency,

but we believe that if such instruments were rated, they would be below investment grade (rated lower than "Baa3" by Moody's Investors Service, lower than "BBB" by Fitch Ratings or lower than "BBB" by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services), which, under the guidelines established by these entities, is an indication of having predominantly speculative characteristics with respect to the issuer's capacity to pay interest and repay principal. Bonds that are rated below investment grade are sometimes referred to as "high yield bonds" or "junk bonds." We may invest without limit in debt or other securities of any rating, as well as debt or other securities that have not been rated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

We believe that our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is able to leverage the current investment platform, resources and existing relationships of Ares Management with financial sponsors, financial institutions, hedge funds and other investment firms to provide us with attractive investment opportunities. In addition to deal flow, the Ares investment platform assists our investment adviser in analyzing, structuring and monitoring investments. Ares has been in existence for over 15 years and its partners have an average of over 24 years of experience in leveraged finance, private equity, distressed debt, commercial real estate finance, investment banking and capital markets. We have access to Ares' investment professionals and administrative professionals, who provide assistance in accounting, finance, legal, compliance, operations, information technology and investor relations. As of March 31, 2016, Ares had approximately 340 investment professionals and approximately 525 administrative professionals.

Ares Management, L.P.

Ares is a publicly traded, leading global alternative asset manager. As of March 31, 2016, Ares had approximately 870 employees in over 15 principal and originating offices across the United States, Europe and Asia. Since its inception in 1997, Ares has adhered to a disciplined investment philosophy that focuses on delivering strong risk-adjusted investment returns throughout market cycles. Ares believes each of its three distinct but complementary investment groups in Credit, Private Equity and Real Estate is a market leader based on investment performance. Ares was built upon the fundamental principle that each group benefits from being part of the greater whole.

Ares Capital Management LLC

Ares Capital Management, our investment adviser, is served by an origination, investment and portfolio management team of approximately 80 U.S.-based investment professionals as of March 31, 2016 and led by certain partners of the Ares Credit Group: Michael Arougheti, Kipp deVeer, Mitchell Goldstein and Michael Smith. Ares Capital Management leverages off of Ares' investment platform and benefits from the significant capital markets, trading and research expertise of Ares' investment professionals. Ares Capital Management's investment committee has 12 members comprised of certain of the U.S.-based partners of the Ares Credit Group and certain partners in the Ares Private Equity Group.

MARKET OPPORTUNITY

We believe that current market conditions present attractive opportunities for us to invest in middle-market companies, specifically:

We believe that many commercial and investment banks have, in recent years, de-emphasized their service and product offerings to middle-market businesses in favor of lending to large corporate clients and managing capital markets transactions. In addition, these lenders may be constrained in their ability to underwrite and hold bank loans and high yield securities for middle-market issuers as they seek to meet existing and future regulatory capital requirements. These factors may result in opportunities for alternative

funding sources to middle-market companies and therefore more new-issue market opportunities for us.

We believe that the disruption and volatility in the credit markets between 2008 and 2009 reduced capital available to certain specialty finance companies and other capital providers, causing a reduction in competition. While market conditions have largely recovered from the events of 2008 and 2009, there have been continuing periods of volatility, some lasting longer than others. These market conditions may continue to create opportunities to achieve attractive risk-adjusted returns.

We believe that there is a lack of market participants that are willing to hold meaningful amounts of certain middle-market loans. As a result, we believe our ability to minimize syndication risk for a company seeking financing by being able to hold our loans without having to syndicate them is a competitive advantage.

We believe that middle-market companies have faced difficulty in raising debt through the capital markets. This approach to financing may become more difficult to the extent institutional investors seek to invest in larger, more liquid offerings, leaving less competition and fewer financing alternatives for middle-market companies.

We believe there is a large pool of un-invested private equity capital for middle-market businesses. We expect private equity firms will seek to leverage their investments by combining equity capital with senior secured loans and mezzanine debt from other sources such as us.

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

We believe that we have the following competitive advantages over other capital providers to middle-market companies:

The Ares Platform

Ares operates three distinct but complementary investment groups, including the Ares Credit Group, the Ares Private Equity Group and the Ares Real Estate Group. We believe Ares' current investment platform provides a competitive advantage in terms of access to origination and marketing activities and diligence for us. In particular, we believe that the Ares platform provides us with an advantage through its deal flow generation and investment evaluation process. Ares' asset management platform also provides additional market information, company knowledge and industry insight that benefit our investment and due diligence process. Ares' professionals maintain extensive financial sponsor and intermediary relationships, which provide valuable insight and access to transactions and information.

Seasoned Management Team

The investment professionals in the Ares Credit Group and members of our investment adviser's investment committee also have significant experience investing across market cycles. This experience also provides us with a competitive advantage in identifying, originating, investing in and managing a portfolio of investments in middle-market companies.

Broad Origination Strategy

We focus on self-originating most of our investments by pursuing a broad array of investment opportunities in middle-market companies, venture capital backed businesses and power generation projects across multiple channels. We also leverage off of the extensive relationships of the broader Ares platform, including relationships with the portfolio companies in the IHAM Vehicles, to identify

investment opportunities. We believe that this allows for asset selectivity and that there is a significant relationship between proprietary deal origination and credit performance. We believe that our focus on generating proprietary deal flow and lead investing also gives us greater control over capital structure, deal terms, pricing and documentation and enables us to actively manage our portfolio investments. Moreover, by leading the investment process, we are often able to secure controlling positions in credit tranches, thereby providing additional control in investment outcomes. We also have originated substantial proprietary deal flow from middle-market intermediaries, which often allows us to act as the sole or principal source of institutional capital to the borrower.

Scale and Flexible Transaction Structuring

We believe that being one of the largest BDCs makes us a more desirable and flexible capital provider, especially in competitive markets. We are flexible with the types of investments we make and the terms associated with those investments. We believe this approach and experience enables our investment adviser to identify attractive investment opportunities throughout economic cycles and across a company's capital structure so we can make investments consistent with our stated investment objective and preserve principal while seeking appropriate risk adjusted returns. In addition, we have the flexibility to provide "one stop" financing with the ability to invest capital across the balance sheet and syndicate and hold larger investments than many of our competitors. We believe that the ability to underwrite, syndicate and hold larger investments benefits our stockholders by (a) potentially increasing net income and earnings through syndication, (b) increasing originated deal flow flexibility, (c) broadening market relationships and deal flow, (d) allowing us to optimize our portfolio composition and (e) allowing us to provide capital to a broader spectrum of middle-market companies, which we believe currently have limited access to capital from traditional lending sources. In addition, we believe that the ability to provide capital at every level of the balance sheet provides a strong value proposition to middle-market borrowers and our senior debt capabilities provide superior deal origination and relative value analysis capabilities compared to traditional "mezzanine only" lenders.

Experience with and Focus on Middle-Market Companies

Ares has historically focused on investments in middle-market companies and we benefit from this experience. In sourcing and analyzing deals, our investment adviser benefits from Ares' extensive network of relationships focused on middle-market companies, including management teams, members of the investment banking community, private equity groups and other investment firms with whom Ares has had long-term relationships. We believe this network enables us to identify well-positioned prospective portfolio company investments. The Ares Credit Group works closely with Ares' other investment professionals. As of March 31, 2016, Ares oversaw a portfolio of investments in approximately 1,000 companies, approximately 495 structured assets and approximately 155 properties across over 50 industries, which provides access to an extensive network of relationships and insights into industry trends and the state of the capital markets.

Disciplined Investment Philosophy

In making its investment decisions, our investment adviser has adopted Ares' long-standing, consistent, credit-based investment approach that was developed over 15 years ago by its founders. Specifically, our investment adviser's investment philosophy, portfolio construction and portfolio management involve an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment and financial markets and company-specific research and analysis. Its investment approach emphasizes capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk. In addition to engaging in extensive due diligence from the perspective of a long-term investor, our investment adviser's approach seeks to reduce risk in investments by focusing on:

businesses with strong franchises and sustainable competitive advantages;

industries with positive long-term dynamics;
businesses and industries with cash flows that are dependable and predictable;
management teams with demonstrated track records and appropriate economic incentives:
rates of return commensurate with the perceived risks;
securities or investments that are structured with appropriate terms and covenants; and

businesses backed by experienced private equity sponsors.

Extensive Industry Focus

We seek to concentrate our investing activities in industries with a history of predictable and dependable cash flows and in which the Ares investment professionals have had extensive investment experience. Ares investment professionals have developed long-term relationships with management teams and management consultants in over 50 industries, and have accumulated substantial information and identified potential trends within these industries. In turn, we benefit from these relationships, information and identification of potential trends in making investments.

OPERATING AND REGULATORY STRUCTURE

Our investment activities are managed by our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, which is a subsidiary of Ares, and supervised by our board of directors, a majority of whom are independent of Ares and its affiliates. Ares Capital Management is registered under the Advisers Act. Under our investment advisory and management agreement, we have agreed to pay Ares Capital Management base management fees, income based fees and capital gains incentive fees. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement." Ares Operations provides us with certain administrative and other services necessary for us to operate pursuant to our administration agreement. See "Management Administration Agreement."

As a BDC, we are required to comply with certain regulatory requirements. For example, we are not generally permitted to invest in any portfolio company in which a fund managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates (other than us and our downstream affiliates) currently has an investment. However, we may co-invest with funds managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and our allocation procedures. Certain types of co-investment transactions would only be permitted pursuant to an exemptive order from the SEC, for which we have applied. Any such order will be subject to certain terms and conditions. Further there is no assurance that this application for exemptive relief will be granted by the SEC.

Also, while we may borrow funds to make investments, our ability to use debt is limited in certain significant aspects. In particular, BDCs must have at least 200% asset coverage calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act (i.e., we are permitted to borrow one dollar for every dollar we have in assets less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities issued by us) in order to issue senior securities, which requires us to finance our investments with at least as much equity as senior securities in the aggregate. Certain of our credit facilities also require that we maintain asset coverage of at least 200%.

In addition, as a consequence of us being a RIC under the Code for U.S. federal income tax purposes, our asset growth is dependent on our ability to raise equity capital through the issuance of common stock. RICs generally must distribute substantially all of their investment company taxable income (as defined under the Code) to stockholders as dividends in order to preserve their status as a RIC and not to be subject to additional U.S. federal corporate-level taxes. This requirement, in turn,

generally prevents us from using our earnings to support our operations, including making new investments.

INVESTMENTS

Ares Capital Corporation Portfolio

We have built an investment portfolio of primarily first and second lien senior secured loans, mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity investments in private middle-market companies. Our portfolio is well diversified by industry sector and its concentration to any single issuer is limited.

Our debt investments in corporate borrowers generally range between \$30 million and \$500 million each, investments in project finance/power generation projects generally range between \$10 million and \$200 million each and investments in early-stage and/or venture capital-backed companies generally range between \$1 million and \$25 million each. However, the sizes of our investments may be more or less than these ranges and may vary based on, among other things, our capital availability, the composition of our portfolio and general micro- and macro-economic factors.

Our preferred and/or common equity investments have generally been non-control equity investments of less than \$20 million (usually in conjunction with a concurrent debt investment). However, we may increase the size or change the nature of these investments.

In addition, the proportion of these types of investments will change over time given our views on, among other things, the economic and credit environment in which we are operating. In connection with our investing activities, we may make commitments with respect to indebtedness or securities of a potential portfolio company substantially in excess of our expected final hold size. In such situations, while we may initially agree to fund up to a certain dollar amount of an investment, we may subsequently syndicate a portion of such amount such that we are left with a smaller investment than what was reflected in our original commitment. We may also syndicate a "first out" loan to an investor and retain a "last out" loan, in which case the "first out" loan will generally receive priority with respect to payments of principal, interest and any other amounts due thereunder. In addition to originating investments, we may also acquire investments in the secondary market (including purchases of a portfolio of investments).

We make senior secured loans primarily in the form of first lien loans (including unitranche loans) and second lien loans. Our senior secured loans generally have terms of three to 10 years. In connection with our senior secured loans we generally receive a security interest in certain of the assets of the borrower and consequently such assets serve as collateral in support of the repayment of such senior secured loans. Senior secured loans are generally exposed to the least amount of credit risk because they typically hold a senior position with respect to scheduled interest and principal payments and security interests in assets of the borrower. However, unlike mezzanine debt, senior secured loans typically do not receive any stock, warrants to purchase stock or other yield enhancements. Senior secured loans may include both revolving lines of credit and term loans.

Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to senior secured loans and is often unsecured. However, mezzanine debt ranks senior to preferred and common equity in a borrower's capital structure. Mezzanine debt investments generally offer lenders fixed returns in the form of interest payments and will often provide lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation of a borrower, if any, through an equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of an equity co-investment and/or warrants. Due to its higher risk profile and often less restrictive covenants as compared to senior secured loans, mezzanine debt generally bears a higher stated interest rate than senior secured loans. The equity co-investment and warrants (if any) associated with a mezzanine debt investment typically allow lenders to receive repayment of their principal on an agreed amortization schedule while retaining their equity interest in the borrower. Equity issued in connection

with mezzanine debt also may include a "put" feature, which permits the holder to sell its equity interest back to the borrower at a price determined through an agreed formula.

In making an equity investment, in addition to considering the factors discussed under " Investment Selection" below, we also consider the anticipated timing of a liquidity event, such as a public offering, sale of the company or redemption of our equity securities.

While our primary focus is to generate current income and capital appreciation through investments in first and second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt and, to a lesser extent, equity securities of eligible portfolio companies, we also may invest up to 30% of our portfolio in non-qualifying assets, as permitted by the Investment Company Act. See "Regulation" below. Specifically, as part of this 30% basket, we may invest in entities that are not considered "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in the Investment Company Act), including companies located outside of the United States, entities that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions under the Investment Company Act, and publicly traded entities whose public equity market capitalization exceeds the levels provided for under the Investment Company Act.

In the first quarter of 2011, the Staff informally communicated to certain BDCs the Staff's belief that certain entities, which would be classified as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act but for the exception from the definition of "investment company" set forth in Rule 3a-7 promulgated under the Investment Company Act, could not be treated as eligible portfolio companies (as defined in Section 2(a)(46) under the Investment Company Act) (i.e., not eligible to be included in a BDC's 70% "qualifying assets" basket). Subsequently, in August 2011 the SEC issued the Concept Release which stated that "[a]s a general matter, the Commission presently does not believe that Rule 3a-7 issuers are the type of small, developing and financially troubled businesses in which the U.S. Congress intended BDCs primarily to invest" and requested comment on whether or not a 3a-7 issuer should be considered an "eligible portfolio company." We provided a comment letter in respect of the Concept Release and continue to believe that the language of Section 2(a)(46) of the Investment Company Act permits a BDC to treat as "eligible portfolio companies" entities that rely on the 3a-7 exception. However, given the current uncertainty in this area (including the language in the Concept Release) and subsequent discussions with the Staff, we have, solely for purposes of calculating the composition of our portfolio pursuant to Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act, identified such entities, which include the SDLP and the SSLP, as "non-qualifying assets" should the Staff ultimately disagree with our position.

Co-Investment Programs

Senior Direct Lending Program

In December 2015, we established a joint venture with Varagon to make certain first lien senior secured loans, including certain stretch senior and unitranche loans, to U.S. middle-market companies. Varagon was formed in 2013 as a lending platform by American International Group, Inc. (NYSE:AIG) and other partners. The joint venture is called the SDLP. It is expected that the SDLP will commit and hold individual loans of up to \$300 million. We may directly co-invest with the SDLP to accommodate larger transactions. We will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of the SDLP Certificates, and Varagon and its clients will provide capital to the SDLP in the form of senior notes, intermediate funding notes and SDLP Certificates. It is expected that we and a client of Varagon will own 87.5% and 12.5%, respectively, of any outstanding SDLP Certificates.

As of June 30, 2016, we and Varagon had agreed to make capital available to the SDLP of \$2.9 billion in the aggregate, of which no amounts were funded. The SDLP will be capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SDLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SDLP consisting of representatives of ours and Varagon (with approval from a representative of each required). As of June 30, 2016, we had

agreed to make available to the SDLP (subject to the approval of the investment committee of the SDLP as described above) approximately \$591 million, of which no amounts were committed or funded. The SDLP Certificates will pay a coupon of LIBOR plus a stated spread and also entitle the holders thereof to receive a portion of the excess cash flow from the loan portfolio, which may result in a return to the holders of the SDLP Certificates that is greater than the stated coupon. The SDLP Certificates are junior in right of payment to the senior notes and intermediate funding notes. See "Recent Developments" and Note 16 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016, for more information on the SDLP.

Senior Secured Loan Program

We and GE have co-invested in first lien senior secured loans of middle market companies through the SSLP. The SSLP has been capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SSLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SSLP consisting of representatives of ours and GE (with approval from a representative of each required). We have provided capital to the SSLP in the form the SSLP Certificates.

In August 2015, GE completed the sale of its U.S. Sponsor Finance business, through which GE had participated with us in the SSLP, to CPPIB. This sale excluded GE's interest in the SSLP, and we and GE continue to operate the SSLP. We and GE no longer have an obligation to present senior secured lending investment opportunities to the SSLP and since June 30, 2015, the SSLP has not made any investments related to new portfolio companies; however, we and GE may provide capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments (see below) and other amounts to its portfolio companies. On August 24, 2015, we were advised that GECC, as the holder of the Senior Notes, directed State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee of the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, to apply all principal proceeds received by the SSLP from its investments to the repayment of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes until paid in full (prior to the distribution of any such principal proceeds to the holders of the SSLP Certificates, which includes us). GECC had previously elected to waive its right to receive priority repayments on the Senior Notes from principal proceeds in most circumstances. Prior to closing the sale to CPPIB, GE had announced its intention to provide us and CPPIB the opportunity to work together on the SSLP on a go-forward basis. GECC has also stated that if a mutual agreement between us and CPPIB to partner on the SSLP is not reached, it intends to retain its interest in the SSLP and the SSLP would be wound down in an orderly manner. We have been in dialogue with GE and CPPIB to determine if there is an opportunity to work together; however, to date there has been no agreement in respect of the SSLP as a result of these discussions and there can be no assurance that such discussions will continue or any such agreement will be reached. In addition to discussions with CPPIB and GECC, we are also exploring other options with respect to the SSLP's portfolio, although there can be no assurance that we will pursue any of them.

As of June 30, 2016, we and GE had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$7.1 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. As discussed above, we anticipate that no new investments will be made by the SSLP and that we and GE will only provide additional capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments and other amounts to its portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016, the SSLP had commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies of \$94.5 million, which had been approved by the investment committee of the SSLP as described above. As of June 30, 2016, we had funded approximately \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016, we had commitments to co-invest in the SSLP for our portion of the SSLP's commitments to fund delayed draw loans to portfolio companies of up to \$14.9 million. As of June 30, 2016, the fair value of the SSLP Certificates held by us was \$1.9 billion at fair value (including unrealized depreciation of \$38.7 million), which represented approximately 21% of our total

portfolio at fair value. As of June 30, 2016, the SSLP had 32 different underlying borrowers. For more information on the SSLP, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio and Investment Activity Senior Secured Loan Program."

Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.

As of June 30, 2016, our portfolio company, IHAM, an SEC registered investment adviser, managed 16 vehicles and served as the sub-manager/sub-servicer for three other vehicles. As of June 30, 2016, IHAM had assets under management of approximately \$3.5 billion. As of June 30, 2016, the amortized cost and fair value of our investment in IHAM was \$171.0 million and \$231.2 million, respectively. In connection with IHAM's registration as a registered investment adviser, on March 30, 2012, we received exemptive relief from the SEC allowing us to, subject to certain conditions, own directly or indirectly up to 100% of IHAM's outstanding equity interests and make additional investments in IHAM. From time to time, IHAM or certain IHAM Vehicles may purchase investments from us or sell investments to us, in each case for a price equal to the fair market value of such investments determined at the time of such transactions. See Note 4 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 and for the year ended December 31, 2015 and Note 14 to our consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2016 for information related to IHAM's role in the American Capital Acquisition.

Industry Composition

We generally seek to invest in companies in the industries in which Ares' investment professionals have direct expertise. The following is a representative list of the industries in which we have invested:

Aerospace and Defense
Automotive Services
Business Services
Consumer Products
Containers and Packaging
Education
Environmental Services
Financial Services
Food and Beverage
Healthcare Services
Investment Funds and Vehicles
Manufacturing

Oil	and Gas
Oth	ner Services
Pow	wer Generation
Res	staurant and Food Services
Reta	ail
Tele	ecommunications
However, we n	may invest in other industries if we are presented with attractive opportunities.
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The industrial and geographic compositions of the Company's portfolio at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

	As of							
Industry	June 30, 2016	December 31, 2015						
Investment Funds and Vehicles(1)	21.7%	21.2%						
Healthcare Services	12.5	14.6						
Other Services	10.0	9.0						
Consumer Products	8.0	7.7						
Business Services	6.7	5.3						
Power Generation	6.7	6.3						
Manufacturing	5.3	6.0						
Financial Services	4.2	4.6						
Restaurants and Food Services	4.2	3.5						
Education	3.5	4.6						
Oil and Gas	2.9	2.9						
Containers and Packaging	2.8	2.8						
Automotive Services	2.5	2.3						
Food and Beverage	2.5	2.5						
Commercial Real Estate Finance	1.1	1.1						
Other	5.4	5.6						
Total	100.0%	100.0%						

(1) Includes the Company's investment in the SSLP, which had made first lien senior secured loans to 32 and 41 different borrowers as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively. The portfolio companies in the SSLP are in industries similar to the companies in the Company's portfolio.

	As of								
	June 30, December								
Geographic Region	2016	2015							
West(1)	38.0%	37.9%							
Midwest	21.2	23.8							
Southeast	21.2	20.3							
Mid Atlantic	14.9	13.7							
Northeast	2.9	2.3							
International	1.8	2.0							
Total	100.0%	100.0%							

(1)

Includes the Company's investment in the SSLP, which represented 21.3% and 20.8% of the total investment portfolio at fair value as of June 30, 2016 and December 31, 2015, respectively.

As of June 30, 2016, 1.3% of total investments at amortized cost (or 0.7% of total investments at fair value) were on non-accrual status. As of December 31, 2015, 2.6% of total investments at amortized cost (or 1.7% of total investments at fair value) were on non-accrual status.

Since our IPO on October 8, 2004 through June 30, 2016, our exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized internal rate of return to us of approximately 13% (based on original cash invested, net of syndications, of approximately \$13.3 billion and total proceeds from such exited

investments of approximately \$16.3 billion). Approximately 70% of these exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized internal rate of return to us of 10% or greater.

The aggregate cash flow realized internal rate of return, original cash invested, net of syndications, and total proceeds, in each case from exited investments, are listed below from our initial public offering on October 8, 2004 through the end of each period shown below.

Exited Investments IPO through

June 30, D	ecember	3 D ,ece	ember 3	lece	mber B	l e,ce	mber B	l e,ce	ember B	Ne,ce	ember B	le,ce	mber D	l e,ce	mber D e	lçer	nbeÐí	Bt en	nbeÐ	8t er	nbeDé	3de,n	nber 31
2016	2015		2014		2013	2	2012		2011		2010		2009		2008	2	007	2	006	2	005	2	004
13%	1:	3%	139	6	139	6	139	6	149	%	159	6	14%	b	199	ó	219	6	269	%	419	%	17%
\$ 13,264	\$ 12,170	0 \$	9,883	\$	7,717	\$	6,817	\$	4,638	\$	2,696	\$	1,220	\$	923	\$	684	\$	424	\$	119	\$	28
\$ 16,266	\$ 14,90	3 \$	12,121	\$	9,445	\$	8,264	\$	5,627	\$	3,256	\$	1,405	\$	1,104	\$	818	\$	511	\$	140	\$	32
	2016 13% \$ 13,264	2016 2015 13% 1: \$ 13,264 \$ 12,176	2016 2015 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$	2016 2015 2014 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883	2016 2015 2014 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717	2016 2015 2014 2013 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 13% 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 13% 13% 13% 13% 13% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 13% 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 159 \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 13% 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 219 \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 21% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 21% 269 \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684 \$ 424	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 21% 26% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684 \$ 424 \$	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 21% 26% 419 \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684 \$ 424 \$ 119	2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 2005 2 13% 13% 13% 13% 14% 15% 14% 19% 21% 26% 41% \$ 13,264 \$ 12,170 \$ 9,883 \$ 7,717 \$ 6,817 \$ 4,638 \$ 2,696 \$ 1,220 \$ 923 \$ 684 \$ 424 \$ 119 \$

Internal rate of return is the discount rate that makes the net present value of all cash flows related to a particular investment equal to zero. Internal rate of return is gross of expenses related to investments as these expenses are not allocable to specific investments. Investments are considered to be exited when the original investment objective has been achieved through the receipt of cash and/or non-cash consideration upon the repayment of a debt investment or sale of an investment or through the determination that no further consideration was collectible and, thus, a loss may have been realized.

Additionally, since our IPO on October 8, 2004 through June 30, 2016, our realized gains have exceeded our realized losses by approximately \$537 million (excluding a one-time gain on the acquisition of Allied Capital and realized gains/losses from the extinguishment of debt and from other assets). For this same time period, our average annualized net realized gain rate was approximately 1.1% (excluding a one-time gain on the acquisition of Allied Capital and realized gains/losses from the extinguishment of debt and from other assets). Net realized gain/loss rates for a particular period are the amount of net realized gains/losses during such period divided by the average quarterly investments at amortized cost in such period.

Information included herein regarding internal rates of return, realized gains and losses and annualized net realized gain rates are historical results relating to our past performance and are not necessarily indicative of future results, the achievement of which cannot be assured.

INVESTMENT SELECTION

Ares' investment philosophy was developed over 15 years ago and has remained consistent and relevant throughout a number of economic cycles. We are managed using a similar investment philosophy used by the investment professionals of Ares in respect of its other investment funds.

This investment philosophy involves, among other things:

an assessment of the overall macroeconomic environment and financial markets and how such assessment may impact industry and asset selection;

company-specific research and analysis; and

with respect to each individual company, an emphasis on capital preservation, low volatility and minimization of downside risk.

The foundation of Ares' investment philosophy is intensive credit investment analysis, a portfolio management discipline based on both market technicals and fundamental value-oriented research, and diversification strategy. We follow a rigorous investment process based on:

a comprehensive analysis of issuer creditworthiness, including a quantitative and qualitative assessment of the issuer's business;

an evaluation of management and its economic incentives;

an analysis of business strategy and industry trends; and

an in-depth examination of capital structure, financial results and projections.

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We seek to identify those companies exhibiting superior fundamental risk-reward profiles and strong defensible business franchises while focusing on the relative value of the investment across the industry as well as for the specific company.

Intensive Due Diligence

The process through which an investment decision is made involves extensive research into the target company, its industry, its growth prospects and its ability to withstand adverse conditions. If the senior investment professional responsible for the potential transaction determines that an investment opportunity should be pursued, we will engage in an intensive due diligence process. Approximately 30-40% of the investments initially reviewed by us proceed to this phase. Though each transaction will involve a somewhat different approach, the regular due diligence steps generally undertaken include:

meeting with the target company's management team to get a detailed review of the business, and to probe for potential weaknesses in business prospects;

checking management's backgrounds and references;

performing a detailed review of historical financial performance, including performance through various economic cycles, and the quality of earnings;

reviewing both short and long term projections of the business, and sensitizing them for both upside and downside risk;

visiting headquarters and company operations and meeting with top and middle-level executives;

contacting customers and vendors to assess both business prospects and standard practices;

conducting a competitive analysis, and comparing the issuer to its main competitors on an operating, financial, market share and valuation basis:

researching the industry for historic growth trends and future prospects as well as to identify future exit alternatives (including available Wall Street research, industry association literature and general news);

assessing asset value and the ability of physical infrastructure and information systems to handle anticipated growth; and

investigating legal risks and financial and accounting systems.

Selective Investment Process

After an investment has been identified and preliminary diligence has been completed, a credit research and analysis report is prepared. This report is reviewed by the senior investment professional in charge of the potential investment. If such senior and other investment professionals are in favor of the potential investment, then it is first presented to an underwriting committee, which is comprised of certain senior members of the Ares Credit Group.

After the investment is approved by the underwriting committee, a more extensive due diligence process is employed by the transaction team. Additional due diligence with respect to any investment may be conducted on our behalf by attorneys, independent accountants, and other third party consultants and research firms prior to the closing of the investment, as appropriate on a case-by-case basis. Approximately 7-10% of all investments initially reviewed by us will be presented to the investment committee. Approval of an investment for funding requires the approval of the majority of the investment committee of our investment adviser, although unanimous consent is sought.

Issuance of Formal Commitment

Once we have determined that a prospective portfolio company is suitable for investment, we work with the management and/or sponsor of that company and its other capital providers, including senior, junior and equity capital providers, if any, to finalize the structure of the investment. Approximately 5-7% of the investments initially reviewed by us eventually result in the issuance of formal commitments and the closing of such transactions.

Debt Investments

We invest in portfolio companies primarily in the form of first lien senior secured loans (including unitranche loans), second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt. The first and second lien senior secured loans generally have terms of three to 10 years. In connection with our first and second lien senior secured loans we generally receive security interests in certain assets of our portfolio companies that could serve as collateral in support of the repayment of such loans. First and second lien senior secured loans generally have floating interest rates, which may have LIBOR floors, and also may provide for some amortization of principal and excess cash flow payments, with the remaining principal balance due at maturity.

We structure our mezzanine investments primarily as unsecured subordinated loans that provide for relatively higher fixed interest rates. The mezzanine debt investments generally have terms of up to 10 years. These loans typically have interest-only payments, with amortization of principal, if any, deferred to the later years of the mezzanine investment. In some cases, we may enter into loans that, by their terms, convert into equity or additional debt or defer payments of interest (or at least cash interest) for the first few years after our investment. Also, in some cases our mezzanine debt will be secured by a subordinated lien on some or all of the assets of the borrower.

In some cases, our debt investments may provide for a portion of the interest payable to be PIK interest. To the extent interest is PIK, it will be payable through the increase of the principal amount of the loan by the amount of interest due on the then-outstanding aggregate principal amount of such loan.

In the case of our first and second lien senior secured loans and mezzanine debt, we tailor the terms of the investment to the facts and circumstances of the transaction and the prospective portfolio company, negotiating a structure that aims to protect our rights and manage our risk while creating incentives for the portfolio company to achieve its business plan and improve its profitability. For example, in addition to seeking a senior position in the capital structure of our portfolio companies, we will seek, where appropriate, to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

targeting a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk:

incorporating "put" rights, call protection and LIBOR floors for floating rate loans, into the investment structure; and

negotiating covenants in connection with our investments that afford our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as possible, consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include affirmative and negative covenants, default penalties, lien protection, change of control provisions and board rights, including either observation or participation rights.

We generally require financial covenants and terms that require an issuer to reduce leverage, thereby enhancing credit quality. These methods include: (a) maintenance leverage covenants requiring a decreasing ratio of indebtedness to cash flow over time, (b) maintenance cash flow covenants requiring an increasing ratio of cash flow to the sum of interest expense and capital expenditures and

(c) indebtedness incurrence prohibitions, limiting a company's ability to take on additional indebtedness. In addition, by including limitations on asset sales and capital expenditures we may be able to prevent a borrower from changing the nature of its business or capitalization without our consent.

Our debt investments may include equity features, such as warrants or options to buy a minority interest in the portfolio company. Warrants we receive with our debt investments may require only a nominal cost to exercise, and thus, as a portfolio company appreciates in value, we may achieve additional investment return from this equity interest. We may structure the warrants to provide provisions protecting our rights as a minority-interest holder, as well as puts, or rights to sell such securities back to the portfolio company, upon the occurrence of specified events. In many cases, we also obtain registration rights in connection with these equity interests, which may include demand and "piggyback" registration rights.

Equity Investments

To a lesser extent, we also make preferred and/or common equity investments, which have generally been non-control equity investments of less than \$20 million (usually in conjunction with a concurrent debt investment). However, we may increase the size or change the nature of these investments.

ACQUISITION OPPORTUNITIES

We believe the recent volatility in the credit markets has increased the likelihood of further consolidation in our industry. To that end, in addition to the American Capital Acquisition, we are evaluating (and expect to continue to evaluate in the future) a number of additional potential strategic opportunities, including acquisitions of:

asset portfolios;

other private and public finance companies, business development companies and asset managers; and

selected secondary market assets.

In this regard, on May 23, 2016 we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire American Capital in a cash and stock transaction. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for more information.

We have been in, and from time to time may engage in, discussions with counterparties in respect of various potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, including potential acquisitions of other finance companies, business development companies and asset managers. Some of these transactions could be material to our business and, if completed, could be difficult to integrate, result in increased leverage or dilution and/or subject us to unexpected liabilities. However, other than in connection with the American Capital Acquisition, none of these discussions has progressed to the point at which the completion of any such transaction could be deemed to be probable or reasonably certain as of the date of this prospectus. Completion of any such transaction would be subject to completion of due diligence, finalization of key business and financial terms (including price) and negotiation of final definitive documentation as well as a number of other factors and conditions including, without limitation, the approval of our board of directors, any required third party consents and, in certain cases, the approval of our stockholders. We cannot predict how quickly the terms of any such transaction could be finalized, if at all. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that such transaction would be completed. In connection with evaluating potential strategic acquisition and investment transactions, we have, and may in the future, incur significant expenses for the evaluation and due diligence investigation of these potential transactions.

ON-GOING RELATIONSHIPS WITH AND MONITORING OF PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

We closely monitor each investment we make, maintain a regular dialogue with both the management team and other stakeholders and seek specifically tailored financial reporting. In addition, senior investment professionals may take board seats or obtain board observation rights in connection with our portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016, of our 214 portfolio companies, we were entitled to board seats or board observation rights on 37% of these companies and these companies represented approximately 63% of our portfolio at fair value.

We seek to exert significant influence post-investment, in addition to covenants and other contractual rights and through board participation, when appropriate, by actively working with management on strategic initiatives. We often introduce managers of companies in which we have invested to other portfolio companies to capitalize on complementary business activities and best practices.

Our investment adviser employs an investment rating system to categorize our investments. In addition to various risk management and monitoring tools, our investment adviser grades the credit risk of all investments on a scale of 1 to 4 no less frequently than quarterly. This system is intended primarily to reflect the underlying risk of a portfolio investment relative to our initial cost basis in respect of such portfolio investment (i.e., at the time of origination or acquisition), although it may also take into account under certain circumstances the performance of the portfolio company's business, the collateral coverage of the investment and other relevant factors. Under this system, investments with a grade of 4 involve the least amount of risk to our initial cost basis. The trends and risk factors for this investment since origination or acquisition are generally favorable, which may include the performance of the portfolio company or a potential exit. Investments graded 3 involve a level of risk to our initial cost basis that is similar to the risk to our initial cost basis at the time of origination or acquisition. This portfolio company is generally performing as expected and the risk factors to our ability to ultimately recoup the cost of our investment are neutral to favorable. All investments or acquired investments in new portfolio companies are initially assessed a grade of 3. Investments graded 2 indicate that the risk to our ability to recoup the initial cost basis of such investment has increased materially since origination or acquisition, including as a result of factors such as declining performance and non-compliance with debt covenants; however, payments are generally not more than 120 days past due. An investment grade of 1 indicates that the risk to our ability to recoup the initial cost basis of such investment has substantially increased since origination or acquisition, and the portfolio company likely has materially declining performance. For debt investments with an investment grade of 1, most or all of the debt covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. For investments graded 1, it is anticipated that we will not recoup our initial cost basis and may realize a substantial loss of our initial cost basis upon exit. For investments graded 1 or 2, our investment adviser enhances its level of scrutiny over the monitoring of such portfolio company. The grade of a portfolio investment may be reduced or increased over time.

As of June 30, 2016, the weighted average grade of our portfolio at fair value was 3.0. For more information, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio and Investment Activity."

MANAGERIAL ASSISTANCE

As a BDC, we must offer, and must provide upon request, significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies. This assistance could involve, among other things, monitoring the operations of our portfolio companies, participating in board and management meetings, consulting with and advising officers of portfolio companies and providing other organizational and financial guidance. Ares Operations may provide all or a portion of this assistance pursuant to our

administration agreement, the costs of which will be reimbursed by us. We may receive fees for these services.

COMPETITION

Our primary competitors include public and private funds, commercial and investment banks, commercial finance companies, other BDCs and private equity funds, each of which we compete with for financing opportunities. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial and marketing resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider more investments and establish more relationships than we do. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the Investment Company Act imposes on us as a BDC. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we face, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities".

We believe that the relationships of the members of our investment adviser's investment committee and of the partners of Ares enable us to learn about, and compete effectively for, financing opportunities with attractive middle-market companies in the industries in which we seek to invest. We believe that Ares' professionals' deep and long-standing direct sponsor relationships and the resulting proprietary transaction opportunities that these relationships often present, provide valuable insight and access to transactions and information. We use the industry information of Ares' investment professionals to which we have access to assess investment risks and determine appropriate pricing for our investments in portfolio companies.

STAFFING

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees or affiliates of our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, and our administrator, Ares Operations, each of which is a subsidiary of Ares Management, pursuant to the terms of our investment advisory and management agreement and our administration agreement, respectively, each as described below. Each of our executive officers is an employee or affiliate of our investment adviser or our administrator. Our day-to-day investment activities are managed by our investment adviser. Most of the services necessary for the origination of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by Ares Capital Management. Ares Capital Management had approximately 80 U.S.-based investment professionals as of March 31, 2016 who focus on origination, transaction development, investment and the ongoing monitoring of our investments. See "Management Investment Advisory and Management Agreement" below. We reimburse both our investment adviser and our administrator for a certain portion of expenses incurred in connection with such staffing, as described in more detail below. Because we have no employees, Ares Capital does not have a formal employee relations policy.

PROPERTIES

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties materially important to our operation. Our headquarters are currently located at 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor, New York, New York 10167. We are party to office leases pursuant to which we are leasing office facilities from third parties. For certain of these office leases, we have also entered into separate subleases with Ares Management LLC and IHAM, pursuant to which Ares Management LLC, the sole member of Ares Capital Management, and IHAM sublease a portion of these leases. Ares Management LLC has also entered into separate subleases with us, pursuant to which we sublease certain office spaces from Ares Management LLC.

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LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are party to certain lawsuits in the normal course of business. In addition, Allied Capital was involved in various legal proceedings that we assumed in connection with the Allied Acquisition. Furthermore, third parties may try to seek to impose liability on us in connection with our activities or the activities of our portfolio companies. While the outcome of any such legal proceedings cannot at this time be predicted with certainty, we do not expect that these legal proceedings will materially affect our business, financial condition or results of operations.

On May 20, 2013, we were named as one of several defendants in an action (the "Action") filed in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania (the "Pennsylvania Court") by the bankruptcy trustee of DSI Renal Holdings LLC and two related companies. On March 17, 2014, the Action was transferred to the United States District Court for the District of Delaware (the "Delaware Court") pursuant to a motion filed by the defendants and granted by the Pennsylvania Court. On May 6, 2014, the Delaware Court referred the Action to the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware. The complaint in the Action alleges, among other things, that each of the named defendants participated in a purported "fraudulent transfer" involving the restructuring of a subsidiary of DSI Renal Holdings LLC. Among other things, the complaint seeks, jointly and severally from all defendants, (1) damages of approximately \$425 million, of which the complaint states our individual share is approximately \$117 million, and (2) punitive damages. We are currently unable to assess with any certainty whether we may have any exposure in the Action. We believe the plaintiff's claims are without merit and intend to vigorously defend ourselves in the Action.

