PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES CO Form 10-Q November 09, 2007 UNITED STATES	
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION	
Washington, D.C. 20549	
FORM 10-Q	
XQUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)	
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2007	
or	
OTRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)	
OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
For the transition period from to	
Commission File Number: 1-13245	
PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY	
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of	75-2702753 (I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
5205 N. O'Connor Blvd., Suite 200, Irving, Texas	75039

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

(972) 444-9001

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not applicable

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes x No o

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer $_{\mathbf{X}}$ Accelerated filer $_{\mathbf{0}}$ Non-accelerated filer $_{\mathbf{0}}$

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes o No X

Number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of November 2, 2007

119,485,277

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Cautionary Statement Concerning Forward-Looking Statements

The information in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (the "Report") contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. When used in this document, the words "believes," "plans," "expects," "anticipates," "intends," "continue," "may," "will," "could," "should," "future," "potential," "estimate," or the negative of such terms and similar expressions as they relate to Pioneer Natural Resources Company ("Pioneer" or the "Company") are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements are based on the Company's current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections about the Company and the industry in which the Company operates. Although the Company believes that the expectations and assumptions reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, they involve risks and uncertainties that are difficult to predict and, in many cases, beyond the Company's control. Accordingly, no assurances can be given that the actual events and results will not be materially different than the anticipated results described in the forward-looking statements. See "Part I, Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" and "Part II, Item 1A. Risk Factors" in this Report and "Item 1. Business — Competition, Markets and Regulations", "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and "Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 for a description of various factors that could materially affect the ability of Pioneer to achieve the anticipated results described in the forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no duty to publicly update these statements except as required by law.

Definitions of Certain Terms and Conventions Used Herein

Within this Report, the following terms and conventions have specific meanings:

- "Bbl" means a standard barrel containing 42 United States gallons.
- "Bcf" means one billion cubic feet and is a measure of natural gas volume.
- "BOE" means a barrel of oil equivalent and is a standard convention used to express oil and gas volumes on a comparable oil equivalent basis. Gas equivalents are determined under the relative energy content method by using the ratio of 6.0 Mcf of gas to 1.0 Bbl of oil or natural gas liquid.
- "BOEPD" means BOE per day.
- "Btu" means British thermal unit, which is a measure of the amount of energy required to raise the temperature of one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit.
- "CBM" means coal bed methane.
- "IPO" means initial public offering.
- "LIBOR" means London Interbank Offered Rate, which is a market rate of interest.
- "MBbl" means one thousand Bbls.
- "MBOE" means one thousand BOEs.
- "Mcf" means one thousand cubic feet and is a measure of natural gas volume.
- "MMBbl" means one million Bbls.
- "MMBOE" means one million BOEs.
- "MMBtu" means one million Btus.
- "MMcfpd" means one million cubic feet per day.
- "NGL" means natural gas liquid.
- "NYMEX" means the New York Mercantile Exchange.
- "Pioneer" or "the Company" means Pioneer Natural Resources Company and its subsidiaries.
- "proved reserves" mean the estimated quantities of crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions, *i.e.*, prices and costs as of the date the estimate is made. Prices include consideration of changes in existing prices provided only by contractual arrangements, but not on escalations based upon future conditions.
- (i) Reservoirs are considered proved if economic producibility is supported by either actual production or conclusive formation test. The area of a reservoir considered proved includes (A) that portion delineated by drilling and defined by gas-oil and/or oil-water contacts, if any; and (B) the immediately adjoining portions not yet drilled, but which can be reasonably judged as economically productive on the basis of available geological and engineering data. In the absence of information on fluid contacts, the lowest known structural occurrence of hydrocarbons controls the lower proved limit of the reservoir.
- (ii)Reserves which can be produced economically through application of improved recovery techniques (such as fluid injection) are included in the "proved" classification when successful testing by a pilot project, or the operation of an installed program in the reservoir, provides support for the engineering analysis on which the project or program was based.
- (iii)Estimates of proved reserves do not include the following: (A) oil that may become available from known reservoirs but is classified separately as "indicated additional reserves"; (B) crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids, the recovery of which is subject to reasonable doubt because of uncertainty as to geology, reservoir characteristics or economic factors; (C) crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids, that may occur in undrilled prospects; and (D) crude oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids, that may be recovered from oil shales, coal, gilsonite and other such sources.
- "SEC" means the United States Securities and Exchange Commission.

- "VPP" means volumetric production payment.
- "U.S." means United States.
- With respect to information on the working interest in wells, drilling locations and acreage, "net" wells, drilling locations and acres are determined by multiplying "gross" wells, drilling locations and acres by the Company's working interest in such wells, drilling locations or acres. Unless otherwise specified, wells, drilling locations and acreage statistics quoted herein represent gross wells, drilling locations or acres.
- Unless otherwise indicated, all currency amounts are expressed in U.S. dollars.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands, except share data)

ASSETS	September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2006
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,271	\$ 7,033
Accounts receivable:	Ψ 17,271	Ψ 7,033
Trade, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,335 and \$6,999 as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively Due from affiliates, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,579 as of September 30, 2007 Income taxes receivable Inventories Prepaid expenses Deferred income taxes Discontinued operations held for sale Other current assets: Derivatives Other Total current assets	230,274 9,458 88,302 98,918 11,004 89,077 670,026 41,948 48,847 1,307,125	195,534 3,837 24,693 95,131 11,509 82,927 — 63,665 52,229 536,558
Property, plant and equipment, at cost:		
Oil and gas properties, using the successful efforts method of accounting: Proved properties	8,449,226	7,967,708
Unproved properties	154,007	210,344
Accumulated depletion, depreciation and amortization	(1,940,595) (1,895,408)
Total property, plant and equipment Deferred income taxes	6,662,638	6,282,644
Goodwill	3,817	345
	310,872	309,908
Other property and equipment, net Other assets:	137,014	131,840
Derivatives		
Other, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,028 and \$4,405 as of September 30, 2007 and	5,609	4,333
December 31, 2006, respectively	126,509	89,771

\$ 8,553,584 \$ 7,355,399

The financial information included as of September 30, 2007 has been prepared by management
without audit by independent registered public accountants.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (Continued)

(in thousands, except share data)

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current liabilities:	September 30, 2007 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2006	
Accounts payable:				
Trade	\$ 347,047	9	332,795	
Due to affiliates	15,411		17,025	
Interest payable	28,415		31,008	
Income taxes payable	17,462		12,865	
Discontinued operations held for sale	104,582		_	
Other current liabilities:	,			
Derivatives	159,267		141,898	
Deferred revenue	163,941		181,232	
Other	167,347		170,156	
Total current liabilities	1,003,472		886,979	
Long-term debt	2,610,683		1,497,162	
Derivatives	47,074		125,459	
Deferred income taxes	1,289,401		1,172,507	
Deferred revenue	364,636		483,279	
Other liabilities and minority interests	173,592		205,342	
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock, \$.01 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 123,266,123 and 122,686,073 shares				
issued at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	1,233		1,227	
Additional paid-in capital Transport stock at costs 5.712 120 and 1.182 000 shares at September 20, 2007 and December 21	2,683,575		2,654,047	
Treasury stock, at cost: 5,713,120 and 1,183,090 shares at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively	(247,599)	(53,274)
Retained earnings	621,582	,	497,488	,
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss):	021,502		157,100	
Net deferred hedge losses, net of tax	(125,343)	(167,220)
Cumulative translation adjustment	131,278	,	52,403	,
Total stockholders' equity	3,064,726		2,984,671	
Commitments and contingencies	2,001,720		-,>01,071	
	\$ 8,553,584	\$	7,355,399	

The financial information included as of September 30, 2007 has been prepared by management

without audit by independent registered public accountants.

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(in thousands, except per share data)

(Unaudited)

	Three Month		Nine Months Ended September 30,					
	2007	2006	2007	2006				
Revenues and other income:								
Oil and gas	\$ 458,898	\$ 384,112	\$ 1,232,272	\$ 1,108,634				
Interest and other	30,991	14,017	71,051	33,576				
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets, net	558	(436) (860) (3,990)				
	490,447	397,693	1,302,463	1,138,220				
Costs and expenses:								
Oil and gas production	113,554	88,687	308,380	264,741				
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	113,879	82,562	280,927	233,269				
Impairment of long-lived assets	(2,582) —	15,309	_				
Exploration and abandonments	34,498	41,006	170,143	158,671				
General and administrative	32,330	29,262	94,304	88,466				
Accretion of discount on asset retirement obligations	1,702	940	5,025	2,793				
Interest	35,476	23,467	94,432	82,857				
Hurricane activity, net	110	_	60,658	38,000				
Other	7,513	14,001	23,478	31,208				
	336,480	279,925	1,052,656	900,005				
Income from continuing operations before income taxes	153,967	117,768	249,807	238,215				
Income tax provision	(60,948) (39,271) (92,181) (113,966)				
Income from continuing operations	93,019	78,497	157,626	124,249				
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	8,908	2,302	10,374	587,796				
Net income	\$ 101,927	\$ 80,799	\$ 168,000	\$ 712,045				
Basic earnings per share:								
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.63	\$ 1.30	\$ 0.99				
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	0.07	0.02	0.09	4.68				
Net income	\$ 0.85	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.39	\$ 5.67				
Diluted earnings per share:								
Income from continuing operations	\$ 0.77	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.29	\$ 0.98				
Income from discontinued operations, net of tax	0.07	0.02	0.08	4.55				
Net income	\$ 0.84	\$ 0.64	\$ 1.37	\$ 5.53				
Weighted average shares outstanding:								
Basic	120.222	124.001	121.020	125 520				
Dasic	120,323	124,021	121,020	125,520				

Diluted		121,805		126,734		122,496		129,134
Dividends declared per share	\$	0.14	\$	0.13	\$	0.27	\$	0.25
The financial information included herein has been prepared by management								
without audit by independent registered public accountants.								
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these conso	lidate	ed financial stat	ten	nents.				
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PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

(in thousands, except dividends per share)

(Unaudited)

	Shares Outstanding	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Treasury Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Comprehensi (Loss) Net Deferred Hedge Losses, Net of Tax	ve Income Cumulative	Stockholders'
Balance as of January 1, 2007	121,503	\$ 1,227	\$ 2,654,047	\$ (53,274) \$ 497,488	\$ (167,220)	\$ 52,403	\$ 2,984,671
Dividends declared (\$0.27 per share) Exercise of	_	_	_	_	(33,190) —	_	(33,190)
long-term incentive plan stock options	472	_	_	20,424	(10,716) —	_	9,708
Purchase of treasury stock Tax benefits related	(5,002) —	_	(214,749) —	_	_	(214,749)
to stock-based compensation Compensation costs:	_	_	4,718	_	_	_	_	4,718
Compensation awards Compensation costs	580	6	(6) —	_	_	_	_
included in net income	_	_	24,816	_	_	_	_	24,816
Net income	_	_	_	_	168,000	_	_	168,000
Other comprehensive income (loss): Net hedging activity, net of tax: Net deferred hedge gains Net hedge losses	_	_	_	_	_	23,784	_	23,784
included in continuing operations Net hedge gains included in	_	_	_	_	_	32,260	_	32,260
discontinued operations	_	_	_			(14,167)		(14,167)
Translation adjustment	_	_	_	_	_	_	78,875	78,875

