New York & Company, Inc. Form 10-Q December 11, 2014

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# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, DC 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

ý QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

for the quarterly period ended November 1, 2014

OR

o TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

for the transition period from to COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 1-32315

## **NEW YORK & COMPANY, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**DELAWARE** 

33-1031445

(State of incorporation)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

450 West 33<sup>rd</sup> Street 5<sup>th</sup> Floor

New York, New York 10001

(Address of Principal Executive Offices, including Zip Code)

(212) 884-2000

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ý No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer o Accelerated filer ý Non-accelerated filer o Smaller reporting company o (Do not check if a

smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes o No ý

As of November 28, 2014, the registrant had 64,245,020 shares of common stock outstanding.

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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### New York & Company, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations**

#### (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)	Three months ended November 1, 2014		Three months ended November 2, 2013		Nine months ended November 1, 2014	Nine month ended November 2 2013	
Net sales	\$	210,314	\$ 217,626	\$	655,973	\$ 668,	159
Cost of goods sold, buying and occupancy costs		153,037	156,638		474,574	480,	
Gross profit		57,277	60,988		181,399	187,3	324
Selling, general and administrative expenses		66,751	64,107		190,632	191,4	
Operating loss		(9,474)	(3,119	)	(9,233)	(4,	145)
Interest expense, net of interest income of \$1, \$1, \$4, and \$6, respectively		112	96	•	281	2	275
Loss before income taxes		(9,586)	(3,215	5)	(9,514)	(4,4	420)
Provision for income taxes		150	219	)	651		129
Net loss	\$	(9,736)	\$ (3,434	) \$	(10,165)	\$ (4,5	549)
Basic loss per share	\$	(0.15)	\$ (0.05	5) \$	(0.16)	\$ (0	0.07)
Diluted loss per share	\$	(0.15)	\$ (0.05	) \$	(0.16)	\$ (0	0.07)
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic shares of common stock		62,911	62,49		62,789	62,,	247
		,	, -			,	

Diluted shares of common stock 62,911 62,491 62,789 62,247

See accompanying notes.

#### New York & Company, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Loss**

#### (Unaudited)

(Amounts in thousands)	Three month ended November 1, 2014	ended	Nine months ended November 1, 2014	Nine months ended November 2, 2013
Comprehensive loss	\$ (9.7)		¢ (10.065)	\$ (4.409)

See accompanying notes.

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#### New York & Company, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

(Amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)	November 1, 2014 (Unaudited)		2014		November 2, 2013	
			(/	Audited)	(U	naudited)
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,545	\$	69,723	\$	37,378
Restricted cash		2,135				
Accounts receivable		10,018		7,026		10,198
Income taxes receivable		99		99		96
Inventories, net		124,785		83,479		123,100
Prepaid expenses		20,915		21,141		19,781
Other current assets		1,516		1,280		1,477
Total current assets		215,013		182,748		192,030
Property and equipment, net		82,833		83,553		85,249
Intangible assets		14,879		14,879		14,879
Deferred income taxes		6,675		6,501		6,729
Other assets		1,510		1,072		1,118
Total assets	\$	320,910	\$	288,753	\$	300,005
Liabilities and stockholders' equity Current liabilities: Current portion long-term debt	\$	1,000	\$		\$	
Accounts payable	Ψ	109,566	Ψ	75,874	Ψ	97,900
Accrued expenses		41,783		46,880		41,631
Income taxes payable		710		1,075		980
Deferred income taxes		6,675		6,501		6,729
Total current liabilities		159,734		130,330		147,240
Long-term debt, net of current portion		14,000		130,330		117,210
Deferred rent		35,953		39,925		41,851
Other liabilities		4,808		5,283		6,304
Total liabilities Stockholders' equity:		214,495		175,538		195,395
Common stock, voting, par value \$0.001; 300,000 shares authorized; 65,022, 64,467 and 64,695 shares issued and 64,022, 63,467, and 63,695 shares outstanding at November 1,						
2014, February 1, 2014, and November 2, 2013, respectively		65		64		65
Additional paid-in capital		173,770		170,506		169,668
Retained deficit		(62,392)		(52,227)		(59,170)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(1,631)		(1,731)		(2,556)
Treasury stock at cost; 1,000 shares at November 1, 2014, February 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013		(3,397)		(3,397)		(3,397)

Total stockholders' equity	106,415	113,215	104,610
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 320,910 \$	288,753	\$ 300,005

See accompanying notes.

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#### New York & Company, Inc. and Subsidiaries

#### **Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

#### (Unaudited)

	Ni	ne months ended	Nine months ended
(Amounts in thousands)	Nove	mber 1, 2014	November 2, 2013
Operating activities			
Net loss	\$	(10,165)	\$ (4,549)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		20,835	25,047
Loss from impairment charges		911	278
Amortization of deferred financing costs		92	89
Share-based compensation expense		3,210	2,788
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Restricted cash		(2,135)	(4.000)
Accounts receivable		(2,992)	(1,982)
Income taxes receivable			392
Inventories, net		(41,306)	(42,902)
Prepaid expenses		226	1,686
Accounts payable		33,692	23,490
Accrued expenses		(5,097)	(7,416)
Income taxes payable		(365)	(9)
Deferred rent		(3,972)	(6,983)
Other assets and liabilities		(1,207)	(1,379)
Net cash used in operating activities		(8,273)	(11,450)
Investing activities			
Capital expenditures		(21,026)	(12,614)
Insurance recoveries		254	
Net cash used in investing activities		(20,772)	(12,614)
Financing activities			
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		15,000	
Payment of financing costs		(188)	
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		299	509
Shares withheld for payment of employee payroll taxes		(244)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		14,867	509
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(14,178)	(23,555)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		69,723	60,933
	¢		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	55,545	\$ 37,378

See accompanying notes.