We are aware that four lawsuits have been filed by stockholders of American Capital challenging the American Capital Acquisition. These legal proceedings could delay or prevent the American Capital Acquisition from becoming effective within the agreed upon timeframe or at all, and, if the American Capital Acquisition is completed, may be material to the results of operations, cash flows or financial condition of the combined company. It is possible that third parties could try to seek to impose liability against the combined company in connection with this matter or other potential legal proceedings.

On or about June 24, 2016, Larry Sutton filed a putative shareholder class action allegedly on behalf of holders of the common stock of American Capital against the members of American Capital's board of directors in the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland in connection with the American Capital Acquisition. The action alleges that the American Capital's directors failed to adequately discharge their fiduciary duties to the public shareholders of American Capital by failing to take steps necessary to obtain for the shareholders the highest value available in the marketplace for their shares in the American Capital Acquisition. The complaint further alleges that American Capital's directors exacerbated this failure by including deal protection devices in the American Capital Acquisition that precluded other bidders from making a higher offer to American Capital. A purported claim is asserted against the Company for aiding and abetting American Capital's directors' alleged breaches of their fiduciary duties. The complaint seeks to enjoin the shareholder vote on the American Capital Acquisition between the Company and American Capital until American Capital adopts a process to obtain a transaction providing the best available terms for its shareholders. In the event that the American Capital Acquisition is completed, the complaint seeks to recover compensatory damages for all losses resulting from the alleged breaches of fiduciary duty. We believe that this claim is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against it

On or about July 12, 2016, Renee J. Bercury, Renee J. Bercury IRA, William T. Bercury, William T. Bercury IRA, Atha P. Bercury, John G. Bercury, and Bercury Homes, Ltd. filed a putative shareholder class action allegedly on behalf of holders of the common stock of American Capital against the members of American Capital's board of directors in the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland. The action alleges that American Capital's directors failed to adequately discharge

their fiduciary duties to the public shareholders of American Capital by failing to take steps necessary to obtain for the shareholders the highest value available in the marketplace for their shares in the American Capital Acquisition. The complaint further alleges that the American Capital Acquisition was the product of flawed sales process due to the American Capital directors' conflicts of interest and use of deal protection devices in the American Capital Acquisition that precluded other bidders from making a higher offer to American Capital. A purported claim is asserted against the Company for aiding and abetting American Capital's directors' alleged breaches of their fiduciary duties. The complaint seeks to enjoin the shareholder vote on the American Capital Acquisition until American Capital adopts a process to obtain a transaction providing the best available terms for its shareholders. In the event that the American Capital Acquisition is consummated, the complaint seeks to recover compensatory damages for all losses resulting from the alleged breaches of fiduciary duty. We believe that this claim is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against it.

On or about July 21, 2016, Garry Tischler filed a putative shareholder class action allegedly on behalf of all shareholders of American Capital against the members of American Capital's board of directors in the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland. The action alleges that the American Capital directors failed to adequately discharge their fiduciary duties to the shareholders of American Capital by failing to take steps necessary to obtain for the shareholders the highest value available in the marketplace for their shares in the American Capital Acquisition. The complaint further alleges that American Capital's directors exacerbated this failure by including deal protection devices in the American Capital Acquisition that precluded other bidders from making a higher offer to American Capital and by relying upon guidance from a conflicted financial advisor that owned common stock in the Company and stood to directly benefit from the American Capital Acquisition. A purported claim is asserted against the Company for aiding and abetting the American Capital directors' alleged breaches of their fiduciary duties. The complaint seeks to enjoin the American Capital Acquisition, including the shareholder vote on the American Capital Acquisition. In the alternative, the complaint seeks to amend or enjoin the deal protection devices as necessary to ensure a fair sales process. In the event that the American Capital Acquisition is completed, the complaint seeks to recover compensatory damages for all losses resulting from the alleged breaches of fiduciary duty. We believe that this claim is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against it.

On or about July 27, 2016, Paul Barba filed a putative shareholder class action allegedly on behalf of holders of the common stock of American Capital against the members of American Capital's board of directors in the Circuit Court for Montgomery County, Maryland. The action alleges that the directors failed to adequately discharge their fiduciary duties to the public shareholders of American Capital by engaging in a flawed sales process that commenced due to the American Capital board's manipulation by a major shareholder, Elliott Management Corp. ("Elliott"). The complaint also alleges that the directors then failed to obtain for the shareholders the highest value available in the marketplace for their shares in the American Capital Acquisition. The complaint alleges that the American Capital Acquisition was the product of a flawed sales process due to Elliott's continued manipulation of the American Capital directors, the use of deal protection devices in the American Capital Acquisition that precluded other bidders from making a higher offer to American Capital, and the American Capital directors' reliance on conflicted financial advisors with ties to the Company or Elliott. A purported claim is asserted against the Company for aiding and abetting American Capital's directors' alleged breaches of their fiduciary duties. The complaint seeks to enjoin the American Capital Acquisition. In the event that the American Capital Acquisition is completed, the complaint seeks to recover compensatory damages for all losses resulting from the alleged breaches of fiduciary duty. We believe that these claims are without merit and intend to vigorously defend against them.

PENDING AMERICAN CAPITAL ACQUISITION

On May 23, 2016, we entered into a definitive agreement to acquire American Capital in a cash and stock transaction. American Capital is an internally managed closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under the Investment Company Act.

If the American Capital Acquisition is completed, American Capital will become a subsidiary of the Company and ACAM, a portfolio

company of American Capital, will merge with and into IHAM, our portfolio company, with IHAM being the surviving entity in the ACAM Merger.
Simplified Structure Before the Completion of the American Capital Acquisition
Simplified Structure Following the Completion of the American Capital Acquisition

Immediately following the Mergers, American Capital will convert into a Delaware limited liability company and withdraw its election as a BDC.

Upon the completion of the American Capital Acquisition, each share of American Capital common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the American Capital Acquisition will be converted into the right to receive from us, in accordance with the Merger

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Agreement, (i) \$6.41 per share in cash consideration, (ii) stock consideration at the Exchange Ratio, and (iii) (A) if the closing occurs after the record date with respect to our dividend payable with respect to the fourth quarter of 2016, 37.5% of the Exchange Ratio times our dividend for such quarter, plus (B) if the closing occurs after the record date with respect to our dividend payable with respect to the first quarter of 2017, 75% of the Exchange Ratio times our dividend for such quarter, plus (C) if the closing occurs after the record date with respect to our dividend for any subsequent quarter, 100% of the Exchange Ratio times our dividend for such quarter. The Exchange Ratio was fixed on the date of the Merger Agreement, and is not subject to adjustment based on changes in the trading price of our or American Capital's common stock before the closing of the American Capital Acquisition. Based on the number of shares of American Capital Common Stock outstanding on the date of the Merger Agreement, this would result in approximately 110.8 million of our shares being exchanged for approximately 229.3 million outstanding shares of American Capital common stock, subject to adjustment in certain limited circumstances. Following completion of the American Capital Acquisition, the directors of our board of directors will continue as directors of the Company.

Additionally, in accordance with the Merger Agreement, each share of American Capital common stock issued and outstanding immediately prior to the effective time of the American Capital Acquisition will have the right to receive (i) \$1.20 per share in cash from our investment adviser, acting solely on its own behalf and (ii) \$2.45 per share in cash, which amount represents the per share cash consideration paid to American Capital pursuant to the sale by ACAM OF ACMM, a wholly owned subsidiary of ACAM, to AGNC (the "Mortgage Manager Sale").

The Merger Agreement contains (a) customary representations and warranties of American Capital and the Company, including representations and warranties relating to, among others: corporate organization, capitalization, corporate authority and absence of conflicts, third party and governmental consents and approvals, reports and regulatory matters, financial statements, compliance with law and legal proceedings, absence of certain changes, taxes, employee matters, intellectual property, insurance and certain contracts, (b) limited representations and warranties from IHAM and ACAM, including representations and warranties relating to, among others: corporate organization, capitalization, corporate authority and absence of conflicts, (c) limited representations and warranties from our investment adviser, including representations and warranties relating to, among others: corporate organization, capitalization, corporate authority, absence of conflicts and regulatory matters, (d) covenants of American Capital and the Company to conduct our respective businesses in the ordinary course until the American Capital Acquisition is completed and (e) covenants of American Capital and the Company not to take certain actions during this interim period.

Among other things, American Capital and we have agreed to, and will cause our respective affiliates, consolidated subsidiaries, and each of their respective officers, directors, managers, employees and other advisors, representatives and agents to, immediately cease and cause to be terminated all discussions and negotiations with respect to a "Competing Proposal" (as defined in the Merger Agreement) from a third party and not to directly or indirectly solicit or take any other action (including providing information) with the intent to solicit any inquiry, discussion, proposal or offer with respect to a Competing Proposal.

However, if either American Capital or the Company receives a Competing Proposal from a third party, and the board of directors of American Capital or the Company, as applicable, determines in good faith after consultation with its outside legal counsel and independent financial advisers that (i) failure to consider such proposal would reasonably be expected to be inconsistent with the fiduciary duties of the respective directors under applicable law and (ii) the Competing Proposal constitutes or is reasonably expected to result in a "Superior Proposal" (as defined in the Merger Agreement), then the party receiving such proposal may engage in discussions and negotiations with such third party so long as certain notice and other procedural requirements are satisfied. American Capital or the Company may terminate the Merger Agreement and enter into an agreement with a third party who makes a

Superior Proposal, subject to certain procedural requirements and the payment of a \$140 million termination fee.

The representations and warranties of each party set forth in the Merger Agreement (i) have been qualified by confidential disclosures made to the other party in connection with the Merger Agreement, (ii) will not survive completion of the American Capital Acquisition and cannot be the basis for any claims under the Merger Agreement by the other party after the American Capital Acquisition is completed, (iii) are qualified in certain circumstances by a materiality standard which may differ from what may be viewed as material by investors, (iv) were made only as of the date of the Merger Agreement or such other date as is specified in the Merger Agreement and (v) may have been included in the Merger Agreement for the purpose of allocating risk between American Capital and the Company rather than establishing matters as facts.

While there can be no assurances as to the exact timing, or that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed at all, we expect to complete the American Capital Acquisition as early as the fourth quarter of 2016. The completion of the American Capital Acquisition is subject to certain conditions, including, among others, American Capital stockholder approval, our stockholder approval, required regulatory approvals, receipt of certain third party consents, including consents from regulatory authorities in the United Kingdom and Guernsey and consents from certain investment funds managed by ACAM and its subsidiaries representing at least 75% of the aggregate assets under management from all such funds as of March 31, 2016 and other customary closing conditions.

The Merger Agreement also contains certain termination rights for us and American Capital and provides that, in connection with the termination of the Merger Agreement under specified circumstances (including as more specifically described above), American Capital or the Company may be required to pay the other party a termination fee of \$140 million.

We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed as scheduled, or at all. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

Additionally, on May 23, 2016, we entered into an agreement with our investment adviser (the "Transaction Support Agreement") in connection with the American Capital Acquisition. Under the terms of the Transaction Support Agreement, our investment adviser will (i) provide approximately \$275 million of cash consideration, or \$1.20 per share of American Capital common stock, payable to American Capital stockholders in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement at closing and (ii) waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the closing of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (x) \$10 million of income based fees and (y) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under our investment advisory and management agreement. The financial support contemplated by the Transaction Support Agreement is conditioned upon completion of the American Capital Acquisition, which is subject to the closing conditions described above.

Also in connection with the American Capital Acquisition, our consolidated subsidiary, Ares Capital CP, received commitments from certain lenders to provide \$460.0 million in new commitments under the Revolving Funding Facility, which would bring the total commitments of the Revolving Funding Facility to \$1.0 billion. The new commitments are conditioned upon completion of the American Capital Acquisition, which is subject to certain closing conditions described above, and also are subject to final documentation of the amendment to the Revolving Funding Facility.

In May 2016, in connection with the American Capital Acquisition, we suspended our stock repurchase program pending the completion of the American Capital Acquisition.

PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

The following table describes each of the businesses included in our portfolio and reflects data as of June 30, 2016. Percentages shown for class of investment securities held by us represent percentage of the class owned and do not necessarily represent voting ownership. Percentages shown for equity securities, other than warrants or options, represent the actual percentage of the class of security held before dilution. Percentages shown for warrants and options held represent the percentage of class of security we may own assuming we exercise our warrants or options before dilution.

We have indicated by footnote portfolio companies (a) where we directly or indirectly own more than 25% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company and, therefore, are presumed to be "controlled" by us under the Investment Company Act and (b) where we directly or indirectly own 5% to 25% of the outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company or where we hold one or more seats on the portfolio company's board of directors and, therefore, are deemed to be an "affiliated person" under the Investment Company Act. We directly or indirectly own less than 5% of the outstanding voting securities of all other portfolio companies (or have no other affiliations with such portfolio companies) listed on the table. We offer to make significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies. Where we do not hold a seat on the portfolio company's board of directors, we may receive rights to observe such board meetings.

Where we have indicated by footnote the amount of undrawn commitments to portfolio companies to fund various revolving and delayed draw senior secured and subordinated loans, such undrawn commitments are presented net of (i) standby letters of credit treated as drawn commitments because they are issued and outstanding, (ii) commitments substantially at the Company's discretion and (iii) commitments that are unavailable due to borrowing base or other covenant restrictions.

ARES CAPITAL AND SUBSIDIARIES PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

As of June 30, 2016 (dollar amounts in thousands)

	n too not do	To control of	1.4(1)	Maturity	% of Class Held at	Fair	
Company 10th Street, LLC and	Business Description Real estate holding	Investment First lien senior	Interest(1) 12.00% Cash, 1.00%	Date 11/2/2019	6/30/2016	Value 25,449	
New 10th Street, LLC(4)	company	secured loan Senior subordinated	PIK 12.00% Cash, 1.00%	11/2/2019	\$	27,371	
		loan	PIK		Ť		
5 North 11th Street Brooklyn, NY 11211		Member interest Option			10.00% \$ 40.10% \$	44,484 25	
2329497 Ontario Inc.	Outsourced data center	Second lien senior secured	10.50% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	6/30/2019	\$	29,487	
77 King Street West, Suite 4400 PO Box 235	infrastructure and related services provider	loan	(Liboi + 3.23 /c/Q)				
Toronto, ON M5K 1J3 Canada	provider						
Absolute Dental Management LLC and ADM	Dental services provider	First lien senior secured loan	9.26% (Libor + 8.26%/Q)	1/5/2022	\$	23,750	
Equity, LLC	•	Class A preferred units	·		9.30% \$	3,296	
526 South Tonopah Dr. Suite #200		Class A common units			9.30% \$		
Las Vegas, NV 89106							
Accruent, LLC and	Real estate and facilities	First lien senior secured		5/16/2022	\$		(5)
Athena Parent, Inc. 10801-2 N Mopac Expressway,	management software provider	revolving loan Second lien senior	10.75%	11/16/2022	\$	42,500	
Suite 400 Austin, TX 78759		secured loan Common stock	(Libor + 9.75%/Q)		0.79% \$	3,000	
Adaptive Mobile Security Limited	Developer of security	First lien senior	10.00%	7/1/2018	\$	2,714	
Taupure Income Security Zammed	•	secured loan	(Libor + 9.00%/M)				
Ferry House	software for mobile	First lien senior secured loan	10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/M)	10/1/2018	\$	701	
48-52 Lower Mount Street	communications networks						
Dublin 2, Ireland							
ADCS Billings Intermediate	Dermatology practice	First lien senior secured		5/18/2022	\$		(6)
Holdings, LLC 151 Southhall Lane, Suite 300		revolving loan First lien senior		5/18/2022	\$		(7)
Maitland, FL 32751		secured loan First lien senior	6.75%	5/18/2022	\$	8,617	
		secured loan First lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 5.75%/Q) 6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	5/18/2022	\$ 2	22,500	
ADF Capital, Inc., ADF Restaurant	Restaurant owner and	First lien senior secured loan	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	12/18/2018	\$	36,734	
Group, LLC, and ARG Restaurant Holdings, Inc. 165 Passaic Avenue Fairfield, NJ 07004	operator	Promissory note Warrant	(Liboi + 8.23 MQ)	12/18/2023 12/18/2023	\$ 95.00% \$	11,358	(2)
AEP Holdings, Inc.	Distributor of			8/31/2021	\$	45,346	

and Arrowhead Holdco Company	non-discretionary,	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.25%/Q) 8.75%(Base Rate + 5.25%/Q)	8/31/2021	\$	673
3787 95th Ave. N.E.	mission-critical aftermarket	First lien senior secured loan	8.25% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	8/31/2021	\$	9,975
Blaine, MN 55014	replacement parts	First lien senior secured loan	9.75%(Base Rate + 6.25%/Q)	8/31/2021	\$	25
		Common stock			1.13% \$	2,823
Aimbridge Hospitality, LLC	Hotel operator	First lien senior secured loan		10/8/2018	\$	(8)
5851 Legacy Circle, Suite 400		First lien senior secured loan	8.25% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	10/8/2018	\$	2,885
Plano, TX 75024		First lien senior secured loan	8.25% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	10/8/2018	\$	18,304
Alegeus Technologies Holdings Corp.	Benefits	Preferred stock			0.79% \$	1,878
1601 Trapelo Road South Building, 2nd Floor Waltham, MA 02451	administration and transaction processing provider	Common stock			0.00% \$	
AllBridge Financial, LLC(4)	Asset management services	Equity interests			100.00% \$	517
13760 Noel Road, Suite 1100 Dallas, TX 75240	scivices					
Alphabet Energy, Inc.	Technology	First lien senior	14.50%	8/1/2017	\$	3,960
26225 Eden Landing Road, Suite D	developer to convert waste-heat	secured loan Series B preferred	(Libor + 11.50% Cash, 2.00% PIK/M)		0.19% \$	46
Hayward, CA 94545	into electricity	stock Warrant		12/12/2023	0.88% \$	(2)
American Broadband Communications, LLC,	Broadband communication	Warrant		11/7/2017	20.76% \$	7,204(2)
American Broadband Holding Company, and Cameron Holdings of NC, Inc. 401 N. Tryon Street, 10th Floor Charlotte, NC 28202	services	Warrant		9/1/2020	20.00% \$	6,927(2)
American Residential Services L.L.C.	Heating, ventilation	Second lien senior	8.50%	12/31/2021	\$	50,000
965 Ridge Lake Blvd.	and air conditioning	secured loan	(Libor + $7.50\%/Q$)			
Memphis, TN 38120	services provider					
		164				

Company	Business Description	Investment	Interest(1)	Maturity Date	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value
American Seafoods Group LLC	Harvester and	First lien senior secured	7.50%(Base	8/19/2021	\$	3,300(9)
and American Seafoods Partners LLC 2025 First Avenue, Suite 900	processor of seafood	revolving loan First lien senior secured	Rate + 4.00%/Q) 6.00%	8/19/2021	\$	19,467
Seattle, WA 98121		loan Second lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 5.00%/Q) 10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	2/19/2022	\$	55,000
		Class A units Warrant		8/19/2035	0.24% \$ 3.36% \$	83 7,872(2)
		waitant		6/19/2033	3.30 /0 ¢	7,672(2)
Argon Medical Devices, Inc. 5151 Headquarters Drive, Suite 210	Manufacturer and marketer of single-use	Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	6/23/2022	\$	9,000
Plano, TX 75024	specialty medical devices	Ioun				
Athletic Club Holdings, Inc.	Premier health club operator	First lien senior secured loan		10/31/2020	\$	(10)
5201 East Tudor Road		First lien senior secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/Q)	10/31/2020	\$	41,000
Anchorage, AL 99507		loan	(L1001 + 0.50707Q)			
AwarePoint Corporation	Healthcare technology	First lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	6/1/2018	\$	8,772
600 W. Broadway, Suite 250 San Diego, CA 92101	platform developer			9/5/2024	8.83% \$	609(2)
Batanga, Inc.	Independent digital	First lien senior secured loan	12.00% (Libor + 11.00%/M)	12/31/2016	\$	10,066
2121 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 800 Coral Gables, FL 33134	media company		(=====			
Benihana, Inc.	Restaurant owner and	First lien senior secured	7.75%(Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	7/17/2018	\$	1,074(11)
8685 Northwest 53rd Terrace Miami, FL 33166	operator	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (Libor + 5.50%/Q)	1/17/2019	\$	4,573
Bicent (California) Holdings LLC	Gas turbine power	Senior subordinated loan	8.25% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	2/6/2021	\$	49,507
c/o Beowolf Energy LLC 100 N. West Street Easton, MD 21601	generation facilities operator		(2001 - 1, 120 /// 6)			
Brandtone Holdings Limited	Mobile communications	First lien senior secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/M)	11/1/2018	\$	4,598
51-54 Pearse Street	and marketing	First lien senior secured	9.50%	1/1/2019	\$	3,036
Dublin 2, Ireland	services provider	loan (Libor + 8.50%/M) Warrant	(Libor + 8.50%/M)	5/11/2025	1.99% \$	1(2)
Brush Power, LLC	Gas turbine power	First lien senior secured loan	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	8/1/2020	\$	56,542
1150 West Century Ave.	generation facilities	First lien senior secured loan	7.75%(Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	8/1/2020	\$	157
Bismarck ND, 58503	operator					
Cadence Aerospace, LLC	Aerospace precision	First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	5/9/2018	\$	4,053
2600 94th Street SW, Suite 150	components manufacturer	First lien senior secured	8.25%(Base Rate + 4.75%/Q)	5/9/2018	\$	11
Everett, WA 98204		loan Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	5/9/2019	\$	77,267
Callidus Capital Corporation(4)	Asset management services	Common stock			100.00% \$	1,668

2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor						
Los Angeles, CA 90067						
CallMiner, Inc. 200 West Street	Provider of cloud-based conversational	Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/M)	5/1/2018	\$	2,788
Waltham, MA 02452	analytics solutions	Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/M)	9/1/2018	\$	1,576
		Warrant		7/23/2024	1.83% \$	(2)
Campus Management Corp. and Campus Management Acquisition Corp.(3) 350 Park Avenue, 23rd Floor New York, NY 10022	Education software developer	Preferred stock			16.75% \$	11,224
Castle Management Borrower LLC	Hotel operator	First lien senior secured loan	5.50% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	9/18/2020	\$	5,746
545 East John Carpenter Freeway, Suite 1400		Second lien senior secured	11.00% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	3/18/2021	\$	10,000
Irving, TX 75062		loan Second lien senior secured loan	11.00% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	3/18/2021	\$	55,000
CCS Intermediate Holdings, LLC	Correctional facility	First lien senior secured	5.00% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	7/23/2019	\$	3,188(12)
and CCS Group Holdings, LLC 3343 Perimeter Hill Drive, Suite 300 Nashville, TN 37211	healthcare operator	revolving loan First lien senior secured revolving loan	6.50%(Base Rate + 3.00%/Q)	7/23/2019	\$	1,403(12)
Nashville, 11v 3/211		First lien senior secured loan	5.00% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	7/23/2021	\$	5,625
		Second lien senior secured loan	9.38% (Libor + 8.38%/Q)	7/23/2022	\$	108,000
		Class A units			1.24% \$	362
CEI Kings Mountain Investor, LP 8800 N. Gainey Drive, Suite 250 Scottsdale, AZ 85258	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan	11.00% PIK	3/11/2017	\$	30,859
		165				

Company	Business Description	Investment	Interest(1)	Maturity Date	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value
CFW Co-Invest, L.P.,	Health club franchisor	Limited partnership	interest(1)	Date	12.24% \$	vaiue
NCP Curves, L.P. and		interest Limited partnership			12.25% \$	7,046
Curves International Holdings, Inc. 100 Ritchie Road Waco, TX 76712		interest Common stock			7.41% \$	
CH Hold Corp.	Collision repair company	First lien senior secured	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	11/20/2019	\$	805(13)
401 E. Corporate Drive, Suite 150 Lewisville, TX 75057		revolving loan First lien senior secured revolving loan	7.75%(Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	11/20/2019	\$	730(13)
ChargePoint, Inc.	Developer and	First lien senior	9.75%	7/1/2019	\$	10,000
1692 Dell Avenue	operator of electric vehicle	secured loan First lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 8.75%/M) 9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/M)	1/1/2019	\$	10,000
Campbell, CA 95008	charging stations	Warrant	(Libbi + 8.73 /6/141)	12/24/2024	2.12% \$	1,371(2)
Chariot Acquisition, LLC	Manufacturer,	First lien senior secured		9/30/2021	\$	(14)
3510 Port Jacksonville Pkwy Jacksonville, Florida 32226	designer of aftermarket golf cart parts and accessories	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.25%/Q)	9/30/2021	\$	55,571
Charter NEX US Holdings, Inc. 1264 E High St. Milton, WI 53563	Producer of high-performance specialty films used in flexible packaging	Second lien senior secured loan	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	2/6/2023	\$	11,711
CIBT Holdings, Inc.	Expedited travel document	First lien senior secured loan		12/15/2018	\$	(15)
and CIBT Investment Holdings, LLC 111 Huntington Ave., 30th Floor Boston, MA 02199	processing services	Class A shares			1.97% \$	5,520
Ciena Capital LLC(4)	Real estate and	First lien senior secured	6.00%	12/31/2016	\$	14,000(16)
1633 Broadway, 39th Floor New York, NY 10019	small business loan servicer	revolving loan First lien senior	12.00%	12/31/2016	\$	250
		secured loan First lien senior	12.00%	12/31/2016	\$	500
		secured loan First lien senior secured loan	12.00%	12/31/2016	\$	1,250
		Equity interests			100.00% \$	14,856
CMW Parent LLC	Multiplatform media firm	Series A units			0.00% \$	
(fka Black Arrow, Inc.) 65 North San Pedro San Jose, CA 95110						
Command Alkon, Incorporated	Software solutions	Second lien senior secured	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	8/8/2020	\$	10,000
and CA Note Issuer, LLC	provider to the ready-mix	loan	(21001 1 0.23 101Q)			
1800 International Park Dr., Suite 400	concrete industry	Second lien senior secured	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	8/8/2020	\$	11,500
Birmingham, AL 35243		loan Second lien senior	9.25%	8/8/2020	\$	26,500
		secured loan Senior subordinated loan	(Libor + 8.25%/Q) 14.00% PIK	8/8/2021	\$	21,764

Commercial Credit Group, Inc. 121 West Trade Street, Suite 2100 Charlotte, NC 28202	Commercial equipment finance and leasing company	Senior subordinated loan	12.75%	5/10/2018	\$	28,000
Community Education Centers, Inc. and CEC Parent Holdings LLC(4) 35 Fairfield Place West Caldwell, NJ 07006	Offender re-entry and in-prison treatment services provider	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan Second lien senior secured loan Class A senior preferred units Class A junior preferred units Class A common units	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q) 7.75%(Base Rate + 4.25%/Q) 15.64% (Libor + 15.00%/Q)	12/13/2017 12/13/2017 6/13/2018	\$ \$ 0.90% \$ 30.77% \$	13,596 690 21,895 10,531 21,784
Competitor Group, Inc., Calera XVI, LLC and Champion Parent Corporation 9401 Waples Street, Suite 150 San Diego, CA 92121	Endurance sports media and event operator	First lien senior secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan Preferred shares Membership units Common shares	5.00% (Libor + 3.75%/Q) 5.00% (Libor + 3.75%/Q)	11/30/2018 11/30/2018	\$ 50.00% \$ 7.88% \$ 32.96% \$	4,212(17) 35,813
Component Hardware Group, Inc. 1890 Swarthmore Avenue Lakewood, NJ 08701	Manufacturer of commercial equipment	First lien senior secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	5.50% (Libor + 4.50%/Q) 5.50% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	7/1/2019 7/1/2019	\$	2,241(18) 8,021
Compuware Parent, LLC 777 Mariners Island Blvd. San Mateo, CA 94404	Web and mobile cloud performance testing and monitoring services provider	Class A-1 common stock Class B-1 common stock Class C-1 common stock Class A-2 common stock Class B-2 common stock Class C-2 common stock			0.41% \$ 0.41% \$ 0.41% \$ 0.41% \$ 0.41% \$ 0.41% \$	2,111 422 280
Correctional Medical Group Companies, Inc. 2511 Garden Road, Suite A160 Monterey, CA 93940	Correctional facility healthcare operator	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan	9.58% (Libor + 8.58%/Q) 9.58% (Libor + 8.58%/Q)	9/29/2021 9/29/2021 9/29/2021	\$ \$ \$	(19) 3,088 48,800

Company Covestia Capital Partners, LP	Business Description Investment partnership	Investment Limited partnership interest	Interest(1)	Maturity Date	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016 47.00% \$	Fair Value 1,863
11111 Santa Monica Blvd, Suite 1620 Los Angeles, CA 90025	partnersinp	interest				
CPV Maryland Holding	Gas turbine power	Senior subordinated loan	10.00%	12/31/2020	\$	42,682
Company II, LLC c/o Competitive Power Ventures, Inc. 8403 Colesville Road, Suite 915 Silver Spring, MD 20910	generation facilities operator	Warrant		8/8/2018	4.00% \$	(2)
Crescent Hotels &	Hotel operator	Senior subordinated	15.00%	9/8/2011	\$	3,105
Resorts, LLC and affiliates(4)		loan Common equity interest			90.00% \$	
2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067						
Crown Health Care Laundry	Provider of outsourced	First lien senior secured	7.25% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	3/13/2019	\$	2,000(20)
Services, Inc. and Crown Laundry Holdings, LLC(3)	healthcare linen management solutions	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	3/13/2019	\$	18,275
1501 North Guillemard Street		Class A preferred units	(11.76% \$	3,248
Pensacola, FL 32501		Class B common units			11.76% \$	361
DCA Investment Holding, LLC	Multi-branded dental	First lien senior secured	7.75%(Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	\$	3,367(21)
6240 Lake Osprey Drive Sarasota, FL 34240	practice management	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	7/2/2021	\$	18,613
Dent Wizard International	Automotive reconditioning	Second lien senior secured	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	10/7/2020	\$	50,000
Corporation and DWH Equity Investors, L.P.	services	loan Class A common			0.44% \$	520
4710 Earth City Expressway		stock Class B common stock			0.37% \$	1,040
Bridgeton, MO 63044						
DESRI VI Management Holdings, LLC	Wind power generation	Senior subordinated loan	9.75%	12/24/2021	\$	25,000
c/o D.E. Shaw & Co., L.P. 1166 Avenue of the Americas, 9th Floor New York, NY 10036	facility operator	Non-controlling units			10.00% \$	2,242
DineInFresh, Inc.	Meal-delivery provider	First lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/M)	7/1/2018	\$	6,250
22 West 19th Street, 5th Floor New York, NY 10011	provide:	Warrant	(Bloof Give renity)	12/19/2024	1.48% \$	4(2)
Directworks, Inc.	Provider of cloud-based	First lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/M)	4/1/2018	\$	1,960
and Co-Exprise Holdings, Inc. 6021 Wallace Road, Suite 300 Wexford, PA 15090	software solutions for direct materials sourcing and supplier	Warrant	(LIDOI T 5.2576/IVI)	12/19/2024	4.76% \$	(2)
	management					

for manufacturers

DNAnexus, Inc.	Bioinformatics company	First lien senior secured loan	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/M)	10/1/2018	\$	10,330
1975 W. El Camino Real, Suite 101 Mountain View, CA 94040	company	Warrant	(E1001 + 0.23 /0/141)	3/21/2024	1.60% \$	250(2)
DTI Holdco, Inc.	Provider of legal	First lien senior secured loan	5.75% (Libor + 4.75%/Q)	8/19/2020	\$	964
and OPE DTI Holdings, Inc.	process outsourcing and	Class A common stock	(L1001 + 4.75 767Q)		1.65% \$	3,649
Two Ravinia Drive, Suite 850	managed services	Class B common stock			1.65% \$	3,649
Atlanta, GA 30346						
Dwyer Acquisition Parent, Inc.	Operator of multiple	Senior subordinated loan	11.00%	2/15/2020	\$	31,500
and TDG Group Holding Company	franchise concepts primarily	Senior subordinated loan	11.00%	2/15/2020	\$	52,670
1020 N University Park Drive Waco, TX 76707	related to home maintenance or repairs	Common stock			1.87% \$	4,834
Eagle Family Foods Group LLC	Manufacturer and	First lien senior secured loan	10.05% (Libor + 9.05%/Q)	12/31/2021	\$	4,775
1 Strawberry Lane	producer of milk	First lien senior secured loan	10.05% (Libor + 9.05%/Q)	12/31/2021	\$	50,000
Orrville, OH 44667	products	secured roan	(Libbi + 7.03 /6/Q)			
Earthcolor Group, LLC	Printing management services	Limited liability company			9.30% \$	
249 Pomeroy Road Parsippany, NJ 07054		interests				
Eckler Industries, Inc.	Restoration parts and	First lien senior secured	8.50%(Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)	7/12/2017	\$	1,880(22)
5200 S. Washington Ave. Titusville, FL 32780	accessories provider for classic	revolving loan First lien senior	7.25%	7/12/2017	\$	6,539
	automobiles	secured loan First lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 6.00%/Q) 7.25%	7/12/2017	\$	24,682
		Series A preferred	(Libor + $6.00\%/Q$)		5.41% \$	
		Common stock			5.41% \$	
EcoMotors, Inc.	Engine developer	First lien senior secured loan	11.00%	3/1/2018	\$	11,480
17000 Federal Drive, Suite 200 Allen Park, MI 48101		Warrant Warrant		12/28/2022 2/24/2025	2.10% \$ 0.46% \$	285(2) 62(2)
		167				

Company EN Engineering, L.L.C.	Business Description National utility	Investment First lien senior	Interest(1)	Maturity Date 6/30/2021	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value
28100 Torch Parkway, Suite 400	services firm providing engineering	secured loan First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	\$	5
Warrenville, Illinois 60555	and consulting	First lien senior secured loan	8.50%(Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	\$	4,610
	to natural gas, electric power and other energy and industrial end markets	First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/30/2021	\$	22,255
Everspin Technologies, Inc.	Designer and manufacturer	First lien senior secured	7.25%(Base Rate + 3.75%/M)	6/5/2017	\$	1,145(24)
1347 N. Alma School Road, Suite 220	of computer memory	revolving loan	Kate + 3.73701W1)			
Chandler, AZ 85224	solutions	First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/M)	6/1/2019	\$	8,000
		Warrant		6/5/2025	1.61% \$	355(2)
Faction Holdings, Inc. and The Faction Group LLC	Wholesaler of cloud-based software	First lien senior secured revolving loan		11/30/2017	\$	(25)
(fka PeakColo Holdings, Inc.)	applications and services	First lien senior	9.75%	12/1/2019	\$	3,000
303 E. 17th Avenue, Suite 1000		secured loan First lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 8.75%/M) 9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/M)	5/1/2019	\$	3,889
Denver, CO 80203		Warrant Warrant	(LIDOI + 0.73%/IVI)	12/3/2025 11/3/2024	1.97% \$ 2.71% \$	62(2) 85(2)
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC	Provider of branded	First lien senior secured loan	4.00% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	3/31/2019	\$	4,246
and Bowhunter Holdings, LLC	archery and bowhunting	First lien senior secured loan	4.00% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	3/31/2019	\$	6,328
110 Beasley Rd.	accessories	First lien senior secured loan	6.55% (Libor + 5.55%/Q)	3/31/2019	\$	8,740
Cartersville, GA 30120		First lien senior secured loan	6.55% (Libor + 5.55%/Q)	3/31/2019	\$	46,092
		Common units	· ·		3.57% \$	1,769
First Insight, Inc.	Software company providing	Warrant		3/20/2024	13.17% \$	11(2)
1606 Carmody Court, Suite 106	merchandising and pricing					
Sewickley, PA 15143	solutions to companies worldwide					
Flow Solutions Holdings, Inc.	Distributor of high	Second lien senior secured	10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	10/30/2018	\$	5,520
22908 NE Alder Crest Drive, Suite 100 Redmond, WA 98053	value fluid handling, filtration and flow	loan Second lien senior secured loan	10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	10/30/2018	\$	27,140
Condan Fresh Bostone & C	control products			7/2/2010	th.	(0.0
Garden Fresh Restaurant Corp.	Restaurant owner and	First lien senior secured		7/3/2018	\$	(26)
15822 Bernardo Center Drive, Suite A San Diego, CA 92127	operator	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	7/3/2018	\$	40,141
Genomatica, Inc.	Developer of a biotechnology	Warrant		3/28/2023	2.46% \$	6(2)
Cambridge Discovery Park, 5th Floor	platform for the					

•	,					
100 Acorn Park Drive Cambridge, MA 02140	production of chemical products					
Gentle Communications, LLC	Dental services provider	First lien senior secured		5/27/2022	\$	(27)
200 5th Avenue, Suite 3 Waltham, MA 02451		revolving loan First lien senior secured loan		5/27/2022	\$	(28
		First lien senior secured loan	7.50% (Libor + 6.50%/Q)	5/27/2022	\$	43,500
GF Parent LLC	Producer of low-acid,	Class A preferred units			2.58% \$	1,358
4757 Nexus Center Drive	aseptic food and	Class A common units			2.20% \$	
San Diego, CA 92121	beverage products					
Global Franchise Group, LLC	Worldwide franchisor	First lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	12/18/2019	\$	60,811
and GFG Intermediate Holding, Inc. 1346 Oakbrook Drive, Suite 170 Norcross, GA 30093	of quick service restaurants					
Global Healthcare Exchange, LLC	On-demand supply	Class A common			1.03% \$	2,991
and GHX Ultimate Parent Corp.	chain automation	stock Class B common			0.93% \$	5,435
1315 W Century Drive Louisville, CO 80027	solutions provider	stock				
Gordian Acquisition Corp.	Financial services firm	Common stock			5.00% \$	
950 Third Avenue, 17th Floor New York, NY 10022						
Green Energy Partners, Stonewall LLC	Gas turbine power generation	First lien senior secured loan	6.50% (Libor + 5.50%/Q)	11/13/2021	\$	24,000
and Panda Stonewall	facilities operator		8.00% Cash, 5.25% PIK	12/31/2021	\$	18,433
Intermediate Holdings II LLC		Senior subordinated loan		12/31/2021	\$	86,166
12 Paoli Pike Suite 5 Paoli, PA 19301						
Greenphire, Inc. and RMCF III CIV XXIX, L.P	Software provider for clinical	First lien senior secured		12/19/2018	\$	(29)
640 Freedom Business Center Drive, Suite 201 King of Prussia, PA 19406	trial management	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan		12/19/2018	\$	(30)
		First lien senior	9.00%	12/19/2018	\$	4,000
		secured loan Limited partnership interest	(Libor + 8.00%/Q)		99.90% \$	999
GS Pretium Holdings, Inc.	Manufacturer and supplier of	Common stock			0.41% \$	403
15450 South Outer Forty Drive, Suite 120	high performance					
Chesterfield, MO 63017	containers					
		168				