Balance as of

September 30, 2007 117,553 \$ 1,233 \$ 2,683,575 \$ (247,599) \$ 621,582 \$ (125,343) \$ 131,278 \$ 3,064,726

The financial information included herein has been prepared by management without audit by independent registered public accountants.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
	September 2007		2006		September 30, 2007		2006	
Cash flows from operating activities:	2007		2000	_	007	4	2000	
Net income	\$ 101,927		\$ 80,799	\$	168,000	9	§ 712,045	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	+		,	,	,		, , ,, , , , ,	
operating activities:								
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	113,879		82,562		280,927		233,269	
Impairment of long-lived assets	(2,582)	_		15,309		_	
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	8,725		15,043		92,706		81,449	
Hurricane activity	_		_		66,000		42,000	
Deferred income taxes	73,091		42,337		135,505		115,788	
(Gain) loss on disposition of assets, net	(558)	436		860		3,990	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		_		_		8,076	
Accretion of discount on asset retirement obligations	1,702		940		5,025		2,793	
Discontinued operations	6,719		12,987		41,518		(512,835)
Interest expense	4,092		2,357		13,305		7,522	
Commodity hedge related activity	5,349		(3,713)	15,982		(6,210)
Amortization of stock-based compensation	8,461		7,047		24,816		25,357	
Amortization of deferred revenue	(45,578)	(47,395)	(135,934)	(143,230)
Other noncash items	5,193		5,201		1,744		12,219	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and dispositions:								
Accounts receivable, net	(55,383)	(1,351)	(54,821)	161,814	
Income taxes receivable	(27,428)	(54)	(64,026)	(69)
Inventories	3,073		(12,990)	(6,331)	(52,113)
Prepaid expenses	(6,723)	(1,673)	(1,213)	291	
Other current assets, net	5,224		(7,160)	5,037		2,047	
Accounts payable	44,334		75,160		11,748		(21,253)
Interest payable	(12,858)	(1,202)	(2,592)	(11,476)
Income taxes payable	1,697		(37,993)	4,597		17,820	
Other current liabilities	(41,743)	(31,552)	(80,189)	(22,624)
Net cash provided by operating activities	190,613		179,786		537,973	•	656,670	
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Proceeds from disposition of assets, net of cash sold	(2,990)	(354)	15,047		1,642,208	
Additions to oil and gas properties	(355,485	5)	(342,236)	(1,330,284	.)	(986,668)
Additions to other assets and other property and equipment, net	(60,150)	(24,589)	(89,825)	(57,428)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(418,625		(367,179		(1,405,062		598,112	,
Cash flows from financing activities:	(,	,	(,	,	(, ==,===	,		
Borrowings under long-term debt	411,000		200,000		1,502,000		1,098,490	

Principal payments on long-term debt	(32,075)	((256,744)	(393,630)	(1,959,586)
Payments of other liabilities	(195)	4	4,285		(9,755)	(13,573)
Exercise of long-term incentive plan stock options	2,623		7	7,227		9,708		11,893	
Purchase of treasury stock	(160,500)	((125,204)	(214,749)	(297,649)
Excess tax benefits from share-based payment arrangements	365		ç	954		4,686		2,887	
Payment of financing fees	(12)	((9)	(4,307)	(2,178)
Dividends paid	_		_			(16,035)	(15,510)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing									
activities	221,206		((169,491)	877,918		(1,175,226)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(6,806)	((356,884)	10,829		79,556	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	758		((86)	1,409		1,714	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	25,319		4	457,042		7,033		18,802	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 19,271		\$ 1	100,072	\$	19,271	\$	100,072	

The financial information included herein has been prepared by management

without audit by independent registered public accountants.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Tl	hree Mon	ths l	Ended		Nine Months E	nde	ed	
		eptember 007		006		September 30, 2007		20	006
Net income Other comprehensive income:	\$	101,927	\$	80,799		\$ 168,000		\$	712,045
Net hedge activity, net of tax:									
Net deferred hedge gains		5,235		68,367		23,784			105,315
Net hedge losses included in continuing									
operations Net hedged (gains) losses included in		1,799		18,630		32,260			75,273
discontinued operations		(6,235)	(1,871)	(14,167)		122,675
Translation adjustment		37,983		(507)	78,875			10,276
Other comprehensive income		38,782		84,619		120,752			313,539
Comprehensive income	\$	140,709	\$	165,418		\$ 288,752		\$	1,025,584

The financial information included herein has been prepared by management

without audit by independent registered public accountants.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

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September 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

NOTE A. Organization and Nature of Operations

Pioneer is a Delaware corporation whose common stock is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange. The Company is a large independent oil and gas exploration and production company with continuing operations in the United States, Equatorial Guinea, South Africa and Tunisia.

NOTE B. Basis of Presentation

Presentation. In the opinion of management, the unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company as of September 30, 2007 and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006 include all adjustments and accruals, consisting only of normal recurring accrual adjustments, which are necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods. These interim results are not necessarily indicative of results for a full year.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") have been condensed or omitted in this Form 10-Q pursuant to the rules and regulations of the SEC. These consolidated financial statements should be read in connection with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Discontinued operations. During 2006 and 2007, the Company sold or has an agreement to sell its interests in the following oil and gas asset groups:

Country	Description of Assets	Date Divested
United States	Deepwater Gulf of Mexico fields	March 2006
Argentina	Argentine assets	April 2006
Canada	Canadian assets	(a)

(a) Closing expected in the fourth quarter of 2007.

In accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"), the Company has reflected the results of operations of the above completed or planned divestitures as discontinued operations, rather than as a component of continuing operations. See Notes O and Q for additional information regarding discontinued operations.

Inventories. Inventories consisted of \$97.8 million and \$93.7 million of materials and supplies and \$1.1 million and \$1.4 million of commodities as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively. The Company's materials and supplies inventory primarily comprises oil and gas drilling or repair items such as tubing, casing, chemicals, operating supplies and ordinary maintenance materials and parts. The materials and supplies inventory is primarily acquired for use in future drilling operations or repair operations and is carried at the lower of cost or market, on a weighted average cost basis. Commodities inventory is carried at the lower of weighted average cost or market, on a first-in, first-out basis. Any valuation reductions to inventory are reflected as a loss on disposition of assets in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company's materials and supplies inventory was net of \$1.8 million and \$4.2 million, respectively, of valuation reserve allowances.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

Goodwill. In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", goodwill is not amortized to earnings, but is assessed for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that impairment of the carrying value of goodwill is likely, but no less often than annually. If the carrying value of goodwill is determined to be impaired, it is reduced for the impaired value with a corresponding charge to pretax earnings in the period in which it is determined to be impaired. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company performed its annual assessment of goodwill impairment and determined that there was no impairment. In accordance with GAAP, certain qualifying income tax benefits derived from stock-based compensation are recorded as reductions in the carrying value of goodwill. During the third quarter of 2007, the resolution of a purchase accounting income tax uncertainty increased the carrying value of goodwill by \$1.0 million.

Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries. The Company owns the majority interests in certain subsidiaries with operations in the United States. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company disposed of its interest in a majority-owned Nigerian subsidiary. See Note P for additional information regarding the disposition of the Nigerian subsidiary. The Company has recognized minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries of \$11.1 million and \$14.4 million in other liabilities and minority interests in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, respectively.

Minority interests in the net losses associated with the previously owned Nigerian subsidiary total \$326 thousand and \$2.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$742 thousand and \$4.4 million for the same respective periods of 2006. Such amounts are included in interest and other income in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. Minority interests in the net income of the Company's consolidated United States subsidiaries total \$498 thousand and \$1.8 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$589 thousand and \$2.1 million for the same respective periods in 2006, are included in other expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Stock-based compensation. On January 1, 2006, the Company adopted SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), "Share-Based Payment" ("SFAS 123(R)") to account for stock-based compensation. For equity-based compensation awards granted or modified subsequent to January 1, 2006, compensation expense, based on the fair value on the date of grant, is being recognized in the Company's financial statements over the vesting period. The Company utilizes (a) the Black-Scholes option pricing model to measure the fair value of stock options, (b) the stock price on the date of grant for the fair value of restricted stock awards and (c) the Monte Carlo simulation method for the fair value of performance unit awards. Prior to the adoption of SFAS 123(R), the Company followed the intrinsic value method in accordance with the Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees" ("APB 25") to account for stock options. Prior period financial statements have not been restated. The Company recorded no cumulative effect as a result of adopting SFAS 123(R).

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recorded \$8.5 million and \$24.8 million, respectively, of stock-based compensation costs for all plans as compared to \$7.0 million and \$25.4 million for the same respective periods of 2006.

Pursuant to the provisions of SFAS 123(R), the Company's issued shares, as reflected in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, do not include 2,005,463 shares and 1,946,211 shares, respectively, related to unvested restricted stock awards. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company awarded 831,799 shares of restricted stock, of which amount restrictions on 393 shares lapsed during 2007 and 27,645 shares have since been forfeited. Restrictions on 803,761 of the remaining awarded restricted shares will lapse in future periods.

As of September 30, 2007, there was approximately \$46.2 million of unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested share-based compensation plan awards, primarily related to restricted stock and performance unit awards. This compensation will be recognized over the remaining vesting periods, which on a weighted average basis is approximately twenty-one months.

Reclassifications. Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2006 amounts in order to conform with the 2007 presentation. Specifically, (a) the Company reduced its exploration and abandonments expense by \$42.0

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million and interest and other income by \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2006, which represents reclassification of abandonment costs and insurance recoveries for the Company's East Cameron facility destroyed by Hurricane Rita to hurricane activity, net expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations, (b) the Company reclassified the aforementioned \$42.0 million of East Cameron abandonment charge from exploration and abandonments to hurricane activity within net cash flows from operating activities in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and (c) the Company reclassified the changes in unfunded check issuances of \$4.8 million as a source of cash and \$12.4 million as a use of cash for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006 respectively, from changes in accounts payable in net cash flows from operating activities to payment of other liabilities in net cash flows from financing activities within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

New accounting pronouncements. In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("FIN 48"). The Interpretation clarifies the accounting for income taxes by prescribing a minimum recognition threshold that a tax position is required to meet before being recognized in the financial statements. FIN 48 also provides guidance on measurement, classification, interim accounting and disclosure. FIN 48 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2006. See Note D for additional information regarding the Company's adoption of FIN 48.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measures" ("SFAS 157"). SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and enhances disclosures about fair value measures required under other accounting pronouncements, but does not change existing guidance as to whether or not an instrument is carried at fair value. SFAS 157 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. The implementation of SFAS 157 is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

In February 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 159, "The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities" ("SFAS 159"). SFAS 159 permits entities to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value that are not currently required to be measured at fair value. SFAS 159 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. The implementation of SFAS 159 is not expected to have a material effect on the financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

NOTE C. Exploratory Well Costs

The Company capitalizes exploratory well costs until a determination is made that the well has either found proved reserves or that it is impaired. The capitalized exploratory well costs are presented in proved properties in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. If the exploratory well is determined to be impaired, the well costs are charged to exploration and abandonments expense.