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#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

#### **November 1, 2014**

(Unaudited)

#### 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

New York & Company, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, collectively the "Company") is a specialty retailer of women's fashion apparel and accessories, and the modern wear-to-work destination for women, providing perfectly fitting pants and NY Style that is feminine, polished, on-trend and versatile all at compelling values. The Company's proprietary branded New York & Company® merchandise is sold exclusively through its national network of retail stores and online at <a href="https://www.nyandcompany.com">www.nyandcompany.com</a>. The target customers for the Company's merchandise are women between the ages of 25 and 45. As of November 1, 2014, the Company operated 512 stores in 43 states.

The condensed consolidated financial statements as of November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013 and for the 13 weeks ("three months") and 39 weeks ("nine months") ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013 are unaudited and are presented pursuant to the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). Accordingly, these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the 52-week fiscal year ended February 1, 2014 ("fiscal year 2013"), which were filed with the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K with the SEC on April 15, 2014. The 52-week fiscal year ending January 31, 2015 is referred to herein as "fiscal year 2014." The Company's fiscal year is a 52- or 53-week year that ends on the Saturday closest to January 31.

In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which are of a normal recurring nature, necessary to present fairly the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain reclassifications have been made to prior fiscal year amounts and balances to conform to the presentation in the current fiscal year. These reclassifications did not impact consolidated operating income or net income in the prior year period presented.

Due to seasonal variations in the retail industry, the results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full fiscal year.

#### 2. New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-09, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("ASU 2014-09"), which supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 605, "Revenue Recognition" and requires entities to recognize revenue in a way that depicts the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within that reporting period, with early application not permitted. ASU 2014-09 may be applied retrospectively to each prior period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognized as of the date of adoption. The Company is evaluating the new standard and its impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations.

#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 3. Earnings Per Share

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding for the period. Except when the effect would be anti-dilutive, diluted loss per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of outstanding shares of common stock plus the dilutive effect of share-based awards calculated under the treasury stock method. A reconciliation between basic and diluted loss per share is as follows:

	Three months ended November 1, 2014		Three months ended November 2, 2013		Nine months ended November 1, 2014	Nine months ended November 2, 2013
		(Amou	ınts in	thousands, exc	cept per share amo	ounts)
Net loss	\$	(9,736)	\$	(3,434) 5	(10,165)	\$ (4,549)
Basic loss per share						
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic shares of common stock		62,911		62,491	62,789	62,247
Basic loss per share	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.05) S	(0.16)	\$ (0.07)
Diluted loss per share						
Weighted average shares outstanding:						
Basic shares of common stock		62,911		62,491	62,789	62,247
Plus impact of share-based awards						
Diluted shares of common stock		62,911		62,491	62,789	62,247
Diluted loss per share	\$	(0.15)	\$	(0.05) S	\$ (0.16)	\$ (0.07)

The calculation of diluted loss per share for the three and nine months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013 excludes the share-based awards listed in the following table due to their anti-dilutive effect as determined under the treasury stock method:

Three months	Three months	Nine months	Nine months
ended	ended	ended	ended
November 1,	November 2,	November 1,	November 2,
2014	2013	2014	2013

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	(Amounts in thousands)									
Stock options	539	330	535	492						
Stock appreciation rights(1)	5,041	2,005	3,671	1,983						
Restricted stock and units	932	436	650	549						
Total anti-dilutive shares	6,512	2,771	4,856	3,024						

(1) Each stock appreciation right ("SAR") referred to above represents the right to receive a payment measured by the increase in the fair market value of one share of common stock from the date of grant of the SAR to the date of exercise of the SAR. Upon exercise the SARs will be settled in stock.

#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 4. Share-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for all share-based payments in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718, "Compensation Stock Compensation" ("ASC 718"). ASC 718 requires that the cost resulting from all share-based payment transactions be treated as compensation and recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

The Company recorded share-based compensation expense in the amount of \$1.2 million and \$1.1 million for the three months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013, respectively, and \$3.2 million and \$2.8 million for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013, respectively.

During the nine months ended November 1, 2014, 115,806 shares of common stock were issued upon exercise of previously issued stock options and SARs.

#### 5. Pension Plan

The Company sponsors a single employer defined benefit pension plan (the "plan") covering substantially all union employees. Employees covered by collective bargaining agreements are primarily non-management store associates, representing approximately 7% of the Company's workforce. The collective bargaining agreement with Local 1102 of the Retail, Wholesale and Department Store Union ("RWDSU") AFL-CIO ("Local 1102") is currently being renegotiated in accordance with the terms of the agreement. The Company believes its relationship with its employees is good.

The plan provides retirement benefits for union employees who have attained the age of 21 and completed 1,000 or more hours of service in any calendar year following their date of employment. The plan provides benefits based on length of service. The Company's funding policy for the pension plan is to contribute annually the amount necessary to provide for benefits based on accrued service and to contribute at least the minimum required by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act rules. Net periodic benefit cost includes the following components:

	Three months ended November 1, 2014		Three months ended November 2, 2013			ne months ended evember 1, 2014	Nine months ended November 2, 2013	
				(Amounts in	thou	sands)		
Service cost	\$	88	\$	87	\$	263	\$	260
Interest cost		93		90		277		270
Expected return on plan assets		(139)		(130)		(414)		(388)
Amortization of unrecognized								
losses		37		50		112		151
Amortization of prior service								
credit		(4)		(4)		(12)		(12)
	Φ.	7.	Φ.	0.2	Φ.	224	•	201
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	75	\$	93	\$	226	\$	281

In accordance with FASB ASC Topic 220, "Comprehensive Income," comprehensive loss reported on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive loss includes net loss and other comprehensive income (loss). For the Company, other comprehensive

income (loss) consists of the reclassification of unrecognized losses and prior service credits related to the Company's minimum

#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 5. Pension Plan (Continued)

pension liability. The total amount of unrecognized losses and prior service credits reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive loss on the condensed consolidated balance sheets and into selling, general, and administrative expenses on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013 was \$33,000 and \$46,000, respectively, and for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013 was \$100,000 and \$139,000, respectively. As of February 1, 2014, the Company reported a minimum pension liability of \$2.0 million due to the underfunded status of the plan. The minimum pension liability is reported in other liabilities on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

#### 6. Income Taxes

The Company files U.S. federal income tax returns and state and local income tax returns in various jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. federal income tax examinations for tax years through 2010. With limited exception, the Company is no longer subject to state and local income tax examinations for tax years through 2009.