2 2	Business Description Manufacturer and provider of cutting tool	Investment First lien senior secured	Interest(1)	Maturity Date 3/28/2020	6/30/2016	Fair Value
g, LLC wburyport Turnpike y, MA 01969	provider to the metalworking industry	revolving loan Senior subordinated loan Class A membership units	10.00% Cash, 1.00% PIK	9/28/2020	\$ 1.09%\$,
quity, LLC(4) venue of the Stars, 12th Floor ngeles, CA 90067	Investment company	Member interest			100.00%\$	3 1:
ge Food Service Group, Inc. and IFG Holdings, LLC	Distributor of repair and replacement parts for	Second lien senior secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/Q)	10/20/2022	2 \$	31,3
xecutive Boulevard ayne, IN 46808	commercial kitchen equipment	Preferred units			2.50%\$	2,9
ol Networks, Inc. and uControl ition, LLC	Software and services company for the connected	Second lien senior secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/M)	3/1/2019	\$	20,1
vin Dolphin Drive, Suite 280 od City, CA 94065	home market	Warrant		2/19/2022	0.55%\$	
Inc. Greenwood Avenue	Industrial container manufacturer, reconditioner	First lien senior secured revolving loan	6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	12/31/2018	\$	1,0
bello, CA 90640	and servicer	Second lien senior secured loan	10.16% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	12/31/2019	\$	66,0
one Inc. . Adams Street, Suite 900 o, IL 60606	Voice-based marketing automation software provider	Warrant		10/15/2022	2 4.76%\$	
al Capital Group LLC venue of the Stars, 9th Floor S ngeles, CA 90067	Investment services	Class A common units 2006 Class B common units 2007 Class B common units			2.60% \$ 2.60% \$ 2.60% \$	3
al Capital Private Opportunities, LP venue of the Stars, 9th Floor S ngeles, CA 90067	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			80.00%\$	5 15,3
Footcare, LLC W Alexander Drive ox 13925 n, NC 27709	Provider of footwear and other accessories	First lien senior secured loan	8.75%(Base Rate + 5.25%/Q)	4/30/2021	\$	5 17,1
esearch Mezzanine Co-Invest, LLC eechleaf Court, Suite 600 h, NC 27604	Pharmaceutical and biotechnology consulting services	Common units			15.07%\$	1,6
Holdings Corp. nternational Blvd. nati, OH 45246	Designer, marketer, and distributor of rain and cold weather products	Second lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	11/1/2021	\$	64,0
Holding, LLC th Avenue South, Suite 301	Operator of for-profit law schools	First lien senior secured revolving loan		1/31/2017	\$	
, FL 34102		First lien senior secured loan Series A preferred units	11.50% (Libor + 8.50% Cash, 2.00% PIK/Q) 11.50% (Libor + 8.50% Cash, 2.00% PIK/Q)	1/31/2017	\$ 95.34%\$	·
		Series B preferred units			6.67%\$	
o de Banca y Comercio, Inc. & Leeds IV ors, Inc.	Private School Operator	First lien senior secured loan Senior preferred series A-1	10.50% PIK (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	12/31/2018	83.50%\$	
anta Ana 1660 ce, Puerto Rico 00909		shares Series B preferred stock Series C preferred stock Common stock			5.00% \$ 3.98% \$ 4.02% \$	3

tions Corporation ward Street, Suite E in, MA 02038	Developer of a speech recognition software based customer interaction system	Second lien senior secured loan Warrant	9.85% (Libor + 8.85%/M)	7/1/2019 6/16/2022	\$ 0.30%\$	25,0
edix Corporation J. Federal Highway, Suite 1000 auderdale, FL 33308	Revenue cycle management provider to the emergency healthcare industry	Second lien senior secured loan	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	6/27/2020		107,5
Inc lium Circle ta, NY 13820	Manufacturer of energy storage devices	First lien senior secured loan Warrant Warrant	10.00% Cash, 2.00% PIK	6/1/2018 1/27/2026 1/27/2026	\$ 3.61%\$ 8.06%\$	9,7. 2
ne, Inc., Internet Pipeline, Inc. and ne Holdings, Inc. illey Creek Blvd, Suite 300 PA 19341	Provider of SaaS-based software solutions to the insurance and financial services industry	First lien senior secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan Preferred stock Common stock	8.25% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	8/4/2022 8/4/2022	\$ 0.73%\$ 0.64%\$	71,4 2,4
net, Inc. Iopyard Road, Suite 250 nton, CA 94588	Online auction platform provider for used heavy equipment	Warrant		9/24/2023	7.60%\$	2
	1	69				

Company ISS Compressors Industries, Inc., ISS Valves	Business Description Provider of repairs,	Investment First lien senior	Interest(1)	Maturity Date 6/5/2018	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value	(35)
Industries, Inc., ISS Motors Industries, Inc., ISS	refurbishments and services	secured loan First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/5/2018	\$	32,627	
Machining Industries, Inc., and ISS Specialty Services Industries, Inc.	to the broader industrial end user markets	First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/5/2018	\$	6,175	
875 North Michigan Avenue Suite 4020 Chicago, Illinois 60611							
Itel Laboratories, Inc.	Data services provider for	First lien senior secured		6/29/2018	\$		(36)
6745 Phillips Industrial Boulevard	building materials to property	revolving loan			1,000 0		
Jacksonville, FL 32256	insurance industry	Preferred units			1.80% \$	1,134	
Ivy Hill Asset Management, L.P.(4) 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067	Asset management services	Member interest			100.00% \$	231,241	
Javlin Three LLC, Javlin Four LLC, and Javlin Five LLC 1414 Harney Street Suite 440 Omaha, NE 68102	Asset-backed financial services company	First lien senior secured revolving loan	10.47% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	6/24/2017	\$	38,797	
Joule Unlimited Technologies, Inc. and Stichting Joule Global Foundation	Renewable fuel and chemical production developer	First lien senior secured loan	13.00% (Libor + 11.00% Cash, 1.00% PIK/M)	10/1/2018	\$	7,876	
18 Crosby Drive Bedford, MA 01730		Common stock Warrant		7/25/2023	100.00% \$ 2.17% \$		(2)
K2 Pure Solutions Nocal, L.P.	Chemical Producer	First lien senior secured		2/19/2021	\$		(37)
260 Queen Street West, 4th Floor Toronto, ON M5V 1Z8		revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	2/19/2021	\$	52,975	
Canada							
Kettle Cuisine, LLC 330 Lynnway	Manufacturer of fresh refrigerated and frozen food	Second lien senior secured loan	10.75% (Libor + 9.75%/Q)	2/21/2022	\$	28,500	
Lynn, MA 01901	products						
KeyImpact Holdings, Inc. and JWC/KI Holdings, LLC	Foodservice sales and marketing	First lien senior secured loan		11/16/2021	\$		(38)
1701 Crossroads Dr.	agency	First lien senior secured loan	7.13% (Libor + 6.13%/Q)	11/16/2021	\$	46,019	
Odenton, MD 21113		Membership units			5.13% \$	5,970	
Kinestral Technologies, Inc.	Designer of adaptive,	First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/M)	10/1/2018	\$	9,695	
400 East Jamie Court, Suite 201	dynamic glass for the	Warrant		4/22/2024	1.17% \$	150(2	2)
South San Francisco, CA 94080	commercial and residential markets.	Warrant		4/7/2025	0.61% \$		(2)
KPS Global LLC	Manufacturer of walk-in	First lien senior secured loan	9.70% (Libor + 8.70%/Q)	12/4/2020	\$	36,540	

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4201 N Beach St	cooler and freezer systems					
Fort Worth, TX 76137						
La Paloma Generating Company, LLC 24 Waterway Avenue, Suite 800 Houston, TX 77380	Natural gas fired, combined cycle plant operator	Second lien senior secured loan		2/20/2020	\$	1,900
Lakeland Tours, LLC 218 West Water Street, Suite 400	Educational travel provider	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5.75% (Libor + 4.75%/Q)	2/10/2022	\$	7,593(39)
Charlottesville, VA 22902		First lien senior secured loan	5.75% (Libor + 4.75%/Q)	2/10/2022	\$	5,083
		First lien senior secured loan	10.45% (Libor + 9.45%/Q)	2/10/2022	\$	31,707
LBP Intermediate Holdings LLC 1325 S. Cicero Ave.	Manufacturer of paper and corrugated foodservice	First lien senior secured revolving loan		7/10/2020	\$	(40)
Cicero, IL 60804	packaging	First lien senior secured loan	6.50% (Libor + 5.50%/Q)	7/10/2020	\$	24,492
Liquid Light, Inc.	Developer and	First lien senior		11/1/2017	\$	200
11 Deer Park Drive, Suite 121 Monmouth Junction, NJ 08852	licensor of process technology for the conversion of carbon dioxide into major chemicals	secured loan Warrant		8/13/2024	1.00% \$	(2)
Liquid Robotics, Inc.	Ocean data services	First lien senior	11.00%	4/1/2019	\$	2,940
1329 Moffett Park Drive	provider utilizing long	secured loan First lien senior	(Libor + 10.00%/M) 9.00%	5/1/2019	\$	5,000
Sunnyvale, CA 94089	duration, autonomous surface vehicles	secured loan Warrant	(Libor + $8.00\%/M$)	6/30/2026	0.72% \$	42(2)
	venicles	Warrant		10/29/2025	1.21%\$	70(2)
LM Acquisition Holdings, LLC	Developer and manufacturer	Class A units			0.89% \$	1,771
6415 Northwest Drive, Unit 11	of medical equipment					
Mississauga, ON L4V 1X1 Canada	сцириси					
Lonestar Prospects, Ltd.	Sand proppant producer and	First lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 6.50% Cash,	9/18/2018	\$	70,930
4413 Carey Street Fort Worth, TX 76119	distributor to the oil and natural gas industry		1.00% PIK/Q)			
LSQ Funding Group, L.C. and LM LSQ	Asset based lender	Senior subordinated loan		6/25/2021	\$	(41)
Investors LLC		Senior	10.50%	6/25/2021	\$	30,000
2600 Lucien Way, Suite 100 Maitland, Florida 32751		subordinated loan Membership units			2.57% \$	3,309
		170				

Company MacLean-Fogg Company and MacLean-Fogg	Business Description Manufacturer and supplier	Investment Senior subordinated loan	Interest(1) 10.50% Cash, 3.00% PIK	Maturity Date 10/9/2025	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	,
Holdings, L.L.C. 1000 Allanson Road Mundelein, IL 60060	for the power utility and automotive markets worldwide	Preferred units	4.50% Cash, 9.25% PIK		93.58% \$	72,108
Market Track Holdings, LLC	Business media consulting	Preferred stock			1.50% \$	2,477
10 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 2550 Chicago, IL 60606	services company	Common stock			1.50% \$	2,730
Massage Envy, LLC	Franchisor in the massage	First lien senior secured		9/26/2018	\$	(42)
14350 N. 87th Street Suites 200, 205 and 230	industry	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	9/26/2018	\$	71,933
Scottsdale, AZ 85260		Common stock	(2.001 1 7.20 707 2)		2.00% \$	5,618
Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. and Wonder Holdings	Developer and marketer of	Warrant		6/30/2021	4.56% \$	1,396(2)
Acquisition Corp.	OTC healthcare products	Warrant		6/30/2021	5.00% \$	757(2)
8515 E. Anderson Dr. Scottsdale, AZ 85255	products					
Maximus Holdings, LLC 4675 MacArthur Court	Provider of software simulation tools and related	Warrant		10/14/2019	15.00% \$	(2)
Newport Beach, CA 92660	services					
MC Acquisition Holdings I, LLC 825 East Gate Blvd.	Healthcare professional provider	Class A units			0.59%\$	1,328
Garden City, NY 11530						
McKenzie Sports Products, LLC 1910 Saint Luke's Church Road	Designer, manufacturer and distributor of	First lien senior secured revolving loan		9/18/2020	\$	(43)
Salisbury, NC 28146	hunting-related supplies	First lien senior		9/18/2020	\$	
		secured loan First lien senior	6.75%	9/18/2020	\$	88,215
		secured loan First lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 5.75%/Q) 4.75% (Libor + 3.75%/Q)	9/18/2020	\$	1,965
Microstar Logistics LLC, Microstar Global Asset	Keg management	Second lien senior	8.50%	12/14/2018	\$	142,500
Management LLC, and MStar Holding Corporation 5299 DTC Blvd., Suite 510 Greenwood Village, CO 80111	solutions provider	Secured loan Common stock	(Libor + 7.50%/Q)		3.47% \$	7,381
Ministry Brands, LLC and MB Parent	Software and	First lien senior	10.75%	11/20/2021	\$	48,881
Holdings, LLC	payment services provider to	secured loan First lien senior	(Libor + 9.75%/Q) 10.75%	11/20/2021	\$	25,033
14488 Old Stage Rd	faith- based institutions	secured loan Class A common	(Libor + 9.75%/Q)		0.78% \$	2,382
Lenoir City, Tennessee 37772		units				
Moxie Liberty LLC	Gas turbine power	First lien senior	7.50%	8/21/2020	\$	34,474
4100 Spring Valley, Suite 1001 Dallas, TX 75244	generation facilities operator	secured loan	(Libor + 6.50%/Q)			

	0					
Moxie Patriot LLC 4100 Spring Valley, Suite 1001 Dallas, TX 75244	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	12/21/2020	\$	33,950
MPH Energy Holdings, LP 225 S. Main Street Rutland, VT 05701	Operator of municipal recycling facilities	Limited partnership interest			3.31% \$	
MVL Group, Inc.(4) 1061 E. Indiantown Road, Suite 300 Jupiter, FL 33477	Marketing research provider	Senior subordinated loan Common stock		7/8/2012	\$ 56.10% \$	226
MW Dental Holding Corp. 680 Hehli Way PO Box 69 Mondovi, WI 54755	Dental services provider	First lien senior secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/Q) 8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	4/12/2018 4/12/2018	\$	2,000(44) 117,228
My Health Direct, Inc. 4322 Harding Pike	Healthcare scheduling exchange software solution	First lien senior secured revolving loan		9/18/2016	\$	(45
Nashville, TN 37205	provider	First lien senior secured loan Warrant	10.75%	1/1/2018 9/18/2024	\$ 4.85% \$	1,900 40(2)
NAS, LLC, Nationwide Marketing Group, LLC and Nationwide Administrative Services, Inc. 110 Oakwood Dr., Suite 200 Winston-Salem, NC 27103	C Buying and marketing services organization for appliance, furniture and consumer electronics dealers	Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	12/1/2021	\$	22,654
New Trident Holdcorp, Inc. 505 Hamilton Ave, Suite 200 Palo Alto, CA 94301	Outsourced mobile diagnostic healthcare service provider	Second lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	7/31/2020	\$	76,800
Niagara Fiber Intermediate Corp. 50 Bridge Street North Tonawanda, NY 14120	Manufacturer of insoluble fiber filler products	First lien senior secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan		5/27/2018 5/27/2018 5/27/2018	\$ \$ \$	1,449(46) 1,101 10,509
		171				

Company NMSC Holdings, Inc. and ASP NAPA Holdings, LLC	Business Description Anesthesia management services provider	loan	Interest(1) 11.00% (Libor + 10.00%/Q)	Maturity Date 10/19/2023	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value 74,343
68 South Service Road, Suite 350 Melville, NY 11747		Class A units			0.68%\$	2,528
Nodality, Inc.	Biotechnology company	First lien senior secured loan		7/15/2016	\$	2,602
170 Harbor Way, Suite 200 South San Francisco, CA 94080		First lien senior secured loan Common stock		7/15/2016	\$ 51.00% \$	744
Nordco Inc.	Manufacturer of		8.75% (Base Rate + 5.25%/Q)	8/26/2020	\$	3,511(47)
245 West Forest Hill Avenue Oak Creek, WI 53154	railroad maintenance-of-way machinery	secured revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.25%/Q)	8/26/2020	\$	65,179
Oak Parent, Inc.	Manufacturer of athletic	First lien senior secured loan	7.61% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	4/1/2018	\$	10,162
425 Park 20 W	apparel		9.50% (Base Rate + 6.00%/Q)	4/1/2018	\$	29
Grovetown, GA 30813						
OmniSYS Acquisition Corporation, OmniSYS, LLC, and OSYS Holdings, LLC	Provider of technology-enabled solutions to	First lien senior secured revolving loan		11/21/2018	\$	(48)
15950 Dallas Parkway Suite 350	pharmacies		8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	11/21/2018	\$	16,396
Dallas, TX 75248		Limited liability company membership interest			\$	707
OpenSky Project, Inc. and OSP Holdings, Inc.	Social commerce platform	First lien senior secured loan	10.00%	9/1/2017	\$	1,500
18 West 18th Street New York, NY 10011	operator	Warrant		4/28/2025	3.00% \$	(2)
Orion Foods, LLC(4)	Convenience food service	First lien senior secured loan		9/30/2015	\$	762
2930 W. Maple Street	retailer	Second lien senior secured		9/30/2015	\$	
Sioux Falls, SD 57118		loan Preferred units Class A			93.53% \$ 100.00% \$	
		common units Class B common units			25.00% \$	
Osmose Holdings, Inc. 635 Highway 74 S Peachtree City, GA 30269	Provider of structural integrity management services to transmission and distribution infrastructure		8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	8/21/2023	\$	24,250
OTG Management, LLC	Airport restaurant operator	secured	8.75% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/11/2017	\$	7,990(49)
352 Park Avenue South New York, NY 10010		revolving loan First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/11/2017	\$	60,142
			8.75% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/11/2017	\$	14,250
		First lien senior secured loan		12/11/2017	\$	(50)

		secured loan Common units	8.75% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	12/11/2017	\$ 4.44% \$	24,688 11,929
		Warrant		6/19/2018	7.73%\$	23,798(2)
Panda Power Annex Fund Hummel Holdings II LLC	Gas turbine power generation facilities operator	Senior subordinated loan	13.00% PIK	10/27/2016	\$	114,078
5001 Spring Valley Road, Suite 1150 West Dallast, TX 72544	•					
Panda Temple Power II, LLC	Gas turbine power generation	First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	4/3/2019	\$	18,109
4100 Spring Valley Road, Suite 1001 Dallas, TX 75244	facilities operator					
Panda Temple Power, LLC	Gas turbine power generation	First lien senior secured loan	7.25% (Libor + 6.25%/Q)	3/6/2022	\$	21,972
4100 Spring Valley Road, Suite 1001 Dallas, TX 75244	facilities operator					
Paper Source, Inc. and Pine Holdings, Inc.	Retailer of fine and artisanal	First lien senior secured	8.50% (Base Rate + 5.00%/Q)	9/23/2018	\$	400(51)
410 N. Milwaukee Chicago, IL 60654	paper products	revolving loan First lien senior secured loan Class A common stock	7.25% (Libor + 6.25%/Q)	9/23/2018	\$ 3.64%\$	9,749 7,340
Partnership Capital Growth Fund I, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			25.00%\$	446
1 Embarcadero Center, Suite 3810 San Francisco, CA 94111						
Partnership Capital Growth Investors III, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			2.50% \$	2,692
1 Embarcadero Center, Suite 3810 San Francisco, CA 94111						
Patterson Medical Supply, Inc.	Distributor of rehabilitation	Second lien senior secured	8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	8/28/2023	\$	19,000
28100 Torch Parkway, Suite 700	supplies and equipment	loan				
Warrenville, IL 60555						
PayNearMe, Inc.	Electronic cash payment	secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/M)	9/1/2019	\$	9,900
292 Gibralter Drive, Suite 104 Sunnyvale, CA 94089	system provider	Common stock Warrant		3/11/2023	100.00% \$ 1.23% \$	199(2)
PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment II, L.P.	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			100.00% \$	10,290
1 Embarcadero Center, Suite 3810 San Francisco, CA 94111						
		172				

Company PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment, L.P. 1 Embarcadero Center, Suite 3810 San Francisco, CA 94111	Business Description Investment partnership	Investment Limited partnership interest	Interest(1)	Maturity Date	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016 100.00% \$	Fair Value 1,629
Pelican Products, Inc. 23215 Early Avenue Torrance, CA 90505	Manufacturer of flashlights	Second lien senior secured loan	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	4/9/2021	\$	37,200
PERC Holdings 1 LLC 2215 So. York Road Suite 202 Oak Brook, IL 60523	Operator of recycled energy, combined heat and power, and energy efficiency facilities	Class B common units			18.83% \$	24,567
PerfectServe, Inc. 1225 East Weisgarber Road, Suite 300 Knoxville, TN 37909	Communications software platform provider for hospitals and physician practices	First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan First lien senior secured loan Warrant	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%M) 9.00% (Libor + 8.00%M) 9.00% (Libor + 8.00%M)	3/1/2020 3/1/2020 6/1/2020 6/1/2021 9/15/2025 12/26/2023	\$ \$ \$ 2.17% \$ 2.60% \$	(52) 9,000 2,000 2,000 246(2) 295(2)
Petroflow Energy Corporation and TexOak Petro Holdings LLC 525 S. Main, Suite 1120 Tulsa, OK 74103	Oil and gas exploration and production company	First lien senior secured loan Second lien senior secured loan Common units	3.00%	6/29/2019 12/29/2019	\$ 20.20% \$	14,706 3,283
PHL Investors, Inc., and PHL Holding Co.(4) 50 Weston Street Hartford, CT 06120	Mortgage services	Class A common stock			100.00% \$	
PhyMED Management LLC 110 29th Avenue North, Suite 301 Nashville, TN 37203	Provider of anesthesia services	Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	5/18/2021	\$	44,877
PIH Corporation 3660 Cedarcrest Road Acworth, GA 30101	Franchisor of education-based early childhood centers	First lien senior secured revolving loan	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	12/15/2018	\$	621(53)
Piper Jaffray Merchant Banking Fund I, L.P. 800 Nicollet Mall, Suite 800 Minneapolis, MN 55402	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest			2.00% \$	1,786
Plantation Products, LLC, Seed Holdings, Inc. and Flora Parent, Inc. 202 South Washington Street Norton, MA, 02766	Provider of branded lawn and garden products	Second lien senior secured loan Common stock	9.54% (Libor + 8.54%/Q)	6/23/2021	2.56% \$	66,000 4,586
Poplicus Incorporated 1061 Market Street, Floor 6	Business intelligence and market analytics platform for	First lien senior secured loan Warrant		7/1/2019 6/25/2025	\$ 3.23% \$	2,450 (2)

San Francisco, CA 94103	companies that sell to the public sector					
PowerPlan, Inc. and Project Torque Ultimate Parent Corporation	Fixed asset financial management software	Second lien senior secured loan	10.75% (Libor + 9.75%/Q)	2/23/2023	\$	80,000
300 Galleria Parkway, Suite 2100	provider	Class A common			1.10% \$	6
Atlanta, GA 30339		stock Class B common stock			1.10% \$	3,028
Powersport Auctioneer Holdings, LLC	Powersport vehicle auction	Common units			2.38% \$	1,412
13175 Gregg Street Poway, CA 92064	operator					
Precyse Acquisition Corp.	Provider of healthcare	Second lien senior secured	10.75% (Libor + 9.75%/Q)	4/20/2023	\$	10,000
100 North Point Center, East Suite 200	information management	loan	(Elooi 1 7.73 %)			
Alpharetta, GA 30009	technology and services					
Primexx Energy Corporation	Privately-held oil and gas	Second lien senior secured	10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	1/7/2020	\$	128,750
4849 Greenville Ave #1600	exploration and production	loan	(Elect 19.50 ki)			
Dallas, TX 75206	company					
R2 Acquisition Corp. 207 NW Park Ave Portland, OR 97209	Marketing services	Common stock			0.33% \$	259
R3 Education, Inc. and EIC Acquisitions Corp.	Medical school	Preferred stock			18.94% \$	494
1750 W. Broadway St. #222 Oviedo, FL 32765	operator	Common membership			15.76% \$	31,024
		interest Warrant		11/10/2019	10.00% \$	(2)
RE Community Holdings, LP and Pegasus Community Energy, LLC	Operator of municipal recycling facilities	Preferred stock			21.43% \$	
809 West Hill Street Charlotte, NC 28208	racinics					
Regent Education, Inc.	Provider of software solutions	First lien senior secured loan	12.00% (Libor + 8.00% Cash,	1/1/2018	\$	3,880
12 West Church Street	designed to optimize the	secured four	2.00% PIK/M)			
Frederick, MD 21701	financial aid and enrollment processes	Warrant		11/1/2025	5.88% \$	62(2)
		173				

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	Business			Maturity	% of Class Held at	
Company Respicardia, Inc. 12400 Whitewater Drive, Suite 150 Minnetonka, MN 55343	Description Developer of implantable therapies to improve cardiovascular health	Investment Warrant	Interest(1)	Date 6/28/2022	6/30/2016 F 0.19% \$	air Value 28(2)
Restaurant Holding Company, LLC Carretera 165 Km 6.2 Zona Industrial Cataño Cataño, Puerto Rico 00962	Fast food restaurant operator	First lien senior secured loan	8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	2/28/2019	\$	35,248
Rocket Fuel Inc. 1900 Seaport Blvd. Pacific Shores Center Redwood City, CA 94063	Provider of open and integrated software for digital marketing optimization	Common stock			0.03%\$	12
RuffaloCODY, LLC 1025 Kirkwood Parkway SW Cedar Rapids, IA 52404	Provider of student fundraising and enrollment management services	First lien senior secured revolving loan		5/29/2019	\$	(54)
Sarnova HC, LLC, Tri-Anim Health Services, Inc., and BEMS Holdings, LLC 333 W. Wacker, Suite 2800 Chicago, IL 60606	Distributor of emergency medical service and respiratory products	Second lien senior secured loan	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	7/28/2022	\$	54,000
Saw Mill PCG Partners LLC 8751 Old State Road 60 Sellersburg, IN 47172	Manufacturer of metal precision engineered components	Common units			66.67%\$	
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC(4) 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067	Co-investment vehicle	Subordinated certificates Member interest	8.65% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	12/20/2024	\$ 87.50%\$	1,899,754
Severin Acquisition, LLC 150 Parkshore Drive	Provider of student information system software	First lien senior secured revolving loan	5.50% (Libor + 4.50%/Q)	7/31/2021	\$	1,313(55)
Folsom, CA 95630	solutions to the K-12 education market	Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	7/31/2022	\$	4,029
		Second lien senior secured loan	(Libor + 9.25%/Q)	7/29/2022	\$	3,208
		Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	7/31/2022	\$	14,550
SHO Holding I Corporation 250 S. Australian Avenue West Palm Beach, FL 33401	Manufacturer and distributor of slip resistant footwear	Second lien senior secured loan	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/Q)	4/27/2023	\$	99,000
Shock Doctor, Inc. and Shock Doctor Holdings, LLC(3)	Developer, marketer and distributor of sports	Second lien senior secured loan	11.50% (Libor + 10.50%/Q)	10/22/2021	\$	89,425
110 Cheshire Lane, Suite 120	protection equipment and	Class A preferred units			3.74%\$	4,802
Minnetonka, MN 55305	accessories	Class C preferred units			12.20% \$	4,802

SI Holdings, Inc. 3701 Conant St. Long Beach, CA 90808	Manufacturer of elastomeric parts, mid-sized composite structures, and composite tooling	Common stock			1.83% \$	1,982
Simpson Performance Products, Inc. 328 FM 306 New Braunels, TX 78130	Provider of motorsports safety equipment	First lien senior secured loan	9.77% (Libor + 8.77%/Q)	2/20/2020	\$	24,506
SK SPV IV, LLC 600 N. Central Expressway, Suite #4000 Richardson, TX 75080	Collision repair site operators	Series A common stock Series B common stock			76.92% \$ 76.92% \$	3,113 3,113
SocialFlow, Inc. 52 Vanderbilt Avenue, 12th Floor New York, NY 10017	Social media optimization platform provider	First lien senior secured loan Warrant	9.50% (Libor + 8.50%/M)	8/1/2019 1/29/2026	\$ 1.95%\$	4,000 25(2)
Sonian Inc. 201 Jones Road Waltham, MA 02451	Cloud-based email archiving platform	First lien senior secured loan Warrant	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	9/1/2019 9/9/2022	\$ 1.14%\$	7,500 93(2)
Spin HoldCo Inc. 303 Sunnyside Blvd., Suite 70 Plainview, NY 11803	Laundry service and equipment provider	Second lien senior secured loan	8.00% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	5/14/2020	\$	135,800
Startec Equity, LLC(4) 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067	Communication services	Member interest			100.00% \$	
Surface Dive, Inc. 30151 Tomas St.	SCUBA diver training and certification provider	Second lien senior secured loan	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	1/29/2022	\$	37,446
Rancho Santa Margarita, CA 92688	provider	Second lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	1/29/2022	\$	88,240

Company	Business Description	Investment	Interest(1)	Maturity Date	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value
TA THI Buyer, Inc. and TA THI Parent, Inc.	Collision repair	Series A preferred	interest(1)	Date		13,439
1901 East Ellsworth Road Ann Arbor, MI 48108	company	stock				
Talari Networks, Inc.	Networking equipment	First lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/M)	12/1/2018	\$	6,000
1 Almaden Blvd, Suite 200 San Jose, CA 95113	provider	Warrant		8/3/2022	1.42% \$	50(2)
The Greeley Company, Inc. and HCP	Healthcare	Senior		3/31/2017	\$	1,440
Acquisition Holdings, LLC(4) 600 Fifth Avenue, 17th Floor New York, NY 10020	compliance advisory services	subordinated loan Class A units			28.83% \$	
The Hygenic Corporation	Designer,	Second lien senior	9.75%	4/11/2021	\$	71,400
1245 Home Avenue	manufacturer and marketer of branded wellness	secured loan	(Libor + 8.75%/Q)			
Akron, OH 44310	products					
The Step2 Company, LLC(4) 10010 Aurora-Hudson Road	Toy manufacturer	Second lien senior secured loan	10.00%	9/30/2019	\$	27,583
Streetsboro, OH 44241		Second lien senior secured loan Common units		9/30/2019	\$ 1.77% \$	28,082
		Class B common			100.00% \$	
		units Warrant			5.00% \$	(2)
The Teaching Company, LLC and The Teaching	Education publications	Preferred stock			1.77% \$	3,793
Company Holdings, Inc. 4151 Lafayette Center Drive, No. 100 Chantilly, VA 20151	provider	Common stock			3.64% \$	10
Things Remembered, Inc. and TRM Holdings Corporation	Personalized gifts retailer	First lien senior secured revolving		5/24/2017	\$	1,375(56)
5500 Avion Park Drive		loan First lien senior secured loan		5/24/2018	\$	4,250
Highland Heights, OH 44143						
Towne Holdings, Inc.	Provider of contracted	First lien senior secured loan		5/24/2022	\$	(57)
Suites 200-250, Office Building One	hospitality services	First lien senior secured loan	6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/Q)	5/24/2022	\$	65,270
200 Park Place Annapolis, MD 21401	parking systems					
TPTM Merger Corp.	Manufacturer of time	First lien senior secured	7.50% (Libor + 6.50%/Q)	9/12/2018	\$	1,250(58)
116 American Road	temperature indicator	revolving loan	(2000)			
Morris Plains, NJ 07950	products	First lien senior secured loan	9.67% (Libor + 8.67%/Q)	9/12/2018	\$	34,000
TraceLink, Inc.	Supply chain management	First lien senior secured	7.50% (Base Rate + 4.00%/M)	12/31/2016	\$	4,400(59)
200 Quannapowitt Parkway	software provider	revolving loan	Nate + 4.0070/MI)			
Wakefield, MA 01880	for the pharmaceutical industry	First lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	1/1/2019	\$	4,500
	•	Warrant	•	1/2/2025	12.37% \$	1,041(2)

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Transaction Data Systems, Inc.	Pharmacy management	Second lien senior secured	10.00% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	6/15/2022	\$	27,500	
788 Montgomery Avenue Ocoee, FL 34761	software provider	loan					
TWH Water Treatment Industries, Inc., TWH	Wastewater infrastructure	First lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	10/10/2019	\$	5,370	
Filtration Industries, Inc. and TWH	repair, treatment and	First lien senior secured loan		10/10/2019	\$		(60)
Infrastructure Industries, Inc. 100 S. Saunders Road, Suite 150	filtration holding company	First lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	10/10/2019	\$	36,400	
Lake Forest, IL 60045							
U.S. Anesthesia Partners, Inc. 2411 Fountain View Dr., Suite 200	Anesthesiology service provider	Second lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	9/24/2020	\$	23,500	
Houston, TX 77057	provider	Second lien senior secured loan	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	9/24/2020	\$	50,000	
U.S. Security Associates Holdings, Inc	Security guard service	Second lien senior secured	11.00%	7/28/2018	\$	25,000	
200 Mansell Court East, Suite 500 Roswell, GA 30076	provider	loan					
UL Holding Co., LLC and Universal	Manufacturer and distributor	Second lien senior secured	10.00% PIK	5/2/2020	\$	7,063	
Lubricants, LLC(3)	of re-refined oil products	loan					
2824 N Ohio Wichita, KS 67201		Second lien senior secured loan	10.00% PIK	5/2/2020	\$	29,955	
Wienia, K5 0/201		Second lien senior secured loan	10.00% PIK	5/2/2020	\$	3,486	
		Class A common units			8.85% \$		
		Class B-5 common units			40.50% \$		
		Class C common units			8.65% \$		
		Warrant Warrant			8.35% \$ 8.35% \$		(2) (2)
		Warrant Warrant			8.35% \$ 8.35% \$		(2) (2)
		Warrant Warrant			8.35% \$ 8.35% \$		(2) (2)
		Warrant			8.35% \$		(2)
		175					

Company Urgent Cares of America Holdings I, LLC and	Business Description Operator of urgent	Investment First lien senior	Interest(1) 7.00%	Maturity Date 12/1/2022	% of Class Held at 6/30/2016	Fair Value 13,094(61)
FastMed Holdings I, LLC	care clinics	secured loan First lien senior	(Libor + 6.00%/Q) 7.00%	12/1/2022	\$	51,184
935 Shotwell Road, Suite 108 Clayton, NC 27520	Cimics	secured loan Preferred units Series A common units Series C common	(Libor + 6.00%/Q)	12/1/2022	20.00% \$ 1.12% \$ 20.00% \$	8,301 945 396
		units				
Varsity Brands Holding Co., Inc., Hercules Achievement, Inc., Hercules Achievement	Leading manufacturer and distributor of textiles,	Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	12/11/2022	\$	55,576
Holdings, Inc. and Hercules VB Holdings, Inc. 6745 Lenox Center Court	apparel & luxury goods	Second lien senior secured loan	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	12/11/2022	\$	91,697
Memphis, TN 38115		Common stock Common stock			1.72% \$ 1.72% \$	4,614 5,705
Velocity Holdings Corp. 13432 Wards Rd Lynchburg, VA 24501	Hosted enterprise resource planning application management services provider management services provider	Common units			6.75% \$	3,174
VistaPharm, Inc. and Vertice Pharma UK Parent Limited 630 Central Avenue New Providence, NJ 07974 VSC Investors LLC 401 Vance Street Los Angeles, CA 90272	Manufacturer and distributor of generic pharmaceutical products Investment company	First lien senior secured loan Preferred shares Membership interest	6.65% (Libor + 5.50%/Q)	12/21/2021	\$ 0.35% \$ 1.95% \$	5,124 435 1,124
WASH Multifamily Acquisition Inc. and	Laundry service and	Second lien senior secured	8.00% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	5/15/2023	\$	3,613
Coinamatic Canada Inc. 3690 Redondo Beach Ave. Redondo Beach, CA 90278	equipment provider	loan Second lien senior secured loan		5/15/2023	\$	20,636
Waste Pro USA, Inc 2101 West State Road 434, Suite 315 Longwood, FL 32779	Waste management services	Second lien senior secured loan	8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	10/15/2020	\$	76,337
WCI-Quantum Holdings, Inc.	Distributor of instructional	Series A preferred stock			1.27% \$	1,127
770 N. Raddant Rd	products, services	Stock				
Batavia, IL 60510	resources					
Wilcon Holdings LLC	Communications	Class A common stock			4.72% \$	3,185
624 South Grand Ave., Suite 1200	infrastructure provider					
Los Angeles, CA 90017						
WorldPay Group PLC The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook	Payment processing company	C2 shares			0.13% \$	40

London EC4N 8AF United Kingdom

Wyle Laboratories, Inc. and Wyle Holdings, Inc. 1960 E. Grand Ave., Suite 900 El Segundo, CA 90245	Provider of specialized engineering, scientific and technical services	Senior preferred stock Common stock	8.00% PIK		0.77% \$ 0.66% \$	134 2,848
Young Innovations, Inc. 13705 Shoreline Court East Earth City, MO 63045	Dental supplies and equipment manufacturer	Second lien senior secured loan	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	7/30/2019	\$	45,000
Zemax, LLC 22908 NE Alder Crest Drive, Suite 100 Redmond, WA 98053	Provider of optical illumination design software to design engineers	First lien senior secured revolving loan		10/23/2019	\$	(62)

- All interest is payable in cash unless otherwise indicated. A majority of the variable rate loans to our portfolio companies bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate Base Rate (commonly based on the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate), at the borrower's option, which resets daily (D), monthly (M), bimonthly (B), quarterly (Q) or semiannually (S). For each such loan, we have provided the current interest rate in effect as of June 30, 2016.
- (2)

 Percentages shown for warrants or convertible preferred stock held represents the percentages of common stock we may own on a fully diluted basis, assuming we exercise our warrants or convert our preferred stock to common stock.
- (3)
 As defined in the Investment Company Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own 5% or more of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities.
- As defined in the Investment Company Act, we are an "Affiliate" of this portfolio company because we own 5% or more of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or we have the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). In addition, as defined in the Investment Company Act, we "Control" this portfolio company because we own more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or we have the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement).
- (5) Total commitment of \$3,250 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (6) Total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (7) Total commitment of \$18,883 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- Total commitment of \$2,466 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.

(8)

- (9) \$18825 of total commitment of \$22,125 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (10) Total commitment of \$10,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.

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(11)	\$2,100 of total commitment of \$3,231 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(12)	\$2,100 of total commitment of \$7,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(13)	\$3,465 of total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(14)	Total commitment of \$1,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(15)	Total commitment of \$26,440 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(16)	\$6,000 of total commitment of \$20,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(17)	\$0 of total commitment of \$4,538 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(18)	\$1,494 of total commitment of \$3,734 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(19)	Total commitment of \$163 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(20)	\$3,000 of total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(21)	\$2,364 of total commitment of \$5,800 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(22)	\$2,000 of total commitment of \$4,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(23)	Total commitment of \$2,873 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(24)	\$2,855 of total commitment of \$4,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(25)	Total commitment of \$2,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(26)	Total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(27)	Total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(28)	Total commitment of \$12,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(29)	Total commitment of \$2,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(30)	Total commitment of \$6,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(31)	Total commitment of \$752 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(32)	\$4,000 of total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(33)	Total commitment of \$20,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.

(34)

	3 3
	Total commitment of \$4,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(35)	Total commitment of \$1,198 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(36)	Total commitment of \$2,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(37)	Total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(38)	Total commitment of \$12,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(39)	\$4,317 of total commitment of \$11,910 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(40)	Total commitment of \$850 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(41)	Total commitment of \$10,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(42)	Total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(43)	Total commitment of \$4,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(44)	\$8,000 of total commitment of \$10,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(45)	Total commitment of \$1,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(46)	\$0 of total commitment of \$1,881 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(47)	\$7,475 of total commitment of \$11,250 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(48)	Total commitment of \$2,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(49)	\$0 of total commitment of \$7,990 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(50)	Total commitment of \$12,019 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(51)	\$2,100 of total commitment of \$2,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(52)	Total commitment of \$3,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(53)	
(54)	\$2,692 of total commitment of \$3,314 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(55)	Total commitment of \$7,683 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(56)	\$1,547 of total commitment of \$2,900 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
(57)	\$833 of total commitment of \$5,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
	Total commitment of \$7,095 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.

- (58) \$1,250 of total commitment of \$2,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (59) \$3.100 of total commitment of \$7,500 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (60) Total commitment of \$5.830 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (61) Total commitment of \$16,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.
- (62) Total commitment of \$3,000 remains undrawn as of June 30, 2016.