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The following table reflects the Company's capitalized exploratory well activity during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007:

	Se	nree Months Ended eptember 30, 2007 in thousands)	_	line Months Ended eptember 30, 2007	
Beginning capitalized exploratory well costs	\$	315,599	\$	265,053	
Additions to exploratory well costs pending the determination of proved					
reserves		122,987		341,885	
Reclassification due to determination of proved reserves		(54,245)	(150,971)
Wells reclassified to assets held for sale		(20,170)	(20,170)
Impairment of properties		(322)	(3,699)
Exploratory well costs charged to exploration expense		(3,643)	(71,892)
Ending capitalized exploratory well costs	\$	360,206	\$	360,206	

The following table provides an aging as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006 of capitalized exploratory well costs based on the date the drilling was completed and the number of projects for which exploratory well costs have been capitalized for a period greater than one year since the date the drilling was completed:

	Se	eptember 30, 2007	De 200	cember 31, 06
		(in thousands, ex	cept w	ell counts)
Capitalized exploratory well costs that have been capitalized:				
One year or less	\$	175,634	\$	126,749
Greater than one year		184,572		138,304
	\$	360,206	\$	265,053
Number of projects with exploratory well costs that have been				
capitalized for a period greater than one year		11		14

The following table provides an aging of capitalized costs of exploration projects that have been suspended for more than one year as of September 30, 2007:

	Total (in thousands	2007 s)	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
United States:							
Clipper	\$ 74,357	\$ (885) \$ 37,027	\$ 38,215	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Lay Creek	43,322	12,062	31,260	_	_	_	_
Oooguruk	52,205	_		5,122	1,014	45,565	504
Other	14,054	1,812	9,268	2,974			_
Other foreign	634	186	183	265			_
Total	\$ 184,572	\$ 13,175	\$ 77,738	\$ 46,576	\$ 1,014	\$ 45,565	\$ 504

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The following discussion describes the history and status of each individually significant suspended exploratory project:

Clipper. During 2005, the Company drilled its first exploratory well on the Clipper prospect in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico which was a discovery. During 2006, the Company drilled additional wells to determine the magnitude of the discovery, which were successful. The Company is currently evaluating the plans for development of the discovery, including options for subsea tie-back to third-party production and handling facilities in the area.

Lay Creek. The Company's Lay Creek project is a coal bed methane pilot program located in northwestern Colorado. The Company has drilled 17 wells in six separate pilot areas and completed workovers and recompletions on 14 wells drilled by a previous operator. The Company completed the water treatment facilities and plans to initiate sales of production by the end of 2007. Determination of success of the pilot project is dependent on the ability to dewater the formation and determine if commercial quantities of gas can be produced. The pilot project is currently in the dewatering phase and if the pilot project is successful then full field development could begin in 2008.

Oooguruk. During 2003, the Company's Alaskan Oooguruk discovery wells found quantities of oil believed to be commercial. In 2003, the Company began farm-in discussions with the owner of undeveloped discoveries in adjacent acreage given its proximity and the potential cost benefits of a larger scale project. The farm-in was completed during 2004. Along with completing the farm-in agreement, Pioneer obtained access to exploration well and seismic data to improve the Company's understanding of the potential of the discoveries without having to drill additional wells. In late 2004, the Company completed an extensive technical and economic evaluation of the resource potential and a front-end engineering design study ("FEED study") for the area.

During 2006, the Company sanctioned the development of the discovery and obtained the necessary regulatory approvals. The Company completed the installation and armoring of the offshore gravel drilling and production site during 2006. During the first nine months of 2007, the flowline and production facilities to carry produced liquids to existing onshore processing facilities at the Kuparuk River Unit were installed. Pioneer also assembled the drilling rig on location and plans to commence drilling approximately 40 horizontal wells in December of 2007 to develop the discovery. The Company estimates first production will occur during the first half of 2008 and first sales will occur mid-year 2008.

NOTE D. Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). SFAS 109 requires that the Company continually assess both positive and negative evidence to determine whether it is more likely than not that deferred tax assets can be realized prior to their expiration. Pioneer monitors Company-specific, oil and gas industry and worldwide economic factors to assess the likelihood that the Company's net operating loss carryforwards ("NOLs") and other deferred tax attributes in the United States and state, local and foreign tax jurisdictions will be utilized prior to their expiration. As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006,

the Company's valuation allowances (relating primarily to foreign tax jurisdictions) were \$71.9 million and \$94.7 million, respectively.

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The Company adopted the provisions of FIN 48 on January 1, 2007. In conjunction with the implementation of FIN 48, the Company analyzed its filing positions for open tax years in all of the foreign, federal and state jurisdictions where it has material tax attributes and is required to file income tax returns. Upon adoption, the Company believed that its income tax filing positions and deductions would be substantially sustained on audit and did not anticipate any significant adjustments. Consequently, the Company did not record a cumulative effect adjustment related to the adoption of FIN 48.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction, and various state and foreign jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company believes that it is no longer subject to examinations by tax authorities for years before 2002. In the fourth quarter of 2006, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") commenced an examination of the Company's 2004 U.S. federal income tax return that is expected to be completed by the end of 2007. At September 30, 2007, the Company had agreed to proposed IRS adjustments that resulted in a \$1.0 million deferred tax benefit and a \$1.8 million reduction of current income taxes receivable for the third quarter of 2007. The final resolution with the IRS is not expected to generate any material additional cash tax liabilities or interest and penalties assessments. Subsequent amendments of federal and state returns relating to these audit adjustments are not expected to have a significant effect on the Company's future results of operations or financial position. In addition, the Company's 2003 through 2005 state income tax returns in Colorado are currently under audit, the Tunisian government is concluding an audit of the Company's 2002 through 2005 income tax returns for the Adam Concession, and the Canada Revenue Agency is concluding an audit of the Company's 2003 and 2004 Canadian income tax returns. At September 30, 2007, no significant adjustments had been proposed in Colorado or Tunisia. In Canada, the Company has agreed to proposed adjustments that resulted in an additional \$1.0 million of deferred tax expense for the third quarter of 2007. All remaining Canadian issues are expected to be resolved favorably.

In February 2007, the Republic of South Africa passed legislation that included significant new tax benefits for oil and gas activities. Effective January 1, 2007, the Company is allowed a deduction from oil and gas income equal to 200 percent of exploration expenditures and 150 percent of development expenditures. Pursuant to the new tax legislation, the Company recorded a \$2.3 million and \$7.5 million tax benefit for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, associated with capital expenditures incurred after the effective date, primarily related to the South Coast Gas project.

Pursuant to Accounting Principles Board ("APB") Opinion No. 23 "Accounting for Income Taxes – Special Areas", the Company historically treated the undistributed earnings in South Africa as permanently reinvested and did not provide for a U.S. tax on such earnings. During the second quarter of 2007, the Company made the determination that it no longer had identifiable plans to reinvest these earnings in South Africa and accordingly recorded \$13.0 million of U.S. deferred tax expense in the second quarter of 2007. The Company recorded an additional \$3.2 million of U.S. income taxes in the third quarter of 2007 associated with the results of operations of its South African subsidiaries.

During the second quarter of 2007, the Company announced actions to exit Nigeria. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company completed its disposal of the subsidiary holding Block 320 and is in the process of relinquishing all its rights in Block 256. This exit from Nigeria allows the Company to deduct in the U.S. the cumulative expenditures associated with its past Nigerian activities and accordingly, during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recognized a \$39.1 million tax benefit.

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Income tax (provisions) benefits. The Company's income tax (provisions) benefits attributable to income from continuing operations consisted of the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

		hree Montl eptember 3		nde	d		ine Months eptember 30		ded		
		2007			2006		2007			2006	
	(ir	n thousand	s)								
Current:											
U.S. federal	\$	27,357		\$	10,681		\$ 80,977		\$	23,654	
U.S. state and local		(487)		55		(488)		52	
Foreign		(14,727)		(7,670)	(37,165)		(21,884)
		12,143			3,066		43,324			1,822	
Deferred:											
U.S. federal		(73,059)		(34,721)	(131,757)		(83,361)
U.S. state and local		(5,095)		(2,204)	(7,043)		(16,303)
Foreign		5,063			(5,412)	3,295			(16,124)
		(73,091)		(42,337)	(135,505)		(115,788)
	\$	(60,948)	\$	(39,271)	\$ (92,181)	\$	(113,966)

The Company is estimating a U.S. federal income tax loss for 2007 that it expects to carryback to the tax year ended December 31, 2006, which will result in a cash refund as reflected above in the current U.S. federal income tax benefit. The 2007 estimated tax loss is primarily related to the expensing of intangible development costs and the write off of the Company's investments in Nigeria.

Discontinued operations. The Company's income tax (provisions) benefits attributable to income from discontinued operations consisted of the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months	Ended	Nine Months	Ended	
	September 30,		September 30	0,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
	(in thousands)				
Current:					
U.S. federal	\$ —	\$ (385) \$ —	\$ (148,984)

U.S. state and local	_		(27)	_		(1,877)
Foreign	(340)	_		(5,029)	(4,623)
	(340)	(412)	(5,029)	(155,484)
Deferred:								
U.S. federal	313		860		253		(140,042)
U.S. state and local	_		(168)	_		(6,487)
Foreign	1,719		(980)	3,130		5,409	
	2,032		(288)	3,383		(141,120)
	\$ 1,692	\$	(700) \$	(1,646) \$	(296,604)

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NOTE E. Long-term Debt

Lines of credit. During April 2007, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated 5-Year Revolving Credit Agreement (the "Credit Facility") that matures in April 2012 unless extended in accordance with the terms of the Credit Facility. The Credit Facility also provides for initial aggregate loan commitments of \$1.5 billion, which may be increased to a maximum aggregate amount of \$2.0 billion if the lenders increase their loan commitments or if loan commitments of new financial institutions are added. As of September 30, 2007, the Company had \$970 million of outstanding borrowings under the Credit Facility and had \$119.3 million of undrawn letters of credit, of which \$115.4 million were undrawn commitments under the Credit Facility, leaving the Company with \$414.6 million of unused borrowing capacity under the Credit Facility.