At February 1, 2014, the Company reported a total liability for unrecognized tax benefits of \$3.9 million, including interest and penalties, all of which would impact the Company's effective tax rate if recognized. The Company does not anticipate any significant increases or decreases to the balance of unrecognized tax benefits during the next 12 months.

The Company continues to maintain a valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets until the Company believes it is more likely than not that these assets will be realized in the future. If sufficient positive evidence arises in the future indicating that all or a portion of the deferred tax assets meet the more-likely-than-not standard under ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes," the valuation allowance would be reversed accordingly in the period that such determination is made. As of November 1, 2014, the Company's valuation allowance against its deferred tax assets was \$60.8 million.

#### 7. Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities

On October 24, 2014, Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc., wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of New York & Company, Inc., entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and Term Loan Agent and the lenders party thereto. The obligations under the Loan Agreement are guaranteed by New York & Company, Inc. and its other subsidiaries. The Loan Agreement amended and restated the Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Previous Agreement"), dated August 10, 2011, among Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc., and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc. as borrowers, together with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and the lenders party thereto, as amended. The Previous Agreement was scheduled to mature on August 10, 2016.

The amendments to the Previous Agreement provide for, but are not limited to: (i) an extension of the term of the revolving credit facility to October 24, 2019; (ii) a reduction of interest rates related to the revolving credit facility; (iii) a reduction of certain fees related to the revolving credit facility; and (iv) a \$15 million, 5-year term loan, bearing interest at the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus 4.50% (the

#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 7. Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities (Continued)

"Term Loan"). The Company plans to use the proceeds from the Term Loan to pay for costs associated with the relocation and build-out of its new corporate headquarters at 330 West 34th Street, New York, New York.

The revolving borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility remains unchanged, providing the Company with up to \$100 million of credit, consisting of a \$75 million revolving credit facility (which includes a sub-facility for issuance of letters of credit up to \$45 million) with a fully committed accordion option that allows the Company to increase the revolving credit facility up to \$100 million or decrease it to a minimum of \$60 million, subject to certain restrictions. The maximum borrowing availability under the Company's revolving credit facility also remains unchanged and is determined by a monthly borrowing base calculation based on applying specified advance rates against inventory and certain other eligible assets. Under the Loan Agreement, the Company continues to be subject to a Minimum Excess Availability covenant of \$7.5 million. The Loan Agreement contains other covenants and conditions, including restrictions on the Company's ability to pay dividends on its common stock, prepay the Term Loan, incur additional indebtedness and to prepay, redeem, defease or purchase other debt. Subject to such restrictions, the Company may incur more debt for working capital, capital expenditures, stock repurchases, acquisitions and for other purposes.

Under the terms of the Loan Agreement, the interest rates applicable to Revolving Loans have been reduced by 0.25% and Revolving Loans now bear interest, at the Company's option, either at a floating rate equal to the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus a margin of between 1.50% and 1.75% per year for Eurodollar Rate Loans or a floating rate equal to the Prime Rate plus a margin of between 0.50% and 0.75% per year for Prime Rate Loans, depending upon the Company's Average Compliance Excess Availability. The Company pays to the Lenders under the revolving credit facility a monthly fee on outstanding commercial letters of credit at a rate of between 0.75% and 0.875% per year and on standby letters of credit at a rate of between 1.50% and 1.75% per year, depending upon the Company's Average Compliance Excess Availability, plus a monthly fee on a proportion of the unused commitments under the revolving credit facility at a rate of 0.25% per year.

The maximum borrowing availability under the Company's revolving credit facility is determined by a monthly borrowing base calculation based on applying specified advance rates against inventory and certain other eligible assets. As of November 1, 2014, the Company had availability under its revolving credit facility of \$48.8 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$20.6 million, as compared to availability of \$37.1 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$11.5 million, as of February 1, 2014, and availability of \$59.0 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$12.8 million, as of November 2, 2013.

The lender has been granted a pledge of the common stock of Lerner New York Holding, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, and a first priority security interest in substantially all other tangible and intangible assets of New York & Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as collateral for the Company's obligations under the Loan Agreement. In addition, New York & Company, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the obligations under the Loan Agreement, and such guarantees are joint and several.

#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 8. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820"), establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to GAAP guidance requiring the use of fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands the disclosure about such fair value measurements. ASC 820 establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that requires entities to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs in which there is little or no market data and require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions. The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term trade receivables, accounts payable and long-term debt. The carrying values on the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash, short-term trade receivables and accounts payable approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturities of such items. At November 1, 2014, the carrying amount of the Company's long-term debt approximated its fair value due to the variable interest rate it carried, and as such it is classified within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Company classifies long-lived store assets within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The Company evaluates the impairment of long-lived assets in accordance with ASC Topic 360, "Property, Plant and Equipment" ("ASC 360"). Long-lived assets are evaluated for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may have been impaired. The evaluation is performed at the individual store level, which is the lowest level for which identifiable cash flows are largely independent of the cash flows of other groups of assets and liabilities. In evaluating long-lived assets for recoverability, the Company estimates the future cash flows at the individual store level that are expected to result from the use of each store's assets based on historical experience, knowledge and market data assumptions. If the sum of the expected future undiscounted cash flows is less than the carrying amount of the long-lived assets, an impairment loss, equal to the excess of the carrying amount over the fair value of the assets, is recognized. During the first quarter and third quarter of fiscal year 2014, the Company's evaluations resulted in non-cash charges of \$0.4 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, related to the impairment of store assets. During the second quarter of fiscal year 2013, the Company's evaluations resulted in non-cash charges of \$0.3 million related to the impairment of store assets. These impairment charges are included in "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the Company's condensed consolidated statements of operations.