Set forth below is a brief description of each portfolio company in which we have made an investment that represents greater than 5% of our total assets as of June 30, 2016.

Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC

The Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC, or SSLP, was formed in December 2007. We and GE co-invest through the SSLP in first lien senior secured loans of middle-market companies. The SSLP has been capitalized as transactions are completed. All portfolio decisions and generally all other decisions in respect of the SSLP must be approved by an investment committee of the SSLP consisting of representatives of the Company and GE (with approval from a representative of each required). The Company has provided capital to the SSLP in the form of the SSLP Certificates.

In August 2015, GE completed the sale of its U.S. Sponsor Finance business, through which GE had participated with us in the SSLP, to CPPIB. This sale excluded GE's interest in the SSLP, and we and GE continue to operate the SSLP. We and GE no longer have an obligation to present senior secured lending investment opportunities to the SSLP and since June 30, 2015, the SSLP has not made any investments related to new portfolio companies; however, we and GE may provide capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments and other amounts to its portfolio companies. On August 24, 2015, we were advised that GECC, as the holder of the Senior Notes of the SSLP, directed State Street Bank and Trust Company, as trustee of the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, pursuant to the terms of the indenture governing the Senior Notes and the SSLP Certificates, to apply all principal proceeds received by the SSLP from its investments to the repayment of the outstanding principal amount of the Senior Notes until paid in full (prior to the distribution of any such principal proceeds to the holders of the SSLP Certificates, which includes us). GECC had previously elected to waive its right to receive priority repayments on the Senior Notes from principal proceeds in most circumstances. Prior to closing the sale to CPPIB, GE had announced its intention to provide us and CPPIB the opportunity to work together on the SSLP on a go-forward basis. GECC has also stated that if a mutual agreement between us and CPPIB to partner on the SSLP is not reached, it intends to retain its interest in the SSLP and the SSLP would be wound down in an orderly manner. We have been in dialogue with GE and CPPIB to determine if there is an opportunity to work together; however, to date there has been no agreement in respect of the SSLP as a result of these discussions and there can be no assurance that such discussions will continue or any such agreement will be reached. In addition to discussions with CPPIB and GECC, we are also exploring other options with respect to the SSLP's portfolio, although there can be no assurance that we will pursue any of them.

As of June 30, 2016, we and GE had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$7.1 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. As discussed above, we anticipate that no new investments will be made by the SSLP and that we and GE will only provide additional capital to support the SSLP's funding of existing commitments and other amounts to its portfolio companies. As of June 30, 2016, the SSLP had commitments to fund delayed draw loans to certain of its portfolio companies of \$94.5 million, which had been approved by the investment committee of the SSLP as described above.

As of June 30, 2016, we had outstanding amounts funded of approximately \$2.0 billion in aggregate principal amount to the SSLP. Additionally, as of June 30, 2016, we had commitments to co-invest in the SSLP for our portion of the SSLP's commitments to fund delayed draw loans to portfolio companies of up to \$14.9 million. As discussed above, it is not anticipated that we will make new investments through the SSLP.

For more information on the SSLP, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations Portfolio and Investment Activity Senior Secured Loan Program."

MANAGEMENT

Our business and affairs are managed under the direction of our board of directors. The responsibilities of the board of directors include, among other things, the quarterly valuation of our investments. The size of our board of directors is set at nine members and currently consists of four directors who are "interested persons" of Ares Capital as defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act and five directors who are not such "interested persons." We refer to the directors who are non-interested persons as our "independent directors." We refer to our directors who are "interested persons" as our "interested directors." Our board of directors elects our officers, who serve at the discretion of the board of directors. The board of directors maintains an audit committee and nominating and governance committee, and may establish additional committees from time to time as necessary.

Under our charter and bylaws, our directors are divided into three classes. Directors are elected for staggered terms of three years each, with the term of office of only one of these three classes of directors expiring each year. Each director will hold office for the term to which he or she is elected and until his or her successor is duly elected and qualifies.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CERTAIN OTHER OFFICERS

Name, Address and Age(1) Independent Directors	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director	Other Directorships of Public or Registered Investment Companies Held by Director During Past 5 Years
Steve Bartlett, 68	Director	Class II Director since 2012 (term expires in 2018)(7)	Since 2012, Mr. Bartlett has been providing strategic independent consulting services to several U.S. corporations. From 1999 to 2012, Mr. Bartlett served as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Financial Services Roundtable.	One(2)	Intersections Inc.
Ann Torre Bates, 57	Director	Class I Director since 2010 (term expires in 2017)	Ms. Bates currently dedicates her time serving on boards of directors of several companies in the financial sector. From 1997 to 2012, Ms. Bates was a strategic and financial consultant, principally with respect to corporate finance matters.	One(2)	Navient Corporation, SLM Corporation, United Natural Foods, Inc., 19 investment companies in the Franklin Templeton Group of Mutual Funds
Daniel G. Kelly, Jr., 65	Director	Class III Director since 2016 (term expires in 2019)	Since 2016, Mr. Kelly has been retired. From 1999 to 2015, Mr. Kelly was a Partner of the law firm of Davis Polk & Wardwell LLP.	One(2)	American Shared Hospital Services
Steven B. McKeever, 57	Director	Class I Director since 2012 (term expires in 2017)	Since 1997, Mr. McKeever has been CEO of Hidden Beach Recordings, an independent record label based in Los Angeles, California.	One(2)	
Eric B. Siegel, 58	Director	Class III Director since 2004 (term expires in 2019)	Since 1995, Mr. Siegel has been an independent business consultant providing advice through a limited liability company owned by Mr. Siegel, principally with respect to acquisition strategy and structuring, and the subsequent management of acquired entities. 179	One(2)	El Paso Electric Company

Name, Address and Age(1) Interested Directors	Position(s) Held with Fund	Term of Office and Length of Time Served	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years	Number of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director	Other Directorships of Public or Registered Investment Companies Held by Director During Past 5 Years
Michael J Arougheti, 43(3)	Co-Chairman and Director; Executive Vice President	Class I Director since February 2009 (term expires in 2017); Executive Vice President since October 2014 (indefinite term)	Since October 2014, Mr. Arougheti has served as an Executive Vice President of the Company, since July 2014, he has served as Co-Chairman of the board of directors and since February 2009, he has served as a director of the Company. Mr. Arougheti previously served as Chief Executive Officer of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014 and President of the Company from May 2004 to May 2013. Mr. Arougheti is a Co-Founder and President of Ares. He is a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Ares Board of Directors and Management Committee. In addition, Mr. Arougheti serves as a member of the Investment Committee of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. and European Direct Lending Investment Committees, the Ares Equity Income Opportunity Strategy Portfolio Review Committee and the Ares Operations Management Group.	One(2)	Ares Management, L.P., Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation
R. Kipp deVeer, 43(4)	Director and Chief Executive Officer	Class III Director since 2015 (term expires in 2019); Chief Executive Officer since July 2014 (indefinite term)	Since July 2014, Mr. deVeer has served as Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. deVeer previously served as President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. deVeer has served as an officer of Ares Capital Management since 2004. Mr. deVeer joined Ares in May 2004 and currently serves as Co-Head and a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares. Mr. deVeer is a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management and the Ares Credit Group's U.S. and European Direct Lending Investment Committees. Mr. deVeer is also a director of Ares Management Limited.	One(2)	
Robert L. Rosen, 69(5)	Director	Class II Director since 2004 (term expires in 2018)(7)	Since February 2016, Mr. Rosen has been a Partner in the Ares Real Estate Group. Mr. Rosen additionally serves as Interim Co-Chief Executive Officer and a director of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation. Since August 2005, Mr. Rosen is the managing partner of RLR Capital Partners, which invests principally in the securities of publicly traded North American companies. From 1987 to the present, Mr. Rosen has been CEO of RLR Partners, LLC, a private investment firm with interests in financial services, healthcare, media and multi-industry companies.	One(2)	Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation, Sapient Corporation
Bennett Rosenthal, 52(6)	Co-Chairman and Director	Class II Director since 2004 (term expires in 2018)(7)	Since July 2014, Mr. Rosenthal has served as Co-Chairman of the board of directors, and previously as Chairman of the board of directors since 2004. Mr. Rosenthal is a Co-Founder of Ares and currently serves as a Partner of Ares, Co-Head of and a Partner in the Ares Private Equity Group and a member of the Ares Board of Directors and Management Committee. Mr. Rosenthal is also a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, certain funds managed by the Ares Credit Group, and certain funds managed by the Ares Private Equity Group.	One(2)	Ares Management, L.P., Nortek, Inc., Hanger, Inc.

Number

Other

Name, Address and Age(1) Executive Officers and Cert	Position(s) Held with Fund ain Other Offic	Term of Office and Length of Time Served ters Who Are Not D	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years birectors	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director	Directorships of Public or Registered Investment Companies Held by Director During Past 5 Years
Joshua M. Bloomstein, 42	General Counsel, Vice President and Secretary	General Counsel since January 2010; Secretary since December 2010; Vice President since November 2006 (indefinite terms)	Since January 2010, Mr. Bloomstein has served as General Counsel of the Company, since December 2010, Mr. Bloomstein has served as Secretary of the Company and since November 2006, Mr. Bloomstein has served as Vice President of the Company. He joined Ares in November 2006 and currently serves as a Partner and Co-General Counsel (Credit) and Deputy General Counsel (Corporate) of Ares Management.		
Mitchell Goldstein, 49	Co-President	Since July 2014 (indefinite term)	Since July 2014, Mr. Goldstein has served as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Goldstein previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. Goldstein has served as an officer of Ares Capital Management since 2005. Mr. Goldstein joined Ares in May 2005 and currently serves as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares. Mr. Goldstein is a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Direct Lending Investment Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee.		
Miriam Krieger, 40	Chief Compliance Officer	Since July 2011 (indefinite term)	Since July 2011, Ms. Krieger has served as Chief Compliance Officer of the Company, and currently serves as a Managing Director and Deputy Chief Compliance Officer within the Ares Compliance Group.		
Scott C. Lem, 38	Chief Accounting Officer, Vice President and Treasurer	Chief Accounting Officer since December 2013; Vice President and Treasurer since May 2013 (indefinite terms)	Since December 2013, Mr. Lem has served as Chief Accounting Officer of the Company and since May 2013, Mr. Lem has served as Vice President and Treasurer of the Company. Mr. Lem previously served as Assistant Treasurer of the Company from May 2009 to May 2013. Mr. Lem is a Managing Director and Chief Accounting Officer, Credit (Direct Lending) in the Ares Finance Department.		
Michael McFerran, 44	Vice President and Assistant Treasurer	Since March 2015 (indefinite terms)	Since April 2015, Mr. McFerran has served as Vice President and Assistant Treasurer of the Company. Mr. McFerran joined Ares in March 2015 and serves as a member of the Ares Operations Management Group and the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. McFerran was a Managing Director at KKR where he was Chief Financial Officer of KKR's credit business and Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of KKR Financial Holdings LLC.		
Daniel F. Nguyen, 44	Vice President and Assistant Treasurer	Vice President since January 2011 and Assistant Treasurer since May 2013 (indefinite terms)	Since January 2011, Mr. Nguyen has served as Vice President of the Company and since May 2013, Mr. Nguyen has served as Assistant Treasurer of the Company. From September 2012 to May 2013, Mr. Nguyen served as Treasurer of the Company. Mr. Nguyen joined Ares in August 2000 and currently serves as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Ares Private Equity Group. Mr. Nguyen also currently serves as Treasurer of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation.		

Number

Other

Name, Address and Age(1) Penni F. Roll, 50	Position(s) Held with Fund Chief Financial Officer	Term of Office and Length of Time Served Since December 2010 (indefinite term)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years Since December 2010, Ms. Roll has served as Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Ms. Roll is the Chief Financial Officer of the Ares Credit Group, serves as Partner Finance of Ares Capital Management and is a member of the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Ms. Roll also currently serves as Chief Financial Officer of Ares Dynamic Credit Allocation Fund, Inc.	of Portfolios in Fund Complex Overseen by Director	Directorships of Public or Registered Investment Companies Held by Director During Past 5 Years
Michael L. Smith, 44	Co-President	Since July 2014 (indefinite term)	Since July 2014, Mr. Smith has served as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Smith previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. Smith has served as an officer of Ares Capital Management since 2004. Mr. Smith joined Ares in May 2004 and currently serves as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares. Mr. Smith is a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Direct Lending Investment Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee.		
Michael D. Weiner, 63	Vice President	Since September 2006 (indefinite term)	Since September 2006, Mr. Weiner has been Vice President of the Company. Mr. Weiner currently serves as Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of Ares Management GP LLC, Ares' general partner, Partner and General Counsel in the Ares Legal Group and a member of the Ares Management Committee. He additionally is a member of the Ares Operations Management Group and the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Mr. Weiner has also served as Vice President and General Counsel of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation since March 2012 and Vice President and Assistant Secretary of Ares Dynamic Credit Allocation Fund, Inc. since October 2012.		

(1)
The business address of Messrs. Arougheti, Bloomstein, deVeer, Goldstein, Rosen and Smith and Ms. Roll is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor, New York, New York 10167. The business address of Ms. Krieger is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 2200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Suite 400 East, Washington, DC 20037. The business address of each other director, executive officer and listed officer is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90067.

- (2) Including the Company.
- Mr. Arougheti is an interested director because he is an Executive Vice President of the Company, is on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and President of Ares and serves on the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares.
- (4)

 Mr. deVeer is an interested director because he is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is an officer of and on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, and serves on the Management Committee of Ares.
- (5)
 Mr. Rosen is an interested director because he is a Partner of Ares.
- (6)
 Mr. Rosenthal is an interested director because he is on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and Partner of Ares and serves on the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares.
- (7)
 Each of the Class II directors received the affirmative vote of over 95% of the shares voted at the 2015 Annual Meeting of Stockholders but did not receive the affirmative vote of holders of at least a majority of the shares outstanding and entitled to vote at such meeting. Accordingly, pursuant to

Maryland law, they have continued and will continue to serve as directors of the Company until their successors are duly elected and qualify.

Biographical Information and Discussion of Experience and Qualifications, etc.

Directors

As described below under "Committees of the Board of Directors Nominating and Governance Committee," the board of directors has identified certain desired attributes for director nominees. Each of our directors has demonstrated high character and integrity, superior credentials and recognition in his or her respective field and the relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to our management. Each of our directors also has sufficient time available to devote to the affairs of the Company, is able to work with the other members of the board

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of directors and contribute to the success of the Company and can represent the long-term interests of the Company's stockholders as a whole. Our directors have been selected such that the board of directors represents a range of backgrounds and experience. Set forth below is biographical information of each director, including a discussion of such director's particular experience, qualifications, attributes or skills that lead us and our board of directors to conclude, as of the date of this prospectus, that such individual should serve as a director, in light of the Company's business and structure.

Independent Directors

Steve Bartlett, 68, has served as a director of the Company since 2012 and currently serves on the audit committee. Mr. Bartlett has been a consultant since 2012, providing strategic independent consulting services to several U.S. corporations. From 1999 to 2012, Mr. Bartlett served as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Financial Services Roundtable. Mr. Bartlett currently sits on the board of directors of the Homeownership Preservation Foundation (HPF). In 2001, Mr. Bartlett served on the President's Commission on Excellence in Special Education, Mr. Bartlett previously served as the Mayor of Dallas, Texas from 1991 to 1995, a member of the United States Congress from 1983 to 1991, and a member of the Dallas City Council from 1977 to 1981. Mr. Bartlett also founded Meridian Products Corporation, a manufacturer of injection molded plastics in 1976. Mr. Bartlett previously served on the Board of Governors of the National YMCA, the board of directors of BIPAC and Easter Seals of Greater Washington, DC, and the board of directors for the following companies: Centene Corporation (NYSE), IMCO Recycling, Inc. (NYSE), KB Home Corporation (NYSE), Sun Coast Industries (NYSE), Dallas Can! and Grace Presbyterian Village. Mr. Bartlett also served as co-chair of Character Counts of Dallas and chair of the Trinity Trails. Mr. Bartlett also served on the Dallas-Fort Worth International Airport Board. Mr. Bartlett currently serves on the board of directors of Intersections Inc. (NASDAQ). Mr. Bartlett graduated from the University of Texas at Austin in 1971, later serving as a guest lecturer at the Lyndon B. Johnson School of Public Affairs. We believe that Mr. Bartlett's experience serving as President and Chief Executive Officer of the Financial Services Roundtable, his experience in politics (including serving as the Mayor of Dallas, Texas, a member of the United States Congress and a member of the Dallas City Council) and his service as a director of public and private companies provides the board of directors with key experience and insight to the Company, especially with respect to issues specific to boards of directors of public companies and companies in the financial services industry.

Ann Torre Bates, 57, has served as a director of the Company since 2010 and is currently the chairperson of the audit committee. Ms. Bates currently dedicates her time serving on the boards of directors of several companies primarily in the financial sector. From 1997 to 2012, Ms. Bates was a strategic and financial consultant, principally with respect to corporate finance matters. From 1995 to 1997, Ms. Bates served as Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of NHP, Inc., a national real estate services firm. From 1991 to 1995, Ms. Bates was Vice President and Treasurer of US Airways, and held various finance positions from 1988 to 1991. She currently serves on the board of directors of Navient Corporation and United Natural Foods, Inc. and is a director or trustee of 19 investment companies in the Franklin Templeton Group of Mutual Funds. She previously served as a director of Allied Capital Corporation from 2003 to 2010 and SLM Corporation from 1997 to 2014. Ms. Bates holds a B.B.A. in Accountancy from the University of Notre Dame and an M.B.A. in Finance and Economics from Cornell University. We believe that Ms. Bates' experience serving as a director of other public companies in the financial sector, as well as her past experience as a chief financial officer, provides the board of directors and, specifically, the audit committee of the board of directors with valuable knowledge and insight in the financial services sector as well as experience in financial and accounting matters.

Daniel G. Kelly, Jr., 65, has served as a director of the Company since May 2016 and currently serves on the nominating and governance committee. Mr. Kelly was a Partner of Davis Polk &

Wardwell LLP, an international law firm, from 1999 to 2015, co-founding its Silicon Valley office in 1999. During his time at Davis Polk, Mr. Kelly had an extensive corporate practice representing companies, private equity funds and financial institutions in a broad array of complex transactions, and also acted as a senior advisor to boards and special committees on numerous sensitive matters. He currently serves on the board of directors of American Shared Hospital Services. Prior to joining Davis Polk, Mr. Kelly was a senior officer of a major investment banking firm, the chief legal officer of a NYSE-listed corporation and a partner involved in management of two other law firms. Mr. Kelly graduated magna cum laude with a B.A. in History from Yale University and received his J.D. from Columbia University School of Law where he served as Notes and Comments Editor of the Columbia Law Review. We believe that Mr. Kelly's experience practicing as a corporate lawyer, including his substantial experience in providing advice and counsel on corporate governance and securities law matters to numerous public company clients in a wide variety of industries, provides the board of directors with unique insight on its duties and responsibilities.

Steven B. McKeever, 57, has served as a director of the Company since 2012 and is currently the chairperson of the nominating and governance committee. Mr. McKeever is the CEO of Hidden Beach Recordings, an independent record label based in Los Angeles, California, which Mr. McKeever founded in 1997. From 1991 to 1995, Mr. McKeever was with Motown Records, where he served as Executive Vice President of Talent and Creative Affairs from 1993 to 1995 and Senior Vice President of Artists and Repertoire from 1991 to 1993. In 1992, Mr. McKeever created MoJAZZ Records, a subsidiary of Motown Records and served as its President. In 1993, he was instrumental in the sale of Motown Records to PolyGram Records. Mr. McKeever eventually left Motown Records in 1995 to work on his own entrepreneurial projects. Mr. McKeever began his career at the law firm of Irell & Manella LLP in Los Angeles as an entertainment lawyer. In 2011, Mr. McKeever served as the Executive Producer of Entertainment for the dedication of the Martin Luther King, Jr. Memorial in Washington, D.C. Mr. McKeever currently serves as a director of several organizations, including College Bound (Chairman), African Ancestry.com and The Pacific Institute Spirit Board. He served as a Governor of the Los Angeles Chapter of The National Academy of Recording Arts and Sciences (a/k/a The GRAMMYs) from 2001 to 2003 and 2008 to 2010 and gives generous time to various charitable organizations such as The City of Hope. Mr. McKeever received his B.S. from the University of Illinois at Urbana Champaign and received his J.D. from Harvard Law School. We believe that Mr. McKeever's diversity of experiences, in particular his small business and entrepreneurial experience, provides the board of directors with unique insight and expertise into the management of small and middle-market companies.

Eric B. Siegel, 58, has served as a director of the Company since 2004 and has been the lead independent director of the board of directors since 2010. Mr. Siegel currently serves on the audit committee and the nominating and governance committee. Since 1995, Mr. Siegel has been an independent business consultant providing advice through a limited liability company owned by Mr. Siegel, principally with respect to acquisition strategy and structuring, and the subsequent management of acquired entities. Mr. Siegel is currently a member of the Advisory Board of and Special Advisor to the Chairman of the Milwaukee Brewers Baseball Club, to which he devotes the bulk of his time, and a director and Chairman of the Executive Committee and Nominating and Governance Committee and member of the Audit Committee of El Paso Electric Company, a NYSE publicly traded utility company. Mr. Siegel is also a past member of the boards of directors of a number of public and private companies, including Kerzner International Ltd. Mr. Siegel is a retired limited partner of Apollo Advisors, L.P. and Lion Advisors, L.P., private investment management firms. Mr. Siegel is a member of the board of directors of the Friends of the Los Angeles Saban Free Clinic and a past member of the Board of Trustees of the Marlborough School. Mr. Siegel holds his B.A. summa cum laude and Phi Beta Kappa and J.D. Order of the Coif from the University of California at Los Angeles. We believe that Mr. Siegel's experience practicing as a corporate lawyer provides valuable insight to the board of directors on regulatory and risk management issues and his experience as a

partner in investment firms and over 20 years of experience serving as a director for both public and private companies provide industry-specific knowledge and expertise to the board of directors.

Interested Directors

Michael J Arougheti, 43, has served as Co-Chairman of the board of directors since July 2014, as a director of the Company since 2009 and as an Executive Vice President of the Company since October 2014. Mr. Arougheti previously served as Chief Executive Officer of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014, and President of the Company from May 2004 to May 2013. Mr. Arougheti is a Co-Founder and President of Ares. He is a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and serves as a member of the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares. Mr. Arougheti also is a member of the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, and the Ares Credit Group's U.S. and European Direct Lending Investment Committees, the Ares Equity Income Opportunity Strategy Portfolio Review Committee and the Ares Operations Management Group. Mr. Arougheti may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. From 2001 to 2004, Mr. Arougheti was employed by Royal Bank of Canada, where he was a Managing Partner of the Principal Finance Group of RBC Capital Partners and a member of the firm's Mezzanine Investment Committee. At RBC Capital Partners, Mr. Arougheti oversaw an investment team that originated, managed and monitored a diverse portfolio of middle-market leveraged loans, senior and junior subordinated debt, preferred equity and common stock and warrants on behalf of RBC and other third party institutional investors. Mr. Arougheti joined Royal Bank of Canada in October 2001 from Indosuez Capital, where he was a Principal, responsible for originating, structuring and executing leveraged transactions across a broad range of products and asset classes. Mr. Arougheti also sat on the firm's Investment Committee. Prior to joining Indosuez in 1994, Mr. Arougheti worked at Kidder, Peabody & Co., where he was a member of the firm's Mergers and Acquisitions Group. In addition to serving as chairman of the board of directors of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation, Mr. Arougheti also serves on the boards of directors of Investor Group Services, Riverspace Arts and Operation HOPE.Mr. Arougheti received a B.A. in Ethics, Politics and Economics, cum laude, from Yale University. We believe that Mr. Arougheti's depth of experience in investment management, leveraged finance and financial services, as well as his intimate knowledge of the Company's business and operations, not only gives the board of directors valuable industry-specific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters but also position him well to continue to serve as co-chairman of our board of directors. Mr. Arougheti is an interested director because he is an Executive Vice President of the Company, is on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and President of Ares and serves as a member of the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares.

R. Kipp deVeer, 43, has served as a director of the Company since 2015 and currently serves as Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. deVeer previously served as President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. He joined Ares in May 2004 and currently serves as Co-Head and a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares. Mr. deVeer may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. deVeer is a member of the Investment Committees of our investment adviser and the Ares Credit Group's U.S. and European Direct Lending Investment Committees. Mr. deVeer is also a director of Ares Management Limited, a subsidiary of Ares Management, L.P. overseeing the European activities of Ares. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. deVeer was a partner at RBC Capital Partners, a division of Royal Bank of Canada, which led the firm's middle-market financing and principal investment business. Mr. deVeer joined RBC in October 2001 from Indosuez Capital, where he was Vice President in the Merchant Banking Group. Previously, Mr. deVeer worked at J.P. Morgan and Co., both in the Special Investment Group of J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. and the Investment Banking Division of J.P. Morgan Securities Inc. Mr. deVeer received a B.A. from Yale University and an M.B.A. from

Stanford University's Graduate School of Business. We believe that Mr. deVeer's depth of experience in investment management, leveraged finance and financial services, as well as his intimate knowledge of the Company's business and operations, gives the board of directors valuable industry-specific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters. Mr. deVeer is an interested director because he is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is an officer of and on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, and serves on the Management Committee of Ares.

Robert L. Rosen, 69, has served as a director of the Company since 2004 and is a Partner in the Ares Real Estate Group. Mr. Rosen additionally serves as Interim Co-Chief Executive Officer of and a director of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation. Mr. Rosen is the managing partner of RLR Capital Partners, which invests principally in the securities of publicly traded North American companies. From 2005 to 2008, Mr. Rosen was a Managing Partner of RLR Focus Fund LP, an "active value" hedge fund. From 1995 to 2001, Mr. Rosen served as an exclusive consultant to Apollo Management, L.P. In 1998, Mr. Rosen founded National Financial Partners (NYSE: NFP), an independent provider of financial services to high net worth individuals and small to medium sized corporations. He served as NFP's CEO from 1998 to 2000 and as its Chairman until January 2002. From 1987 to 1993, Mr. Rosen was a Managing Partner of Ballantrae Partners, L.P., an investment partnership. From 1989 to 1993, Mr. Rosen was Chairman and CEO of Damon Corporation, a leading healthcare and laboratory testing company that was ultimately sold to Quest Diagnostics. From 1983 to 1987, Mr. Rosen was Vice Chairman of Maxxam Group. Prior to that, Mr. Rosen spent twelve years at Shearson American Express in positions in research, investment banking and senior management, and for two years was Assistant to Sanford Weill, the then Chairman and CEO of Shearson. Mr. Rosen is a member of the board of directors of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation and previously served on the board of directors of Sapient Corporation. Mr. Rosen is a member of the NYU Stern School of Business Board of Overseers and a member of the Council on Foreign Relations. Mr. Rosen holds a B.A. from the City University of New York in Economics and an M.B.A. from the New York University Leonard N. Stern School of Business in Finance. We believe that Mr. Rosen's over 35 years of experience as a senior executive of financial services, healthcare services and private equity funds brings broad financial industry and specific investment management insight and experience to the board of directors and that his expertise in finance provides valuable knowledge to the board of directors. Mr. Rosen is an interested director because he is a Partner of Ares.

Bennett Rosenthal, 52, has served as Co-Chairman of the board of directors since 2014, and previously as Chairman of the board of directors since 2004. Mr. Rosenthal is a Co-Founder and Partner of Ares. He is Co-Head of and a Partner in the Ares Private Equity Group and serves as a member of the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares. Mr. Rosenthal also is a member of the Investment Committees of our investment adviser, certain funds managed by the Ares Private Equity Group and certain funds managed by the Ares Credit Group. Mr. Rosenthal may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. Rosenthal joined Ares in 1998 from Merrill Lynch & Co., where he served as a Managing Director in the Global Leveraged Finance Group. Mr. Rosenthal currently serves on the Board of Directors of City Ventures, LLC, Jacuzzi Brands Corporation, Nortek, Inc., True Oil Company LLC, the parent entities of CHG Healthcare Holdings L.P., CPG International Inc., National Veterinary Associates, Inc., Serta International Holdco LLC and Simmons Bedding Company, and several other private companies. Mr. Rosenthal's previous board of directors experience includes Maidenform Brands, Inc., Hanger, Inc. and Aspen Dental Management, Inc. Mr. Rosenthal also serves on the Board of Trustees of the Windward School in Los Angeles, and on the Graduate Executive Board of the Wharton School of Business. Mr. Rosenthal graduated summa cum laude with a B.S. in Economics from the University of Pennsylvania's Wharton School of Business where he also received his M.B.A. with distinction. We believe that Mr. Rosenthal's intimate knowledge of the business and operations of Ares, extensive experience in the financial industry as well as the management of private equity and debt investments

in particular and experience as a director of other public and private companies not only give the board of directors valuable insight but also position him well to continue to serve as co-chairman of the board of directors. Mr. Rosenthal is an interested director because he is on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and Partner of Ares and serves on the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares.

Executive Officers and Certain Other Officers Who Are Not Directors

Joshua M. Bloomstein, 42, serves as the General Counsel, Vice President and Secretary of the Company. He joined Ares in November 2006 and currently serves as a Partner and Co-General Counsel (Credit) and Deputy General Counsel (Corporate) of Ares Management, and may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. He is also a member of the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. Bloomstein was an attorney with Latham & Watkins LLP specializing in leveraged buyouts and private equity investments as well as general partnership and corporate matters. Mr. Bloomstein graduated magna cum laude with a B.A. in Political Science from the State University of New York at Albany and received a J.D. degree, magna cum laude, from the University of Miami, where he was elected to the Order of the Coif.

Mitchell Goldstein, 49, serves as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Goldstein previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. He joined Ares in May 2005 and currently serves as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares, and may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. Goldstein is a member of the Investment Committees of our investment adviser, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Direct Lending Investment Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee and the Ares Commercial Finance Investment Committee. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. Goldstein worked at Credit Suisse First Boston ("CSFB"), where he was a Managing Director in the Financial Sponsors Group. At CSFB, Mr. Goldstein was responsible for providing investment banking services to private equity funds and hedge funds with a focus on M&A and restructurings as well as capital raisings, including high yield, bank debt, mezzanine debt, and IPOs. Mr. Goldstein joined CSFB in 2000 at the completion of the merger with Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette. From 1998 to 2000, Mr. Goldstein was at Indosuez Capital, where he was a member of the Investment Committee and a Principal, responsible for originating, structuring and executing leveraged transactions across a broad range of products and asset classes. From 1993 to 1998, Mr. Goldstein worked at Bankers Trust. Mr. Goldstein graduated *summa cum laude* from the State University of New York at Binghamton with a B.S. in Accounting, received an M.B.A. from Columbia University's Graduate School of Business and is a Certified Public Accountant.

Miriam Krieger, 40, serves as Chief Compliance Officer of the Company. She joined Ares in April 2010 and is a Managing Director and Deputy Chief Compliance Officer within the Ares Compliance Group. She may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. From March 2008 until joining Ares, Ms. Krieger was Chief Compliance Officer and Corporate Secretary of Allied Capital Corporation, where she also served as Executive Vice President from August 2008 until April 2010 and as Senior Vice President from March 2008 to August 2008. Ms. Krieger also served as Senior Vice President and Chief Compliance Officer at MCG Capital Corporation, a publicly traded business development company, from 2006 to 2008 and Vice President and Assistant General Counsel from 2004 to 2006. From 2001 to 2004, Ms. Krieger was an associate in the Financial Services Group of the law firm of Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP. Ms. Krieger graduated with a B.A. in Economics and Political Science from Wellesley College and received a J.D. and an M.A. in Economics from Duke University.

Scott C. Lem, 38, serves as Chief Accounting Officer, Vice President and Treasurer of the Company. Mr. Lem previously served as Assistant Treasurer of the Company from May 2009 to May 2013. He is a Managing Director and Chief Accounting Officer, Credit (Direct Lending) in the Ares Finance Department. He may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. From July 2003 to December 2008, Mr. Lem served as Controller of Ares Management. Prior to joining Ares in July 2003, Mr. Lem was with Ernst & Young LLP and Arthur Andersen LLP, most recently as a Senior Associate conducting audits for clients across several industries including entertainment, hospitality and real estate. Mr. Lem graduated summa cum laude with a B.S. in Accounting from the University of Southern California's Leventhal School of Accounting and summa cum laude with a B.S. in Business Administration from the University of Southern California's Marshall School of Business. Mr. Lem has also received an M.B.A. in Finance from UCLA's Anderson School of Management. Mr. Lem is a Certified Public Accountant (Inactive).

Michael McFerran, 44, serves as a Vice President and Assistant Treasurer of the Company. He is Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of Ares and serves on the Management Committee of Ares Management. He additionally serves as a member of the Ares Operations Management Group and the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Prior to joining Ares in March 2015, Mr. McFerran was a Managing Director at KKR where he was Chief Financial Officer of KKR's credit business and Chief Operating Officer and Chief Financial Officer of KKR Financial Holdings LLC. Prior to joining KKR, Mr. McFerran spent the majority of his career at Ernst & Young LLP where he was a senior manager in their financial services industry practice. Mr. McFerran also held Vice President roles at XL Capital Ltd. and American Express. Mr. McFerran received an M.B.A. from the Haas School of Business at U.C. Berkeley and a B.S. in Business Administration from San Francisco State University.

Daniel F. Nguyen, 44, serves as a Vice President and Assistant Treasurer of the Company. He joined Ares in August 2000 and serves as a Partner in the Ares Finance Department, Chief Financial Officer of the Ares Private Equity Group, and may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. Nguyen also serves as Treasurer of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation. From March 2007 to December 2010 and from September 2012 to May 2013, Mr. Nguyen served as Treasurer of the Company and from August 2004 to March 2007, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company. From 2002 to 2015, Mr. Nguyen served as Chief Financial Officer of Ares Management, L.P. and its predecessor. From 1996 to 2000, Mr. Nguyen was with Arthur Andersen LLP, where he was in charge of conducting business audits on financial clients, performing due diligence investigation of potential mergers and acquisitions and analyzing changes in accounting guidelines for derivatives. Mr. Nguyen graduated with a B.S. in Accounting from the University of Southern California's Leventhal School of Accounting and received an M.B.A. in Global Business from Pepperdine University's Graziadio School of Business and Management. Mr. Nguyen also studied European Business at Oxford University as part of the M.B.A. curriculum. Mr. Nguyen is a Chartered Financial Analyst® and a Certified Public Accountant.

Penni F. Roll, 50, serves as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company and of the Ares Credit Group and additionally serves as a member of the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. She also serves as Chief Financial Officer of Ares Dynamic Credit Allocation Fund, Inc., a publicly traded closed end fund managed by an affiliate of Ares Management. Ms. Roll joined Ares in April 2010 and now serves as Partner Finance of Ares Capital Management and may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Ms. Roll served as Chief Financial Officer of Allied Capital Corporation from 1998 until April 2010. Ms. Roll joined Allied Capital Corporation in 1995 as its Controller after serving as a Manager in KPMG LLP's financial services practice. Ms. Roll graduated

magna cum laude with a BSBA in Accounting from West Virginia University. Ms. Roll is a Certified Public Accountant (Inactive).

Michael L. Smith, 44, serves as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Smith previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. Smith joined Ares in May 2004 and currently serves as a Partner in the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Management Committee of Ares Management, and may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. Smith is a member of the Investment Committees of our investment adviser, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Direct Lending Investment Committee, the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee and the Ares Commercial Finance Investment Committee. Prior to joining Ares, Mr. Smith was a Partner at RBC Capital Partners, a division of Royal Bank of Canada, which led the firm's middle-market financing and principal investment business. Mr. Smith joined RBC in October 2001 from Indosuez Capital, where he was a Vice President in the Merchant Banking Group. Previously, Mr. Smith worked at Kenter, Glastris & Company, and at Salomon Brothers Inc., in their Debt Capital Markets Group and Financial Institutions Group. Mr. Smith received a B.S. in Business Administration, *cum laude*, from the University of Notre Dame and a Masters in Management from Northwestern University's Kellogg Graduate School of Management.

Michael D. Weiner, 63, serves as a Vice President of the Company. Mr. Weiner serves as Executive Vice President and Chief Legal Officer of Ares Management GP LLC, Ares' general partner, Partner and General Counsel in the Ares Legal Group and is a member of the Management Committee of Ares. He may from time to time serve as an officer, director or principal of entities affiliated with Ares Management or of investment funds managed by Ares Management and its affiliates. Mr. Weiner has also served as Vice President and General Counsel of Ares Commercial Real Estate Corporation since 2012, Vice President and Assistant Secretary of Ares Dynamic Credit Allocation Fund, Inc., a NYSE-listed, closed-end fund managed by an affiliate of Ares Management since 2012. From September 2006 to January 2010, Mr. Weiner served as General Counsel of the Company. He additionally is a member of the Ares Operations Management Group and the Ares Enterprise Risk Committee. Mr. Weiner joined Ares in September 2006. Previously, Mr. Weiner served as General Counsel to Apollo Management, L.P. and had been an officer of the corporate general partners of Apollo since 1992. Prior to joining Apollo, Mr. Weiner was a partner in the law firm of Morgan, Lewis & Bockius specializing in corporate and alternative financing transactions, securities law as well as general partnership, corporate and regulatory matters. Mr. Weiner has served on the boards of directors of several corporations. Mr. Weiner currently serves on the Board of Governors of the Cedars-Sinai Medical Center in Los Angeles. Mr. Weiner graduated with a B.S. in Business and Finance from the University of California at Berkeley and a J.D. from the University of Santa Clara.

BOARD LEADERSHIP STRUCTURE

Our board of directors monitors and performs an oversight role with respect to the business and affairs of the Company, including with respect to investment practices and performance, compliance with regulatory requirements and the services, expenses and performance of service providers to the Company. Among other things, our board of directors approves the appointment of our investment adviser, administrator and officers, reviews and monitors the services and activities performed by our investment adviser, administrator and officers and approves the engagement, and reviews the performance of, our independent registered public accounting firm.

Under the Company's bylaws, our board of directors may designate a chairman to preside over the meetings of the board of directors and meetings of the stockholders and to perform such other duties as may be assigned to him by the board of directors. We do not have a fixed policy as to whether the chairman of the board of directors should be an independent director and believe that our

flexibility to select our chairman and reorganize our leadership structure from time to time is in the best interests of the Company and its stockholders.

Presently, Mr. Arougheti and Mr. Rosenthal serve as co-chairs of our board of directors. Mr. Arougheti is an interested director because he is an Executive Vice President of the Company, is on the Investment Committee of the investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and President of Ares and serves as a member of the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares. The Company believes that Mr. Arougheti's depth of experience in investment management, leveraged finance and financial services, as well as his intimate knowledge of the Company's business and operations, gives our board of directors valuable industry-specific knowledge and expertise on these and other matters. Mr. Rosenthal is an interested director because he is on the Investment Committee of our investment adviser, is a Co-Founder and Partner of Ares and serves on the Board of Directors and Management Committee of Ares. We believe that Mr. Rosenthal's history with the Company, familiarity with the Ares investment platform and extensive experience in the management of private equity and debt investments qualifies him to serve as co-chairman of our board of directors. Moreover, we believe that we are best served through our existing leadership structure with Mr. Arougheti and Mr. Rosenthal as co-chairs of our board of directors, as Mr. Arougheti and Mr. Rosenthal's relationships with our investment adviser provide an effective bridge between our board of directors and our investment adviser, thus ensuring an open dialogue between our board of directors and our investment adviser and that both groups act with a common purpose.