Borrowings under the Credit Facility may be in the form of revolving loans or swing line loans. Aggregate outstanding swing line loans may not exceed \$150 million. Revolving loans bear interest, at the option of the Company, based on (a) a rate per annum equal to the higher of the prime rate announced from time to time by JPMorgan Chase Bank or the weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System during the last preceding business day plus .5 percent or (b) a base Eurodollar rate, substantially equal to LIBOR, plus a margin (the "Applicable Margin") (currently .75 percent) that is determined by a reference grid based on the Company's debt rating. Swing line loans bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the "ASK" rate for Federal funds periodically published by the Dow Jones Market Service plus the Applicable Margin. Letters of credit outstanding under the Credit Facility are subject to a per annum fee, representing the Applicable Margin plus .125 percent.

The Credit Facility contains certain financial covenants, which include the maintenance of a ratio of total debt to book capitalization less intangible assets, accumulated other comprehensive income and certain noncash asset impairments not to exceed .60 to 1.0. The covenants also include the maintenance of a ratio of the net present value of the Company's oil and gas properties to total debt of at least 1.75 to 1.0 until the Company achieves an investment grade rating by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or Standard & Poors Ratings Group, Inc.

Senior notes. During March 2007, the Company issued \$500 million of 6.65% senior notes due 2017 (the "6.65% Notes") and received proceeds, net of issuance discount and underwriting costs, of \$494.9 million. The Company used the net proceeds from the issuance of the 6.65% Notes to reduce indebtedness under its Credit Facility.

On August 15, 2007, \$32.1 million of the Company's 8.25% senior notes matured and were repaid with borrowings under the Company's Credit Facility.

On January 15, 2008, \$3.8 million principal amount of the Company's 6.50% senior notes mature. The Company has both the intent and ability to fund the maturity of the senior notes with borrowings under the Credit Facility. Accordingly, the Company has classified the notes as noncurrent in its accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

NOTE F. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company uses financial derivative contracts to manage exposures to commodity price, interest rate and foreign currency fluctuations. The Company generally does not enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative or trading purposes. The Company also may enter into physical delivery contracts that effectively provide commodity price hedges. Because physical delivery contracts are not expected to be net cash settled, they are considered to be normal sales contracts and not derivatives. Therefore, physical delivery contracts are not recorded in the financial statements.

All derivatives are recorded in the balance sheet at estimated fair value. Fair value is generally determined based on the difference between the fixed contract price and the underlying market price at the determination date. Changes in the fair value of effective cash flow hedges are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), which is later transferred to earnings when the hedged transaction occurs. Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are not designated as hedges, as well as the ineffective portion of the hedge

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derivatives, are recorded in earnings. The ineffective portion is calculated as the difference between the change in fair value of the derivative and the estimated change in cash flows from the item hedged.

Fair value hedges. The Company monitors the debt capital markets and interest rate trends to identify opportunities to enter into and terminate interest rate derivative contracts with the objective of reducing its costs of capital. As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company was not a party to any open fair value hedges.

As of September 30, 2007, the carrying value of the Company's long-term debt in the Consolidated Balance Sheets included a \$3.2 million reduction attributable to net deferred interest rate hedge losses on terminated fair value hedges that are being amortized as increases to interest expense over the original terms of the terminated agreements. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company's amortization of deferred hedge losses and gains on terminated interest rate swaps increased the Company's reported interest expense by \$120 thousand and \$316 thousand, respectively. The Company's amortization of deferred hedge losses and gains on terminated interest rate swaps increased reported interest expense by \$56 thousand and decreased the reported interest expense by \$153 thousand for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006, respectively.

The following table sets forth, as of September 30, 2007, the scheduled amortization of net deferred hedge losses on terminated interest rate hedges (including terminated fair value and cash flow hedges) that will be recognized as increases to the Company's future interest expense:

	N	et deferred inter	est	rate hedge losses		
	Fa	air Value	C	Cash Flow	T	otal
	(iı	n thousands)				
2007 (remaining three months)	\$	66	\$	53	\$	119
2008	\$	257	\$	231	\$	488
2009	\$	281	\$	260	\$	541
2010	\$	307	\$	293	\$	600
2011	\$	337	\$	328	\$	665
Thereafter	\$	1,978	\$	1,960	\$	3,938

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Cash flow hedges. The Company utilizes commodity swap and collar contracts to (i) reduce the impact on the Company's results of operations from the price volatility of the commodities the Company produces and sells, (ii) support the Company's annual capital budgeting and expenditure plans and (iii) reduce commodity price risk associated with certain capital projects. As of September 30, 2007, all of the Company's open commodity hedges are hedges of United States forecasted sales. The Company also, from time to time, utilizes interest rate contracts to reduce the effect of interest rate volatility on the Company's indebtedness and forward currency exchange agreements to reduce the effect of U.S. dollar to Canadian dollar exchange rate volatility.

Oil prices. All material physical sales contracts governing the Company's oil production have been tied directly or indirectly to NYMEX prices. The following table sets forth the volumes hedged in Bbls under outstanding oil hedge contracts and the weighted average NYMEX prices per Bbl for those contracts as of September 30, 2007:

	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Outstanding
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Average
Average daily oil production hedged (a): 2007 – Collar Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)				5,000	5,000
Price per Bbl				\$ 63.00-\$76.04	\$ 63.00-\$76.04
2007 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)				9,500	9,500
Price per Bbl				\$ 73.56	\$ 73.56
2008 – Collar Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Price per Bbl	\$ 65.00-\$80.80	\$ 65.00-\$80.80	\$ 65.00-\$80.80	\$ 65.00-\$80.80	\$ 65.00-\$80.80
2008 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)	14,750	14,750	14,750	14,750	14,750
Price per Bbl	\$ 60.75	\$ 60.75	\$ 60.75	\$ 60.75	\$ 60.75
2009 – Collar Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Price per Bbl	\$ 65.00-\$76.50	\$ 65.00-\$76.50	\$ 65.00-\$76.50	\$ 65.00-\$76.50	\$ 65.00-\$76.50
2000 Swam Contracts					

2009 - Swap Contracts

Volume (Bbl) Price per Bbl	8,000 \$ 71.57				
2010 - Swap Contracts					
Volume (Bbl)	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Price per Bbl	\$ 71.46	\$ 71.46	\$ 71.46	\$ 71.46	\$ 71.46

⁽a) Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company entered into additional oil swap contracts for 500 Bbls per day of the Company's 2008 production at an average price of \$79.32 per Bbl.

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The Company reports average oil prices per Bbl including the effects of oil quality adjustments, amortization of deferred volumetric production payment ("VPP") revenue and the net effect of oil hedges. The following table sets forth (i) the Company's oil prices from continuing operations, both reported (including hedge results and amortization of deferred VPP revenue) and realized (excluding hedge results and amortization of deferred VPP revenue to oil revenue from continuing operations and (iii) the net effect of oil price hedges on oil revenue from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Mon	ths Ended
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Average price reported per Bbl	\$ 70.27	\$ 70.90	\$ 61.63	\$ 66.79
Average price realized per Bbl	\$ 73.71	\$ 69.86	\$ 64.33	\$ 65.61
VPP increase to oil revenue (in millions)	\$ 27.5	\$ 29.2	\$ 82.3	\$ 87.2
Reduction to oil revenue from hedging activity (in millions) (a)	\$ 35.5	\$ 26.9	\$ 101.0	\$ 79.4

Natural gas liquids prices. All material physical sales contracts governing the Company's NGL production have been tied directly or indirectly to Mont Belvieu prices. The following table sets forth the volumes hedged in Bbls under outstanding NGL hedge contracts and the weighted average Mont Belvieu prices per Bbl for those contracts as of September 30, 2007:

	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Outstanding
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Average
Average daily NGL production hedged (a): 2008 – Swap Contracts Volume (Bbl) Price per Bbl	500 \$ 44.33				

2009 - Swap Contracts

⁽a) Excludes hedge losses of \$12.3 million attributable to discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2006.

Volume (Bbl)	500	500	500	500	500
Price per Bbl	\$ 41.75	\$ 41.75	\$ 41.75	\$ 41.75	\$ 41 75

⁽a) Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company entered into additional NGL swap contracts for 500 Bbls per day of the Company's 2010 production at an average price of \$39.63 per Bbl.

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The Company was not party to any NGL hedge contracts for production occurring during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006.

Gas prices. The Company employs a policy of hedging a portion of its gas production based on the index price upon which the gas is actually sold in order to mitigate the basis risk between NYMEX prices and actual index prices, or based on NYMEX prices if NYMEX prices are highly correlated with the index price. The following table sets forth the volumes hedged in MMBtus under outstanding gas hedge contracts and the weighted average index prices per MMBtu for those contracts as of September 30, 2007:

	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Outstanding
	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Average
Average daily gas production hedged (a): 2007 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (MMbtu)				201,739	201,739
Price per MMBtu				\$ 7.53	\$ 7.53
2008 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (MMbtu)	62,500	42,500	42,500	42,500	47,473
Price per MMBtu	\$ 8.96	\$ 8.73	\$ 8.73	\$ 8.73	\$ 8.80
2009 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (MMbtu)	12,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	4,966
Price per MMBtu	\$ 7.78	\$ 7.55	\$ 7.55	\$ 7.55	\$ 7.70
2010 – Swap Contracts					
Volume (MMbtu)	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
Price per MMBtu	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.33	\$ 7.33

⁽a) Subsequent to September 30, 2007, the Company entered into additional gas swap contracts for 5,000 MMBtu per day of the Company's November through December 2007 production at an average price of \$3.88 per MMBtu for Rockies indexed derivatives. The Company also entered into subsequent gas swap contracts for 81,694 MMBtu and 4,931 MMBtu, respectively for 2008 and 2009 production at average prices of \$7.75 and \$9.32, respectively.

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The Company reports average gas prices per Mcf including the effects of Btu content, gas processing, shrinkage adjustments, amortization of deferred VPP revenue and the net effect of gas hedges. The following table sets forth (i) the Company's gas prices from continuing operations, both reported (including hedge results and amortization of deferred VPP revenue) and realized (excluding hedge results and amortization of deferred VPP revenue), (ii) amortization of deferred VPP revenue to gas revenue from continuing operations and (iii) the net effect of gas price hedges on gas revenue from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three months ended		Nine month	s ended	i	
	September 30,		September	30,		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Average price reported per Mcf	\$ 7.11	\$ 6.24	\$ 7.27	\$ 6.30		
Average price realized per Mcf	\$ 5.47	\$ 5.70	\$ 6.05	\$ 6.07		
VPP increase to gas revenue (in millions)	\$ 18.0	\$ 18.2	\$ 53.6	\$ 56.0		
Increase (reduction) to gas revenue from						
hedging activity (in millions) (a)	\$ 32.7	\$ (3.9) \$ 49.9	\$ (38.1)	

Interest rate. During March 2007, the Company entered into treasury lock contracts and designated the contracts as cash flow hedges of the forecasted interest rate risk associated with the coupon rate on the Company's 6.65% Notes, which were issued in March 2007. The Company terminated these contracts for a loss of \$1.5 million, which was recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) - net deferred hedge losses, net of tax ("AOCI - Hedging"). The Company did not realize any ineffectiveness in connection with the treasury lock contracts. See Note E for information regarding the 6.65% Notes.