#### 9. Other Events

On February 25, 2014, the Company entered into a lease for 182,709 square feet of office space at 330 West 34<sup>th</sup> Street, New York, New York, pursuant to which, the Company plans to move its corporate headquarters to by January 1, 2015 upon expiration of its existing lease at 450 West 33<sup>rd</sup> Street, New York, New York. The lease for the new corporate headquarters expires in 2030. In

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#### New York & Company, Inc.

#### **Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)**

#### **November 1, 2014**

#### (Unaudited)

#### 9. Other Events (Continued)

connection with the signing of the new lease agreement, the Company issued an \$8.0 million standby letter of credit to the lessor, which the Company may reduce by \$2.0 million annually from 2017 through 2019. As of November 1, 2014, the Company had \$2.1 million in restricted cash related to the new office space, which it expects to release to the lessor over the next six months. During fiscal year 2014, the Company expects capital expenditures related to the new office space to be approximately \$9.5 million. In addition, on October 3, 2014, the Company entered into a financing arrangement to purchase up to \$3.5 million of office furniture for the new corporate headquarters, which the Company expects will be accounted for as a capital lease obligation when the furniture is purchased in the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2014. Total cash rental obligations to be paid over the 15-year life of the lease for the corporate office space and furniture are approximately \$160.0 million.

#### ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK FACTORS (Cautionary Statements Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995)

This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q includes forward-looking statements. Certain matters discussed in "Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are forward-looking statements intended to qualify for safe harbors from liability established by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Some of these statements can be identified by terms and phrases such as "anticipate," "believe," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "continue," "could," "may," "plan," "project," "predict" and similar expressions and include references to assumptions that the Company believes are reasonable and relate to its future prospects, developments and business strategies. Factors that could cause the Company's actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such forward-looking statements, include, but are not limited to those discussed under the heading "Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and the risks and uncertainties as described in the Company's documents filed with the SEC, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K, as filed on April 15, 2014.

The Company undertakes no obligation to revise the forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q to reflect any future events or circumstances. The Company's actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from the results expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements.

#### Overview

The Company is a specialty retailer of women's fashion apparel and accessories, and the modern wear-to-work destination for women, providing perfectly fitting pants and NY Style that is feminine, polished, on-trend and versatile all at compelling values. The Company's proprietary branded New York & Company® merchandise is sold exclusively through its national network of retail stores and online at <a href="https://www.nyandcompany.com">www.nyandcompany.com</a>. The target customers for the Company's merchandise are women between the ages of 25 and 45. As of November 1, 2014, the Company operated 512 stores in 43 states.

The Company's strategic initiatives for fiscal year 2014 are to accomplish the following: driving top line and comparable store sales growth in each channel of its business; increasing brand awareness and driving traffic to stores by attracting new customers and engaging existing customers; and growing the Company brand through key merchandise initiatives. In support of these strategic initiatives, the Company is opening new outlet stores and optimizing its existing real estate portfolio to maximize sales and profitability. Furthermore, the Company believes its omni-channel retail initiatives and the recent upgrade of its eCommerce website will continue to drive traffic and increase sales across both store and eCommerce channels. In addition, the Company remains focused on its key merchandise initiatives and core sub-brands including the Avenue Suiting, Love NY&C, Soho Jeans, and Eva Mendes Collection and continues to grow the pant and denim categories.

On February 25, 2014, the Company entered into a lease for 182,709 square feet of office space at 330 West 34<sup>th</sup> Street, New York, New York, pursuant to which, the Company plans to move its corporate headquarters to by January 1, 2015 upon expiration of its existing lease at 450 West 33<sup>rd</sup> Street, New York, New York. The lease for the new corporate headquarters expires in 2030. For further information related to the new corporate headquarters lease, please refer to Note 9, "Other Events" in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

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On October 24, 2014, Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc., wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of New York & Company, Inc., entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and Term Loan Agent and the lenders party thereto. The Loan Agreement amended and restated the Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement (the "Previous Agreement"), dated August 10, 2011, among Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc., and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc. as borrowers, together with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and the lenders party thereto, as amended. The Previous Agreement was scheduled to mature on August 10, 2016.

The amendments to the Previous Agreement provide for, but are not limited to: (i) an extension of the term of the revolving credit facility to October 24, 2019; (ii) a reduction of interest rates related to the revolving credit facility; (iii) a reduction of certain fees related to the revolving credit facility; and (iv) a \$15 million, 5-year term loan, bearing interest at the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus 4.50% (the "Term Loan"). The Company plans to use the proceeds from the Term Loan to pay for costs associated with the relocation and build-out of its new corporate headquarters at 330 West 34th Street, New York, New York. The revolving borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility remains unchanged, providing the Company with up to \$100 million of credit, consisting of a \$75 million revolving credit facility (which includes a sub-facility for issuance of letters of credit up to \$45 million) with a fully committed accordion option that allows the Company to increase the revolving credit facility up to \$100 million or decrease it to a minimum of \$60 million, subject to certain restrictions. Please refer to the "Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities" section below.

During the three months ended November 1, 2014, the Company engaged a leading global business advisory firm to assist the Company in analyzing its business processes and organizational structure in an effort to improve sales productivity and operating efficiencies, as well as reduce the Company's overall cost structure (the "business re-engineering program"). In November 2014, the Company initiated an organizational realignment in connection with the business analysis performed. As a result of the organizational changes made, the Company expects to save \$9 million to \$10 million in annual payroll and related costs and expects to recognize \$1.5 million in savings during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2014. In connection with this reorganization, the Company expects to record a charge of \$2.2 million for severance and related benefits during the fourth quarter of fiscal year 2014. The business re-engineering program is ongoing, and the Company plans to provide an update of the progress, overall project timeline, potential savings, and additional charges, if any, when it releases fourth quarter and full year results.