The independent directors have designated a lead independent director whose duties include, among other things, chairing executive sessions of the independent directors, acting as a liaison between the independent directors and the co-chairs of the board of directors and between the independent directors and officers of the Company and our investment adviser, facilitating communication among the independent directors and the Company's counsel, reviewing and commenting on board and committee meeting agendas and calling additional meetings of the independent directors as appropriate. In August 2010, the board of directors designated and appointed Mr. Siegel as the lead independent director and Mr. Siegel has served as lead independent director since that time.

We believe that board leadership structures must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and that our existing board leadership structure is appropriate. However, we continually re-examine our corporate governance policies on an ongoing basis to ensure that they continue to meet the Company's needs.

BOARD'S ROLE IN RISK OVERSIGHT

Our board of directors performs its risk oversight function and fulfills its risk oversight responsibilities primarily (a) through its two standing committees, which report to the entire board of directors and are comprised solely of independent directors and (b) by working with our Chief Compliance Officer to monitor risk in accordance with our compliance policies and procedures.

As described below in more detail under "Committees of the Board of Directors," the audit committee and the nominating and governance committee assist the board of directors in performing its risk oversight function and fulfilling its risk oversight responsibilities. The audit committee's risk oversight responsibilities include overseeing the Company's accounting and financial reporting processes, assisting the board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities relating to the Company's systems of internal controls over financial reporting, audits of the Company's financial statements and disclosure controls and procedures, assisting the board of directors in determining the fair value of securities that are not publicly traded or for which current market values are not readily available, and discussing with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's risk assessment

and risk management policies. The nominating and governance committee's risk oversight responsibilities include developing, reviewing and updating certain policies regarding the nomination of directors, identifying, evaluating and nominating directors to fill vacancies on the board of directors or to stand for election by our stockholders, reviewing the Company's policies relating to corporate governance, and overseeing the evaluation of our board of directors and its committees.

Our board of directors also performs its risk oversight function and fulfills its risk oversight responsibilities by working with our Chief Compliance Officer to monitor risk in accordance with the Company's policies and procedures. Our Chief Compliance Officer prepares a written report annually discussing the adequacy and effectiveness of the compliance policies and procedures of the Company and certain of its service providers. Our Chief Compliance Officer's report, which is reviewed by and discussed with our board of directors, addresses at a minimum (a) the operation of the compliance policies and procedures of the Company and certain of its service providers since the last report; (b) any material changes to such policies and procedures since the last report; (c) any recommendations for material changes to such policies and procedures as a result of our Chief Compliance Officer's annual review; and (d) any compliance matter that has occurred since the date of the last report about which our board of directors would reasonably need to know to oversee the Company's compliance activities and risks. In addition, our Chief Compliance Officer reports to our board of directors on a quarterly basis with respect to material compliance matters and meets separately in executive session with the independent directors periodically, but in no event less than once each year.

We believe that our board of directors' role in risk oversight is effective and appropriate given the extensive regulation to which we are already subject as a BDC. Specifically, as a BDC we must comply with certain regulatory requirements and restrictions that control the levels of risk in our business and operations. For example, our ability to incur indebtedness is limited such that our asset coverage must equal at least 200% immediately after each time we incur indebtedness, we generally have to invest at least 70% of our total assets in "qualifying assets" and, subject to certain exceptions, we are subject to restrictions on our ability to engage in transactions with Ares and its affiliates. See "Regulation." In addition, we have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code. As a RIC we must, among other things, meet certain source of income and asset diversification requirements. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

We believe that the extent of our board of directors' (and its committees') role in risk oversight complements our board of directors' leadership structure because it allows our independent directors, through the two fully independent board committees, a lead independent director, executive sessions with each of our Chief Compliance Officer, our independent registered public accounting firm and independent valuation providers and otherwise, to exercise oversight of risk without any conflict that might discourage critical review.

We believe that our board of directors' role in risk oversight must be evaluated on a case-by-case basis and that our board of directors' existing role in risk oversight is appropriate. However, our board of directors re-examines the manner in which it administers its risk oversight function on an ongoing basis to ensure that it continues to meet the Company's needs.

COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our board of directors has established an audit committee and a nominating and governance committee. We do not have a compensation committee because our executive officers do not receive any direct compensation from us. During 2015, the board of directors held 15 formal meetings, the audit committee held four formal meetings, and the nominating and governance committee held four formal meetings. We encourage, but do not require, the directors to attend our annual meeting of stockholders in person.

Audit Committee

The members of the audit committee are Ms. Bates and Messrs. Bartlett and Siegel, each of whom is independent for purposes of the Investment Company Act and The NASDAQ Global Select Market's corporate governance regulations. Ms. Bates currently serves as chairperson of the audit committee.

The role of the audit committee is to assist our board of directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by: (i) overseeing the Company's accounting and financial reporting processes and the audits of the Company's financial statements and internal control over financial reporting and (ii) reviewing the financial reports and other financial information provided by the Company to the public. The audit committee is also responsible for approving our independent registered public accounting firm and recommending them to our board of directors (including a majority of the independent directors) for approval and submission to our stockholders for ratification, reviewing with our independent registered public accounting firm the plans and results of the audit engagement, approving professional services provided by our independent registered public accounting firm, reviewing the independence of our independent registered public accounting firm and reviewing the adequacy of our internal controls and procedures.

The audit committee also assists our board of directors in determining the fair value of debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or for which current market values are not readily available, and in connection therewith recommends valuation policies to the board of directors, considers valuation issues with respect to liquid securities and reviews valuations of illiquid securities proposed by the investment adviser. The audit committee also receives input from independent valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of the board of directors to value certain portfolio investments. In addition, the audit committee is responsible for discussing with the Company's officers and management of our investment adviser the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps that the Company has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's risk assessment and risk management policies. The audit committee also reviews and approves all transactions with related persons of the Company that are brought to the audit committee's attention, including each annual renewal of our investment advisory and management agreement and our administration agreement.

This description of the audit committee's role and responsibilities is summary in nature, is not exhaustive and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the charter of the audit committee, which can be accessed via the Company's website at www.arescapitalcorp.com. The contents of the Company's website are not intended to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, and any references to the Company's website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

Our board of directors has determined that Ms. Bates is an "audit committee financial expert" within the meaning of the rules of the SEC.

Nominating and Governance Committee

The members of the nominating and governance committee are Messrs. Kelly, McKeever and Siegel, each of whom is independent for purposes of the Investment Company Act and The NASDAQ Global Select Market's corporate governance regulations. Mr. McKeever currently serves as chairman of the nominating and governance committee. The nominating and governance committee is responsible for (i) developing, reviewing and, as appropriate, updating certain policies regarding the nomination of directors and recommending such policies or any changes in such policies to the board of directors for approval, (ii) identifying individuals qualified to become directors, (iii) evaluating and recommending to the board of directors nominees to fill vacancies on the board of directors or committees thereof or to stand for election by the stockholders of the Company, (iv) reviewing the

Company's policies relating to corporate governance and recommending any changes in such policies to the board of directors, and (v) overseeing the evaluation of the board of directors (including its leadership structure) and its committees.

In considering possible candidates for election as a director, the nominating and governance committee takes into account, in addition to such other factors as it deems relevant, the desirability of selecting directors who:

are of high character and integrity;

are accomplished in their respective fields, with superior credentials and recognition;

have relevant expertise and experience upon which to be able to offer advice and guidance to the Company's officers and management of the investment adviser and the administrator;

have sufficient time available to devote to the affairs of the Company;

are able to work with the other members of the board of directors and contribute to the success of the Company;

can represent the long-term interests of the Company's stockholders as a whole; and

are selected such that the board of directors represents a range of backgrounds and experience.

The nominating and governance committee also considers all applicable legal and regulatory requirements that govern the composition of the board of directors.

The nominating and governance committee may consider recommendations for nomination of directors from our stockholders. Nominations made by stockholders must be delivered to or mailed (setting forth the information required by our bylaws) and received at our principal executive offices not earlier than the 150th day and not later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the 120th day prior to the first anniversary of the date on which we first mailed our proxy materials for the previous year's annual meeting of stockholders; *provided*, *however*, that if the date of the annual meeting has changed by more than 30 days from the prior year, the nomination must be received not earlier than the 150th day prior to the date of such annual meeting or later than 5:00 p.m., Eastern Time, on the later of (1) the 120th day prior to the date of such annual meeting or (2) the 10th day following the day on which public announcement of such meeting date is first made.

This description of the nominating and governance committee's role and responsibilities is summary in nature, is not exhaustive and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the charter of the nominating and governance committee, which can be accessed via the Company's website at www.arescapitalcorp.com. The contents of the Company's website are not intended to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, and any references to the Company's website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

Compensation Committee

The role of the compensation committee is performed by the audit committee, which is comprised entirely of independent directors for purposes of the NASDAQ corporate governance requirements and rules and regulations of the SEC, including the compensation committee requirements of NASDAQ Marketplace Rule 5605(d) and Rule 5605(a)(2). The Company's executive officers do not receive any direct compensation from us. The audit committee charter contains all of the provisions that a compensation committee charter would be required to include under the NASDAQ corporate governance listing requirements and the rules and regulations of the SEC. In addition, pursuant to the audit committee charter, the amounts payable to our investment adviser and

our administrator pursuant to our investment advisory and management agreement and administration agreement, respectively, are separately approved by the audit committee. The compensation payable to our investment adviser pursuant to the investment advisory and management agreement is also separately approved by a majority of our independent directors in accordance with Section 15(c) of the Investment Company Act.

The specific responsibilities of the audit committee, including those related to compensation, are set forth in the charter of the audit committee, which can be accessed via the Company's website at www.arescapitalcorp.com. The contents of the Company's website are not intended to be incorporated by reference into this prospectus or the accompanying prospectus supplement, and any references to the Company's website are intended to be inactive textual references only.

BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP OF OUR DIRECTORS

The following table sets forth the dollar range of our equity securities based on the closing price of our common stock on August 4, 2016 and the number of shares beneficially owned by each of our directors as of December 31, 2015. We are not part of a "family of investment companies," as that term is defined in the Investment Company Act.

	Dollar Range of Equity Securities in the
Name of Director	Company(1)(2)
Independent Directors(3)	
Steve Bartlett(4)	\$50,001-\$100,000
Ann Torre Bates	Over \$100,000
Daniel G. Kelly, Jr(5)	None
Steven B. McKeever	Over \$100,000
Frank E. O'Bryan(6)	Over \$100,000
Eric B. Siegel	Over \$100,000
Interested Directors	
Michael J Arougheti	Over \$100,000
R. Kipp deVeer(7)	Over \$100,000
Robert L. Rosen	Over \$100,000
Bennett Rosenthal	Over \$100,000

- (1) The dollar ranges are as follows: none, \$1-\$10,000, \$10,001-\$50,000, \$50,001-\$100,000 or over \$100,000.
- (2)
 Beneficial ownership determined in accordance with Rule 16a-1(a)(2) under the Exchange Act.
- As of December 31, 2015, to the best of our knowledge, except as listed above, none of the independent directors, nor any of their immediate family members, had any interest in us, our investment adviser or any person or entity directly or indirectly controlling, controlled by or under common control with us or our investment adviser.
- (4)

 The shares of our common stock held by Mr. Bartlett have been pledged as security in connection with a line of credit with a third party financial institution unaffiliated with the Company.
- (5) Mr. Kelly became a director in May 2016.
- (6)
 Mr. O'Bryan's term expired at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders.
- (7)

 The shares of the Company's common stock held by Mr. deVeer have been pledged as security in connection with a line of credit with a third party financial institution unaffiliated with the Company.

COMPENSATION TABLE

The following table shows information regarding the compensation earned or actually received by our directors, none of whom is our employee, for services as a director for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. No compensation is paid by us to interested directors. No information has been provided with respect to our executive officers who are not directors, since our executive officers do not receive any direct compensation from us.

	Fees Earned or				
Name	Paid in Cash(1)			Total	
Independent Directors					
Steve Bartlett	\$	175,250	\$	175,250	
Ann Torre Bates	\$	185,250	\$	185,250	
Daniel G. Kelly, Jr.(2)		None		None	
Steven B. McKeever	\$	176,250	\$	176,250	
Frank E. O'Bryan(3)	\$	170,750	\$	170,750	
Eric B. Siegel	\$	193,250	\$	193,250	
Interested Directors					
Michael J Arougheti		None		None	
R. Kipp deVeer(4)		None		None	
Antony P. Ressler(5)		None		None	
Robert L. Rosen(6)		None		None	
Bennett Rosenthal		None		None	

- (1) For a discussion of the independent directors' compensation, see below.
- (2) Mr. Kelly became a director in May 2016.
- (3) Mr. O'Bryan's term expired at our 2016 annual meeting of stockholders.
- (4) Mr. deVeer became a director in November 2015.
- (5)
 Mr. Ressler resigned from his position as a director in November 2015.
- (6)
 While Mr. Rosen did not receive any compensation from us for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, he did receive \$163,750 from Ares Management for his service as a director of the Company for such period in connection with his role as an Operating Advisor to Ares Management. In February 2016, Mr. Rosen became a Partner of Ares.

The independent directors receive an annual fee of \$160,000. They also receive \$2,500 plus reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each board meeting and receive \$1,000 plus reimbursement of reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with attending each committee meeting. In addition, the chairperson of the audit committee receives an additional annual fee of \$10,000, the lead independent director receives an additional annual fee of \$15,000, and each chairperson of any other committee receives an additional annual fee of \$2,000 for his or her additional services in these capacities. In addition, we purchase directors' and officers' liability insurance on behalf of our directors and officers.

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

We consider the members of the Investment Committee of Ares Capital Management to be our portfolio managers. The following individuals function as portfolio managers with the most significant responsibility for the day-to-day management of our portfolio.

		Length of Service with	
Name	Position	Ares (years)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Michael J Arougheti	Co-Chairman of the board of directors of the Company; Executive Vice President of the Company; Partner of the Ares Credit Group	12	Since October 2014, Mr. Arougheti has served as an Executive Vice President of the Company, since July 2014, he has served as Co-Chairman of the Board and since February 2009, he has served as a director of the Company. Mr. Arougheti previously served as Chief Executive Officer of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014 and President of the Company from May 2004 to May 2013. Mr. Arougheti is a Co-Founder and President of Ares. He is a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and a member of the Ares Board of Directors and Management Committee. In addition, Mr. Arougheti serves as a member of the Investment Committee of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. and European Investment Committees, the Ares Equity Income Opportunity Strategy Portfolio Review Committee and the Ares Operations Management Group.
R. Kipp deVeer	Chief Executive Officer of the Company; Co-Head and Partner of the Ares Credit Group	12 196	Since July 2014, Mr. deVeer has served as Chief Executive

Name	Position	Length of Service with Ares (years)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
Mitchell Goldstein	Co-President of the Company; Partner of the Ares Credit Group	11	Since July 2014, Mr. Goldstein has served as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Goldstein previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. Goldstein has served as an officer of Ares Capital Management since 2005. Mr. Goldstein joined Ares in May 2005 and currently serves as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group. Mr. Goldstein is a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Direct Lending Investment Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee.
John Kissick	Partner of Ares; Partner of the Ares Corporate Strategy and Relationship Management Group	18	Mr. Kissick is a Co-Founder of Ares and a director and Partner of Ares Management GP LLC, Ares' general partner. He serves as a member of Ares' board of directors and Management Committee and is a Partner of Ares in the Corporate Strategy and Relationship Management Group. Mr. Kissick is also a member of the Investment Committees of the Ares Credit Group and certain funds in the Ares Private Equity Group.
Bennett Rosenthal	Co-Chairman of the board of directors of the Company; Partner of Ares; Co-Head and Partner of the Ares Private Equity Group	18	Since July 2014, Mr. Rosenthal has served as Co-Chairman of the Board, and previously as Chairman of the Board since 2004. Mr. Rosenthal is a Co-Founder of Ares and currently serves as a Partner of Ares, Co-Head and a Partner of the Ares Private Equity Group and a member of the Ares Board of Directors and Management Committee. Mr. Rosenthal is also a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, certain funds managed by the Ares Credit Group and certain funds managed by the Ares Private Equity Group.
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Name	Position	Length of Service with Ares (years)	Principal Occupation(s) During Past 5 Years
David Sachs	Partner of the Ares Strategy and Relationship Management Group	18	Mr. Sachs is a Partner in the Ares Strategy and Relationship Management Group. Mr. Sachs serves as a member of the Ares Credit and Private Equity Group fund investment committees, as well as the Ares Real Estate Group's Real Estate Debt Investment Committee, the Ares Equity Income Opportunity Strategy Portfolio Review Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee.
Michael L. Smith	Co-President of the Company; Partner of the Ares Credit Group	12	Since July 2014, Mr. Smith has served as a Co-President of the Company. Mr. Smith previously served as an Executive Vice President of the Company from May 2013 to July 2014. Mr. Smith has served as an officer of Ares Capital Management since 2004. Mr. Smith joined Ares in May 2004 and currently serves as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group. Mr. Smith is a member of the Investment Committees of Ares Capital Management, the Ares Credit Group's U.S. Investment Committee and the Ivy Hill Asset Management Investment Committee.

None of the individuals listed above is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolio of any other account, except that:

Messrs. Arougheti, deVeer, Goldstein and Smith are each Partners of, and Messrs. Kissick and Sachs are each members of certain committees of, the Ares Credit Group. All such individuals have responsibilities with respect to certain funds and managed accounts, which as of March 31, 2016 had approximately \$60.0 billion (including the Company) of assets under management, a portion of which is used to calculate Ares' advisory fees related to such funds and managed accounts; and

Mr. Rosenthal is a Partner of, and Mr. Kissick is a member of certain committees of, the Ares Private Equity Group. All such individuals have responsibilities for certain funds, which as of March 31, 2016 had approximately \$23.3 billion of assets under management, a portion of which is used to calculate Ares' advisory fees related to such funds.

See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns."

Each of Messrs. Arougheti, deVeer, Goldstein and Smith is responsible for deal origination, execution and portfolio management. In addition to their deal origination, execution and portfolio management responsibilities, (i) Mr. Arougheti also spends a portion of his time on corporate and administrative activities in his capacity as President of Ares Management and as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group, (ii) Mr. deVeer also spends a portion of his time on corporate and administrative activities in his capacity as the Company's Chief Executive Officer and as a Partner of the Ares Credit Group and (iii) Messrs. Goldstein and Smith also spend portions of their time on corporate and

administrative activities in their capacities as Co-Presidents of the Company and as Partners of the Ares Credit Group. Each of Messrs. Arougheti, deVeer, Goldstein and Smith receives a compensation package that includes some combination of fixed draw and variable incentive compensation based primarily on our performance. None of the portfolio managers receives any direct compensation from us.

The following table sets forth the dollar range of our equity securities based on the closing price of our common stock on August 4, 2016 and the number of shares beneficially owned by each of the portfolio managers described above as of December 31, 2015 unless otherwise indicated below.

Aggregate Dollar Range of Equity Securities in
Ares Capital(1)
Over \$1,000,000

(1) Dollar ranges are as follows: none, \$1-\$10,000, \$10,001-\$50,000, \$50,001-\$100,000, \$100,001-\$500,000, \$500,001-\$1,000,000 or over \$1,000,000.

INVESTMENT ADVISORY AND MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

Management Services

Ares Capital Management serves as our investment adviser and is registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. Subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors, our investment adviser manages the day-to-day operations of, and provides investment advisory and management services to, Ares Capital. Under the terms of the investment advisory and management agreement, our investment adviser:

determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing such changes;

identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies);

closes and monitors the investments we make;

determines the investments and other assets that we purchase, retain or sell; and

provides us with such other investment advisory and research and related services as we may from time to time reasonably require.

Ares Capital Management's services to us under the investment advisory and management agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish similar services to other entities. Similarly, affiliates of our investment adviser may directly or indirectly manage funds or other investment vehicles with investment objectives similar to ours. Accordingly, we may compete with these Ares funds or other investment vehicles managed by our investment adviser and its affiliates for capital and investment opportunities. Ares Capital Management endeavors to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner, and in any event consistent with any fiduciary duties owed to Ares Capital. Nevertheless, it is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain

investments made by investment funds or other investment vehicles managed by Ares Capital Management or its affiliates.

Base Management Fee

Pursuant to the investment advisory and management agreement and subject to the overall supervision of our board of directors, our investment adviser provides investment advisory and management services to us. For providing these services, our investment adviser receives fees from us consisting of a base management fee, an income based fee and a capital gains incentive fee.

The base management fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the average value of our total assets (other than cash or cash equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. The base management fee is payable quarterly in arrears.

Income Based Fee

The income based fee is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears based on our net investment income excluding income based fees and capital gains incentive fees ("pre-incentive fee net investment income") for the quarter. Pre- incentive fee net investment income means interest income, dividend income and any other income (including any other fees such as commitment, origination, structuring, diligence and consulting fees or other fees that we receive from portfolio companies but excluding fees for providing managerial assistance) accrued during the calendar quarter, minus operating expenses for the quarter (including the base management fee, any expenses payable under the administration agreement, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the income based fee and capital gains incentive fee accrued under GAAP). Pre-incentive fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature such as market discount, debt instruments with PIK interest, preferred stock with PIK dividends and zero coupon securities, accrued income that we have not yet received in cash. Our investment adviser is not under any obligation to reimburse us for any part of the income based fees it received that were based on accrued interest that we never actually received. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns" and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may be obligated to pay our investment adviser certain fees even if we incur a loss."

Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses, unrealized capital appreciation, unrealized capital depreciation or income tax expense related to realized gains and losses. Because of the structure of the income based fee, it is possible that we may pay such fees in a quarter where we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-incentive fee net investment income in excess of the hurdle rate (as defined below) for a quarter, we will pay the applicable income based fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized and/or unrealized capital losses.

Pre-incentive fee net investment income, expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any income based fees and capital gains incentive fees payable during the period) at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, is compared to a fixed "hurdle rate" of 1.75% per quarter. If market credit spreads rise, we may be able to invest in debt instruments that provide for a higher return, which may increase our pre-incentive fee net investment income and make it easier for our investment adviser to surpass the fixed hurdle rate and receive an income based fee based on such net investment income. To the extent we have retained pre-incentive fee net investment income that has been used to calculate the income based fee, it is also included in the amount of our total assets (other than cash and cash

equivalents but including assets purchased with borrowed funds) used to calculate the 1.5% base management fee.

We pay our investment adviser an income based fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income in each calendar quarter as follows:

no income based fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate:

100% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875% in any calendar quarter. We refer to this portion of our pre-incentive fee net investment income (which exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875%) as the "catch-up" provision. The "catch-up" is meant to provide our investment adviser with 20% of the pre-incentive fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply if this net investment income exceeded 2.1875% in any calendar quarter; and

20% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.1875% in any calendar quarter.

The following is a graphical representation of the calculation of the income based fee:

Quarterly Income Based Fee Based on Net Investment Income

Pre-incentive fee net investment income return (expressed as a percentage of the value of net assets)

Percentage of pre-incentive fee net investment income allocated to income based fee

These calculations are adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the quarter.

If the American Capital Acquisition is completed, our investment adviser has agreed to waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the completion of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (x) \$10 million of the income based fees and (y) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under the investment advisory and management agreement. We cannot assure you that the American Capital Acquisition will be completed. See "Pending American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the terms of the American Capital Acquisition, "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may fail to complete the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks associated with a failure to complete the American Capital Acquisition and "Risk Factors Risks Relating to the American Capital Acquisition" for a description of the risks that the combined company may face if the American Capital Acquisition is completed.

Capital Gains Incentive Fee

The capital gains incentive fee is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each calendar year (or, upon termination of our investment advisory and management agreement, as of the

termination date) and is calculated at the end of each applicable year by subtracting (a) the sum of our cumulative aggregate realized capital losses and aggregate unrealized capital depreciation from (b) our cumulative aggregate realized capital gains, in each case calculated from October 8, 2004 (the date we completed our initial public offering). Realized capital gains and losses include gains and losses on investments and foreign currencies, gains and losses on extinguishment of debt and other assets, as well as any income tax expense related to realized gains and losses. If such amount is positive at the end of such year, then the capital gains incentive fee for such year is equal to 20% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of capital gains incentive fees paid in all prior years. If such amount is negative, then there is no capital gains incentive fee for such year.

The cumulative aggregate realized capital gains are calculated as the sum of the differences, if positive, between (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The cumulative aggregate realized capital losses are calculated as the sum of the amounts by which (a) the net sales price of each investment in our portfolio when sold is less than (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

The aggregate unrealized capital depreciation is calculated as the sum of the differences, if negative, between (a) the valuation of each investment in our portfolio as of the applicable capital gains incentive fee calculation date and (b) the accreted or amortized cost basis of such investment.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, as a result of an amendment to the capital gains incentive fee under the investment advisory and management agreement that was adopted on June 6, 2011, if we are required by GAAP to record an investment at its fair value as of the time of acquisition instead of at the actual amount paid for such investment by us (including, for example, as a result of the application of the acquisition method of accounting), then solely for the purposes of calculating the capital gains incentive fee, the "accreted or amortized cost basis" of an investment shall be an amount (the "Contractual Cost Basis") equal to (1) (x) the actual amount paid by us for such investment plus (y) any amounts recorded in our financial statements as required by GAAP that are attributable to the accretion of such investment plus (z) any other adjustments made to the cost basis included in our financial statements, including PIK interest or additional amounts funded (net of repayments) minus (2) any amounts recorded in our financial statements as required by GAAP that are attributable to the amortization of such investment, whether such calculated Contractual Cost Basis is higher or lower than the fair value of such investment (as determined in accordance with GAAP) at the time of acquisition.

We defer cash payment of any income based fee and the capital gains incentive fee otherwise earned by our investment adviser if during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date such payment is to be made the sum of (a) the aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) the change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any income based fees or capital gains incentive fees accrued during the period) is less than 7.0% of our net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) at the beginning of such period. Any such deferred fees are carried over for payment in subsequent calculation periods to the extent such payment is payable under our investment advisory and management agreement.

Examples of Fee Calculation

Example 1 Income Based Fee(1):

Assumptions

Hurdle rate(2) = 1.75% Management fee(3) = 0.375% Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.)(4) = 0.20%

Alternative 1

Additional Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 1.25%
Pre-incentive fee net investment income
(investment income
(management fee + other expenses)) = 0.675%
Pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate, therefore there is no income based fee.

- The hypothetical amount of pre-incentive fee net investment income shown is based on a percentage of total net assets. In addition, the example assumes that during the most recent four full calendar quarter period ending on or prior to the date the payment set forth in the example is to be made, the sum of (a) our aggregate distributions to our stockholders and (b) our change in net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any income based fees or capital gains incentive fees accrued during the period) is at least 7% of our net assets (defined as total assets less indebtedness) at the beginning of such period (as adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases).
- (2) Represents a quarter of the 7.0% annualized hurdle rate.
- (3) Represents a quarter of the 1.5% annualized management fee.
- (4) Excludes offering expenses.

Alternative 2

Additional Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.70%

Pre-incentive fee net investment income

(investment income (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.125%

Pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds hurdle rate, therefore there is an income based fee.

Income Based = $100\% \times \text{"Catch-Up"} + \text{the greater of } 0\% \text{ AND } (20\% \times \text{(pre-incentive fee net investment fee})$

income 2.1875%)) = $(100\% \times (2.125\% \ 1.75\%)) + 0\%$

 $= 100\% \times 0.375\%$

= 0.375%

Alternative 3

Additional Assumptions

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Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 3.50%
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Pre-incentive fee net investment income

(investment income (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.925%

Pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds hurdle rate, therefore there is an income based fee.

Income Based Fee

 $100\% \times$ "Catch-Up" + the greater of 0% **AND** ($20\% \times$ (pre-incentive fee net investment

income 2.1875%))

 $= (100\% \times (2.1875\% \quad 1.75\%)) + (20\% \times (2.925\% \quad 2.1875\%))$

 $= 0.4375\% + (20\% \times 0.7375\%)$

= 0.4375% + 0.1475%

= 0.585%

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Example 2 Capital Gains Incentive Fee:

Alternative 1:

Assumptions

Year 1: \$20 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), and \$30 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B")

Year 2: Investment A is sold for \$50 million and fair value ("FV") of Investment B determined to be \$32 million

Year 3: FV of Investment B determined to be \$25 million

Year 4: Investment B sold for \$31 million

The capital gains incentive fee, if any, would be:

Year 1: None (No sales transactions)

Year 2: \$6 million (20% multiplied by \$30 million realized capital gains on sale of Investment A)

Year 3: None; \$5 million (20% multiplied by (\$30 million realized cumulative capital gains less \$5 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$6 million (previous capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2)

Year 4: \$200,000; \$6.2 million (20% multiplied by \$31 million cumulative realized capital gains) less \$6 million (capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2)

Alternative 2

Assumptions

Year 1: \$20 million investment made in Company A ("Investment A"), \$30 million investment made in Company B ("Investment B") and \$25 million investment made in Company C ("Investment C")

Year 2: Investment A sold for \$50 million, FV of Investment B determined to be \$25 million and FV of Investment C determined to be \$25 million

Year 3: FV of Investment B determined to be \$27 million and Investment C sold for \$30 million

Year 4: FV of Investment B determined to be \$35 million

Year 5: Investment B sold for \$20 million

The capital gains incentive fee, if any, would be:

Year 1: None (No sales transactions)

Year 2: \$5 million (20% multiplied by \$25 million (\$30 million realized capital gains on Investment A less \$5 million unrealized capital depreciation on Investment B))

Year 3: \$1.4 million (\$6.4 million (20% multiplied by \$32 million (\$35 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$3 million unrealized capital depreciation)) less \$5 million (capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2))

Year 4: None (No sales transactions)

Year 5: None (\$5 million (20% multiplied by \$25 million (cumulative realized capital gains of \$35 million less realized capital losses of \$10 million)) less \$6.4 million (cumulative capital gains incentive fee paid in Year 2 and Year 3))

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, we incurred \$69.2 million in base management fees, and \$58.0 million in income based fees. There was no capital gains incentive fee earned by our investment adviser as calculated under the investment advisory and management agreement for the six months ended June 30, 2016. However, in accordance with GAAP, the Company had cumulatively accrued a capital gains incentive fee of \$56.5 million as of June 30, 2016, all of which was not due under the investment advisory and management agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, we incurred \$134.3 million in base management fees and \$121.4 million in income based fees. There was no capital gains incentive fee earned by our investment adviser as calculated under the investment advisory and management agreement for the year ended December 31, 2015. However, in accordance with GAAP, the Company had cumulatively

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accrued a capital gains incentive fee of \$42.3 million as of December 31, 2015, all of which was not due under the investment advisory and management agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2014, we incurred \$128.0 million in base management fees and \$118.3 million in income based fees. The capital gains incentive fee as calculated and payable under the investment advisory and management agreement for the year ended December 31, 2014 was \$24.0 million. However, in accordance with GAAP, the Company had cumulatively accrued a capital gains incentive fee of \$93.0 million as of December 31, 2014, of which \$69.0 million was not due under the investment advisory and management agreement.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we incurred \$104.9 million in base management fees and \$110.5 million in income based fees. In accordance with GAAP, the Company accrued a capital gains incentive fee of \$11.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. However, the capital gains incentive fee as calculated and payable under the investment advisory and management agreement for the year ended December 31, 2013 was \$17.4 million.

GAAP requires that the capital gains incentive fee accrual consider the cumulative aggregate unrealized capital appreciation in the calculation, as a capital gains incentive fee would be payable if such unrealized capital appreciation were realized, even though such unrealized capital appreciation is not permitted to be considered in calculating the fee actually payable under the investment advisory and management agreement. This GAAP accrual is calculated using the aggregate cumulative realized capital gains and losses and aggregate cumulative unrealized capital depreciation included in the calculation of the capital gains incentive fee actually payable under the investment advisory and management agreement plus the aggregate cumulative unrealized capital appreciation. If such amount is positive at the end of a period, then GAAP requires the Company to record a capital gains incentive fee equal to 20% of such cumulative amount, less the aggregate amount of actual capital gains incentive fees paid or capital gains incentive fees accrued under GAAP in all prior periods. As of June 30, 2016, the Company has paid capital gains incentive fees since inception totaling \$57.4 million. The resulting accrual for any capital gains incentive fee under GAAP in a given period may result in an additional expense if such cumulative amount is greater than in the prior period or a reversal of previously recorded expense if such cumulative amount is less than in the prior period. If such cumulative amount is negative, then there is no accrual. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation will be realized in the future.

Payment of Our Expenses

The services of all investment professionals and staff of our investment adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing investment advisory and management services to us and routine overhead expenses of such personnel allocable to such services, are provided and paid for by our investment adviser. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations and transactions, including, but not limited to, those relating to: rent; organization; calculation of our net asset value (including, but not limited to, the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firm); expenses incurred by our investment adviser payable to third parties, including agents, consultants or other advisers, in monitoring our financial and legal affairs and in monitoring our investments (including the cost of consultants hired to develop information technology systems designed to monitor our investments) and performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies; interest payable on indebtedness, if any, incurred to finance our investments (including payments to third party vendors for financial information services); offerings of our common stock and other securities; investment advisory and management fees; administration fees; fees payable to third parties, including agents, consultants or other advisers, relating to, or associated with, evaluating and making investments; transfer agent and custodial fees; registration fees; listing fees; taxes; independent directors' fees and expenses; costs of preparing and filing reports or other documents with the SEC; the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to stockholders, including printing costs; to the extent we are covered by

any joint insurance policies, our allocable portion of the insurance premiums for such policies; direct costs and expenses of administration, including auditor and legal costs; and all other expenses incurred by us or our administrator in connection with administering our business as described in more detail under "Administration Agreement" below.

Duration, Termination and Amendment

At an in-person meeting of our board of directors on March 16, 2011, the form of our current investment advisory and management agreement, including two proposed amendments to our then existing investment advisory and management agreement, was approved by our board of directors with the recommendation that our stockholders vote to approve the proposed amendments. On June 6, 2011, our stockholders approved the proposed amendments, and we entered into a restated investment advisory and management agreement, reflecting such amendments on June 6, 2011. At an in-person meeting of our board of directors on April 26, 2016, our board of directors, including a majority of the directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company as defined in the Investment Company Act, voted to approve the continuation of the investment advisory and management agreement to June 6, 2017. A discussion regarding the basis for our board of directors' approval of the 2011 adoption of the form of our current investment advisory and management agreement is available in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

Unless terminated earlier, the investment advisory and management agreement will automatically renew for successive annual periods if approved annually by our board of directors or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities, including, in either case, approval by a majority of our directors who are not "interested persons" of the Company (as defined in the Investment Company Act). The investment advisory and management agreement will automatically terminate in the event of its assignment. The investment advisory and management agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party.

Conflicts of interest may arise if our investment adviser seeks to change the terms of our investment advisory and management agreement, including, for example, the amount of the base management fee, the income based fee, the capital gains incentive fee or other compensation terms. Material amendments to our investment advisory and management agreement must be approved by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities and by a majority of our independent directors, and we may from time to time decide it is appropriate to seek the requisite approval to change the terms of the agreement.

Indemnification

The investment advisory and management agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, our investment adviser, its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entities affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of our investment adviser's services under the investment advisory and management agreement or otherwise as our investment adviser.

Organization of our Investment Adviser

Our investment adviser is a Delaware limited liability company that is registered as an investment adviser under the Advisers Act. The principal executive offices of Ares Capital Management are located at 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90067.

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ADMINISTRATION AGREEMENT

We are also party to an administration agreement with Ares Operations, an affiliate of our investment adviser and a subsidiary of Ares Management. Our board of directors approved the continuation of our administration agreement on April 26, 2016, which extended the term of the agreement until June 1, 2017. Pursuant to the administration agreement, Ares Operations furnishes us with office equipment and clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at our office facilities. Under the administration agreement, Ares Operations also performs, or oversees the performance of, our required administrative services, which include, among other things, providing assistance in accounting, legal, compliance, operations, investor relations and technology, being responsible for the financial records that we are required to maintain and preparing reports to our stockholders and reports filed with the SEC. In addition, Ares Operations assists us in determining and publishing our net asset value, assists us in providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies, oversees the preparation and filing of our tax returns and the printing and dissemination of reports to our stockholders, and generally oversees the payment of our expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered to us by others. Payments under the administration agreement are equal to an amount based upon our allocable portion of Ares Operations' overhead and other expenses (including travel expenses) incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under the administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the compensation of certain of our officers (including our chief compliance officer, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, general counsel, treasurer and assistant treasurer) and their respective staffs. The administration agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party.

For the six months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$6.8 million, in administrative fees. As of June 30, 2016, \$3.3 million of these fees were unpaid and included in "accounts payable and other liabilities" in the Company's June 30, 2016 consolidated balance sheet.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company incurred \$14.2 million in administrative fees. As of December 31, 2015, \$3.7 million of these fees were unpaid and included in "accounts payable and other liabilities" in our December 31, 2015 consolidated balance sheet. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, we incurred \$13.7 million and \$12.3 million, respectively, in administrative fees.

Indemnification

The administration agreement provides that, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or negligence in the performance of its duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of its duties and obligations, Ares Operations, its members and their respective officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons and members and any other person or entities affiliated with it are entitled to indemnification from us for any damages, liabilities, costs and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees and amounts reasonably paid in settlement) arising from the rendering of Ares Operations' services under the administration agreement or otherwise as our administrator.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

We have procedures in place for the review, approval and monitoring of transactions involving the Company and certain persons related to it. For example, we have a code of conduct that generally prohibits any of our officers or directors from engaging in any transaction where there is a conflict between such individual's personal interest and our interests. Waivers to the code of conduct can generally only be obtained from the Chief Compliance Officer, the co-chairs of the board of directors or the chairperson of the audit committee and are publicly disclosed as required by applicable law and regulations. In addition, the audit committee is required to review and approve all related-party transactions (as defined in Item 404 of Regulation S-K).

As a BDC, we are also subject to certain regulatory requirements that restrict our ability to engage in certain related-party transactions. We have separate policies and procedures that have been adopted to ensure that we do not enter into any such prohibited transactions without seeking necessary approvals.

We are party to an investment advisory and management agreement with Ares Capital Management, a subsidiary of Ares Management, an entity in which certain of our directors and officers and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser may have indirect ownership and pecuniary interests. Certain of our directors and officers and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser also serve as officers or principals of other investment managers affiliated with Ares Management that currently, and may in the future, manage investment funds with investment objectives similar to our investment objective. In addition, certain of our directors and officers and members of the investment committee of our investment adviser serve or may serve as officers, directors or principals of entities that operate in the same or related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, we may not be made aware of and/or be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by investment funds managed by advisers affiliated with Ares Management. However, our investment adviser intends to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner in accordance with our investment adviser's investment allocation policy. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business There are significant potential conflicts of interest that could impact our investment returns."

Our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, has indirect financial interests in the American Capital Acquisition that are different from, and/or in addition to, the interests of our stockholders. For example, our investment adviser's base management fee is based on a percentage of our total assets (other than cash and cash equivalents). Because total assets under management is expected to increase if the American Capital Acquisition is completed, the dollar amount of our investment adviser's management fee is expected to increase as a result of the completion of the American Capital Acquisition. In addition, the income based fee and capital gains incentive fee payable by us to our investment adviser may increase as a result of the American Capital Acquisition. See "Unaudited Pro Forma Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements."