Hedge ineffectiveness. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recorded net ineffectiveness charges of \$1.0 million and \$1.9 million, as compared to net ineffectiveness charges of \$1.4 million and net hedge ineffectiveness credits of \$9.6 million, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2006. Hedge ineffectiveness represents the ineffective portions of changes in fair values of the Company's cash flow hedging instruments. The primary causes of changes in ineffectiveness are changes in correlations and derivative fair values associated with commodity price indexes of financial hedge derivatives and the commodity price indexes of the hedged forecasted production for certain fields.

AOCI - Hedging. As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, AOCI - Hedging represented net deferred losses of \$125.3 million and \$167.2 million, respectively. The AOCI - Hedging balance as of September 30, 2007 was comprised of \$53.5 million of net deferred losses on the effective portions of open cash flow hedges, \$146.7 million of net deferred losses on terminated cash flow hedges (including \$3.1 million of net deferred losses on terminated cash flow interest rate hedges) and \$74.9 million of associated net deferred tax benefits. The decrease in AOCI - Hedging during the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was primarily attributable to the reclassification of net deferred hedge losses to net income as derivatives matured and decreases in future gas prices, partially offset by increases in future oil prices, relative to the commodity prices stipulated in the hedge contracts. The net deferred losses associated with open cash flow hedges remain subject to market price

⁽a) Excludes hedge losses of \$6.3 million and \$16.4 million and \$2.7 million and \$5.2 million attributable to discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006, respectively.

fluctuations until the positions are either settled under the terms of the hedge contracts or terminated prior to settlement. The net deferred losses on terminated cash flow hedges are fixed.

During the twelve months ending September 30, 2008, based on current estimates of future commodity prices and interest rates, the Company expects to reclassify \$32.5 million of net deferred losses associated with open commodity hedges and \$106.9 million of net deferred losses on terminated commodity and interest rate hedges from AOCI - Hedging to oil and gas revenues and interest expense. The Company also expects to reclassify approximately \$52.4 million of net deferred income tax benefits associated with commodity and interest rate hedges during the twelve months ending September 30, 2008 from AOCI - Hedging to income tax benefit.

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Terminated commodity hedges. At times, the Company terminates open commodity hedge positions when the underlying commodity prices reach a point that the Company believes will be the high or low price of the commodity prior to the scheduled settlement of the open commodity hedge position. This allows the Company to maximize gains or minimize losses associated with the open hedge positions. At the time of termination of the hedges, the amounts are recorded in AOCI – Hedging and amortized to earnings over the periods the production was scheduled to occur.

The following table sets forth, as of September 30, 2007, the scheduled amortization of net deferred losses on terminated commodity hedges that will be recognized as decreases to the Company's future oil and gas revenues:

	First Quarter (in thousands)	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
2007 net deferred hedge losses				\$ 31,963	\$ 31,963
2008 net deferred hedge losses	\$ 26,858	\$ 24,027	\$ 23,873	\$ 24,102	\$ 98,860
2009 net deferred hedge losses	\$ 2,330	\$ 232	\$ 230	\$ 822	\$ 3,614
2010 net deferred hedge losses	\$ 667	\$ 620	\$ 578	\$ 539	\$ 2,404
2011 net deferred hedge losses	\$ 873	\$ 889	\$ 902	\$ 906	\$ 3,570
2012 net deferred hedge losses	\$ 810	\$ 791	\$ 783	\$ 772	\$ 3,156

NOTE G. Asset Retirement Obligations

The Company's asset retirement obligations primarily relate to the future plugging and abandonment of wells and related facilities. The Company does not provide for a market risk premium associated with asset retirement obligations because a reliable estimate cannot be determined. The Company has no assets that are legally restricted for purposes of settling asset retirement obligations. The following table summarizes the Company's asset retirement obligation transactions during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

Three Months Ended
September 30,
2007
2006
(in thousands)

Nine Months Ended
September 30,
2007
2006

September 30,
2007
2006

Beginning asset retirement obligations	\$ 26	1,254	\$	155,583	\$	225,913	\$	157,035
Liabilities assumed in acquisitions	_	-		226		19		909
New wells placed on production and changes in estimates (a)	3,1	123		8,597		74,471		50,634
Liabilities reclassed to discontinued operations held for sale	(30	0,784)			(30,784)	_
Disposition of wells		-				_		(44,042)
Liabilities settled	(29	9,435)	(9,913)	(71,992)	(13,783)
Accretion of discount on continuing operations	1,7	702		940		5,025		2,793
Accretion of discount on discontinued operations	51	6		228		1,396		1,481
Currency translation	2,1	101		(23)	4,429		611
Ending asset retirement obligation	\$ 20	8,477	\$	155,638	\$	208,477	\$	155,638

⁽a) During the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and the nine months ended September 30, 2006, the Company recorded an increase of \$66 million and \$42 million, respectively, to the abandonment estimates for the East Cameron facility that was destroyed by Hurricane Rita in 2005. Such amounts are reflected in hurricane activity, net in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For additional information, see Note N.

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The Company records the current and noncurrent portions of asset retirement obligations in other current liabilities and other liabilities and minority interests, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the current portion of the Company's asset retirement obligations amounted to \$116.1 million and \$111.2 million, respectively.

NOTE H. Postretirement Benefit Obligations

As of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, the Company had recorded \$20.9 million and \$19.8 million, respectively, of unfunded accumulated postretirement benefit obligations, the current and noncurrent portions of which are included in other current liabilities and other liabilities and minority interests, respectively, in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. These obligations are comprised of five plans of which four relate to predecessor entities that the Company acquired in prior years. These plans had no assets as of September 30, 2007 or December 31, 2006. Other than the Company's retirement plan, the participants of these plans are not current employees of the Company.

The following table reconciles changes in the Company's unfunded accumulated postretirement benefit obligations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			onths Ended tember 30,
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(in thousan	nds)		
Beginning accumulated postretirement benefit obligations	\$ 20,530	\$ 18,915	\$ 19,837	\$ 18,576
Net benefit payments	(192) (376) (592) (964)
Service costs	259	204	777	612
Accretion of discounts	288	259	863	778
Ending accumulated postretirement benefit obligations	\$ 20,885	\$ 19,002	\$ 20,885	\$ 19,002

NOTE I. Commitments and Contingencies

Legal actions. The Company is party to the legal actions that are described below. The Company is also party to other proceedings and claims incidental to its business. While many of these matters involve inherent uncertainty, the Company believes that the amount of the liability, if any, ultimately incurred with respect to such other proceedings and claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position as a whole or on its liquidity, capital resources or future annual results of operations. The Company will continue to evaluate its litigation matters on a quarter-by-quarter basis and will adjust its litigation reserves as appropriate to reflect its assessment of the then current status of litigation.

MOSH Holding. On April 11, 2005, the Company and its principal United States subsidiary, Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc., were named as defendants in MOSH Holding, L.P. v Pioneer Natural Resources Company; Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc.; Woodside Energy (USA) Inc.; and JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA, ("JP Morgan") as Trustee of the Mesa Offshore Trust, which is before the Judicial District Court of Harris County, Texas (334th Judicial District). Subsequently, Dagger-Spine Hedgehog Corporation ("Dagger-Spine") and a group of approximately fifty other unitholders ("Wiegand") each filed a Petition in Intervention in the lawsuit to assert the same claims as MOSH Holding, L.P. ("MHLP"). MHLP, Dagger-Spine and Wiegand (collectively, "Plaintiffs") are unitholders in the Trust, which was created in 1982 as the sole limited partner in a partnership that holds an overriding royalty interest in certain oil and gas leases offshore Louisiana and Texas. The Company owns the managing general partner interest in the partnership. Plaintiffs allege that the Company, together with Woodside Energy (USA) Inc. ("Woodside"), concealed the value of the royalty interest and worked to terminate the Mesa Offshore Trust ("MOT") prematurely and to capture for itself and Woodside profits that belong to MOT. Plaintiffs also allege breaches of fiduciary duty, misapplication of trust property, common law fraud, gross negligence, and breach of the conveyance agreement for the overriding royalty interest. The relief sought by the Plaintiffs includes

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monetary and punitive damages and certain equitable relief, including an accounting of expenses, a setting aside of certain farmouts, and a temporary and permanent injunction.

On October 26, 2007, the Plaintiffs and JP Morgan announced before the Court that they had reached a tentative settlement of claims pending between them. As part of the tentative settlement, the Plaintiffs and JP Morgan also announced their intention to seek Court appointment of a temporary trustee. Subsequently, the Court ordered JP Morgan and the Plaintiffs to take all steps necessary to effectuate their settlement and seek a hearing on the appointment of a temporary trustee by November 27, 2007. Additionally, the Court stayed the proceedings in the case until December 3, 2007, which will delay the previous trial setting.

The Company believes the claims made by the Plaintiffs in the MOSH Holding lawsuit are without merit and intends to defend the lawsuit vigorously.

Equatorial Guinea Block H Arbitration. On June 14, 2007, a subsidiary of the Company ("Pioneer EG") commenced arbitration in London, England against Roc Oil (Equatorial Guinea) Company ("ROC EG"), Atlas Petroleum International Limited ("Atlas") and Osborne Resources Limited ("Osborne") to determine the parties' relative rights under a joint operating agreement relating to well operations in Block H in deepwater Equatorial Guinea. ROC, Atlas and Osborne have, in turn, notified Pioneer EG of various claims arising under farm-in agreements relating to Block H. In late 2006, the Republic of Equatorial Guinea ratified a new hydrocarbons law, which effectively increases the obligations of the parties subject to the underlying production sharing contract in various respects. Pursuant to the new law, Equatorial Guinea is entitled to participate in any contract area either directly or through the National Oil Company by way of a substantial additional carried interest. In addition, drilling costs for the well have increased significantly beyond those originally anticipated.

Pioneer EG and the other parties in Block H have been evaluating the effect of the new hydrocarbons law and the increased well costs, but have been unable to reach an agreement as to the parties' obligations. Pioneer EG has asserted that it does not have an obligation under the circumstances to fund its share of the costs or its carried share of the other parties' costs of drilling a well on the block. The view of the other parties is that Pioneer EG does not have the right to prevent the drilling of the well or to refuse to pay its share of the costs thereof. ROC EG, Atlas and Osborne have also notified Pioneer EG that they reserve the right to claim damages if the underlying production sharing contract is terminated by Equatorial Guinea.