The contract between the International Longshore and Warehouse Union and the operators of West Coast ports, through which the Company processes a portion of its products, expired on July 1, 2014. As a result, the Company's net sales and gross profit were negatively impacted during the three months ended November 1, 2014, and could continue to be negatively impacted, by late merchandise deliveries due to shipping delays at West Coast ports, longer lead times, increased freight costs on goods diverted to the East Coast as part of the Company's contingency plans, and increased air freight to secure key merchandise items. At November 1, 2014, total inventory was up 1.4%, as compared to November 2, 2013, reflecting higher levels of in-store inventory partially offset by lower levels of in-transit inventory as the Company executed its contingency plans related to the uncertainty regarding a potential work stoppage by the International Longshore and Warehouse Union.

Net sales for the three months ended November 1, 2014 were \$210.3 million, as compared to \$217.6 million for the three months ended November 2, 2013. Comparable store sales decreased 3.4% for the three months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to an increase of 3.0% for the three months ended November 2, 2013. Net loss for the three months ended November 1, 2014 was \$9.7 million, or \$0.15 per diluted share. Non-GAAP adjusted net loss for the three months ended November 1, 2014 was \$6.9 million, or \$0.11 per diluted share, as compared to a net loss of \$3.4

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million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, for the three months ended November 2, 2013. Non-GAAP adjusted net loss for the three months ended November 1, 2014 excludes \$1.0 million of duplicative rent expense related to the relocation of the Company's corporate headquarters, \$0.8 million of certain severance and recruiting expenses, and \$1.0 million of consulting expenses related to the business re-engineering program initiated during the third quarter, as described in more detail above.

Capital spending for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was \$21.0 million, as compared to \$12.6 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. During the nine months ended November 1, 2014, the Company opened twelve stores, including eleven New York & Company outlet stores, and remodeled eleven existing New York & Company stores. This compares to the opening of seven new stores, including six New York & Company outlet stores, and the remodeling of six existing New York & Company stores during the nine months ended November 2, 2013. Also included in the \$21.0 million of capital spending for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 are expenditures related to the relocation and build-out of the Company's new corporate headquarters in New York City and continued investments in the Company's information technology infrastructure, primarily relating to the implementation of its omni-channel strategy and the continuing upgrade of its eCommerce website and mobile capabilities.

The Company views the retail apparel market as having two principal selling seasons: spring (first and second quarter) and fall (third and fourth quarter). The Company's business experiences seasonal fluctuations in net sales and operating income, with a significant portion of its operating income typically realized during its fourth quarter. Any decrease in sales or margins during either of the principal selling seasons in any given year could have a disproportionate effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Seasonal fluctuations also affect inventory levels. The Company must carry a significant amount of inventory, especially before the holiday season selling period in the fourth quarter and prior to the Easter and Mother's Day holidays toward the end of the first quarter and beginning of the second quarter.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following tables summarize the Company's results of operations as a percentage of net sales and selected store operating data for the three and nine months ended November 1, 2014 and November 2, 2013:

As a % of net sales	Three months ended November 1, 2014	Three months ended November 2, 2013	Nine months ended November 1, 2014	Nine months ended November 2, 2013
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of goods sold, buying and occupancy costs	72.8%	72.0%	72.3%	72.0%
Gross profit	27.2%	28.0%	27.7%	28.0%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	31.7%	29.4%	29.1%	28.6%
Operating loss	(4.5)%	(1.4)%	(1.4)%	(0.6)%
Interest expense, net	0.1%	0.1%	%	
Loss before income taxes	(4.6)%	(1.5)%	(1.4)%	(0.7)%
Provision for income taxes	%	0.1%	0.1%	%
Net loss	(4.6)%	(1.6)%	(1.5)%	(0.7)%

Selected operating data:	Three months ended November 1, 2014		Three months ended November 2, 2013		Nine months ended November 1, 2014		Nine months ended November 2, 2013	
		(Doll:	ars iı	n thousands, exc	ept square foot	data	)	
Comparable store sales (decrease) increase		(3.4)%	,	3.0%	(1.	1)%	1.0%	
Net sales per average selling square foot(1)	\$	80	\$	81	\$ 249	\$	248	
Net sales per average store(2)	\$	412	\$	424	\$ 1,280	5 \$	1,295	
Average selling square footage per store(3)		5,155		5,203	5,15	5	5,203	

- (1)

  Net sales per average selling square foot is defined as net sales divided by the average of beginning and end of period selling square feet.
- (2)

  Net sales per average store is defined as net sales divided by the average of beginning and end of period number of stores.
- (3) Average selling square footage per store is defined as end of period selling square feet divided by end of period number of stores.

	Three months ended November 1, 2014		Three months ended November 2, 2013		Nine months ended November 1, 2014		Nine months ended November 2, 2013	
	Store	Selling	Store	Selling	Store	Selling	Store	Selling
Store count and selling square feet:	Count	<b>Square Feet</b>	Count	Square Feet	Count	<b>Square Feet</b>	Count	Square Feet
Stores open, beginning of period	509	2,631,002	512	2,672,197	507	2,637,074	519	2,725,273
New stores	6	23,638	6	23,509	12	46,161	7	26,745
Closed stores	(3)	(16,306)	(5)	(22,968)	(7)	(32,084)	(13)	(70,700)
Net impact of remodeled stores on selling square feet		1,048		(3,436)		(11,769)		(12,016)
Stores open, end of period	512	2,639,382	513	2,669,302	512	2,639,382	513	2,669,302

#### Three months ended November 1, 2014 Compared to Three months ended November 2, 2013

Net Sales. Net sales for the three months ended November 1, 2014 decreased 3.4% to \$210.3 million, as compared to \$217.6 million for the three months ended November 2, 2013. Comparable store sales for the three months ended November 1, 2014 decreased by 3.4%, as compared to an increase of 3.0% in the prior year. In the comparable store base, average dollar sales per transaction decreased by 5.3%, while the number of transactions per average store increased by 1.9%, as compared to the same period last year. During the three months ended November 1, 2014, net sales from the Company's eCommerce and Outlets channels increased to 11.8% and 11.9% of total net sales, respectively, as compared to 9.9% and 9.4% of total net sales, respectively, during the three months ended November 2, 2013.