In connection with the American Capital Acquisition, our investment adviser has agreed to (i) provide approximately \$275 million of cash consideration, or \$1.20 per share of American Capital Common Stock, payable to American Capital's stockholders in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in the Merger Agreement at closing and (ii) waive, for each of the first ten calendar quarters beginning with the first full calendar quarter after the closing of the American Capital Acquisition, the lesser of (x) \$10 million of the income based fees and (y) the amount of income based fees for such quarter, in each case to the extent earned and payable by us in such quarter pursuant to and as calculated under the investment advisory and management agreement.

Pursuant to the terms of the administration agreement between Ares Operations and us, Ares Operations, a subsidiary of Ares Management, currently provides us with certain administrative and other services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations, and we reimburse Ares Operations, at

cost, for our allocable portion of overhead and other expenses (including travel expenses) incurred by Ares Operations in performing its obligations under our administration agreement, including our allocable portion of the cost of certain of our officers (including our chief compliance officer, chief financial officer, chief accounting officer, general counsel, secretary and treasurer) and their respective staffs, but not investment professionals.

Our portfolio company, IHAM, is party to an administration agreement with Ares Operations, pursuant to which Ares Operations provides IHAM with, among other things, office facilities, equipment, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services, services relating to the marketing and sale of interests in vehicles managed by IHAM, services of, and oversight of, custodians, depositaries, accountants, attorneys, underwriters and such other persons in any other capacity deemed to be necessary. Under the IHAM administration agreement, IHAM reimburses Ares Operations for all of the actual costs associated with such services, including its allocable portion of Ares Operations' overhead and the cost of Ares Operations' officers and respective staff in performing its obligations under the IHAM administration agreement. IHAM is also party to the Merger Agreement and is the entity into which ACAM will merge.

We are party to office leases pursuant to which we are leasing office facilities from third parties. For certain of these office leases, we have also entered into separate subleases with Ares Management LLC, the sole member of the investment adviser, and IHAM, pursuant to which Ares Management LLC and IHAM sublease a portion of these leases. For the year ended December 31, 2015, amounts payable by Ares Management LLC and IHAM to us under these subleases totaled \$4.7 million. Ares Management LLC has also entered into separate subleases with us, pursuant to which we sublease certain office leases from Ares Management LLC. For the year ended December 31, 2015, amounts payable to Ares Management LLC under these subleases totaled \$0.7 million.

We have entered into agreements with Ares Management LLC and IHAM, pursuant to which Ares Management LLC and IHAM are entitled to use our proprietary portfolio management software. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, amounts payable by Ares Management LLC and IHAM to us under these agreements totaled \$0.1 million.

We have also entered into a license agreement with Ares Management LLC pursuant to which Ares Management LLC has agreed to grant us a non-exclusive, royalty-free license to use the name "Ares." Under this agreement, we will have a right to use the Ares name for so long as Ares Capital Management remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the "Ares" name.

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CONTROL PERSONS AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS

To our knowledge, as of August 4, 2016, there were no persons that owned 25% or more of our outstanding voting securities and no person would be deemed to control us, as such term is defined in the Investment Company Act.

The following table sets forth, as of August 4, 2016 (unless otherwise noted), the number of shares of our common stock beneficially owned by each of our current directors and named executive officers, all directors, executive officers and certain other officers as a group and certain beneficial owners, according to information furnished to us by such persons or publicly available filings.

Beneficial ownership is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC and includes voting or investment power with respect to the securities. Ownership information for those persons who beneficially own 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock is based upon Schedule 13D, Schedule 13G, Form 13F or other filings by such persons with the SEC and other information obtained from such persons. To our knowledge, as of August 4, 2016, there were no persons that owned 5% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock. Except as otherwise noted below, each person named in the following table has sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of our common stock that he or she beneficially owns.

The address for Messrs. Arougheti, deVeer, Goldstein, Rosen and Smith, Ms. Roll and certain officers is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor, New York, New York 10167. The address for each of the other directors, executive officers and certain other officers is c/o Ares Capital Corporation, 2000 Avenue of the Stars, 12th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90067.

	Amount and Nature of	
	Beneficial	Percent of
Name of Beneficial Owner	Ownership	Class(1)
Directors and Named Executive Officers:		
Interested Directors		
Michael J Arougheti	828,447	*
R. Kipp deVeer	175,000(2)	*
Robert L. Rosen	37,398	*
Bennett Rosenthal	255,138(3)	*
Independent Directors		
Steve Bartlett	6,200(4)	*
Ann Torre Bates	13,275(5)	*
Daniel G. Kelly, Jr.	7,500	*
Steven B. McKeever	11,421	*
Eric B. Siegel	35,504(6)	*
Named Executive Officers Who Are Not Directors		
Mitchell Goldstein	188,886(7)	*
Michael L. Smith	151,012	*
Penni F. Roll	70,452(8)	*
All Directors, Executive Officers and Certain Other Officers as a Group (18 persons)	1,874,100(9)	*

Represents less than 1%.

(1) Based on 313,954,008 shares of common stock outstanding as of August 4, 2016.

The shares of our common stock held by Mr. deVeer have been pledged as security in connection with a line of credit with a third party financial institution unaffiliated with the Company.

- (3) Consists of 255,138 shares of common stock indirectly beneficially owned by Mr. Rosenthal through BAR Holdings, LLC of which Mr. Rosenthal is the manager.
- (4)

 The shares of our common stock held by Mr. Bartlett have been pledged as security in connection with a line of credit with a third party financial institution unaffiliated with the Company.
- (5)
 Consists of (i) 11,000 shares of common stock owned directly; and (ii) 2,275 shares of common stock indirectly beneficially owned by Ms. Bates through her spouse.
- (6)
 Consists of (i) 26,256 shares of common stock owned directly; (ii) 8,166 shares of common stock indirectly beneficially owned by Mr. Siegel through his spouse; and (iii) 1,082 shares of common stock indirectly beneficially owned by Mr. Siegel as a custodian for the accounts of his children. Mr. Siegel has shared voting and investment authority with respect to shares held by his spouse.
- (7) 127,010 shares of our common stock held by Mr. Goldstein have been pledged as security in connection with margin trading accounts.
- (8)

 Consists of (i) 8,147 shares of common stock owned directly; and (ii) 62,305 shares of common stock indirectly beneficially owned by Ms. Roll through a trust for the benefit of Ms. Roll, her spouse and her children.
- (9)
 Includes shares owned by officers of the Company that are not "Named Executive Officers," as defined in Item 402 of Regulation S-K, as promulgated under the Securities Act of 1933 ("Regulation S-K").

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DETERMINATION OF NET ASSET VALUE

The net asset value per share of our outstanding shares of common stock is determined quarterly by dividing the value of total assets minus liabilities by the total number of shares outstanding.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at such market quotations. In order to validate market quotations, we look at a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and nature of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available (*i.e.*, substantially all of our investments) are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, based on, among other things, the input of our investment adviser, audit committee and independent third-party valuation firms that have been engaged at the direction of our board of directors to assist in the valuation of each portfolio investment without a readily available market quotation at least once during a trailing 12-month period (with certain de minimis exceptions) and under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. We follow ASC 820-10, which expands the application of fair value accounting for investments (see Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for the period ended December 31, 2015 and Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements for the period ended June 30, 2016). ASC 820-10 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with GAAP and expands disclosure of fair value measurements. ASC 820-10 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The valuation process is conducted at the end of each fiscal quarter, and a minimum of 55% of our portfolio at fair value is subject to review by an independent valuation firm each quarter. In addition, our independent registered public accounting firm obtains an understanding of, and performs select procedures relating to, our investment valuation process within the context of performing the integrated audit.

As part of the valuation process, we may take into account the following types of factors, if relevant, in determining the fair value of our investments: the enterprise value of a portfolio company (the entire value of the portfolio company to a market participant, including the sum of the values of debt and equity securities used to capitalize the enterprise at a point in time), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments and its earnings and discounted cash flows, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to similar publicly traded securities, changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets generally that may affect the price at which similar investments would trade in their principal markets and other relevant factors. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, we consider the pricing indicated by the external event to corroborate our valuation.

Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our board of directors, as described herein. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that we may ultimately realize. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we have previously recorded it.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected in the valuations currently assigned.

Our board of directors undertakes a multi-step valuation process each quarter, as described below:

Our quarterly valuation process begins with each portfolio company or investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with our portfolio management team.

Preliminary valuations are reviewed and discussed with our investment adviser's management and investment professionals, and then valuation recommendations are presented to the board of directors.

The audit committee of our board of directors reviews these valuations, as well as the input of third parties, including independent third-party valuation firms, who review a minimum of 55% of our portfolio at fair value.

The board of directors discusses valuations and ultimately determines the fair value of each investment in our portfolio without a readily available market quotation in good faith based on, among other things, the input of our investment adviser, audit committee and, where applicable, independent third- party valuation firms.

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DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any distributions we declare in cash on behalf of our stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash as provided below. As a result, if our board of directors authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend, then our stockholders who have not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividends.

No action is required on the part of a registered stockholder to have their cash dividend reinvested in shares of our common stock. A registered stockholder may elect to receive an entire cash dividend in cash by notifying Computershare Shareowner Services LLC ("Computershare"), the plan administrator and our transfer agent and registrar, in writing so that such notice is received by the plan administrator no later than the record date fixed by the board of directors for dividends to stockholders. The plan administrator will set up an account for shares acquired through the dividend reinvestment plan for each stockholder who has not elected to receive dividends in cash and hold such shares in non-certificated form. Upon request by a stockholder participating in the dividend reinvestment plan, received in writing no later than 10 days prior to the record date, the plan administrator will, instead of crediting fractional shares to the participant's account, issue a check for any fractional share.

Those stockholders whose shares are held by a broker or other financial intermediary may receive dividends in cash by notifying their broker or another financial intermediary of their election.

We intend to use primarily newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan (so long as our shares are trading at or at a premium to net asset value). If our shares are trading at a discount to net asset value and we are otherwise permitted under applicable law to purchase such shares, we intend to purchase shares in the open market in connection with our obligations under our dividend reinvestment plan. However, we reserve the right to issue new shares of our common stock in connection with our obligations under the dividend reinvestment plan even if our shares are trading below net asset value. If newly issued shares are used to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder shall be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of our common stock at the close of regular trading on The NASDAQ Global Select Market on the dividend payment date. Market price per share on that date shall be the closing price for such shares on The NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if no sale is reported for such day, at the average of their reported bid and asked prices. If shares are purchased in the open market to implement the dividend reinvestment plan, the number of shares to be issued to a stockholder shall be determined by dividing the dollar amount of the cash dividend payable to such stockholder by the weighted average price per share for all shares purchased by the plan administrator in the open market in connection with the dividend. The number of shares of our common stock to be outstanding after giving effect to payment of the dividend cannot be established until the value per share at which additional shares will be issued has been determined and elections of our stockholders have been tabulated.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in the dividend reinvestment plan. The plan administrator's fees under the plan are paid by us. If a participant elects by notice to the plan administrator in advance of termination to have the plan administrator sell part or all of the shares held by the plan administrator in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan administrator is authorized to deduct a transaction fee of up to \$15 plus a \$0.12 per share fee from the proceeds.

Stockholders whose cash dividends are reinvested in shares of our common stock are subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as are stockholders who elect to receive their dividends in cash. A stockholder's initial basis for determining gain or loss upon the sale of stock

received in a dividend from us will be equal to the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to the stockholder. Any stock received on reinvestment of a cash dividend will have a new holding period for tax purposes commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the U.S. stockholder's account. See "Certain Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

Participants may terminate their accounts under the dividend reinvestment plan by notifying the plan administrator via its website at *www.computershare.com/investor*, by filling out the transaction request form located at bottom of their statement and sending it to the plan administrator at P.O. Box 30170, College Station, TX 77842-3170 or by calling the plan administrator's hotline at 1-866-365-2497.

The dividend reinvestment plan may be terminated by us upon notice in writing mailed to each participant at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any dividend by us. All correspondence concerning the dividend reinvestment plan should be directed to the plan administrator via the Internet at www.computershare.com/investor, by mail at P.O. Box 30170, College Station, TX 77842-3170 or by telephone at 1-866-365-2497.

Additional information about the dividend reinvestment plan may be obtained by contacting the plan administrator via the Internet at *www.computershare.com/investor*, by mail at P.O. Box 30170, College Station, TX 77842-3170 or by telephone at 1-866-365- 2497.

CERTAIN MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following discussion is a general summary of certain material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us and our qualification and taxation as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. This discussion does not purport to be a complete description of all of the tax considerations relating thereto. This discussion is based upon the Code, its legislative history, existing and proposed U.S. Treasury regulations, published rulings and court decisions, each as of the date of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change, possibly retroactively, which could affect the continuing validity of this discussion. We have not sought and will not seek any ruling from the Internal Revenue Service (the "IRS") regarding the offerings pursuant to this prospectus or pursuant to the accompanying prospectus supplement unless expressly stated therein. This discussion does not discuss any aspects of U.S. estate or gift tax or foreign, state or local tax. It does not discuss the special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws that could result if we invested in tax-exempt securities or certain other investment assets.

This summary does not discuss the consequences of an investment in our debt securities. The U.S. federal income tax consequences of such an investment will be discussed in the relevant prospectus supplement.

Tax matters are very complicated and the tax consequences to investors in our shares will depend on the facts of their particular situation. We encourage investors to consult their own tax advisers regarding the specific consequences of such an investment, including tax reporting requirements, the applicability of U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax laws, eligibility for the benefits of any applicable tax treaty and the effect of any possible changes in the tax laws.

ELECTION TO BE TAXED AS A RIC

As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code. As a RIC, we generally will not pay corporate-level income taxes on our income and net capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders as dividends on a timely basis. We will be subject to U.S. federal corporate-level income tax on any undistributed income and/or gains. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, meet certain source of income and asset diversification requirements (as described below). In addition, we must distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, generally an amount equal to at least 90% of our "investment company taxable income," as defined by the Code. See "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business We may be subject to additional corporate-level income taxes if we fail to maintain our status as a RIC."

TAXATION AS A RIC

If we:

qualify as a RIC; and

satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement;

then we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our investment company taxable income and net capital gain (generally, net long- term capital gain in excess of net short-term capital loss) we distribute (or are deemed to distribute) to stockholders. We will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at the regular corporate rates on any income or capital gain not distributed (or deemed distributed) to our stockholders.

We will be subject to a 4% nondeductible U.S. federal excise tax on certain undistributed income unless we distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98% of our ordinary income for each calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our capital gain net income for the one-year period ending October 31 in that calendar year and (3) any income recognized, but not distributed, in

preceding years (collectively, the "Excise Tax Requirement"). We have paid in the past, and can be expected to pay in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income.

Moreover, our ability to dispose of assets to meet our distribution requirements may be limited by (1) the illiquid nature of our portfolio and (2) other requirements relating to our status as a RIC, including the Diversification Tests (as defined below). If we dispose of assets to meet the Annual Distribution Requirement, the Diversification Tests, or the Excise Tax Requirement, we may make such dispositions at times that, from an investment standpoint, are not advantageous.

To qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we generally must, among other things:

qualify to be treated as a BDC at all times during each taxable year;

derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from (a) dividends, interest, payments with respect to certain securities loans, gains from the sale of stock or other securities or other income derived with respect to our business of investing in such stock or securities or (b) net income derived from an interest in a "qualified publicly traded partnership," or "QPTP" (collectively, the "90% Income Test"); and

diversify our holdings so that at the end of each quarter of the taxable year:

at least 50% of the value of our assets consists of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities, securities of other RICs and other securities that, with respect to any issuer, do not represent more than 5% of the value of our assets or more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of that issuer; and

no more than 25% of the value of our assets is invested in the securities, other than U.S. Government securities or securities of other RICs, of (i) one issuer, (ii) two or more issuers that are controlled, as determined under applicable tax rules, by us and that are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses or (iii) securities of one or more QPTPs (collectively, the "Diversification Tests").

We may be required to recognize taxable income in circumstances in which we do not receive cash, such as income from hedging or foreign currency transactions. For example, if we hold debt obligations that are treated under applicable tax rules as having original issue discount (such as debt instruments with PIK interest or, in certain cases, that have increasing interest rates or that are issued with warrants), we must include in income each year a portion of the original issue discount that accrues over the life of the obligation, regardless of whether cash representing such income is received by us in the same taxable year. Because any original issue discount or other amounts accrued will be included in our investment company taxable income for the year of accrual, we may be required to make a distribution to our stockholders in order to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement and/or the Excise Tax Requirement, even though we will not have received any corresponding cash amount.

Furthermore, a portfolio company in which we invest may face financial difficulty that requires us to work-out, modify or otherwise restructure our investment in the portfolio company. Any such restructuring could, depending on the specific terms of the restructuring, result in unusable capital losses and future non-cash income.

In addition, certain of our investment practices may be subject to special and complex U.S. federal income tax provisions that may, among other things, (a) disallow, suspend or otherwise limit the allowance of certain losses or deductions, (b) convert long-term capital gain (currently taxed at lower rates for non-corporate taxpayers) into higher taxed short-term capital gain or ordinary income, (c) convert an ordinary loss or a deduction into a capital loss (the deductibility of which is more limited), (d) adversely affect the time when a purchase or sale of stock or securities is deemed to occur or (e) adversely alter the characterization of certain complex financial transactions. We will monitor our

transactions and may make certain tax elections in order to mitigate the effects of these provisions; however, no assurance can be given that we will be eligible for any such tax elections or that any elections we make will fully mitigate the effects of these provisions.

Gain or loss recognized by us from warrants acquired by us as well as any loss attributable to the lapse of such warrants generally will be treated as capital gain or loss. Such gain or loss generally will be long-term or short-term, depending on how long we held a particular warrant.

Our investment in non-U.S. securities may be subject to non-U.S. income, withholding and other taxes. In that case, our yield on those securities would be decreased. Stockholders will generally not be entitled to claim a U.S. foreign tax credit or deduction with respect to non-U.S. taxes paid by us.

If we purchase shares in a "passive foreign investment company" (a "PFIC"), we may be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a portion of any "excess distribution" or gain from the disposition of such shares, even if such income is distributed as a taxable dividend by us to our stockholders. Additional charges in the nature of interest may be imposed on us in respect of deferred taxes arising from such distributions or gains. If we invest in a PFIC and elect to treat the PFIC as a "qualified electing fund" under the Code (a "QEF"), in lieu of the foregoing requirements, we will be required to include in income each year a portion of the ordinary earnings and net capital gain of the QEF, even if such income is not distributed to us. Alternatively, we may elect to mark-to-market at the end of each taxable year our shares in such PFIC; in this case, we will recognize as ordinary income any increase in the value of such shares, and as ordinary loss any decrease in such value to the extent it does not exceed prior increases included in income. Our ability to make either election will depend on factors beyond our control, and we are subject to limitations which may limit the availability or benefit of these elections. Under either election, we may be required to recognize in any year income in excess of our distributions from PFICs and our proceeds from dispositions of PFIC stock during that year, and such income will nevertheless be subject to the Annual Distribution Requirement and will be taken into account for purposes of determining whether we satisfy the Excise Tax Requirement.

Our functional currency is the U.S. dollar for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Under Section 988 of the Code, gains or losses attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the time we accrue income, expenses or other liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and the time we actually collect such income or pay such expenses or liabilities may be treated as ordinary income or loss. Similarly, gains or losses on foreign currency forward contracts, the disposition of debt denominated in a foreign currency and other financial transactions denominated in foreign currency, to the extent attributable to fluctuations in exchange rates between the acquisition and disposition dates, may also be treated as ordinary income or loss.

If we borrow money, we may be prevented by loan covenants from declaring and paying dividends in certain circumstances. Even if we are authorized to borrow funds and to sell assets in order to satisfy distribution requirements, under the Investment Company Act, we generally are not permitted to make distributions to our stockholders while our debt obligations and senior securities are outstanding unless certain "asset coverage" tests or other financial covenants are met. Limits on our payment of dividends may prevent us from meeting the Annual Distribution Requirement, and may, therefore, jeopardize our qualification for taxation as a RIC, or subject us to the 4% excise tax on undistributed income.

Some of the income and fees that we recognize, such as management fees, may not satisfy the 90% Income Test. In order to ensure that such income and fees do not disqualify us as a RIC for a failure to satisfy the 90% Income Test, we may be required to recognize such income or fees through one or more entities treated as U.S. corporations for U.S. federal income tax purposes. While we expect that recognizing such income through such corporations will assist us in satisfying the 90% Income Test, no assurance can be given that this structure will be respected for U.S. federal income tax

purposes, which could result in such income not being counted towards satisfying the 90% Income Test. If the amount of such income were too great and we were otherwise unable to mitigate this effect, it could result in our disqualification as a RIC. If, as we expect, the structure is respected, such corporations will be required to pay U.S. corporate income tax on their earnings, which ultimately will reduce the yield on such income and fees.

If we fail to satisfy the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Tests in any taxable year, we may be eligible for relief provisions if the failures are due to reasonable cause and not willful neglect and if a penalty tax is paid with respect to each failure to satisfy the applicable requirements. Additionally, relief is provided for certain *de minimis* failures of the diversification requirements where we correct the failure within a specified period. If the applicable relief provisions are not available or cannot be met, all of our income would be subject to corporate-level income tax as described below. We cannot provide assurance that we would qualify for any such relief should we fail the 90% Income Test or the Diversification Test.

If we fail to satisfy the Annual Distribution Requirement or otherwise fail to qualify as a RIC in any taxable year, and are not eligible for relief as described above, we will be subject to tax in that year on all of our taxable income, regardless of whether we make any distributions to our stockholders. In that case, all of our income will be subject to corporate-level income tax, reducing the amount available to be distributed to our stockholders. In contrast, assuming we qualify as a RIC, our U.S. federal corporate-level income tax should be substantially reduced or eliminated. See "Election to Be Taxed as a RIC" above and "Risk Factors" Risks Relating to Our Business. We may be subject to additional corporate-level income taxes if we fail to maintain our status as a RIC."

Capital Loss Carryforwards and Unrealized Losses

As a RIC, we are permitted to carry forward a net capital loss realized in a taxable year beginning on or before January 1, 2011 to offset our capital gain, if any, realized during the eight years following the year of the loss. A capital loss carryforward realized in a taxable year beginning before January 1, 2011 is treated as a short-term capital loss in the year to which it is carried. We are permitted to carry forward a net capital loss realized in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011 to offset capital gain indefinitely. For net capital losses realized in taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2011, the excess of our net short-term capital loss over our net long-term capital gain is treated as a short- term capital loss arising on the first day of our next taxable year and the excess of our net long-term capital loss over our net short-term capital gain is treated as a long-term capital loss arising on the first day of our next taxable year. If future capital gain is offset by carried-forward capital losses, such future capital gain is not subject to fund-level U.S. federal income tax, regardless of whether distributed to stockholders. A RIC cannot carry back or carry forward any net operating losses.

It is believed that transactions we have undertaken, including the Allied Acquisition, have resulted in a limitation on our ability to use both our own and Allied Capital's capital loss carryforwards and, potentially, to use unrealized capital losses inherent in the tax basis of our own pre- acquisition assets and Allied Capital's assets we acquired. These limitations, imposed by Section 383 of the Code and based on the principles of Section 382 of the Code, are imposed on an annual basis. Losses in excess of the limitation may be carried forward, subject to the overall eight-year limitation. The Section 382 limitation applied to our and Allied Capital's losses generally will equal the product of the net asset value of each corporation immediately prior to the Allied Acquisition, respectively, and the "long-term tax-exempt rate," published by the IRS, in effect at such time. As of April 2010, the month during which the Allied Acquisition was consummated, the long-term tax-exempt rate was 4.03%. Additionally, under Section 384 of the Code, we may also be prohibited from using Allied Capital's loss carryforwards and unrealized losses against any of our unrealized gains at the time of the Allied Acquisition, to the extent such gains are realized within five years following the Allied Acquisition. While our ability to utilize losses in the future depends upon a variety of factors that

cannot be known in advance, because capital loss carryforwards realized in taxable years beginning before January 1, 2011 generally expire eight taxable years following recognition, substantially all of our and Allied Capital's losses may become permanently unavailable. Future transactions we enter into may further limit our ability to utilize losses.

As of December 31, 2015, for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we had capital loss carryforwards of approximately \$0.1 billion and other losses limited under Sections 382 and 384 of the Code of approximately \$0.3 billion. These amounts are estimates and will not be finally determined until we file our 2015 income tax return in 2016.

FAILURE TO QUALIFY AS A RIC

If we were unable to qualify for treatment as a RIC, and relief were not available as discussed above, we would be subject to tax on all of our taxable income at regular corporate rates. We would not be able to deduct distributions to stockholders and would not be required to make distributions for tax purposes. Distributions generally would be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividend income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits. Subject to certain limitations under the Code, corporate U.S. stockholders would be eligible for the dividends-received deduction. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as a capital gain. If we were to fail to meet the RIC requirements for more than two consecutive years and then sought to requalify as a RIC, we would be subject to tax on any unrealized net built-in gains in the assets held by us during the period in which we failed to qualify as a RIC that are recognized within the subsequent 10 years, unless we make a special election to pay corporate-level tax on such built-in gains at the time of our requalification as a RIC.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR CAPITAL STOCK

The following description is based on relevant portions of the Maryland General Corporation Law and on our charter and bylaws. This summary is not necessarily complete, and we refer you to the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter and bylaws for a more detailed description of the provisions summarized below.

STOCK

Our authorized stock consists of 500,000,000 shares of stock, par value \$0.001 per share, all of which are currently designated as common stock. Our common stock trades on The NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "ARCC." On August 4, 2016, the last reported sales price of our common stock on The NASDAQ Global Select Market was \$15.54 per share. There are no outstanding options or warrants to purchase our stock. No stock has been authorized for issuance under any equity compensation plans. Under Maryland law, our stockholders generally are not personally liable for our indebtedness or obligations.

Under our charter, our board of directors is authorized to classify any unissued shares of stock and reclassify any previously classified but unissued shares of stock into one or more classes or series of stock and authorize the issuance of shares of stock without obtaining stockholder approval. As permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter provides that a majority of the entire board of directors, without any action by our stockholders, may amend the charter from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares of stock or the number of shares of stock of any class or series that we have authority to issue.

Common Stock

All shares of our common stock have equal rights as to earnings, assets, dividends and voting and, when they are issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Distributions may be paid to the holders of our common stock if, as and when authorized by our board of directors and declared by us out of funds legally available therefor. Shares of our common stock have no preemptive, exchange, conversion or redemption rights and are freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws or by contract.

In the event of a liquidation, dissolution or winding up of the Company, each share of our common stock would be entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay off all indebtedness and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any preferred stock is outstanding at such time.

Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders, including the election of directors. Except as provided with respect to any other class or series of stock, the holders of our common stock will possess exclusive voting power. There is no cumulative voting in the election of directors, which means that holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock can elect all of our directors, and holders of less than a majority of such shares will be unable to elect any director.

The following are our outstanding classes of capital stock as of August 4, 2016:

		(3)	(4)
		Amount Held by	Amount Outstanding
		Registrant	Exclusive of Amount
(1)	(2)	or for its	Shown Under
Title of Class	Amount Authorized	Account	Column (3)
Common Stock	500,000,000		313,954,008
			221

Preferred Stock

Our charter authorizes our board of directors to classify any unissued shares of stock and reclassify any previously classified but unissued shares of stock into other classes or series of stock, including preferred stock. Prior to issuance of shares of each class or series, the board of directors is required by Maryland law and by our charter to set the terms, preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to dividends or other distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption for each class or series. Thus, our board of directors could authorize the issuance of shares of our preferred stock with terms and conditions that could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change in control that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in their best interest.

You should note, however, that any issuance of preferred stock must comply with the requirements of the Investment Company Act. The Investment Company Act requires, among other things, that (a) immediately after issuance and before any dividend or other distribution is made with respect to our common stock and before any purchase of common stock is made, such preferred stock together with all other indebtedness and senior securities must not exceed an amount equal to 50% of our total assets after deducting the amount of such dividend, distribution or purchase price, as the case may be and (b) the holders of shares of preferred stock, if any are issued, must be entitled as a class to elect two directors at all times and to elect a majority of the directors if dividends on such preferred stock are in arrears by two years or more. Certain matters under the Investment Company Act require the separate vote of the holders of any issued and outstanding preferred stock. For example, holders of preferred stock would vote separately from the holders of common stock on a proposal to cease operations as a BDC. We believe that the availability for issuance of preferred stock may provide us with increased flexibility in structuring future financings and acquisitions.

LIMITATION ON LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS; INDEMNIFICATION AND ADVANCE OF EXPENSES

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its charter a provision limiting the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its stockholders for money damages except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate dishonesty established by a final adjudication as being material to the cause of action. Our charter contains such a provision, which eliminates directors' and officers' liability to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law, subject to the requirements of the Investment Company Act.

Our charter authorizes us to obligate ourselves, and our bylaws obligate us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law and subject to the requirements of the Investment Company Act, to indemnify any present or former director or officer or any individual who, while a director or officer and at our request, serves or has served another corporation, real estate investment trust, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise as a director, officer, partner or trustee, from and against any claim or liability to which that person may become subject or which that person may incur by reason of his or her service in that capacity and to pay or reimburse his or her reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding. The charter and bylaws also permit us to indemnify and advance expenses to any person who served a predecessor of us in any of the capacities described above and any of our employees or agents or any employees or agents of our predecessor. In accordance with the Investment Company Act, we will not indemnify any person for any liability to which such person would be subject by reason of such person's willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of his or her office.

In addition to the indemnification provided for in our bylaws, we have entered into indemnification agreements with each of our current directors and certain of our officers and with

members of our investment adviser's investment committee and we intend to enter into indemnification agreements with each of our future directors, members of our investment committee and certain of our officers. The indemnification agreements provide these directors, officers and other persons the maximum indemnification permitted under Maryland law and the Investment Company Act. The agreements provide, among other things, for the advancement of expenses and indemnification for liabilities that such person may incur by reason of his or her status as a present or former director or officer or member of our investment adviser's investment committee in any action or proceeding arising out of the performance of such person's services as a present or former director or officer or member of our investment adviser's investment committee.

Maryland law requires a corporation (unless its charter provides otherwise, which our charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made or threatened to be made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity. Maryland law permits a corporation to indemnify its present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or are threatened to be made a party by reason of their service in those or other capacities unless it is established that (a) the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (i) was committed in bad faith or (ii) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty, (b) the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services or (c) in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful. However, under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation may not indemnify for an adverse judgment in a suit by or in the right of the corporation or for a judgment of liability on the basis that a personal benefit was improperly received, unless in either case a court orders indemnification, and then only for expenses. In addition, Maryland law permits a corporation to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon the corporation's receipt of (x) a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by the corporation and (y) a written undertaking by him or her or on his or her behalf to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by the corporation if it is ultimately determined that the standard of conduct was not met.

PROVISIONS OF THE MARYLAND GENERAL CORPORATION LAW AND OUR CHARTER AND BYLAWS

The Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter and bylaws contain provisions that could make it more difficult for a potential acquiror to acquire us by means of a tender offer, proxy contest or otherwise. These provisions are expected to discourage certain coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of us to negotiate first with our board of directors. We believe that the benefits of these provisions outweigh the potential disadvantages of discouraging any such acquisition proposals because, among other things, the negotiation of such proposals may improve their terms.

Classified Board of Directors

Our board of directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms, with the term of office of only one of the three classes expiring each year. A classified board may render a change in control of us or removal of our incumbent management more difficult. We believe, however, that the longer time required to elect a majority of a classified board of directors helps to ensure the continuity and stability of our management and policies.

Election of Directors

Our charter and bylaws provide that the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the outstanding shares of stock entitled to vote in the election of directors will be required to elect a director. Pursuant to the charter, our board of directors may amend the bylaws to alter the vote required to elect directors.

Number of Directors; Vacancies; Removal

Our charter provides that the number of directors will be set only by the board of directors in accordance with our bylaws. Our bylaws provide that a majority of our entire board of directors may at any time increase or decrease the number of directors. However, unless our bylaws are amended, the number of directors may never be less than four or more than eleven. Our charter sets forth our election, subject to certain requirements, to be subject to the provision of Subtitle 8 of Title 3 of the Maryland General Corporation Law regarding the filling of vacancies on the board of directors. Accordingly, except as may be provided by the board of directors in setting the terms of any class or series of preferred stock, any and all vacancies on the board of directors may be filled only by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining directors in office, even if the remaining directors do not constitute a quorum, and any director elected to fill a vacancy will serve for the remainder of the full term of the directorship in which the vacancy occurred and until a successor is elected and qualifies, subject to any applicable requirements of the Investment Company Act.

Our charter provides that a director may be removed only for cause, as defined in our charter, and then only by the affirmative vote of stockholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast generally in the election of directors.

Action by Stockholders

Under the Maryland General Corporation Law and our charter, stockholder action can be taken only at an annual or special meeting of stockholders or by unanimous written or electronically transmitted consent instead of a meeting. These provisions, combined with the requirements of our bylaws regarding the calling of a stockholder-requested special meeting of stockholders discussed below, may have the effect of delaying consideration of a stockholder proposal until the next annual meeting.

Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Stockholder Proposals

Our bylaws provide that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of individuals for election to the board of directors and the proposal of business to be considered by stockholders may be made only (a) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (b) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (c) by a stockholder who is a stockholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by the bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated or on any such other business and who has complied with the advance notice procedures of the bylaws. With respect to special meetings of stockholders, only the business specified in our notice of the meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of individuals for election to the board of directors at a special meeting may be made only (a) by or at the direction of the board of directors or (b) provided that the special meeting has been called in accordance with the bylaws for the purpose of electing directors, by a stockholder who is a stockholder of record both at the time of giving the advance notice required by the bylaws and at the time of the meeting, who is entitled to vote at the meeting in the election of each individual so nominated and who has complied with the advance notice provisions of the bylaws.

The purpose of requiring stockholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford our board of directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of any other proposed business and, to the extent deemed

necessary or desirable by our board of directors, to inform stockholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although our bylaws do not give our board of directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals recommending certain action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our stockholders.

Calling of Special Meetings of Stockholders

Our bylaws provide that special meetings of stockholders may be called by our board of directors and certain of our officers. Additionally, our bylaws provide that, subject to the satisfaction of certain procedural and informational requirements by the stockholders requesting the meeting, a special meeting of stockholders must be called by the secretary of the corporation to act on any matter that may properly be considered at a meeting of stockholders upon the written request of stockholders entitled to cast not less than a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast at such meeting.

Approval of Extraordinary Corporate Action; Amendment of Charter and Bylaws

Under Maryland law, a Maryland corporation generally cannot dissolve, amend its charter, merge, convert, sell all or substantially all of its assets, engage in a share exchange or engage in similar transactions outside the ordinary course of business, unless approved by the affirmative vote of stockholders entitled to cast at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. However, a Maryland corporation may provide in its charter for approval of these matters by a lesser percentage, but not less than a majority of all of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Our charter generally provides for approval of charter amendments and extraordinary transactions by the stockholders entitled to cast at least a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Our charter also provides that certain charter amendments and any proposal for our conversion, whether by merger or otherwise, from a closed-end company to an open-end company or any proposal for our liquidation or dissolution requires the approval of the stockholders entitled to cast at least 80 percent of the votes entitled to be cast on such matter. However, if such amendment or proposal is approved by at least two-thirds of our continuing directors (as defined below) (in addition to approval by our board of directors), such amendment or proposal may be approved by a majority of the votes entitled to be cast on such a matter. The "continuing directors" are defined in our charter as our current directors as well as those directors whose nomination for election by the stockholders or whose election by the directors to fill vacancies is approved by a majority of the continuing directors then on the board of directors.

Our charter and bylaws provide that the board of directors will have the exclusive power to adopt, alter or repeal any provision of our bylaws and to make new bylaws.

No Appraisal Rights

Except with respect to appraisal rights arising in connection with the Control Share Acquisition Act discussed below, as permitted by the Maryland General Corporation Law, our charter provides that stockholders will not be entitled to exercise appraisal rights unless a majority of our board of directors determines that such rights will apply, with respect to all or any classes or series of stock, to one or more transactions occurring after the date of such determination in connection with which stockholders would otherwise be entitled to exercise appraisal rights.

Control Share Acquisitions

The Control Share Acquisition Act provides that control shares of a Maryland corporation acquired in a control share acquisition have no voting rights except to the extent approved by a vote of at least two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast on the matter. Shares owned by the acquiror, by officers or by employees who are directors of the corporation are excluded from shares entitled to vote on the matter. Control shares are voting shares of stock that, if aggregated with all other shares of stock owned by the acquiror or in respect of which the acquiror is able to exercise or direct the exercise of voting power (except solely by virtue of a revocable proxy), would entitle the acquiror to exercise voting power in electing directors within one of the following ranges of voting power:

one-tenth or more but less than one-third;

one-third or more but less than a majority; or

a majority or more of all voting power.

The requisite stockholder approval must be obtained each time an acquiror crosses one of the thresholds of voting power set forth above. Control shares do not include shares the acquiring person is then entitled to vote as a result of having previously obtained stockholder approval. A control share acquisition means the acquisition of issued and outstanding control shares, subject to certain exceptions.

A person who has made or proposes to make a control share acquisition may compel the board of directors of the corporation to call a special meeting of stockholders to be held within 50 days of demand to consider the voting rights of the shares. The right to compel the calling of a special meeting is subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, including an undertaking to pay the expenses of the meeting. If no request for a meeting is made, the corporation may itself present the question at any stockholders meeting.

If voting rights are not approved at the meeting or if the acquiring person does not deliver an acquiring person statement as required by the statute, then the corporation may redeem for fair value any or all of the control shares, except those for which voting rights have previously been approved. The right of the corporation to redeem control shares is subject to certain conditions and limitations, including, as provided in our bylaws, compliance with the Investment Company Act, which will prohibit any such redemption other than in limited circumstances. Fair value is determined, without regard to the absence of voting rights for the control shares, as of the date of any meeting of stockholders at which the voting rights of the shares are considered and not approved or, if no such meeting is held, as of the date of the last control share acquisition by the acquiror. If voting rights for control shares are approved at a stockholders meeting and the acquiror becomes entitled to vote a majority of the shares entitled to vote, all other stockholders may exercise appraisal rights. The fair value of the shares as determined for purposes of appraisal rights may not be less than the highest price per share paid by the acquiror in the control share acquisition.

The Control Share Acquisition Act does not apply (a) to shares acquired in a merger, consolidation or share exchange if the corporation is a party to the transaction or (b) to acquisitions approved or exempted by the charter or bylaws of the corporation.

Our bylaws contain a provision exempting from the Control Share Acquisition Act any and all acquisitions by any person of our shares of stock and, as a result, any control shares of the Company will have the same voting rights as all of the other shares of the Company common stock. Such provision could be amended or eliminated at any time in the future. However, we will amend our bylaws to be subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act only if the board of directors determines that it would be in our best interests and we determine (after consultation with the Staff) that our being subject to the Control Share Acquisition Act does not conflict with the Investment Company Act.

Business Combinations

Under Maryland law, "business combinations" between a Maryland corporation and an interested stockholder or an affiliate of an interested stockholder are prohibited for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. These business combinations include a merger, consolidation, share exchange or, in circumstances specified in the statute, an asset transfer or issuance or reclassification of equity securities. An interested stockholder is defined as:

any person who, directly or indirectly, beneficially owns 10% or more of the voting power of the corporation's outstanding voting stock; or

an affiliate or associate of the corporation who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner, directly or indirectly, of 10% or more of the voting power of the then outstanding stock of the corporation.