The parties have consolidated their respective claims under the joint operating agreement and the farm-in agreements into a single arbitration to be conducted in London, England during 2008. Pioneer EG intends vigorously to assert its position in the arbitration. The Company cannot predict whether the outcome of this proceeding will negatively impact the Company's liquidity, financial position or future results of operations.

Environmental Protection Agency Investigation. On November 4, 2005, the Company learned from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency that the agency was conducting a criminal investigation into a 2003 spill that occurred at a Company-operated drilling rig located on an ice island offshore Harrison Bay, Alaska. The investigation is being conducted in conjunction with the U.S. Attorney's Office for the District of Alaska. The spill was previously investigated by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation ("ADEC") and, following completion of a clean up, the ADEC issued a letter stating its determination that, at that time, the site did not pose a threat to human health, safety or welfare, or the environment. The Company is fully cooperating with the government's investigation. The Company cannot predict whether this investigation will negatively impact the Company's liquidity, financial position or future results of operations.

Argentine obligations. In April 2006, the Company provided the purchaser of its Argentine assets certain indemnifications. The Company remains responsible for certain contingent liabilities related to such indemnifications, subject to defined limitations. The Company does not believe that these obligations, which primarily pertain to matters of litigation, environmental contingencies, royalty obligations and income taxes, are probable of having a material impact on its liquidity, financial position or future results of operations.

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NOTE J. Income Per Share From Continuing Operations

Basic income per share from continuing operations is computed by dividing income from continuing operations by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. The computation of diluted income per share from continuing operations reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock that are dilutive to income from continuing operations were exercised or converted into common stock or resulted in the issuance of common stock that would then share in the earnings of the Company.

The following table is a reconciliation of basic weighted average common shares outstanding to diluted weighted average common shares outstanding for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Endo September 30,	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
	(in thousar	nds)		
Weighted average common shares outstanding (a):				
Basic	120,323	124,021	121,020	125,520
Dilutive common stock options (b)	408	697	453	816
Restricted stock awards	1,074	1,135	992	954
Contingently issuable - performance shares (c)			31	_
Convertible notes dilution (d)	_	881	_	1,844
Diluted	121,805	126,734	122,496	129,134

⁽a) In 2007, the Company's board of directors ("Board") approved a \$750 million share repurchase program. During the first three quarters of 2007, the Company purchased \$207.8 million of common stock pursuant to the 2007 program.

⁽b) Common stock options to purchase 1,984 shares were outstanding but not included in the computations of diluted income per share from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 because the exercise prices of the options were greater than the average market price of the common shares and would be anti-dilutive to the computations.

⁽c) During 2007, a target amount of 145,820 performance units were awarded of which amount 1,861 performance units have since been forfeited and cancelled and 143,959 remain outstanding. At September 30, 2007, based on the performance criteria met, the Company included 30,506 of performance units in weighted average shares outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2007.

⁽d) The Company had \$27 million principal amounts of convertible notes outstanding on September 30, 2006, which were converted during the fourth quarter of 2006.

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NOTE K. Geographic Operating Segment Information

The Company has operations in only one industry segment, that being the oil and gas exploration and production industry; however, the Company is organizationally structured along geographic operating segments or regions. The Company has reportable operations in the United States, South Africa, Tunisia and Other. Other is primarily comprised of operations in Equatorial Guinea and Nigeria.

As previously referred to in Note B, during 2006, the Company sold its Argentine assets and certain United States oil and gas properties having carrying values, including net deferred hedge losses, of \$658.7 million and \$430.8 million, respectively. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its Canadian assets. As of September 30, 2007, the Company has classified the assets and liabilities associated with the Canadian assets as held for sale in accordance with SFAS 144. The results of operations for all these completed or planned transactions have been reclassified to discontinued operations in accordance with SFAS 144 and are excluded from the geographic operating segment information provided below. See Note Q for information regarding the Company's discontinued operations.

The following tables provide the Company's interim geographic operating segment data for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006. Geographic operating segment income tax (provisions) benefits have been determined based on statutory rates existing in the various tax jurisdictions where the Company has oil and gas producing activities. The "Headquarters" table column includes income and expenses that are not routinely included in the earnings measures internally reported to management on a geographic operating segment basis.

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	United States (in thousan	South Africa ds)	Tunisia	Other	Headquarters	Consolidated Total
Three months ended September 30, 2007:						
Revenues and other income:						
Oil and gas	\$ 411,349	\$ 17,330	\$ 30,219	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 458,898
Interest and other	_	_		_	30,991	30,991
Loss on disposition of assets, net		_		_	558	558
	411,349	17,330	30,219	_	31,549	490,447
Costs and expenses:						
Oil and gas production	105,176	6,252	2,126	_		113,554
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	102,463	1,386	2,662	_	7,368	113,879
Impairment of long-lived assets		_		(2,582) —	(2,582)
Exploration and abandonments	31,801	37	1,120	1,539	1	34,498
General and administrative	_	_		_	32,330	32,330
Accretion of discount on asset						
retirement obligations	_	_	_	_	1,702	1,702
Interest	_	_	_	_	35,476	35,476
Hurricane activity, net	110	_	_	_	_	110
Other	_	_	_	_	7,513	7,513
	239,550	7,675	5,908	(1,043) 84,390	336,480
Income (loss) from continuing operations before	4=4=00			1 0 10	/ = 2 0.44	
income taxes Income tax benefit (provision)	171,799	9,655	24,311	1,043	(52,841) 153,967
Income (loss) from continuing operations	(63,566) (14,662	<i>'</i>	20,080	(60,948)
fricome (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 108,233	\$ 6,855	\$ 9,649	\$ 1,043	\$ (32,761) \$ 93,019
Three months ended September 30, 2006:						
Revenues and other income:						
Oil and gas	\$ 346,294	\$ 22,844	\$ 14,974	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 384,112
Interest and other	_	_	_	_	14,017	14,017
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets, net	(601) —	_		165	(436)
	345,693	22,844	14,974	_	14,182	397,693
Costs and expenses:						
Oil and gas production	83,906	2,197	2,584	_	_	88,687
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	74,269	1,384	861	_	6,048	82,562
Exploration and abandonments	32,457	33	3,040	5,476		41,006
General and administrative	_	_		_	29,262	29,262
Accretion of discount on asset		_		_	940	940

retirement obligations						
Interest	_	_	_		23,467	23,467
Other	_	_	_	_	14,001	14,001
	190,632	3,614	6,485	5,476	73,718	279,925
Income (loss) from continuing operations before						
income taxes	155,061	19,230	8,489	(5,476)	(59,536)	117,768
Income tax benefit (provision)	(56,597)	(5,769)	(5,207)	2,738	25,564	(39,271)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 98,464	\$ 13,461	\$ 3,282	\$ (2,738) \$	(33,972)	\$ 78,497

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Nine months Ended September 30, 2007:	United States (in thousands	South Africa	Tunisia	Other	Headquarters	Consolidated Total
Revenues and other income:						
Oil and gas	\$ 1,102,795	\$ 50,064	\$ 79,413	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,232,272
Interest and other		_		_	71,051	71,051
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets, net	904	_		_	(1,764) (860)
	1,103,699	50,064	79,413		69,287	1,302,463
Costs and expenses:						
Oil and gas production	284,370	17,564	6,446		_	308,380
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	249,023	3,961	6,726	_	21,217	280,927
Impairment of long-lived assets	5,687	_	_	9,622	_	15,309
Exploration and abandonments	129,183	128	9,304	31,528	_	170,143
General and administrative		_	_	_	94,304	94,304
Accretion of discount of asset retirement						
obligations	_	_	_	_	5,025	5,025
Interest			_	_	94,432	94,432
Hurricane activity, net	60,658		_	_	_	60,658
Other	_	_	_	_	23,478	23,478
	728,921	21,653	22,476	41,150	238,456	1,052,656
Income (loss) from continuing operations						
before income taxes	374,778	28,411	56,937	(41,150) (169,169) 249,807
Income tax benefit (provision)	(138,668)) (35,011) —	89,737	(92,181)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 236,110	\$ 20,172	\$ 21,926	\$ (41,150) \$ (79,432) \$ 157,626
Nine months Ended September 30, 2006: Revenues and other income:						
Oil and gas	\$ 987,387	\$ 78,701	\$ 42,546	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,108,634
Interest and other	_	_	_		33,576	33,576
Loss on disposition of assets, net	(451) —	_	_	(3,539) (3,990)
	986,936	78,701	42,546	_	30,037	1,138,220
Costs and expenses:						
Oil and gas production	245,366	15,876	3,499		_	264,741
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	205,190	7,668	3,012		17,399	233,269
Exploration and abandonments	139,072	163	9,294	52,139	(41,997) 158,671
General and administrative	_	_	_	_	88,466	88,466

Accretion of discount on asset retirement								
obligations	_	_	_		2,	793	2,793	
Interest	_		_	_	82	2,857	82,857	
Hurricane activity, net	38,000		_	_		_	38,000	
Other		_	_		31	1,208	31,208	
	627,628	23,707	15,805	52,139	18	30,726	900,005	
Income (loss) from continuing operations								
	250 200	54.004	26.741	(52.120	\ (1	50 (00)	220 215	
before income taxes	359,308	54,994	26,741	(52,139) (1	50,689)	238,215	
Income tax benefit (provision)	(131,147)	(16,498) (16,542) 26,070	24	4,151	(113,966)
Income (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 228,161	\$ 38,496	\$ 10,199	\$ (26,069) \$ (1	26,538) \$	124,249	

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	September 30, 2007	December 31, 2006
Segment Assets:	(in thousands)	
United States	\$ 7,314,903	\$ 6,395,046
Canada (assets held for sale at September 30, 2007)	670,026	547,012
Argentina	18,169	2,444
South Africa	188,428	176,789
Tunisia	156,871	72,142
West Africa	11,983	41,238
Headquarters	193,204	120,728
Total consolidated assets	\$ 8,553,584	\$ 7,355,399

NOTE L. Volumetric Production Payments

During 2005, the Company sold 27.8 MMBOE of proved reserves by means of three VPP agreements for net proceeds of \$892.6 million, including the assignment of the Company's obligations under certain derivative hedge agreements. Proceeds from the VPP's were initially used to reduce outstanding indebtedness. The first VPP sold 58 Bcf of gas volumes over an expected five-year term that began in February 2005. The second VPP sold 10.8 MMBbls of oil volumes over an expected seven-year term that began in January 2006. The third VPP sold 6.0 Bcf of gas volumes over an expected 32-month term that began in May 2005 and 6.2 MMBbls of oil volumes over an expected five-year term that began in January 2006.

The Company's VPP's represent limited-term overriding royalty interests in oil and gas reserves that: (i) entitle the purchaser to receive production volumes over a period of time from specific lease interests; (ii) do not bear future production costs and capital expenditures associated with the reserves; (iii) are nonrecourse to the Company (i.e., the purchaser's only recourse is to the reserves acquired); (iv) transfer title of the reserves to the purchaser; and (v) allow the Company to retain the remaining reserves after the VPP's volumetric quantities have been delivered.