As a result of the ongoing contract negotiation between the International Longshore and Warehouse Union and the operators of West Coast ports through which the Company processes a portion of its products, the Company's net sales and gross profit during the three months ended November 1, 2014 were negatively impacted, and could continue to be negatively impacted, by late merchandise deliveries due to shipping delays at West Coast ports, longer lead times, increased freight costs on goods diverted to the East Coast as part of the Company's contingency plans, and increased air freight to secure key merchandise items.

*Gross Profit.* Gross profit for the three months ended November 1, 2014 decreased to \$57.3 million, or 27.2% of net sales, as compared to \$61.0 million, or 28.0% of net sales, for the three months ended November 2, 2013. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales during the three months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to the three months ended November 2, 2013, was due to a 30 basis point

decline in merchandise margin, primarily attributable to improvements in product cost offset by increased promotional activity and higher freight costs, combined with a 50 basis point increase in buying and

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occupancy costs due in large part to the deleverage of fixed store occupancy costs on lower sales. The higher freight costs for the three months ended November 1, 2014 was primarily the result of the Company's contingency plans for dealing with the labor disruption at West Coast ports, and includes increased freight on goods diverted to the East Coast and approximately \$2.0 million of incremental air costs.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased to \$66.8 million, or 31.7% of net sales, for the three months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to \$64.1 million, or 29.4% of net sales, for the three months ended November 2, 2013. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales during the three months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to the three months ended November 2, 2013, was primarily due to a lower level of sales combined with \$1.0 million of duplicative rent expense related to the relocation of the Company's corporate headquarters, \$0.8 million of certain severance and recruiting expenses, and \$1.0 million of consulting expenses related to the business re-engineering program initiated during the third quarter, as described in the "Overview" section above.

*Operating Loss.* For the reasons discussed above, operating loss for the three months ended November 1, 2014 was \$9.5 million, as compared to an operating loss of \$3.1 million for the three months ended November 2, 2013.

*Interest Expense, Net.* Net interest expense was \$0.1 million for both the three months ended November 1, 2014 and the three months ended November 2, 2013.

*Provision for Income Taxes.* As previously disclosed, the Company continues to provide for adjustments to the deferred tax valuation allowance initially recorded during the three months ended July 31, 2010. The income tax provision for both the three months ended November 1, 2014 and the three months ended November 2, 2013 was \$0.2 million.

*Net Loss.* For the reasons discussed above, net loss for the three months ended November 1, 2014 was \$9.7 million, or \$0.15 per diluted share, as compared to a net loss of \$3.4 million, or \$0.05 per diluted share, for the three months ended November 2, 2013.

#### Nine months ended November 1, 2014 Compared to Nine months ended November 2, 2013

Net Sales. Net sales for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 decreased 1.8% to \$656.0 million, as compared to \$668.2 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. Comparable store sales for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 decreased 1.1%, as compared to an increase of 1.0% in the prior year. In the comparable store base, average dollar sales per transaction decreased by 0.1%, and the number of transactions per average store decreased by 1.0%, as compared to the same period last year. During the nine months ended November 1, 2014, net sales from the Company's eCommerce and Outlets channels represented 10.5% and 11.2% of total net sales, respectively, as compared to 9.0% and 9.4% of total net sales, respectively, during the nine months ended November 2, 2013.

As a result of the ongoing contract negotiation between the International Longshore and Warehouse Union and the operators of West Coast ports through which the Company processes a portion of its products, the Company's net sales and gross profit for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 were negatively impacted, and could continue to be negatively impacted, by late merchandise deliveries due to shipping delays at West Coast ports, longer lead times, increased freight costs on goods diverted to the East Coast as part of the Company's contingency plans, and increased air freight to secure key merchandise items.

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*Gross Profit.* Gross profit for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was \$181.4 million, or 27.7% of net sales, as compared to \$187.3 million, or 28.0% of net sales, for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. The decrease in gross profit as a percentage of net sales during the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to the nine months ended November 2, 2013, was due to a 60 basis point decrease in merchandise margin, primarily attributable to increased promotional activity and freight costs, partially offset by a 30 basis point improvement in buying and occupancy costs reflecting management's continued focus on reducing costs. Merchandise margin during the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was reduced by higher freight costs resulting from the Company's contingency plans for dealing with the labor disruption at West Coast ports, and includes increased freight on goods diverted to the East Coast and approximately \$2.0 million of incremental air costs.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. Selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to \$190.6 million, or 29.1% of net sales, for the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to \$191.5 million, or 28.6% of net sales, for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of net sales during the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to the nine months ended November 2, 2013, was primarily due to a lower level of sales and an increase in marketing expenses combined with \$1.0 million of duplicative rent expense related to the relocation of the Company's corporate headquarters, \$0.8 million of certain severance and recruiting expenses, and \$1.0 million of consulting expenses related to the business re-engineering program initiated during the third quarter, as described in the "Overview" section above. These incremental costs incurred during the nine months ended November 1, 2014 were partially offset by decreases in depreciation expense and incentive-based compensation plus favorable insurance credits.

*Operating Loss.* For the reasons discussed above, operating loss for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was \$9.2 million, as compared to an operating loss of \$4.1 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013.

*Interest Expense, Net.* Net interest expense was \$0.3 million for both the nine months ended November 1, 2014 and for the nine months ended November 2, 2013.