A person is not an interested stockholder under this statute if the board of directors approved in advance the transaction by which such person otherwise would have become an interested stockholder. However, in approving a transaction, the board of directors may provide that its approval is subject to compliance, at or after the time of approval, with any terms and conditions determined by the board.

After the five-year prohibition, any business combination between the corporation and an interested stockholder generally must be recommended by the board of directors of the corporation and approved by the affirmative vote of at least:

80% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of outstanding shares of voting stock of the corporation; and

two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of voting stock of the corporation other than shares held by the interested stockholder with whom or with whose affiliate the business combination is to be effected or held by an affiliate or associate of the interested stockholder.

These super-majority vote requirements do not apply if the corporation's common stockholders receive a minimum price, as defined under Maryland law, for their shares in the form of cash or other consideration in the same form as previously paid by the interested stockholder for its shares.

The statute permits various exemptions from its provisions, including business combinations that are exempted by the board of directors before the time that the interested stockholder becomes an interested stockholder. Our board of directors has adopted a resolution that any business combination between us and any other person is exempted from the provisions of the Business Combination Act, provided that the business combination is first approved by the board of directors, including a majority of the independent directors. This resolution, however, may be altered or repealed in whole or in part at any time. If this resolution is repealed, or the board of directors does not otherwise approve a business combination, the statute may discourage others from trying to acquire control of us and increase the difficulty of consummating any offer.

Conflict with the Investment Company Act

Our bylaws provide that, if and to the extent that any provision of the Maryland General Corporation Law, including the Control Share Acquisition Act (if we amend our bylaws to be subject to such act) and the Business Combination Act, or any provision of our charter or bylaws conflicts with any provision of the Investment Company Act, the applicable provision of the Investment Company Act will control.

DESCRIPTION OF OUR DEBT SECURITIES

We may issue debt securities in one or more series. The specific material terms and conditions of each series of debt securities will be described in the particular prospectus supplement relating to that series. The prospectus supplement may or may not modify the general terms found in this prospectus and will be filed with the SEC. For a complete description of the terms of a particular series of debt securities, you should read both this prospectus and the prospectus supplement relating to that particular series.

As required by federal law for all bonds and notes of companies that are publicly offered, the debt securities are governed by a document called an "indenture." An indenture is a contract between us and U.S. Bank National Association, a financial institution acting as trustee on your behalf, and is subject to and governed by the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. The trustee has two main roles. First, the trustee can enforce your rights against us if we default. There are some limitations on the extent to which the trustee acts on your behalf, described in the second paragraph under "Events of Default Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs." Second, the trustee performs certain administrative duties for us.

Because this section is a summary, it does not describe every aspect of the debt securities and the indenture. We urge you to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines your rights as a holder of debt securities. For example, in this section, we use capitalized words to signify terms that are specifically defined in the indenture. Some of the definitions are repeated in this prospectus, but for the rest you will need to read the indenture. We have filed the form of the indenture with the SEC. See "Available Information" for information on how to obtain a copy of the indenture.

The prospectus supplement, which will accompany this prospectus, will describe the particular series of debt securities being offered, including, among other things:

the designation or title of the series of debt securities;

the total principal amount of the series of debt securities;

the percentage of the principal amount at which the series of debt securities will be offered;

the date or dates on which principal will be payable;

the rate or rates (which may be either fixed or variable) and/or the method of determining such rate or rates of interest, if any;

the date or dates from which any interest will accrue, or the method of determining such date or dates, and the date or dates on which any interest will be payable;

the terms for redemption, extension or early repayment, if any;

whether the amount of payments of principal, premium or interest, if any, on a series of debt securities will be determined with reference to an index, formula or other method (which could be based on one or more currencies, commodities, equity indices or other indices) and how these amounts will be determined;

the currencies in which the series of debt securities are issued and payable;

the place or places, if any, other than or in addition to the City of New York, of payment, transfer, conversion and/or exchange of the debt securities;

the denominations in which the offered debt securities will be issued;

the provision for any sinking fund;

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any restrictive covenants;
any Events of Default;
whether the series of debt securities is issuable in certificated form;
any provisions for defeasance or covenant defeasance;
if applicable, U.S. federal income tax considerations relating to original issue discount;
whether and under what circumstances we will pay additional amounts in respect of any tax, assessment or governmental charge and, if so, whether we will have the option to redeem the debt securities rather than pay the additional amounts (and the terms of this option);
whether the debt securities are subject to subordination and the terms of such subordination;
the listing, if any, on a securities exchange; and
any other terms.

The debt securities may be secured or unsecured obligations. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, principal (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, will be paid by us in immediately available funds.

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness if our asset coverage, calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, is at least equal to 200% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any indebtedness and senior securities remain outstanding, we must make provisions to prohibit the distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. Specifically, we may be precluded from declaring dividends or repurchasing shares of our common stock unless our asset coverage is at least 200%. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital."

GENERAL

The indenture provides that any debt securities proposed to be sold under this prospectus and the accompanying prospectus supplement ("offered debt securities") may be issued under the indenture in one or more series.

For purposes of this prospectus, any reference to the payment of principal of or premium or interest, if any, on debt securities will include additional amounts if required by the terms of the debt securities.

The indenture does not limit the amount of debt securities that may be issued thereunder from time to time. Debt securities issued under the indenture, when a single trustee is acting for all debt securities issued under the indenture, are called the "indenture securities." The indenture also provides that there may be more than one trustee thereunder, each with respect to one or more different series of indenture securities. See "Resignation of Trustee" below. At a time when two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, each with respect to only certain series, the term "indenture securities" means the one or more series of debt securities with respect to which each respective trustee is acting. In the event that there is more than one trustee under the indenture, the powers and trust obligations of each trustee described in this prospectus will extend only to the one or more series of indenture

securities for which it is trustee. If two or more trustees are acting under the indenture, then the indenture securities for which each trustee is acting would be treated as if issued under separate indentures.

The indenture does not contain any provisions that give you protection in the event we issue a large amount of debt or we are acquired by another entity.

We refer you to the prospectus supplement for information with respect to any deletions from, modifications of or additions to the Events of Default or our covenants that are described below, including any addition of a covenant or other provision providing event risk or similar protection.

We have the ability to issue indenture securities with terms different from those of indenture securities previously issued and, without the consent of the holders thereof, to reopen a previous issue of a series of indenture securities and issue additional indenture securities of that series unless the reopening was restricted when that series was created.

We expect that we will usually issue debt securities in book entry only form represented by global securities.

PAYMENT AND PAYING AGENTS

We will pay interest to the person listed in the applicable trustee's records as the owner of the debt security at the close of business on a particular day in advance of each due date for interest, even if that person no longer owns the debt security on the interest due date. That day, usually about two weeks in advance of the interest due date, is called the "record date." Because we will pay all the interest for an interest period to the holders on the record date, holders buying and selling debt securities must work out between themselves the appropriate purchase price. The most common manner is to adjust the sales price of the debt securities to prorate interest fairly between buyer and seller based on their respective ownership periods within the particular interest period. This prorated interest amount is called "accrued interest."

Payments on Global Securities

We will make payments on a global security in accordance with the applicable policies of the depositary as in effect from time to time. Under those policies, we will make payments directly to the depositary, or its nominee, and not to any indirect holders who own beneficial interests in the global security. An indirect holder's right to those payments will be governed by the rules and practices of the depositary and its participants.

Payments on Certificated Securities

We will make payments on a certificated debt security as follows. We will pay interest that is due on an interest payment date by check mailed on the interest payment date to the holder at his or her address shown on the trustee's records as of the close of business on the regular record date. We will make all payments of principal and premium, if any, by check at the office of the applicable trustee in New York, NY and/or at other offices that may be specified in the prospectus supplement or in a notice to holders against surrender of the debt security.

Alternatively, if the holder asks us to do so, we will pay any amount that becomes due on the debt security by wire transfer of immediately available funds to an account at a bank in New York City, on the due date. To request payment by wire, the holder must give the applicable trustee or other paying agent appropriate transfer instructions at least 15 business days before the requested wire payment is due. In the case of any interest payment due on an interest payment date, the instructions must be given by the person who is the holder on the relevant regular record date. Any wire

instructions, once properly given, will remain in effect unless and until new instructions are given in the manner described above.

Payment When Offices Are Closed

If any payment is due on a debt security on a day that is not a business day, we will make the payment on the next day that is a business day. Payments made on the next business day in this situation will be treated under the indenture as if they were made on the original due date, except as otherwise indicated in the accompanying prospectus supplement. Such payment will not result in a default under any debt security or the indenture, and no interest will accrue on the payment amount from the original due date to the next day that is a business day.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how they will receive payments on their debt securities.

EVENTS OF DEFAULT

You will have rights if an Event of Default occurs in respect of the debt securities of your series and is not cured, as described later in this subsection.

The term "Event of Default" in respect of the debt securities of your series means any of the following (unless the prospectus supplement relating to such debt securities states otherwise):

We do not pay the principal of, or any premium on, a debt security of the series on its due date, and do not cure this default within 5 days.

We do not pay interest on a debt security of the series when due, and such default is not cured within 30 days.

We do not deposit any sinking fund payment in respect of debt securities of the series on its due date, and do not cure this default within 5 days.

We remain in breach of a covenant in respect of debt securities of the series for 60 days after we receive a written notice of default stating we are in breach. The notice must be sent by either the trustee or holders of at least 25% of the principal amount of debt securities of the series.

We file for bankruptcy or certain other events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization occur and remain undischarged or unstayed for a period of 60 days.

On the last business day of each of twenty-four consecutive calendar months, we have an asset coverage of less than 100%.

Any other Event of Default in respect of debt securities of the series described in the applicable prospectus supplement occurs.

An Event of Default for a particular series of debt securities does not necessarily constitute an Event of Default for any other series of debt securities issued under the same or any other indenture. The trustee may withhold notice to the holders of debt securities of any default, except in the payment of principal, premium or interest, if it considers the withholding of notice to be in the best interests of the holders.

Remedies if an Event of Default Occurs

If an Event of Default has occurred and has not been cured, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may declare the entire principal amount of all the debt securities of that series to be due and immediately payable. This is

called a declaration of acceleration of maturity. In certain circumstances, a declaration of acceleration of maturity may be canceled by the holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series.

The trustee is not required to take any action under the indenture at the request of any holders unless the holders offer the trustee reasonable protection from expenses and liability (called an "indemnity") (Section 315 of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939). If reasonable indemnity is provided, the holders of a majority in principal amount of the outstanding debt securities of the relevant series may direct the time, method and place of conducting any lawsuit or other formal legal action seeking any remedy available to the trustee. The trustee may refuse to follow those directions in certain circumstances. No delay or omission in exercising any right or remedy will be treated as a waiver of that right, remedy or Event of Default.

Before you are allowed to bypass your trustee and bring your own lawsuit or other formal legal action or take other steps to enforce your rights or protect your interests relating to the debt securities, the following must occur:

You must give your trustee written notice that an Event of Default has occurred and remains uncured.

The holders of at least 25% in principal amount of all outstanding debt securities of the relevant series must make a written request that the trustee take action because of the default and must offer reasonable indemnity to the trustee against the cost and other liabilities of taking that action.

The trustee must not have taken action for 60 days after receipt of the above notice and offer of indemnity.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities must not have given the trustee a direction inconsistent with the above notice during that 60 day period.

However, you are entitled at any time to bring a lawsuit for the payment of money due on your debt securities on or after the due date.

Holders of a majority in principal amount of the debt securities of the affected series may waive any past defaults other than:

the payment of principal, any premium or interest; or

in respect of a covenant that cannot be modified or amended without the consent of each holder.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how to give notice or direction to or make a request of the trustee and how to declare or cancel an acceleration of maturity.

Each year, we will furnish to each trustee a written statement of certain of our officers certifying that to their knowledge we are in compliance with the indenture and the debt securities, or else specifying any default.

MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION

Under the terms of the indenture, we are generally permitted to consolidate or merge with another entity. We are also permitted to sell all or substantially all of our assets to another entity.

However, unless the prospectus supplement relating to certain debt securities states otherwise, we may not take any of these actions unless all the following conditions are met:

Where we merge out of existence or sell our assets, the resulting entity must agree to be legally responsible for our obligations under the debt securities.

Immediately after giving effect to such transaction, no Default or Event of Default shall have happened and be continuing.

Under the indenture, no merger or sale of assets may be made if as a result any of our property or assets or any property or assets of one of our subsidiaries, if any, would become subject to any mortgage, lien or other encumbrance unless either (a) the mortgage, lien or other encumbrance could be created pursuant to the limitation on liens covenant in the indenture without equally and ratably securing the indenture securities or (b) the indenture securities are secured equally and ratably with or prior to the debt secured by the mortgage, lien or other encumbrance.

We must deliver certain certificates and documents to the trustee.

We must satisfy any other requirements specified in the prospectus supplement relating to a particular series of debt securities.

MODIFICATION OR WAIVER

There are three types of changes we can make to the indenture and the debt securities issued thereunder.

Changes Requiring Your Approval

First, there are changes that we cannot make to your debt securities without your specific approval. The following is a list of those types of changes:

change the stated maturity of the principal of or interest on a debt security;

reduce any amounts due on a debt security;

reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of a security following a default;

adversely affect any right of repayment at the holder's option;

change the place (except as otherwise described in the prospectus or prospectus supplement) or currency of payment on a debt security;

impair your right to sue for payment;

adversely affect any right to convert or exchange a debt security in accordance with its terms;

modify the subordination provisions in the indenture in a manner that is adverse to holders of the debt securities;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to modify or amend the indenture;

reduce the percentage of holders of debt securities whose consent is needed to waive compliance with certain provisions of the indenture or to waive certain defaults;

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modify any other aspect of the provisions of the indenture dealing with supplemental indentures, modification and waiver of past defaults, changes to the quorum or voting requirements or the waiver of certain covenants; and

change any obligation we have to pay additional amounts.

Changes Not Requiring Approval

The second type of change does not require any vote by the holders of the debt securities. This type is limited to clarifications and certain other changes that would not adversely affect holders of the outstanding debt securities in any material respect. We also do not need any approval to make any change that affects only debt securities to be issued under the indenture after the change takes effect.

Changes Requiring Majority Approval

Any other change to the indenture and the debt securities would require the following approval:

If the change affects only one series of debt securities, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of that series.

If the change affects more than one series of debt securities issued under the same indenture, it must be approved by the holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series affected by the change, with all affected series voting together as one class for this purpose.

The holders of a majority in principal amount of all of the series of debt securities issued under an indenture, voting together as one class for this purpose, may waive our compliance with some of our covenants in that indenture. However, we cannot obtain a waiver of a payment default or of any of the matters covered by the bullet points included above under " Changes Requiring Your Approval."

Further Details Concerning Voting

When taking a vote, we will use the following rules to decide how much principal to attribute to a debt security:

For original issue discount securities, we will use the principal amount that would be due and payable on the voting date if the maturity of these debt securities were accelerated to that date because of a default.

For debt securities whose principal amount is not known (for example, because it is based on an index), we will use a special rule for that debt security described in the prospectus supplement.

For debt securities denominated in one or more foreign currencies, we will use the U.S. dollar equivalent.

Debt securities will not be considered outstanding, and therefore not eligible to vote, if we have deposited or set aside in trust money for their payment or redemption. Debt securities will also not be eligible to vote if they have been fully defeased as described later under "Defeasance Full Defeasance."

We will generally be entitled to set any day as a record date for the purpose of determining the holders of outstanding indenture securities that are entitled to vote or take other action under the indenture. If we set a record date for a vote or other action to be taken by holders of one or more series, that vote or action may be taken only by persons who are holders of outstanding indenture securities of those series on the record date and must be taken within eleven months following the record date.

Book-entry and other indirect holders should consult their banks or brokers for information on how approval may be granted or denied if we seek to change the indenture or the debt securities or request a waiver.

DEFEASANCE

The following provisions will be applicable to each series of debt securities unless we state in the applicable prospectus supplement that the provisions of covenant defeasance and full defeasance will not be applicable to that series.

Covenant Defeasance

If certain conditions are satisfied, we can make the deposit described below and be released from some of the restrictive covenants in the indenture under which the particular series was issued. This is called "covenant defeasance." In that event, you would lose the protection of those restrictive covenants but would gain the protection of having money and government securities set aside in trust to repay your debt securities. If applicable, you also would be released from the subordination provisions described under "Indenture Provisions Subordination" below. In order to achieve covenant defeasance, we must do the following:

If the debt securities of the particular series are denominated in U.S. dollars, we must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of such debt securities a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel confirming that, under current U.S. federal income tax law, we may make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit and just repaid the debt securities ourselves at maturity.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by us under the Investment Company Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to covenant defeasance have been complied with.

If we accomplish covenant defeasance, you can still look to us for repayment of the debt securities if there were a shortfall in the trust deposit or the trustee is prevented from making payment. For example, if one of the remaining Events of Default occurred (such as our bankruptcy) and the debt securities became immediately due and payable, there might be a shortfall. Depending on the event causing the default, you may not be able to obtain payment of the shortfall.

Full Defeasance

If there is a change in U.S. federal tax law, as described below, we can legally release ourselves from all payment and other obligations on the debt securities of a particular series (called "full defeasance") if we put in place the following other arrangements for you to be repaid:

If the debt securities of the particular series are denominated in U.S. dollars, we must deposit in trust for the benefit of all holders of such debt securities a combination of money and U.S. government or U.S. government agency notes or bonds that will generate enough cash to make interest, principal and any other payments on the debt securities on their various due dates.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion confirming that there has been a change in current U.S. federal tax law or an IRS ruling that allows us to make the above deposit without causing you to be taxed on the debt securities any differently than if we did not make the deposit and just repaid the debt securities ourselves at maturity. Under current U.S. federal tax law, the deposit and our legal release from the debt securities would be treated as though we paid you your share of the cash and notes or bonds at the time the cash and notes or bonds were deposited in trust in exchange for your debt securities and you would recognize gain or loss on the debt securities at the time of the deposit.

We must deliver to the trustee a legal opinion of our counsel stating that the above deposit does not require registration by us under the Investment Company Act and a legal opinion and officers' certificate stating that all conditions precedent to defeasance have been complied with.

If we ever did accomplish full defeasance, as described above, you would have to rely solely on the trust deposit for repayment of the debt securities. You could not look to us for repayment in the unlikely event of any shortfall. Conversely, the trust deposit would most likely be protected from claims of our lenders and other creditors if we ever became bankrupt or insolvent. If applicable, you would also be released from the subordination provisions described later under "Indenture Provisions Subordination."

FORM, EXCHANGE AND TRANSFER OF CERTIFICATED REGISTERED SECURITIES

Holders may exchange their certificated securities, if any, for debt securities of smaller denominations or combined into fewer debt securities of larger denominations, as long as the total principal amount is not changed.

Holders may exchange or transfer their certificated securities, if any, at the office of their trustee. We have appointed the trustee to act as our agent for registering debt securities in the names of holders transferring debt securities. We may appoint another entity to perform these functions or perform them ourselves.

Holders will not be required to pay a service charge to transfer or exchange their certificated securities, if any, but they may be required to pay any tax or other governmental charge associated with the transfer or exchange. The transfer or exchange will be made only if our transfer agent is satisfied with the holder's proof of legal ownership.

If we have designated additional transfer agents for your debt security, they will be named in your prospectus supplement. We may appoint additional transfer agents or cancel the appointment of any particular transfer agent. We may also approve a change in the office through which any transfer agent acts.

If any certificated securities of a particular series are redeemable and we redeem less than all the debt securities of that series, we may block the transfer or exchange of those debt securities during the period beginning 15 days before the day we mail the notice of redemption and ending on the day of that mailing, in order to freeze the list of holders to prepare the mailing. We may also refuse to register transfers or exchanges of any certificated securities selected for redemption, except that we will continue to permit transfers and exchanges of the unredeemed portion of any debt security that will be partially redeemed.

RESIGNATION OF TRUSTEE

Each trustee may resign or be removed with respect to one or more series of indenture securities provided that a successor trustee is appointed to act with respect to these series. In the event that two or more persons are acting as trustee with respect to different series of indenture securities

under the indenture, each of the trustees will be a trustee of a trust separate and apart from the trust administered by any other trustee.

INDENTURE PROVISIONS SUBORDINATION

Upon any distribution of our assets upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on any indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities is to be subordinated to the extent provided in the indenture in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness (as defined below), but our obligation to you to make payment of the principal of (and premium, if any) and interest, if any, on such subordinated debt securities will not otherwise be affected. In addition, no payment on account of principal (or premium, if any), sinking fund or interest, if any, may be made on such subordinated debt securities at any time unless full payment of all amounts due in respect of the principal (and premium, if any), sinking fund and interest on Senior Indebtedness has been made or duly provided for in money or money's worth.

In the event that, notwithstanding the foregoing, any payment by us is received by the trustee in respect of subordinated debt securities or by the holders of any of such subordinated debt securities before all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full, the payment or distribution must be paid over to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness or on their behalf for application to the payment of all the Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid until all the Senior Indebtedness has been paid in full, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness. Subject to the payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness upon this distribution by us, the holders of such subordinated debt securities will be subrogated to the rights of the holders of the Senior Indebtedness to the extent of payments made to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness out of the distributive share of such subordinated debt securities.

By reason of this subordination, in the event of a distribution of our assets upon our insolvency, certain of our senior creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of any subordinated debt securities. The indenture provides that these subordination provisions will not apply to money and securities held in trust under the defeasance provisions of the indenture.

"Senior Indebtedness" is defined in the indenture as the principal of (and premium, if any) and unpaid interest on:

our indebtedness (including indebtedness of others guaranteed by us), whenever created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed, for money borrowed (other than indenture securities issued under the indenture and denominated as subordinated debt securities), unless in the instrument creating or evidencing the same or under which the same is outstanding it is provided that this indebtedness is not senior or prior in right of payment to the subordinated debt securities, and

renewals, extensions, modifications and refinancings of any of this indebtedness.

If this prospectus is being delivered in connection with the offering of a series of indenture securities denominated as subordinated debt securities, the accompanying prospectus supplement will set forth the approximate amount of our Senior Indebtedness outstanding as of a recent date.

THE TRUSTEE UNDER THE INDENTURE

U.S. Bank National Association will serve as the trustee under the indenture.

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CERTAIN CONSIDERATIONS RELATING TO FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Debt securities denominated or payable in foreign currencies may entail significant risks. These risks include the possibility of significant fluctuations in the foreign currency markets, the imposition or modification of foreign exchange controls and potential illiquidity in the secondary market. These risks will vary depending upon the currency or currencies involved and will be more fully described in the applicable prospectus supplement.

BOOK-ENTRY DEBT SECURITIES

The Depository Trust Company ("DTC"), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the debt securities. The debt securities will be issued as fully- registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC's partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered certificate will be issued for the debt securities, in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC. If, however, the aggregate principal amount of any issue exceeds \$500 million, one certificate will be issued with respect to each \$500 million of principal amount, and an additional certificate will be issued with respect to any remaining principal amount of such issue.

DTC, the world's largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a "banking organization" within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a "clearing corporation" within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a "clearing agency" registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments from over 100 countries that DTC's participants ("Direct Participants") deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants' accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation ("DTCC").

DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly ("Indirect Participants"). DTC has a Standard & Poor's rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the SEC. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com.

Purchases of debt securities under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the debt securities on DTC's records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each security ("Beneficial Owner") is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants' records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the debt securities are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in debt securities, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the debt securities is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all debt securities deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of debt securities with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the debt securities; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such debt securities are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the debt securities within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to the debt securities unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to us as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts the debt securities are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the debt securities will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from us or the trustee on the payment date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC or its nominee, the trustee, or us, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of us or the trustee, but disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as depository with respect to the debt securities at any time by giving reasonable notice to us or the trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor depository is not obtained, certificates are required to be printed and delivered. We may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that we believe to be reliable, but we take no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

REGULATION

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the Investment Company Act and have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code. As with other companies regulated by the Investment Company Act, a BDC must adhere to certain substantive regulatory requirements. The Investment Company Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to certain transactions between BDCs and certain affiliates (including any investment advisers or sub-advisers), principal underwriters and certain affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters. Among other things, we generally cannot invest in any portfolio company in which a fund managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates (other than us and our downstream affiliates) currently has an investment (although we may co-invest with funds managed by Ares or any of its downstream affiliates, subject to compliance with existing regulatory guidance, applicable regulations and our allocation procedures). Certain types of co- investment transactions would only be permitted pursuant to an exemptive order from the SEC, for which we have applied. Any such order will be subject to certain terms and conditions. Further, there is no assurance that the application for exemptive relief will be granted by the SEC.

The Investment Company Act contains certain restrictions on certain types of investments we may make. Specifically, we may only invest up to 30% of our portfolio in entities that are not considered "eligible portfolio companies" (as defined in the Investment Company Act), including companies located outside of the United States, entities that are operating pursuant to certain exceptions under the Investment Company Act, and publicly traded entities whose public equity market capitalization exceeds the levels provided for under the Investment Company Act.

The Investment Company Act also requires that a majority of our directors be persons other than "interested persons," as that term is defined in Section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act, referred to herein as "independent directors." In addition, the Investment Company Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless that change is approved by holders of at least a majority of our outstanding voting securities. Under the Investment Company Act, the vote of holders of at least a "majority of outstanding voting securities" means the vote of the holders of the lesser of: (a) 67% or more of the outstanding shares of our common stock present at a meeting or represented by proxy if holders of more than 50% of the shares of our common stock are present or represented by proxy or (b) more than 50% of the outstanding shares of our common stock.

We may invest up to 100% of our assets in securities acquired directly from issuers in privately negotiated transactions. With respect to such securities, we may, for the purpose of public resale, be deemed an "underwriter" as that term is defined in the Securities Act. Our intention is to not write (sell) or buy put or call options to manage risks associated with the publicly traded securities of our portfolio companies. We may enter into hedging transactions to manage the risks associated with interest rate and currency fluctuations. We may purchase or otherwise receive warrants or options to purchase the common stock of our portfolio companies in connection with acquisition financings or other investments. In connection with such an acquisition, we may acquire rights to require the issuers of acquired securities or their affiliates to repurchase them under certain circumstances. We also do not intend to acquire securities issued by any investment company that exceed the limits imposed by the Investment Company Act. Under these limits, we generally cannot acquire more than 3% of the voting stock of any investment company (as defined in the Investment Company Act), invest more than 5% of the value of our total assets in the securities of one investment company or invest more than 10% of the value of our total assets in the securities of investments might subject our stockholders to additional expenses.

SBA REGULATION

In April 2015, our wholly owned subsidiary, AVF LP, received a license from the SBA to operate as a SBIC under the provisions of Section 301(c) of the Small Business Investment Act. The SBA places certain limitations on the financing of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies, including regulating the types of financings, restricting investments to only include small businesses with certain characteristics or in certain industries, and requiring capitalization thresholds that may limit distributions to the Company. AVF LP will invest in small businesses, as such term is defined in the SBA regulations, in accordance with SBA regulations and expects that such investments will primarily be in early-stage and/or venture capital-backed companies.

The license from the SBA allows AVF LP to obtain leverage by issuing SBA-guaranteed debentures, subject to the issuance of a capital commitment by the SBA and other customary procedures. SBA-guaranteed debentures carry long-term fixed rates that are generally lower than rates on comparable bank and other debt. Leverage through SBA-guaranteed debentures is subject to required capitalization thresholds. Current SBA regulations limit the amount that any SBIC may borrow to \$150 million. Debentures guaranteed by the SBA have a maturity of ten years, require semi-annual payments of interest and do not require any principal payments prior to maturity. AVF LP is subject to regulation and oversight by the SBA, including requirements with respect to reporting financial information, such as the extent of capital impairment if applicable, on a regular basis and annual examinations conducted by the SBA. The SBA, as a creditor, will have a superior claim to AVF LP's assets over the Company's stockholders in the event AVF LP is liquidated or the SBA exercises its remedies under the SBA-guaranteed debentures issued by AVF LP upon an event of default.

SBICs are designed to stimulate the flow of private investor capital to eligible small businesses as defined by the SBA. Under SBA regulations, SBICs may make loans to eligible small businesses, invest in the equity securities of such businesses and provide them with consulting and advisory services. Under present SBA regulations, eligible small businesses generally include businesses that (together with their affiliates) have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$19.5 million for the most recent fiscal year and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$6.5 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. In addition, an SBIC must invest 25% of its investment capital in "smaller enterprises," as defined by the SBA. The definition of a smaller enterprise generally includes businesses that have a tangible net worth not exceeding \$6.0 million for the most recent fiscal year and have average annual net income after U.S. federal income taxes not exceeding \$2.0 million (average net income to be computed without benefit of any net carryover loss) for the two most recent fiscal years. SBA regulations also provide alternative size standard criteria to determine eligibility for designation as an eligible small business or smaller enterprise, which criteria depend on the primary industry in which the business is engaged and is based on such factors as the number of employees and gross revenue. However, once an SBIC has invested in an eligible small business, it may continue to make follow on investments in the company, regardless of the size of the company at the time of the follow on investment.

The SBA prohibits an SBIC from providing funds to small businesses with certain characteristics, such as businesses with the majority of their employees located outside the U.S., or from investing in project finance, real estate, farmland, financial intermediaries or "passive" (i.e., non-operating) businesses. Without prior SBA approval, an SBIC may not invest an amount equal to more than approximately 30% of the SBIC's regulatory capital in any one company and its affiliates.

The SBA places certain limitations on the financing terms of investments by SBICs in portfolio companies (such as limiting the permissible interest rate on debt securities held by an SBIC in a portfolio company). An SBIC may exercise control over a small business for a period of up to seven

years from the date on which the SBIC initially acquires its control position. This control period may be extended for an additional period of time with the SBA's prior written approval.

The SBA restricts the ability of an SBIC to lend money to any of its officers, directors and employees or to invest in associates thereof. The SBA also prohibits, without prior SBA approval, a "change of control" of an SBIC or transfers that would result in any person (or a group of persons acting in concert) owning 10% or more of a class of capital stock of a licensed SBIC. A "change of control" is any event which would result in the transfer of the power, direct or indirect, to direct the management and policies of an SBIC, whether through ownership, contractual arrangements or otherwise.

The SBA regulations require, among other things, an annual periodic examination of a licensed SBIC by an SBA examiner to determine the SBIC's compliance with the relevant SBA regulations, and the performance of a financial audit by an independent auditor.

QUALIFYING ASSETS

A BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the United States and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described in (1), (2) or (3) below. Thus, under the Investment Company Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company's total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are the following:

- (1)
 Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions):
 - (a) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the Investment Company Act as any issuer that:
 - (i) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;
 - (ii) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the BDC) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the Investment Company Act; and
 - (iii) does not have any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange;
 - (b) is a company that meets the requirements of (a)(i) and (ii) above, but is not an eligible portfolio company because it has issued a class of securities on a national securities exchange, if:
 - (i) at the time of the purchase, we own at least 50% of the (x) greatest number of equity securities of such issuer and securities convertible into or exchangeable for such securities; and (y) the greatest amount of debt securities of such issuer, held by us at any point in time during the period when such issuer was an eligible portfolio company; and

- (ii) we are one of the 20 largest holders of record of such issuer's outstanding voting securities; or
- (c)
 is a company that meets the requirements of (a)(i) and (ii) above, but is not an eligible portfolio company because it has issued a class of securities on a national securities exchange, if the aggregate market value of such company's outstanding voting and non-voting common equity is less than \$250.0 million.
- (2) Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.
- Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities, was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.
- (4) Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and we already own 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
- (5)

 Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) through (4) above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- (6)

 Cash, cash items, U.S. Government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

MANAGERIAL ASSISTANCE TO PORTFOLIO COMPANIES

BDCs generally must offer to make available to the issuer of portfolio securities significant managerial assistance, by either offering, and providing if accepted, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management operations or business objectives of the portfolio company or by exercising a controlling influence over the management or policies of a portfolio company, except in circumstances where either (i) the business development company does not treat such issuer of securities as an eligible portfolio company, or (ii) the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together and one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance.

TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS

Pending investment in other types of "qualifying assets," as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash items, U.S. Government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which we refer to, collectively, as "temporary investments," so that 70% of our assets are qualifying assets. Typically, we will invest in U.S. Treasury bills or in repurchase agreements, provided that such agreements are fully collateralized by cash or securities issued by the U.S. Government or its agencies. A repurchase agreement involves the purchase by an investor, such as us, of a specified security and the simultaneous agreement by the seller to repurchase it at an agreed-upon future date and at a price that is greater than the purchase price by an amount that reflects an agreed-upon interest rate. There is no percentage restriction on the proportion of our assets that may be invested in such repurchase agreements. However, if more than 25% of our total assets constitute repurchase agreements from a single counterparty, we may not meet the Diversification Tests in order to qualify as a RIC. Thus, we do not intend to enter into repurchase agreements with a single counterparty in excess of this limit. Our investment adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

INDEBTEDNESS AND SENIOR SECURITIES

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of stock senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, calculated pursuant to the Investment Company Act, is at least equal to 200% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any indebtedness and senior securities remain outstanding, we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. Specifically, we may be precluded from declaring dividends or repurchasing shares of our common stock unless our asset coverage is at least 200%. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see "Risk Factors Risks Relating to Our Business Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital."

CODE OF ETHICS

We and Ares Capital Management have each adopted a code of ethics pursuant to Rule 17j-1 under the Investment Company Act that establishes procedures for personal investments and restricts certain personal securities transactions. Personnel subject to each code may invest in securities for their personal investment accounts, including securities that may be purchased or held by us, so long as such investments are made in accordance with the code's requirements. Our code of ethics is filed as an exhibit to our registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. For information on how to obtain a copy of the code of ethics, see "Available Information."

PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

SEC-registered advisers that have the authority to vote (client) proxies (which authority may be implied from a general grant of investment discretion) are required to adopt policies and procedures reasonably designed to ensure that the adviser votes proxies in the best interests of its clients. Registered advisers also must maintain certain records on proxy voting. In most cases, we invest in securities that do not generally entitle us to voting rights in our portfolio companies. When we do have voting rights, we delegate the exercise of such rights to Ares Capital Management. Ares Capital Management's proxy voting policies and procedures are summarized below:

In determining how to vote, officers of our investment adviser consult with each other and other investment professionals of Ares, taking into account our and our investors' interests as well as any potential conflicts of interest. Our investment adviser consults with legal counsel to identify potential conflicts of interest. Where a potential conflict of interest exists, our investment adviser may, if it so elects, resolve it by following the recommendation of a disinterested third party, by seeking the direction of the independent directors of the Company or, in extreme cases, by abstaining from voting. While our investment adviser may retain an outside service to provide voting recommendations and to assist in analyzing votes, our investment adviser will not delegate its voting authority to any third party.

An officer of Ares Capital Management keeps a written record of how all such proxies are voted. Our investment adviser retains records of (a) proxy voting policies and procedures, (b) all proxy statements received (or it may rely on proxy statements filed on the SEC's EDGAR system in lieu thereof), (c) all votes cast, (d) investor requests for voting information and (e) any specific documents prepared or received in connection with a decision on a proxy vote. If it uses an outside service, our investment adviser may rely on such service to maintain copies of proxy statements and records, so long as such service will provide a copy of such documents promptly upon request.

Our investment adviser's proxy voting policies are not exhaustive and are designed to be responsive to the wide range of issues that may be subject to a proxy vote. In general, our investment adviser votes our proxies in accordance with these guidelines unless: (a) it has determined otherwise

due to the specific and unusual facts and circumstances with respect to a particular vote, (b) the subject matter of the vote is not covered by these guidelines, (c) a material conflict of interest is present or (d) our investment adviser finds it necessary to vote contrary to its general guidelines to maximize stockholder value or the best interests of Ares Capital. In reviewing proxy issues, our investment adviser generally uses the following guidelines:

Elections of Directors: In general, our investment adviser will vote proxies in favor of the management-proposed slate of directors. If there is a proxy fight for seats on a portfolio company's board of directors, or our investment adviser determines that there are other compelling reasons for withholding our vote, it will determine the appropriate vote on the matter. Our investment adviser may withhold votes for directors when it (a) believes a direct conflict of interest exists between the interests of the director and the stockholders, (b) concludes that the actions of the director are unlawful, unethical or negligent or (c) believes the board is entrenched in or dealing inadequately with performance problems, and/or acting with insufficient independence between the board and management. Finally, our investment adviser may withhold votes for directors of non-U.S. issuers where there is insufficient information about the nominees disclosed in the proxy statement.

Appointment of Auditors: We believe that a portfolio company remains in the best position to choose its independent auditors and our investment adviser will generally support management's recommendation in this regard.

Changes in Capital Structure: Changes in a portfolio company's charter or bylaws may be required by state or federal regulation. In general, our investment adviser will cast our votes in accordance with the management on such proposals. However, our investment adviser will consider carefully any proposal regarding a change in corporate structure that is not required by state or federal regulation.

Corporate Restructurings, Mergers and Acquisitions: We believe proxy votes dealing with corporate reorganizations are an extension of the investment decision. Accordingly, our investment adviser will analyze such proposals on a case-by-case basis and vote in accordance with its perception of our interests.

Proposals Affecting Stockholder Rights: We will generally vote in favor of proposals that give stockholders a greater voice in the affairs of a portfolio company and oppose any measure that seeks to limit such rights. However, when analyzing such proposals, our investment adviser will balance the financial impact of the proposal against any impairment of stockholder rights as well as of our investment in the portfolio company.

Corporate Governance: We recognize the importance of good corporate governance. Accordingly, our investment adviser will generally favor proposals that promote transparency and accountability within a portfolio company.

Anti-Takeover Measures: Our investment adviser will evaluate, on a case-by-case basis, any proposals regarding anti-takeover measures to determine the measure's likely effect on stockholder value dilution.

Stock Splits: Our investment adviser will generally vote with management on stock split matters.

Limited Liability of Directors: Our investment adviser will generally vote with management on matters that could adversely affect the limited liability of directors.

Social and Corporate Responsibility: Our investment adviser will review proposals related to social, political and environmental issues to determine whether they may adversely affect stockholder

value. Our investment adviser may abstain from voting on such proposals where they do not have a readily determinable financial impact on stockholder value.

Stockholders may obtain information regarding how we voted proxies with respect to our portfolio securities during the twelve-month period ended June 30, 2016 free of charge by making a written request for proxy voting information to our Investor Relations Department at Ares Capital Corporation, 245 Park Avenue, 44th Floor, New York, New York 10167, by calling us at (888) 818-5298 or on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

PRIVACY PRINCIPLES

We endeavor to maintain the privacy of our recordholders and to safeguard their non-public personal information. The following information is provided to help you understand what personal information we collect, how we protect that information and why, in certain cases, we may share information with select other parties.

Generally, we will not receive any non-public personal information about recordholders of the common stock of the Company, although certain of our recordholders' non-public information may become available to us. The non-public personal information that we may receive falls into the following categories:

information we receive from recordholders, whether we receive it orally, in writing or electronically. This includes recordholders' communications to us concerning their investment;

information about recordholders' transactions and history with us; and

other general information that we may obtain about recordholders, such as demographic and contact information such as address.

We disclose non-public personal information about recordholders:

to our affiliates (such as our investment adviser and administrator) and their employees for everyday business purposes;

to our service providers (such as our accountants, attorneys, custodians, transfer agent, underwriters and proxy solicitors) and their employees as is necessary to service recordholder accounts or otherwise provide the applicable service;

to comply with court orders, subpoenas, lawful discovery requests, or other legal or regulatory requirements; or

as allowed or required by applicable law or regulation.