Under SFAS No. 19, "Financial Accounting and Reporting by Oil and Gas Producing Companies," a VPP is considered a sale of proved reserves. As a result, the Company (i) removed the proved reserves associated with the VPP's; (ii) recognized the VPP proceeds as deferred revenue which are being amortized on a unit-of-production basis to oil and gas revenues over the terms of the VPP's; (iii) retained responsibility for 100 percent of the production costs and capital costs related to VPP interests; and (iv) no longer recognizes production associated with the VPP volumes.

The following table provides information about the deferred revenue carrying values of the Company's VPP's:

	Gas (in thousands)	Oil	Total
Deferred revenue at December 31, 2006 Less: 2007 amortization	\$ 175,088 (53,611)	\$ 489,423 (82,323)	\$ 664,511 (135,934)
Deferred revenue at September 30, 2007	\$ 121.477	\$ 407.100	\$ 528,577

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The above deferred revenue amounts will be recognized in oil and gas revenues in the Consolidated Statements of Operations as noted below, assuming the related VPP production volumes are delivered as scheduled (in thousands):

Remaining 2007	\$ 45,297
2008	158,139
2009	147,905
2010	90,215
2011	44,951
2012	42,070
	\$ 528,577

NOTE M. Interest and Other Income

The following table provides the components of the Company's interest and other income:

	Three Mont	hs End	ded	Nine Months	Ende	ed
	September 3	80,		September 30),	
	2007 (in thousand		2006	2007	20	006
Alaskan Petroleum Production Tax credits (a)	\$ 28,329	9	\$ —	\$ 53,329	\$	_
Alaskan Exploration Incentive Tax credits			5,570	<u> </u>		5,570
Royalty obligation credit	_		_	4,816		_
Sales and other tax refunds	_			3,704		25
Minority interest in subsidiary net loss (see Note B)	326		742	2,778		4,370
Interest income	422		5,495	1,806		12,067
Sale of marketable securities	1,749		_	1,749		_
Other income	508		1,325	1,560		3,071
Deferred compensation plan income	144		111	1,026		629
Foreign currency remeasurement and exchange gains (b)	(487)	774	283		2,067
Business interruption insurance claim	<u> </u>			_		3,647

Bad debt recoveries	_	_		2,130
Total interest and other income	\$ 30,991	\$ 14,017	\$ 71,051	\$ 33,576

⁽a) The Company earns Alaskan Petroleum Production Tax ("PPT") credits on qualifying capital expenditures. During 2007, the Company received a \$25.0 million refund from the State of Alaska for a portion of its PPT credits and sold PPT credits for \$28.3 million to a third party. The Company recognizes income from PPT credits at the time they are realized through a cash refund or sale.

⁽b) The Company's operations in Argentina, Canada and Africa periodically recognize monetary assets and liabilities in currencies other than their functional currencies. Associated therewith, the Company realizes foreign currency remeasurement and transaction gains and losses.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

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September 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

NOTE N. Insurance Claims

During August and September 2005, the Company sustained damages as a result of Hurricanes Katrina and Rita at various facilities in the Gulf of Mexico. Other than the East Cameron facility discussed further below, the damages to the facilities were covered by physical damage insurance.

The Company filed a business interruption claim with its insurance provider related to its Devils Tower field resulting from its inability to sell production as a result of damages to third-party facilities. During 2006, the Company settled its business interruption claim with its insurance provider for \$18.5 million, of which none was recognized in the first three quarters of 2006.

As a result of Hurricane Rita, the Company's East Cameron facility, located on the Gulf of Mexico shelf, was destroyed. In January 2007, the operations to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility began and the Company expects to incur a substantial portion of the reclamation and abandonment costs in 2007. The Company currently estimates that it will cost approximately \$185 million to \$217 million to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility; however, at this point no better estimate than any other amount within the range can be determined, thus the Company has recorded the estimated provision of \$185 million.. The estimate to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility is based upon an analysis prepared by a third-party engineering firm for the majority of the work, an estimate by the Company for the remaining work that was not covered by the third-party analysis and actual abandonment activity to date. The estimate to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility contains a number of assumptions that could cause the ultimate cost to be higher or lower as there are many uncertainties when working offshore and underwater with damaged equipment and wellbores. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007 and the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company recorded additional abandonment obligation charges of \$66.0 million (\$47.0 million recorded during the second quarter of 2007) and \$75.0 million (\$42.0 million recorded during the first three quarters of 2006), respectively.

The Company has filed a claim with its insurance providers regarding the loss at East Cameron. Under the Company's insurance policies, the East Cameron facility had the following coverages: (a) \$14 million of scheduled property value for the platform, (b) \$4 million of scheduled business interruption insurance after a deductible waiting period, (c) \$100 million of well restoration and safety, in total, for all assets per occurrence and (d) \$400 million for debris removal coverage for all assets per occurrence.

In December 2005, the Company received the \$14 million of scheduled property value for the East Cameron assets and recognized a gain of \$9.7 million associated therewith. The Company received the \$4 million of business interruption recoveries in the first quarter of 2006, which is reflected in hurricane activity, net, in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. During the fourth quarter of 2006, the Company recorded estimated insurance recoveries of \$43 million, which is reflected in other current assets in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2007 and December 31, 2006, related to the estimated costs for the known debris removal portion of the claim as the Company believes that it is probable that it will be successful in asserting coverage under the debris removal part of its insurance coverage. During the first nine months of 2007, the Company recognized approximately \$5 million of insurance recoveries for debris removal that were not related to the previously discussed recovery, which is reflected in hurricane activity, net, in the Consolidated Statement of Operations. No recoveries have

been reflected related to the well restoration and safety coverages as the Company is working to resolve certain issues regarding coverage under this section of the insurance policies. In the third quarter of 2007, the Company commenced legal actions against certain of its insurance carriers regarding policy coverage issues. However, the Company continues to expect that a substantial portion of the loss will be recoverable from insurance.

NOTE O. Canadian Divestiture

In August 2007, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement for the sale of all of the common stock in its Canadian subsidiary for \$540 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. All necessary regulatory approvals have been obtained, except for the purchaser's approval under the Investment Canada Act. The Company expects the transaction to close during the fourth quarter of 2007 and associated therewith excepts to recognize a gain on the sale in excess of \$85 million which will be reflected in discontinued operations.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

NOTE P. Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Nigerian impairment. In June 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to divest its interest in a subsidiary (owned 59 percent by the Company, the "Nigeria Subsidiary") that held an interest in the deepwater Nigerian Block 320. The agreement was subject to governmental approval. The governmental approval was not obtained by the deadline and as a result, Pioneer terminated the agreement. Based on the terms of the agreement, which established the Company's estimate of fair value, the Company recorded a \$12.2 million impairment charge in the second quarter of 2007 to reduce the net basis to the estimated fair value. Also, as a result of due diligence efforts that emerged as part of the Company's compliance efforts, and with assistance from outside counsel, the Company determined that it could not, consistent with its legal obligations, fund or approve future operations in connection with Block 320. As a result, during the third quarter of 2007 the Company engaged in a process to withdraw from the production sharing contract relating to Block 320 and related agreements. As a part of this process the Company disposed of its shares in the Nigeria Subsidiary to an unaffiliated third party. As a result, the Company no longer owns any interest in the Nigeria Subsidiary or Block 320 and iwll not fund or participate in any future operations in connection with Blcok 320, and associated therewith the Company recorded a reduction of \$2.6 million to the previous impairment charge.

United States impairment. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recorded a \$5.7 million impairment provision to reduce the carrying values of certain proved oil and gas properties located in Louisiana. The impairment provision was determined in accordance with SFAS 144, and reduced the carrying values of the assets to their estimated fair value.

NOTE Q. Discontinued Operations

During 2006 and 2007, the Company sold or has an agreement to sell its interests in the following oil and gas assets:

Country	Description of Assets	Date Divested	Net Proceeds (in millions)	Ga	in
United States	Deepwater Gulf of Mexico fields	March 2006	\$ 1,156.9 (a)	\$	726.1
Argentina	Argentine assets	April 2006	\$ 669.6	\$	10.9
Canada	Canadian Assets	(b)			

⁽a) Net proceeds do not reflect the cash payment by the Company of \$164.3 million for terminated hedges associated with the deepwater Gulf of Mexico assets.

(b) Closing expected in the fourth quarter of 2007.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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(Unaudited)

Pursuant to SFAS 144, the Company has reflected the results of operations of the above transactions as discontinued operations, rather than as a component of continuing operations. The following table represents the components of the Company's discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

		ee Montl Septemb	hs Ended er 30,				hs Ended ber 30,			
	2007	_	2006	2	007		006			
	(in thou	sands)								
Revenues and other income:										
Oil and gas	\$ 34,730) \$	33,682	\$	111,616	\$	295,875			
Interest and other	(1,039)	3,171		698		27,722			
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets (a)	(808))	2,719		(1,096)	735,580			
	32,883	3	39,572		111,218		1,059,177			
Costs and expenses:										
Oil and gas production	14,121	1	14,305		44,228		67,241			
Depletion, depreciation and amortization (a)	5,433		12,727		34,502		69,737			
Exploration and abandonments (a)	1,680		2,917		12,196		12,908			
General and administrative	2,027		1,257		5,860		16,545			
Accretion of discount on asset retirement obligations (a)	516		228		1,396		1,481			
Interest	53		119		94		531			
Other	1,837		5,017		922		6,334			
	25,667	7	36,570		99,198		174,777			
Income from discontinued operations before income taxes	7,216		3,002		12,020		884,400			
Income tax benefit (provision):										
Current	(340)	(412)	(5,029)	(155,484)		
Deferred (a)	2,032		(288)	3,383		(141,120)		
Income from discontinued operations	\$ 8,908	\$	\$ 2,302	\$	10,374	\$	587,796			

⁽a) Represents the significant noncash components of discontinued operation. Included in exploration and abandonments is approximately \$0.4 million and \$5.0 million of cash related costs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and \$1.9 million and \$3.3 million for the same respective periods of 2006.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2007

(Unaudited)

At September 30, 2007, the Canadian assets and liabilities included in discontinued operations held for sale and associated accumulated other comprehensive income components were comprised of the following (in thousands):

Assets included in discontinued operations neid for sale:	
Current assets, including cash and cash equivalents of \$7.7 million	\$ 30,807
Property, plant and equipment, net	637,336
Other assets, net	1,883
Total assets	\$ 670,026
Liabilities included in discontinued operations held for sale:	
Current liabilities	\$ 21,479
Deferred tax liabilities	52,288
Other liabilities	30,815
Total liabilities	\$ 104,582
Accumulated other comprehensive income:	
Deferred hedge gains, net of tax	\$ 11,822
Cumulative translation adjustment	131,278
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	\$ 143,100

At September 30, 2007, the net investment, based on the above table, in the Company's Canadian assets is approximately \$422 million. The Company expects to recognize a gain in excess of \$85 million on the sale of the Canadian assets, which will be reflected in discontinued operations.