*Provision for Income Taxes.* As previously disclosed, the Company continues to provide for adjustments to the deferred tax valuation allowance initially recorded during the three months ended July 31, 2010. The provision for income taxes for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was \$0.7 million as compared to a provision of \$0.1 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013.

*Net Loss.* For the reasons discussed above, net loss for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 was \$10.2 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share, as compared to a net loss of \$4.5 million, or \$0.07 per diluted share, for the nine months ended November 2, 2013.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

The Company's primary uses of cash are to fund working capital, operating expenses, debt service and capital expenditures related primarily to the construction of new stores, remodeling of existing stores and development of the Company's information technology infrastructure. Historically, the Company has financed these requirements from internally generated cash flow. The Company intends to fund its ongoing capital and working capital requirements, as well as debt service obligations, primarily through cash flows from operations, supplemented by borrowings under its long-term debt and credit facilities, if needed. The Company is in compliance with all debt covenants as of November 1, 2014.

The following tables contain information regarding the Company's liquidity and capital resources:

	Nov	November 1, 2014		bruary 1, 2014	November 2, 2013		
	(Amounts in thousands)						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	55,545	\$	69,723	\$	37,378	
Working capital	\$	55,279	\$	52,418	\$	44,790	

	Nine months ended November 1, 2014		Nine months ended November 2, 2013			
		(Amounts in	ı thousands)			
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(8,273)	\$	(11,450)		
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(20,772)	\$	(12,614)		
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$	14,867	\$	509		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(14,178)	\$	(23,555)		

#### **Operating Activities**

Net cash used in operating activities was \$8.3 million for the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to \$11.5 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. The improvement in net cash used in operating activities during the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to the nine months ended November 2, 2013, is primarily due to changes in inventories, accounts payable, accrued expenses, deferred rent, and other assets and liabilities, which was largely offset by an increase in net loss combined with a decrease in depreciation and amortization, and an increase in restricted cash.

#### **Investing Activities**

Net cash used in investing activities was \$20.8 million for the nine months ended November 1, 2014, as compared to \$12.6 million for the nine months ended November 2, 2013. Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended November 1, 2014 reflects \$15.8 million primarily related to the opening of new outlet stores and the remodeling of existing New York & Company stores, \$2.9 million related to non-store capital projects, which principally represent information technology enhancements, and \$2.3 million related to the Company's relocation and build-out of its new corporate headquarters in New York City, partially offset by \$0.3 million of insurance proceeds. Net cash used in investing activities during the nine months ended November 2, 2013 reflects capital expenditures of \$8.2 million related to the opening of new stores and the remodeling of existing locations, and \$4.4 million related to non-store capital projects, which principally represent information technology enhancements, including the upgrade of the Company's eCommerce platform and website and investments in its omni-channel strategy.

On February 25, 2014, the Company entered into a lease for 182,709 square feet of office space at 330 West 34<sup>th</sup> Street, New York, New York, pursuant to which, the Company plans to move its corporate headquarters to by January 1, 2015 upon expiration of its existing lease at 450 West 33<sup>rd</sup> Street, New York, New York. The lease for the new corporate headquarters expires in 2030. In connection with the signing of the new lease agreement, the Company issued an \$8.0 million standby letter of credit to the lessor, which the Company may reduce by \$2.0 million annually from 2017 through 2019. As of November 1, 2014, the Company had \$2.1 million in restricted cash related to the new office space, which it expects to release to the lessor over the next six months. During fiscal year 2014, the Company expects capital expenditures related to the new office space to be approximately \$9.5 million. In addition, on October 3, 2014, the Company entered into a financing arrangement to purchase up to \$3.5 million of office furniture for the new corporate headquarters, which the Company expects will be accounted for as a capital lease obligation when the furniture is purchased in the fourth

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quarter of fiscal year 2014. Total cash rental obligations to be paid over the 15-year life of the lease for the corporate office space and furniture are approximately \$160.0 million.

For fiscal year 2014, capital expenditures are expected to range between \$34.0 million and \$37.0 million, as compared to \$18.8 million in fiscal year 2013. This increase reflects continued investments in real estate spending to support the opening of new stores and the remodeling of existing locations; the Company's relocation and build-out of its new corporate headquarters in New York City; and the Company's information technology infrastructure, including its eCommerce website. The Company plans to end fiscal year 2014 having opened approximately eleven new outlet stores and one New York & Company store, remodeled approximately eleven existing New York & Company stores, and closed roughly sixteen New York & Company stores, ending the year with 503 stores, including 62 outlet stores, and approximately 2.6 million selling square feet.

#### **Financing Activities**

Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended November 1, 2014 consisted of \$15.0 million of proceeds from the issuance of a 5-year term loan as discussed in the "Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities" section below and \$0.3 million of proceeds from the exercise of stock options, partially offset by \$0.2 million of shares withheld for payment of employee payroll taxes and the payment of \$0.2 million of financing costs. Net cash provided by financing activities for the nine months ended November 2, 2013 represents proceeds from the exercise of stock options.

#### **Long-Term Debt and Credit Facilities**

On October 24, 2014, Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc., wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of New York & Company, Inc., entered into a Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and Term Loan Agent and the lenders party thereto. The obligations under the Loan Agreement are guaranteed by New York & Company, Inc. and its other subsidiaries. The Loan Agreement amended and restated the Third Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated August 10, 2011, among Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc., and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc. as borrowers, together with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Agent and the lenders party thereto, as amended. The Previous Agreement was scheduled to mature on August 10, 2016.

The amendments to the Previous Agreement provide for, but are not limited to: (i) an extension of the term of the revolving credit facility to October 24, 2019; (ii) a reduction of interest rates related to the revolving credit facility; (iii) a reduction of certain fees related to the revolving credit facility; and (iv) a \$15 million, 5-year term loan, bearing interest at the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus 4.50% (the "Term Loan"). The Company plans to use the proceeds from the Term Loan to pay for costs associated with the moving and build-out of its new corporate headquarters at 330 West 34th Street, New York, New York.