When the Company shares non-public recordholder personal information referred to above, the information is made available for limited business purposes and under controlled circumstances designed to protect our recordholders' privacy. The Company does not permit use of recordholder information for any non-business or marketing purpose, nor does the Company permit third parties to rent, sell, trade or otherwise release or disclose information to any other party.

The Company's service providers, such as its adviser, administrator, and transfer agent, are required to maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards to protect recordholder non-public personal information; to prevent unauthorized access or use; and to dispose of such information when it is no longer required.

Personnel of affiliates may access recordholder information only for business purposes. The degree of access is based on the sensitivity of the information and on personnel need for the information to service a recordholder's account or comply with legal requirements.

If a recordholder ceases to be a recordholder, we will adhere to the privacy policies and practices as described above. We may choose to modify our privacy policies at any time. Before we do so, we will notify recordholders and provide a description of our privacy policy.

In the event of a corporate change in control resulting from, for example, a sale to, or merger with, another entity, or in the event of a sale of assets, we reserve the right to transfer non-public personal information of holders of our securities to the new party in control or the party acquiring assets.

OTHER

We have designated a chief compliance officer and established a compliance program pursuant to the requirements of the Investment Company Act. We are periodically examined by the SEC for compliance with the Investment Company Act.

We are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. Furthermore, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to the Company or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

Compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and The NASDAQ Global Select Market Corporate Governance Regulations

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (the "Sarbanes-Oxley Act") imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on publicly-held companies and their insiders. Many of these requirements affect us. The Sarbanes-Oxley Act has required us to review our policies and procedures to determine whether we comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder. We will continue to monitor our compliance with all future regulations that are adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and will take actions necessary to ensure that we are in compliance therewith.

In addition, The NASDAQ Global Select Market has adopted various corporate governance requirements as part of its listing standards. We believe we are in compliance with such corporate governance listing standards. We will continue to monitor our compliance with all future listing standards and will take actions necessary to ensure that we are in compliance therewith.

CUSTODIAN, TRANSFER AND DIVIDEND PAYING AGENT AND REGISTRAR

Our securities are held under a custody agreement by U.S. Bank National Association. The address of the custodian is Corporate Trust Services, One Federal Street, 3rd Floor, Boston, MA 02110. Computershare acts as the transfer agent, dividend paying agent and registrar for our common stock. The principal business address of Computershare is 250 Royall Street, Canton, MA 02021.

BROKERAGE ALLOCATION AND OTHER PRACTICES

Since we generally acquire and dispose of our investments in privately negotiated transactions, we infrequently use brokers in the normal course of business.

Subject to policies established by our board of directors, our investment adviser, Ares Capital Management, is primarily responsible for the execution of the publicly traded securities portion of our portfolio transactions and the allocation of brokerage commissions. Our investment adviser does not expect to execute transactions through any particular broker or dealer, but seeks to obtain the best net results for the Company, taking into account such factors as price (including the applicable brokerage commission or dealer spread), size of order, difficulty of execution, and operational facilities of the firm and the firm's risk and skill in positioning blocks of securities.

While our investment adviser generally seeks reasonably competitive trade execution costs, we will not necessarily pay the lowest spread or commission available. Subject to applicable legal requirements, our investment adviser may select a broker based partly upon brokerage or research services provided to our investment adviser and us and any other clients. In return for such services, we may pay a higher commission than other brokers would charge if our investment adviser determines in good faith that such commission is reasonable in relation to the services provided.

We also pay brokerage commissions incurred in connection with open-market purchases pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan.

The aggregate amount of brokerage commissions paid by us during the three most recent fiscal years is \$66,003.

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

We may offer, from time to time, in one or more offerings or series, up to \$1,000,000,000 of our debt securities in one or more underwritten public offerings, negotiated transactions, block trades, best efforts offerings or a combination of these methods. We may sell the debt securities through underwriters or dealers, directly to one or more purchasers, through agents or through a combination of any such methods of sale. Any underwriter or agent involved in the offer and sale of the debt securities will be named in the applicable prospectus supplement. A prospectus supplement or supplements will also describe the terms of the offering of the debt securities, including: the purchase price of the debt securities and the proceeds we will receive from the sale; any over-allotment options under which underwriters may purchase additional debt securities from us; any agency fees or underwriting discounts and other items constituting agents' or underwriters' compensation; the public offering price; any discounts or concessions allowed or re-allowed or paid to dealers; and any securities exchange or market on which the debt securities may be listed. Only underwriters named in the prospectus supplement will be underwriters of the debt securities offered by the prospectus supplement.

The distribution of the debt securities may be effected from time to time in one or more transactions at a fixed price or prices, which may be changed, at prevailing market prices at the time of sale, at prices related to such prevailing market prices, or at negotiated prices. The price at which the debt securities may be distributed may represent a discount from prevailing market prices.

In connection with the sale of the debt securities, underwriters or agents may receive compensation from us or from purchasers of the debt securities, for whom they may act as agents, in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions. Underwriters may sell the debt securities to or through dealers and such dealers may receive compensation in the form of discounts, concessions or commissions from the underwriters and/or commissions from the purchasers for whom they may act as agents. Underwriters, dealers and agents that participate in the distribution of the debt securities may be deemed to be underwriters under the Securities Act, and any discounts and commissions they receive from us and any profit realized by them on the resale of the debt securities may be deemed to be underwriting discounts and commissions under the Securities Act. Any such underwriter or agent will be identified and any such compensation received from us will be described in the applicable prospectus supplement. The maximum aggregate commission or discount to be received by any member of FINRA or independent broker-dealer will not be greater than 8% of the gross proceeds of the sale of the debt securities offered pursuant to this prospectus and any applicable prospectus supplement. We may also reimburse the underwriter or agent for certain fees and legal expenses incurred by it.

Any underwriter may engage in over-allotment, stabilizing transactions, short-covering transactions and penalty bids in accordance with Regulation M under the Exchange Act. Over-allotment involves sales in excess of the offering size, which create a short position. Stabilizing transactions permit bids to purchase the underlying debt security so long as the stabilizing bids do not exceed a specified maximum price. Syndicate-covering or other short-covering transactions involve purchases of the debt securities, either through exercise of the over-allotment option or in the open market after the distribution is completed, to cover short positions. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a dealer when the debt securities originally sold by the dealer are purchased in a stabilizing or covering transaction to cover short positions. Those activities may cause the price of the debt securities to be higher than it would otherwise be. If commenced, the underwriters may discontinue any of the activities at any time.

We may sell the debt securities directly or through agents we designate from time to time. We will name any agent involved in the offering and sale of debt securities and we will describe any commissions we will pay the agent in the prospectus supplement. Unless the prospectus supplement states otherwise, our agent will act on a best-efforts basis for the period of its appointment.

Unless otherwise specified in the applicable prospectus supplement, the debt securities offered hereby will be a new issue with no trading market. We may elect to list the debt securities on any exchanges, but we are not obligated to do so. We cannot guarantee the liquidity of the trading markets for any of the debt securities.

Under agreements that we may enter, underwriters, dealers and agents who participate in the distribution of the debt securities may be entitled to indemnification by us against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or contribution with respect to payments that the agents or underwriters may make with respect to these liabilities. Underwriters, dealers and agents may engage in transactions with, or perform services for, us in the ordinary course of business.

If so indicated in the applicable prospectus supplement, we will authorize underwriters or other persons acting as our agents to solicit offers by certain institutions to purchase the debt securities from us pursuant to contracts providing for payment and delivery on a future date. Institutions with which such contracts may be made include commercial and savings banks, insurance companies, pension funds, investment companies, educational and charitable institutions and others, but in all cases such institutions must be approved by us. The obligations of any purchaser under any such contract will be subject to the condition that the purchase of the debt securities shall not at the time of delivery be prohibited under the laws of the jurisdiction to which such purchaser is subject. The underwriters and such other agents will not have any responsibility in respect of the validity or performance of such contracts. Such contracts will be subject only to those conditions set forth in the prospectus supplement, and the prospectus supplement will set forth the commission payable for solicitation of such contracts.

We may enter into derivative transactions with third parties, or sell securities not covered by this prospectus to third parties in privately negotiated transactions. If the applicable prospectus supplement indicates, in connection with those derivatives, the third parties may sell securities covered by this prospectus and the applicable prospectus supplement, including in short sale transactions. If so, the third party may use securities pledged by us or borrowed from us or others to settle those sales or to close out any related open borrowings of stock, and may use securities received from us in settlement of those derivatives to close out any related open borrowings of stock. The third parties in such sale transactions will be underwriters and, if not identified in this prospectus, will be identified in the applicable prospectus supplement.

In order to comply with the securities laws of certain states, if applicable, our debt securities offered hereby will be sold in such jurisdictions only through registered or licensed brokers or dealers.

LEGAL MATTERS

The legality of the securities offered hereby will be passed upon for the Company by Proskauer Rose LLP, Los Angeles, California and Venable LLP, Baltimore, Maryland. Certain legal matters in connection with the offering will be passed upon for the underwriters, if any, by the counsel named in the prospectus supplement.

INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

KPMG LLP, located at 550 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, California 90071, is the independent registered public accounting firm of the Company.

The audited financial statements of the Company included in this prospectus have been so included in reliance on the report of KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included elsewhere in this prospectus, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

The audited financial statements of Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC included as an exhibit to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part have been so included in reliance on the report of KPMG LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm whose report thereon is included as an exhibit to the Registration Statement of which this prospectus forms a part, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

Ernst & Young LLP, located at 8484 Westpark Drive, McLean, Virgina 22102, is the independent registered public accounting firm of American Capital, Ltd.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form N-2, together with all amendments and related exhibits, under the Securities Act, with respect to the securities offered by this prospectus. The registration statement contains additional information about us and the securities being offered by this prospectus.

We file with or submit to the SEC annual, quarterly and current periodic reports, proxy statements and other information meeting the informational requirements of the Exchange Act. This information is available free of charge by calling us collect at (310) 201-4200 or on our website at *www.arescapitalcorp.com*. Information contained on our website is not incorporated into this prospectus and you should not consider such information to be part of this prospectus. You also may inspect and copy these reports, proxy statements and other information, as well as the registration statement and related exhibits and schedules, at the Public Reference Room of the SEC at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. Such information is also available from the EDGAR database on the SEC's website at *www.sec.gov*. You also can obtain copies of such information, after paying a duplicating fee, by sending a request by e-mail to publicinfo@sec.gov or by writing the SEC's Public Reference Branch, Office of Consumer Affairs and Information Services, Securities and Exchange Commission, Washington, D.C. 20549. You may obtain information on the operation of the SEC's Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at (202) 551-8090 or (800) SEC-0330.

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Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Ares Capital Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheet of Ares Capital Corporation (and subsidiaries) (the Company) as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, including the consolidated schedule of investments as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows, and the financial highlights (included in note 14), for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, by correspondence with custodians, or by other appropriate audit procedures. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ares Capital Corporation (and subsidiaries) as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Ares Capital Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated February 24, 2016 expressed as an unqualified opinion on the effectiveness of Ares Capital Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

As explained in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements, the accompanying consolidated financial statements include investments valued at \$9.1 billion (175% of net assets), whose fair values have been estimated by the Board of Directors and management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Such estimates are based on financial and other information provided by management of its portfolio companies, pertinent market and industry data, as well as input from independent valuation firms. These investments are valued in accordance with FASB ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, which requires the Company to assume that the portfolio investments are sold in a principal market to market participants. The Company has considered its principal market as the market in which the Company exits its portfolio investments with the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to these valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. \$9.1 billion of investments at December 31, 2015 are valued based on unobservable inputs. Because such valuations, and particularly valuations of private investments and private companies, are inherently uncertain, they may fluctuate significantly over short periods of time. These determinations of fair value could differ materially from the values that would have been utilized had a ready market for these investments existed.

/S/ KPMG LLP Los Angeles, California February 24, 2016

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Ares Capital Corporation:

We have audited Ares Capital Corporation's (the Company) internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Ares Capital Corporation's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audit also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Ares Capital Corporation maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2015, based on criteria established in *Internal Control Integrated Framework (2013)* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheet of Ares Capital Corporation (and subsidiaries) as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, including the consolidated schedule of investments as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows, and the financial highlights (included in note 14), for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2015, and our report dated February 24, 2016 expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements.

/S/ KPMG LLP Los Angeles, California February 24, 2016

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(in thousands, except per share data)

		As of Dec	emb	er 31,
		2015		2014
ASSETS				
Investments at fair value				
Non-controlled/non-affiliate company investments	\$	6,481,333	\$	6,270,075
Non-controlled affiliate company investments		195,074		228,716
Controlled affiliate company investments		2,379,089		2,529,588
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$9,147,646 and \$8,875,095, respectively)		9,055,496		9,028,379
Cash and cash equivalents		257,056		194,555
Interest receivable		137,968		160,981
Receivable for open trades				859
Other assets		80,836		112,999
Total assets	\$	9,531,356	\$	9,497,773
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LIABILITIES				
Debt	\$	4,138,479	\$	3,924,482
Base management fees payable		34,125		34,497
Income based fees payable		31,234		33,070
Capital gains incentive fees payable		42,265		92,979
Accounts payable and other liabilities		60,587		81,892
Interest and facility fees payable		51,007		46,974
Payable for open trades		327		164
Total liabilities		4,358,024		4,214,058
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)				
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, 500,000 common shares authorized; 314,347 and 314,108				
common shares issued and outstanding, respectively		314		314
Capital in excess of par value		5,318,277		5,328,057
Accumulated overdistributed net investment income		(894)		(32,846)
Accumulated net realized loss on investments, foreign currency transactions, extinguishment of debt and				
other assets		(53,013)		(166,668)
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, foreign currency and other transactions		(91,352)		154,858
Total stockholders' equity		5,173,332		5,283,715
				, ,
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	9,531,356	\$	9,497,773
- Com manners and biochiloidets equity	Ψ	7,551,550	Ψ	2,127,113
NET ASSETS PER SHARE	\$	16.46	\$	16.82

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

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ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share data)

		For the Years Ended December 31,			
	2015	2014	2013		
INVESTMENT INCOME:					
From non-controlled/non-affiliate company investments:					
Interest income from investments	\$ 508,467	\$ 439,405	\$ 388,034		
Capital structuring service fees	69,983	72,170	48,167		
Dividend income	18,798	28,017	17,969		
Management and other fees			949		
Other income	13,455	17,488	17,054		
Total investment income from non-controlled/non-affiliate company investments	610,703	557,080	472,173		
From non-controlled affiliate company investments:	010,703	337,000	472,173		
Interest income from investments	13,926	11,814	19,531		
			395		
Capital structuring service fees Dividend income	2,601	1,940			
	3,654	5,608	7,994		
Other income	240	843	213		
Total investment income from non-controlled affiliate company investments	20,421	20,205	28,133		
From controlled affiliate company investments:					
Interest income from investments	294,959	290,219	240,368		
Capital structuring service fees	21,970	39,452	43,119		
Dividend income	51,049	50,671	73,681		
Management and other fees	23,906	24,596	19,254		
Other income	2,342	6,736	4,993		
	_,- :-	-,,	.,		
Total investment income from controlled affiliate company investments	394,226	411,674	381,415		
		,	001,110		
Total investment income	1,025,350	988,959	881,721		
EXPENSES:					
Interest and credit facility fees	226,967	216,019	171,495		
Base management fees	134,346	127,997	104,857		
Income based fees	121,390	118,273	110,511		
Capital gain incentive fees	(26,721)	29,467	11,640		
Administrative fees	14,244	13,689	12,317		
Other general and administrative	29,612	27,383	26,390		
	- ,-	.,	-,		
	400.020	522.020	127.210		
Total expenses	499,838	532,828	437,210		
NET INVESTMENT INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	525,512	456,131	444,511		
Income tax expense, including excise tax	17,752	18,329	14,105		
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	507.760	437,802	430,406		
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	507,760	437,802	430,400		
REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAINS (LOSSES) ON INVESTMENTS, FOREIGN CURRENCY AND					
OTHER TRANSACTIONS:					
Net realized gains (losses):	05.001	50.050	40.760		
Non-controlled/non-affiliate company investments	95,031	59,053	49,763		
Non-controlled affiliate company investments	26,253	76,442	(1,245)		
Controlled affiliate company investments		(43,807)	15,207		
Foreign currency transactions	6,247	2,167			
Net realized gains	127,531	93,855	63,725		
Net unrealized gains (losses):	127,001	,5,055	55,725		
Aret ameanized Ballio (1000eo).					

Non-controlled/non-affiliate company investments	(148,899)	(29,770)	22,115
Non-controlled affiliate company investments	(8,216)	18,080	(1,123)
Controlled affiliate company investments	(91,437)	69,476	(26,602)
Foreign currency and other transactions	2,342	1,578	
Net unrealized gains (losses)	(246,210)	59,364	(5,610)
Net realized and unrealized gains (losses) from investments, foreign currency and other transactions	(118,679)	153,219	58,115
REALIZED LOSSES ON EXTINGUISHMENT OF DEBT	(10,411)	(72)	
	. , ,	,	
NET INCREASE IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 378,670	\$ 590,949	\$ 488,521
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE (see Note 10)	\$ 1.20	\$ 1.94	\$ 1.83
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING (see Note 10)	314,375	305,287	266,939

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

ARES CAPITAL CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS As of December 31, 2015

(dollar amounts in thousands)

Company(1)	Business Description	Investment	Interest(6)(12)	Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Investment Funds and Vehicles	Description	m estilicht	interest(0)(12)	Dan	Cost	raiuc	1133013
CIC Flex, LP(10)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership units (0.94 units)		9/7/2007	\$	\$ 263(2)	
Covestia Capital Partners, LP(10)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (47.00% interest)		6/17/2008	487	1,862(2)	
HCI Equity, LLC(8)(9)(10)	Investment company	Member interest (100.00% interest)		4/1/2010		127	
Imperial Capital Private Opportunities, LP(10)(26)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (80.00% interest)		5/10/2007	4,054	16,906(2)	
Partnership Capital Growth Fund I, L.P.(10)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (25.00% interest)		6/16/2006		692(2)	
Partnership Capital Growth Investors III, L.P.(10)(26)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (2.50% interest)		10/5/2011	2,714	3,510(2)	
PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment II, L.P.(10)(26)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (100.00% interest)		10/31/2014	6,521	9,254(2)	
PCG-Ares Sidecar Investment, L.P.(10)(26)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (100.00% interest)		5/22/2014	2,152	242(2)	
Piper Jaffray Merchant Banking Fund I, L.P.(10)(26)	Investment partnership	Limited partnership interest (2.00% interest)		8/16/2012	1,413	1,512	
Senior Secured Loan Fund LLC(8)(11)(27)	Co-investment vehicle	Subordinated certificates (\$2,000,914 par due 12/2024) Member interest	8.61% (Libor + 8.00%/M)(22)	10/30/2009	1,935,401	1,884,861	
		(87.50% interest)			1,935,401	1,884,861	
VSC Investors LLC(10)	Investment	Mambarshin		1/24/2008	299	, ,	
VSC Investors LLC(10)	Investment	Membership interest (1.95% interest)		1/24/2008	299	1,158(2)	

1,953,041 1,920,387

37.12%

					, , .	,,	
Healthcare Services							
Alegeus Technologies Holdings Corp.	Benefits administration and transaction processing provider	Preferred stock (2,997 shares)		12/13/2013	3,087	1,980	
		Common stock (3 shares)		12/13/2013	3		
					3,090	1,980	
American Academy Holdings, LLC	Provider of education, training, certification, networking, and consulting services to medical coders and other healthcare professionals	First lien senior secured loan (\$8,810 par due 6/2019)	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/27/2014	8,810	8,810(2)(16)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$52,039 par due 6/2019)	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	6/27/2014	52,039	52,039(3)(16)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$2,988 par due 6/2019)	4.00% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	6/27/2014	2,988	2,988(4)(21)	
					63,837	63,837	
Argon Medical Devices, Inc.	Manufacturer and marketer of single-use specialty medical devices	Second lien senior secured loan (\$9,000 par due 6/2022)	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	12/23/2015	8,730	9,000(2)(21)	
			F-6				

Company(1)	Business Description	Investment	Interest(6)(12)	Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
AwarePoint Corporation	Healthcare technology platform developer	First lien senior secured loan (\$10,000 par due 6/2018) Warrant to purchase up to 3,213,367 shares of Series 1 preferred stock	9.50%	9/5/2014 11/14/2014	9,934	10,000(2) 609(2)	
					9,934	10,609	
	Correctional facility healthcare operator	First lien senior secured revolving loan (\$5,250 par due 7/2019)	6.50% (Base Rate + 3.00%/Q)	7/23/2014	5,250	4,883(2)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$6,651 par due 7/2021)	5.00% (Libor + 4.00%/Q)	7/23/2014	6,626	6,186(2)(21)	
		Second lien senior secured loan (\$135,000	9.38% (Libor + 8.38%/Q)	7/23/2014	133,890	121,500(2)(21)	
		par due 7/2022) Class A units (601,937 units)		8/19/2010		878(2)	
					145,766	133,447	
Correctional Medical Group Companies, Inc.(25)	Correctional facility healthcare operator	First lien senior secured loan (\$3,088	9.60% (Libor + 8.60%/Q)	9/29/2015	3,088	3,088(2)(21)	
		par due 9/2021) First lien senior secured loan (\$4,093 par due 9/2021) First lien senior secured loan (\$44,707 par due 9/2021)	9.60% (Libor + 8.60%/Q)	9/29/2015	4,093	4,093(2)(21)	
			9.60% (Libor + 8.60%/Q)	9/29/2015	44,707	44,707(3)(21)	
					51,888	51,888	
DCA Investment Holding, LLC(25)	Multi-branded dental practice management	First lien senior secured revolving loan (\$145 par due 7/2021)	7.75% (Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	7/2/2015	145	142(2)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$19,089 par due 7/2021)	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	7/2/2015	18,918	18,707(2)(21)	
					19,063	18,849	
DNAnexus, Inc.	Bioinformatics company	First lien senior secured loan (\$10,500 par due 10/2018)	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/M)	3/21/2014	10,205	10,500(2)(21)	
		Warrant to purchase up to 909,092 units of Series C preferred stock		3/21/2014		240(2)	
					10,205	10,740	
Exchange, LLC and GHX	On-demand supply chain automation	Class A common stock (2,991 shares)		3/11/2014	2,991	2,991(2)	
	solutions provider	Class B common stock (980 shares)		3/11/2014	30	3,788(2)	
					3,021	6,779	

Greenphire, Inc. and RMCF III CIV XXIX, L.P(25)	Software provider for clinical trial management	First lien senior secured loan (\$4,000 par due 12/2018)	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	12/19/2014	4,000	4,000(2)(21)
		Limited partnership interest (99.90% interest)		12/19/2014	999	999(2)
					4,999	4,999
INC Research Mezzanine Co-Invest, LLC	Pharmaceutical and biotechnology consulting services	Common units (1,410,000 units)		9/27/2010		3,352(2)
Intermedix Corporation	Revenue cycle	Second lien senior	9.25%	12/27/2012	112,000	108,640(2)(21)
	management provider to the emergency healthcare industry	secured loan (\$112,000 par due 6/2020)	(Libor + 8.25%/Q)			
LM Acquisition	Developer and	Class A units (426		9/27/2013	660	1,732(2)
Holdings, LLC(9)	manufacturer of medical equipment	units)				
MC Acquisition	Healthcare	Class A units		1/17/2014	1,338	1,491(2)
Holdings I, LLC	professional provider	(1,338,314 shares)		1/1//2014	1,330	1,771(2)
]	F-7			

Company(1) MW Dental Holding Corp.(25)	Business Description Dental services provider	Investment First lien senior secured revolving loan (\$3,500 par due 4/2017)	Interest(6)(12) 8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	Acquisition Date 4/12/2011	Amortized Cost 3,500	Fair of Net Value Assets 3,500(2)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$22,616 par due 4/2017)	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	4/12/2011	22,616	22,616(2)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$24,233 par due 4/2017)	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	4/12/2011	24,233	24,233(2)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$47,743	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	4/12/2011	47,743	47,743(3)(21)
		par due 4/2017) First lien senior secured loan (\$19,744 par due 4/2017)	8.50% (Libor + 7.00%/M)	4/12/2011	19,744	19,744(4)(21)
					117,836	117,836
exchange sof	Healthcare scheduling exchange software	First lien senior secured loan (\$2,500	10.75%	9/18/2014	2,450	2,500(2)
	solution provider	par due 1/2018) Warrant to purchase up to 4,548 shares of Series D preferred stock		9/18/2014	39	40(2)
					2,489	2,540
Napa Management Services Corporation	management services see provider pa Fii see pa Cc	First lien senior secured loan (\$16,000	9.03% (Libor + 8.03%/Q)	4/15/2011	16,000	16,000(2)(21)
		par due 2/2019) First lien senior secured loan (\$54,000	9.03% (Libor + 8.03%/Q)	4/15/2011	53,961	54,000(3)(21)
		par due 2/2019) Common units (5,345 units)		4/15/2011	5,764	17,350(2)
					75,725	87,350
Netsmart Technologies, Inc. and NS	Healthcare technology provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$90,000	10.50% (Libor + 9.50%/Q)	2/27/2015	90,000	90,000(2)(21)
Holdings, Inc.		par due 8/2019) Common stock (2,500,000 shares)		6/21/2010	760	4,450(2)
					90,760	94,450
New Trident Holdcorp, Inc.	Outsourced mobile diagnostic healthcare service provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$80,000 par due 7/2020)	10.25% (Libor + 9.00%/Q)	8/6/2013	78,906	76,000(2)(21)
Nodality, Inc.	Biotechnology company	First lien senior secured loan (\$700 par		11/12/2015	700	636(2)(20)
		due 2/2018) First lien senior secured loan (\$150 par		11/12/2015		(2)(20)
		due 2/2018) First lien senior secured loan (\$7,019		4/25/2014	6,860	1,053(2)(20)
		par due 2/2018) First lien senior secured loan (\$2,910		4/25/2014	2,834	437(2)(20)
		par due 8/2018)		4/25/2014		(2)

		Warrant to purchase up to 225,746 shares of Series B preferred stock				
					10,394	2,126
OmniSYS Acquisition Corporation, OmniSYS, LLC, and	Provider of technology-enabled solutions to pharmacies	First lien senior secured loan (\$12,288 par due 11/2018)	8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	11/21/2013	12,288	12,288(3)(21)
OSYS Holdings, LLC(25)		First lien senior secured loan (\$6,906 par due 11/2018)	8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	11/21/2013	6,906	6,906(4)(21)
		Limited liability company membership interest (1.57%)		11/21/2013	1,000	1,197(2)
					20,194	20,391
Patterson Medical Supply, Inc.	Distributor of rehabilitation supplies and equipment	Second lien senior secured loan (\$19,000 par due 8/2023)	8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	9/2/2015	18,816	18,430(2)(21)
PerfectServe, Inc.(25)	Communications software platform provider for hospitals and physician practices	First lien senior secured loan (\$9,000 par due 3/2020)	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	9/15/2015	8,661	9,000 ⁽²⁾⁽²¹⁾
	and physician practices	First lien senior secured loan (\$2,000 par due 7/2020)	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	9/15/2015	1,960	2,000(2)(21)
		Warrant to purchase up to 28,428 units of Series C preferred stock		9/15/2015	180	211(2)
		I	F-8			

Company(1)	Business Description	Investment Warrant to purchase up to 34,113 units of Series C preferred stock	Interest(6)(12)	Acquisition Date 12/26/2013	Amortized Cost	Fair Value 253(2)	Percentage of Net Assets
					10,801	11,464	
PhyMED Management LLC	Provider of anesthesia services	Second lien senior secured loan (\$47,239 par due 5/2021)	9.75% (Libor + 8.75%/Q)	12/18/2015	46,516	46,294(2)(21)	
Physiotherapy Associates Holdings, Inc.	Physical therapy provider	Class A common stock (100,000 shares)		12/13/2013	3,090	8,900	
POS I Corp. (fka Vantage Oncology, Inc.)	Radiation oncology care provider	Common stock (62,157 shares)		2/3/2011	4,670	935(2)	
Reed Group Holdings, LLC	Medical disability management services provider	Equity interests		4/1/2010		(2)	
Respicardia, Inc.	Developer of implantable therapies to improve cardiovascular health	Warrant to purchase up to 99,094 shares of Series C preferred stock		6/28/2012	38	28(2)	
Sage Products Holdings III, LLC	Patient infection control and preventive care solutions provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$108,679 par due 6/2020)	9.25% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	12/13/2012	108,513	108,679(2)(21)	
Sarnova HC, LLC, Tri-Anim Health Services, Inc., and BEMS Holdings, LLC	Distributor of emergency medical service and respiratory products	Second lien senior secured loan (\$60,000 par due 9/2018)	8.75% (Libor + 8.00%/M)	6/30/2014	60,000	60,000(2)(21)	
SurgiQuest, Inc.	Medical device manufacturer	Warrant to purchase up to 54,672 shares of Series D-4 convertible preferred stock		9/28/2012		331(2)	
Transaction Data Systems, Inc.	Pharmacy management software provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$27,500 par due 6/2022)	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	6/15/2015	27,500	26,950(2)(21)	
U.S. Anesthesia Partners, Inc.	Anesthesiology service provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$23,500 par due	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	12/14/2015	23,500	23,500(2)(21)	
		9/2020) Second lien senior secured loan (\$50,000 par due 9/2020)	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	9/24/2014	50,000	50,000(2)(21)	
					73,500	73,500	
Urgent Cares of America Holdings I, LLC and FastMed Holdings I, LLC(25)	Operator of urgent care clinics	First lien senior secured loan (\$14,000 par due 12/2022) First lien senior	7.00% (Libor + 6.00%/M) 7.00%	12/1/2015 12/1/2015	14,000 54,725	13,860(2)(21)(2 54,178(2)(21)(2	
		secured loan	(Libor + 6.00%/M)				

		(\$54,725 par due 12/2022)					
		Preferred units (6,000,000 units)		6/11/2015	6,000	6,412	
		Series A common units (2,000,000		6/11/2015	2,000	1,828	
		units) Series C common units (800,507 units)		6/11/2015		589	
					76,725	76,867	
VistaPharm, Inc. and Vertice Pharma UK Parent Limited	Manufacturer and distributor of generic pharmaceutical	First lien senior secured loan (\$20,000 par due	8.00% (Base Rate + 4.50%/Q)	12/21/2015	20,000	20,000(21)	
	products	12/2021) Preferred shares (40,662 shares)		12/21/2015	407	407(9)	
					20,407	20,407	
Young Innovations, Inc.	Dental supplies and equipment manufacturer	Second lien senior secured loan (\$45,000 par due 7/2019)	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	5/30/2014	45,000	45,000(2)(21)	
					1,326,411	1,325,821	25.63%
			F-9				

Company(1) Other Services	Business Description	Investment	Interest(6)(12)	Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
American Residential Services L.L.C.	Heating, ventilation and air conditioning services provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$50,000 par due 12/2021)	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	6/30/2014	49,600	50,000(2)(21)	
Community Education Centers, Inc. and CEC Parent Holdings LLC(8)	Offender re-entry and in-prison treatment services provider	First lien senior secured loan (\$13,949 par due 12/2017)	6.25% (Libor + 5.25%/Q)	12/10/2010	13,949	13,949(2)(13)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$337 par due 12/2017)	7.75% (Base Rate + 4.25%/Q)	12/10/2010	337	337(2)(13)(21)
		Second lien senior secured loan (\$21,895 par due 6/2018)	15.42% (Libor + 15.00%/Q)	12/10/2010	21,895	21,895(2)	
		Class A senior preferred units (7,846 units)		3/27/2015	9,384	9,467(2)	
		Class A junior preferred units (26,154 units)		3/27/2015	20,168	12,080(2)	
		Class A common units (134 units)		3/27/2015		(2)	
					65,733	57,728	
Competitor Group, Inc. and Calera XVI, LLC(25)	Endurance sports media and event operator	First lien senior secured revolving loan (\$4,950 par due		11/30/2012	4,950	3,713(2)(20)	
		11/2018) First lien senior secured loan (\$52,349		11/30/2012	52,216	39,262(2)(20)	
		par due 11/2018) Membership units (2,522,512 units)		11/30/2012	2,523	(2)	
					59,689	42,975	
Crown Health Care Laundry Services, Inc. and Crown Laundry Holdings, LLC(7)(25)	Provider of outsourced healthcare linen management solutions	First lien senior secured revolving loan (\$500 par due 3/2019)	7.25% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	3/13/2014	500	500(2)(21)(24)
110.tali.gs, 22.e(/)(20)		First lien senior secured loan (\$23,371 par due 3/2019)	7.25% (Libor + 6.00%/Q)	3/13/2014	23,371	23,371(3)(21)	
		Class A preferred units (2,475,000 units)		3/13/2014	2,475	3,522(2)	
		Class B common units (275,000 units)		3/13/2014	275	391(2)	
					26,621	27,784	
Dwyer Acquisition Parent, Inc. and TDG Group Holding Company	Operator of multiple franchise concepts primarily related to home maintenance or repairs	Senior subordinated loan (\$31,500 par due 2/2020)	11.00%	6/12/2015	31,500	31,500(2)	
		Senior subordinated loan (\$52,670 par due 2/2020)	11.00%	8/15/2014	52,670	52,670(2)	
		Common stock (32,843 shares)		8/15/2014	3,378	4,113(2)	
					87,548	88,283	

Massage Envy, LLC(25)	Franchisor in the massage industry	First lien senior secured loan (\$8,017 par due 9/2018)	8.50% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	9/27/2012	8,017	8,017(2)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$46,434 par due 9/2018)	8.50% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	9/27/2012	46,434	46,434(3)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$19,469	8.50% (Libor + 7.25%/Q)	9/27/2012	19,469	19,469(4)(21)
		par due 9/2018) Common stock (3,000,000 shares)		9/27/2012	3,000	5,077(2)
					76,920	78,997
Makanaia Carata	Designan	First lien senior	(750)	0/19/2014	20.500	27.020(2)(14)(21)
McKenzie Sports Products, LLC(25)	Designer, manufacturer and distributor of hunting-related supplies	secured loan (\$39,500 par due 9/2020)	6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/M)	9/18/2014	39,500	37,920(2)(14)(21)
		First lien senior secured loan (\$45,000 par due 9/2020)	6.75% (Libor + 5.75%/M)	9/18/2014	45,000	43,200(3)(14)(21)
					84,500	81,120
OpenSky Project, Inc. and OSP Holdings, Inc.	Social commerce platform operator	First lien senior secured loan (\$2,100 par due 9/2017)	10.00%	6/4/2014	2,083	2,100(2)
		Warrant to purchase up to 159,496 shares of Series D preferred stock		6/29/2015	48	(2)
					2,131	2,100
			F-10			

Company(1) Osmose Holdings, Inc.	Business Description Provider of structural integrity management services to transmission and distribution infrastructure	Investment Second lien senior secured loan (\$25,000 par due 8/2023)	Interest(6)(12) 8.75% (Libor + 7.75%/Q)	Acquisition Date 9/3/2015	Amortized Cost 24,521	Fair Value 24,250(2)(21)	Percentage of Net Assets
PODS, LLC	Storage and warehousing	Second lien senior secured loan (\$17,500 par due 2/2023)	9.25% (Libor + 8.25%/Q)	2/2/2015	17,343	17,500(2)(21)	
Spin HoldCo Inc.	Laundry service and equipment provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$140,000 par due 5/2020)	8.00% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	5/14/2013	140,000	131,600(2)(21)	
Surface Dive, Inc.	SCUBA diver training and certification provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$53,686	9.00% (Libor + 8.00%/Q)	7/28/2015	53,686	53,686(2)(21)	
		par due 1/2022) Second lien senior secured loan (\$72,000 par due 1/2022)	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	1/29/2015	71,612	72,000(2)(21)	
					125,298	125,686	
TWH Water Treatment Industries, Inc., TWH Filtration Industries, Inc. and TWH Infrastructure Industries, Inc.(25)	Wastewater infrastructure repair, treatment and filtration holding company	First lien senior secured loan (\$2,240 par due 10/2019)	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	10/10/2014	2,240	2,218(2)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$36,400 par due 10/2019)	10.25% (Libor + 9.25%/Q)	10/10/2014	36,400	36,036(3)(21)	
					38,640	38,254	
U.S. Security Associates Holdings, Inc	Security guard service provider	Senior subordinated loan (\$25,000 par due 7/2018)	11.00%	11/24/2015	25,000	25,000(2)	
WASH Multifamily Acquisition Inc. and Coinamatic Canada Inc.	Laundry service and equipment provider	Second lien senior secured loan (\$3,726 par due 5/2023) Second lien senior secured loan (\$21,274 par due 5/2023)	8.00% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	5/14/2015	3,657	3,540(2)(21)	
			8.00% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	5/14/2015	20,880	20,210(2)(21)	
					24,537	23,750	
					848,081	815,027	15.75%
Consumer Products							
Feradyne Outdoors, LLC and Bowhunter Holdings, LLC	Provider of branded archery and bowhunting accessories	First lien senior secured loan (\$4,500 par due 3/2019)	4.00% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	4/24/2014	4,500	4,365(2)(21)	
		First lien senior secured loan (\$9,500 par due 3/2019) First lien senior secured loan (\$6,742 par due 3/2019) First lien senior secured loan (\$50,100	6.55% (Libor + 5.55%/Q)	4/24/2014	9,500	9,120(2)(18)(21)
			4.00% (Libor + 3.00%/Q)	4/24/2014	6,742	6,540(2)(21)	
			6.55% (Libor + 5.55%/Q)	4/24/2014	50,100	48,096(3)(18)(21)

		par due 3/2019) Common units (373 units)		4/24/2014	3,733	3,390(2)
					74,575	71,511
Indra Holdings Corp.	Designer, marketer, and distributor of rain and cold weather products	Second lien senior secured loan (\$80,000 par due 11/2021)	8.50% (Libor + 7.50%/Q)	5/1/2014	78,987	72,000(2)(21)
Matrixx Initiatives, Inc. and Wonder Holdings Acquisition Corp.	Developer and marketer of OTC healthcare products	Warrant to purchase up to 1,654,678 shares of common stock Warrant to purchase up to 1,120 shares of preferred stock		7/27/2011 7/27/2011		505(2) 1,342(2)
			F-11			1,847

G (1)	D. Com Dec 141	To reduce d	1.4	Acquisition	Amortized	Fair	Percentage of Net
Company(1) Oak Parent, Inc.	Manufacturer of athletic apparel	First lien senior secured loan (\$2,586 par due 4/2018)	Interest(6)(12) 7.61% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	Date 4/2/2012	Cost 2,582	Value 2,586(3)(21)	Assets
		First lien senior secured loan (\$8,232 par due 4/2018)	7.61% (Libor + 7.00%/Q)	4/2/2012	8,216	8,232(4)(21)	
					10,798	10,818	
PG-ACP Co-Invest, LLC	Supplier of medical uniforms, specialized medical footwear and accessories	Class A membership units (1,000,0000 units)		8/29/2012	1,000	1,937(2)	
Plantation Products, LLC, Seed Holdings, Inc. and Flora Parent, Inc.	Provider of branded lawn and garden	Second lien senior secured loan (\$66,000 per due 6/2021)	9.54% (Libor + 8.54%/Q)	12/23/2014	65,683	66,000(2)(21)	
Piora Faicin, IIIC.	products	par due 6/2021) Common stock (30,000 shares)		12/23/2014	3,000		