The revolving borrowing availability under the revolving credit facility remains unchanged, providing the Company with up to \$100 million of credit, consisting of a \$75 million revolving credit facility (which includes a sub-facility for issuance of letters of credit up to \$45 million) with a fully committed accordion option that allows the Company to increase the revolving credit facility up to \$100 million or decrease it to a minimum of \$60 million, subject to certain restrictions. The maximum borrowing availability under the Company's revolving credit facility also remains unchanged and is determined by a monthly borrowing base calculation based on applying specified advance rates against inventory and certain other eligible assets. Under the Loan Agreement, the Company continues to be subject to a Minimum Excess Availability covenant of \$7.5 million. The Loan Agreement contains other covenants and conditions, including restrictions on the Company's ability to pay dividends on its common stock, prepay the Term Loan, incur additional indebtedness and to prepay, redeem, defease or purchase other debt. Subject to such restrictions, the Company may incur more debt for working capital, capital expenditures, stock repurchases, acquisitions and for other purposes.

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Under the terms of the Loan Agreement, the interest rates applicable to Revolving Loans have been reduced by 0.25% and Revolving Loans now bear interest, at the Company's option, either at a floating rate equal to the Adjusted Eurodollar Rate plus a margin of between 1.50% and 1.75% per year for Eurodollar Rate Loans or a floating rate equal to the Prime Rate plus a margin of between 0.50% and 0.75% per year for Prime Rate Loans, depending upon the Company's Average Compliance Excess Availability. The Company pays to the Lenders under the revolving credit facility a monthly fee on outstanding commercial letters of credit at a rate of between 0.75% and 0.875% per year and on standby letters of credit at a rate of between 1.50% and 1.75% per year, depending upon the Company's Average Compliance Excess Availability, plus a monthly fee on a proportion of the unused commitments under the revolving credit facility at a rate of 0.25% per year.

The maximum borrowing availability under the Company's revolving credit facility is determined by a monthly borrowing base calculation based on applying specified advance rates against inventory and certain other eligible assets. As of November 1, 2014, the Company had availability under its revolving credit facility of \$48.8 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$20.6 million, as compared to availability of \$37.1 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$11.5 million, as of February 1, 2014, and availability of \$59.0 million, net of letters of credit outstanding of \$12.8 million, as of November 2, 2013.

The lender has been granted a pledge of the common stock of Lerner New York Holding, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries, and a first priority security interest in substantially all other tangible and intangible assets of New York & Company, Inc. and its subsidiaries, as collateral for the Company's obligations under the Loan Agreement. In addition, New York & Company, Inc. and certain of its subsidiaries have fully and unconditionally guaranteed the Loan Agreement, and such guarantees are joint and several.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Management has determined the Company's most critical accounting policies are those related to inventories, long-lived assets, intangible assets and income taxes. Management continues to monitor these accounting policies to ensure proper application of current rules and regulations. There have been no significant changes to these policies as discussed in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2014.

#### **Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

Please refer to Note 2, "New Accounting Pronouncements" in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Interest Rates. The Company's market risks relate primarily to changes in interest rates. The Loan Agreement carries floating interest rates tied to the Eurodollar rate and the Prime rate and therefore, the Company's consolidated statements of operations and the consolidated statements of cash flows are exposed to changes in interest rates, which the Company does not believe to be material. The Company historically has not engaged in interest rate hedging activities.

Currency Exchange Rates. The Company historically has not been exposed to currency exchange rate risks regarding inventory purchases as such expenditures have been, and continue to be, denominated in U.S. Dollars.

#### ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. The Company carried out an evaluation, as of November 1, 2014, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Company's Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, of the

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effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based upon that evaluation, the Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that all information required to be filed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q was (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms (ii) and that the disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that the Company files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its Principal Executive and Principal Financial Officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

(b) Changes in internal control over financial reporting. There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by paragraph (d) of Exchange Act Rule 13a-15 or 15d-15 that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter (the Company's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There have been no material changes in the Company's legal proceedings from what was reported in its Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2014.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes in the Company's risk factors from what was reported in its Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on April 15, 2014.

#### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

None.

#### ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

#### ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

None.

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed with this report and made a part hereof.

- 10.1 Offer Letter and Employment Letter, dated as of October 24, 2014, between New York & Company, Inc. and John Worthington.
- 10.2 Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement made by and among Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc., wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of New York & Company, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Agent and Sole Lender, dated as of October 24, 2014.
- 10.3 Post-Closing Letter to the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement made by and among Lerner New York, Inc., Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc., wholly-owned indirect subsidiaries of New York & Company, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Agent and Sole Lender, dated as of October 24, 2014.
- 10.4 Amendment No. 1 to Second Amended and Restated Collateral Assignment of Trademarks made among Lernco, Inc. and Lerner New York Outlet, Inc. in favor of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Agent for itself and Sole Lender named in the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of October 24, 2014.
- 10.5 Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Collateral Assignment of Trademarks made among Lerner New York, Inc. in favor of Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Agent for itself and Sole Lender named in the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated as of October 24, 2014.

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- 10.6 Copyright Collateral Assignment and Security Agreement made by and among Lernco Inc. and New York & Company, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., as Agent for itself and Sole Lender named in the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated October 24, 2014.
- 10.7 Patent Collateral Assignment and Security Agreement made by and among Lerner New York, Inc. and New York & Company, Inc., and Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as Agent for itself and Sole Lender named in the Fourth Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated October 24, 2014.
- 31.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated December 11, 2014.
- 31.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated December 11, 2014
- 32.1 Written Statement of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, dated December 11, 2014.
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document.
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document.
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.

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#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

NEW YORK & COMPANY, INC.

#### /s/ SHEAMUS TOAL

By: Sheamus Toal

Its: Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

Date: December 11, 2014

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