NOTE R. Pioneer Southwest Energy Partners L.P. Initial Public Offering

Accests included in discontinued energtions held for sole

In July 2007, Pioneer Southwest Energy Partners L.P. ("Pioneer Southwest"), a subsidiary of the Company, filed a preliminary registration statement (subject to completion) with the SEC to sell limited partner interests. Pioneer Southwest will own interests in certain oil and gas properties currently owned by the Company in the Spraberry field in the Permian Basin of West Texas. Pioneer Southwest expects to sell 45.4 percent (before underwriters' over-allotment option) of its limited partner interests to the public. The Company expects to close the offering of the limited partner interests in the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company expects that it will consolidate Pioneer Southwest into its financial statements and reflect the public ownership as minority interest.

In October 2007, Pioneer Southwest entered into a \$300 million unsecured revolving credit facility ("PSE Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks which will mature five years following the closing of the offering of the limited partner interests in Pioneer Southwest. The closing of the public offering of Pioneer Southwest's limited partner interests is a condition to the obligation of the lenders to make loans under the PSE Credit Agreement.

The PSE Credit Agreement contains certain financial covenants applicable to Pioneer Southwest, which include (i) the maintenance of a maximum debt to EBITDAX leverage ratio of not more than 3.5 to 1.0, (ii) an interest coverage ratio (representing a ratio of EBITDAX to interest expense) of not less than 2.5 to 1.0 and (iii) the maintenance of a ratio of the net present value of Pioneer Southwest's oil and gas assets to total debt of at least 1.75 to 1.0. Because of the net present value covenant, borrowings under the PSE Credit Agreement are expected to be initially limited to approximately \$150 million.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Financial and Operating Performance

The Company's financial and operating performance for the third quarter of 2007 included the following highlights:

- The recognition of third quarter 2007 net income of \$101.9 million (\$.84 per diluted share), as compared to \$80.8 million (\$.64 per diluted share) for the third quarter of 2006.
- Net cash provided by operating activities was \$190.6 million in the third quarter of 2007, as compared to \$179.8 million in the comparable
 quarter of 2006. The increase in 2007, as compared to 2006, is primarily due to increased sales volumes along with increased NGL and gas
 prices realized.
- Repurchase of 3.7 million shares of common stock at an aggregate cost of \$160.1 million under the Company's share repurchase program at an average price per share of \$43.14.
- Entry into an agreement to sell the Company's Canadian assets for cash proceeds of \$540 million, subject to normal closing adjustments.
- Announced an agreement to acquire assets in the Raton field for \$205 million, subject to normal closing adjustments.
- Entry into an agreement pursuant to which the Company has the option to purchase an additional 22 percent interest in the Spraberry Midkiff-Benedum gas processing plant for \$230 million, subject to normal closing adjustments.

Recent Events

Master Limited Partnership IPO. During the third quarter of 2007, Pioneer Southwest Energy Partners L.P. ("Pioneer Southwest"), a subsidiary of the Company, filed a preliminary registration statement (subject to completion) with the SEC to sell limited partner interests. Pioneer Southwest will own interests in certain oil and gas properties currently owned by the Company in the Spraberry field in the Permian Basin of West Texas. Pioneer Southwest expects to sell 45.4 percent (before underwriters' over-allotment option) of its limited partner interests to the public. The Company expects to close the offering of the limited partner interests in the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company expects that it will consolidate Pioneer Southwest into its financial statements and reflect the public ownership as minority interest.

In October 2007, Pioneer Southwest entered into a \$300 million unsecured revolving credit facility ("PSE Credit Agreement") with a syndicate of banks which will mature 5 years following the closing of the offering of the limited partner interests in Pioneer Southwest. The closing of the public offering of Pioneer Southwest's limited partner interests is a condition to the obligation of the lenders to make loans under the PSE Credit Agreement.

The PSE Credit Agreement contains certain financial covenants applicable to Pioneer Southwest, which include (i) the maintenance of a maximum leverage ratio of not more than 3.5 to 1.0, (ii) an interest coverage ratio (representing a ratio of EBITDAX to interest expense) of not less than 2.5 to 1.0 and (iii) the maintenance of a ratio of the net present value of Pioneer Southwest's oil and gas assets to total debt of at least 1.75 to 1.0. Because of the net present value covenant, borrowings under the PSE Credit Agreement are expected to be initially limited to approximately \$150 million.

This Report on Form 10-Q shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any securities. Any offers, solicitations of offers to buy, or any sales of securities will only be made in accordance with the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933 or an exemption therefrom.

Share Repurchase Program. The Board has approved a share repurchase program for \$750 million of the Company's common stock. Through September 30, 2007, the Company had repurchased approximately \$207.8 million of common stock under this program.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

Fourth Quarter 2007 Outlook

Based on current estimates, the Company expects that fourth quarter 2007 production will average 101,000 to 106,000 BOEPD, excluding production from Canadian properties, which are classified as discontinued operations pending their expected divestiture during the fourth quarter of 2007 (see Note O of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the anticipated divestiture of the Company's Canadian assets). The lower end of the range primarily reflects the typical variability in the timing of oil cargo shipments in South Africa and Tunisia.

Fourth quarter production costs (including production and ad valorem taxes and transportation costs) are expected to average \$11.75 to \$12.75 per BOE based on current NYMEX strip prices for oil and gas. Depletion, depreciation and amortization ("DD&A") expense is expected to average \$10.50 to \$11.50 per BOE.

Total exploration and abandonment expense is expected to be \$40 million to \$70 million and could include up to \$45 million from activities in the Company's resource plays and associated acreage costs, primarily in the Edwards Trend in South Texas, Uinta/Piceance in the Rockies area and Tunisia, and \$25 million in seismic investments, personnel costs and other costs.

General and administrative expense is expected to be \$30 million to \$34 million. Interest expense is expected to be \$38 million to \$42 million as a result of increased borrowings during the first nine months of 2007 to fund the front-end loaded 2007 capital program and a reduction in capitalized interest associated with the start-up of the South Coast Gas project. Accretion of discount on asset retirement obligations is expected to be \$2 million to \$3 million.

The Company's fourth quarter 2007 effective income tax rate is expected to range from 40 percent to 45 percent based on current capital spending plans and cash taxes are estimated to be \$5 million to \$10 million, primarily related to Tunisia.

Acquisitions, Divestments, Operations and Drilling Highlights

The Company's 2007 capital budget is \$1.45 billion, excluding acquisitions, effects of asset retirement obligations, capitalized interest and geological and geophysical administrative costs. During the first nine months of 2007, the Company spent approximately \$1.28 billion of its capital budget. The 2007 capital budget was front-end loaded with expenditures to progress the Company's large development projects (the South Coast Gas project in South Africa and the Oooguruk field development on the North Slope of Alaska), drill high-impact exploration projects in Alaska and Nigeria and to drill winter-access areas in Canada.

The Company's cash flow from operating activities will not be sufficient to fund the 2007 capital budget. However, the Company believes that borrowings under its credit facility, proceeds from the IPO of Pioneer Southwest, cash flows from operating activities and proceeds from asset

dispositions will be sufficient to fund the 2007 capital program.

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

The following table summarizes by geographic area the Company's finding and development costs incurred during the first nine months of 2007:

	Acquisition	Costs	Exploration	Development	Asset Retirement	
	Proved	Unproved	Costs	Costs	Obligations	Total
	(in thousand	ds)				
United States:						
Permian Basin	\$ 3,204	\$ 18,453	\$ 26,691	\$ 304,683	\$ 198	\$ 353,229
Mid-Continent	283	_	16	15,190	_	15,489
Rocky Mountains	803	1,507	49,173	141,608	513	193,604
Gulf of Mexico	_	13	1,374	2,029	2,340	5,756
Onshore Gulf Coast	5,509	5,964	106,264	118,207	224	236,168
Barnett Shale	5,462	35,195	9,194		24	49,875
Alaska		1,555	44,545	204,584	279	250,963
	15,261	62,687	237,257	786,301	3,578	1,105,084
Canada	82	3,620	28,836	62,556	1,134	96,228
South Africa	_		128	109,133	2,391	111,652
Tunisia	_	1,081	77,890	6,783	1,087	86,841
Other	_	_	6,409		_	6,409
West Africa:						
Equatorial Guinea	_	_	620		_	620
Nigeria		_	18,142		_	18,142
	82	4,701	132,025	178,472	4,612	319,892
Total Worldwide	\$ 15,343	\$ 67,388	\$ 369,282	\$ 964,773	\$ 8,190	\$ 1,424,976

The following table summarizes the Company's development and exploration/extension drilling activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007:

	Development Drilling									
	Beginning Wells	0 0		Unsuccessful	Ending Wells					
	in Progress	Spud	Wells	Wells	in Progress					
United States	18	472	475	_	15					
Canada	3	_	1	1	1					
South Africa	2	1	3							
Total Worldwide	23	473	479	1	16					

	Exploration/Extension Drilling									
	Beginning Wells	Wells	Successful	Unsuccessful	Ending Wells					
	in Progress	gress Spud		Wells	in Progress					
United States	21	36	23	4	30					
Canada	16	17	7	6	20					
Tunisia	5	9	4	2	8					
West Africa - Nigeria		1		1						
Total Worldwide	42	63	34	13	58					

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

Permian Basin area. The Company expects to drill approximately 350 wells in 2007, principally in the Spraberry field. The majority of these Spraberry wells are being drilled deeper to add Wolfcamp formations which provides incremental production and proved reserves at attractive economics. The Company is also continuing to pursue acreage expansion opportunities and bolt-on acquisitions in the area.

In July 2007, the Company entered into an agreement under which the Company has the option to purchase an additional 22 percent interest in the Spraberry Midkiff-Benedum gas processing system for \$230 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. The additional 22 percent can be purchased in increments in 2008 and 2009 and, if exercised, will increase the Company's interest in the system to 49 percent. In conjunction with this transaction, the Company extended its percent of proceeds ("POP") contract with the plant to 2022 and negotiated incremental increases in the Company's POP beginning in 2009.

During July 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire an interest in approximately 44,000 gross acres in the Spraberry field in West Texas for \$90 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. Pioneer will operate the acquired properties. The acquisition is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2007. Currently, proved reserves associated with the acquisition are approximately 15 MMBOE and production is currently averaging 700 BOEPD. The Company estimates that the acquisition provides more than 600 potential drilling locations utilizing 40-acre spacing.

Mid-Continent area. The Company continues to pursue field enhancement alternatives to optimize production in the area. In the Hugoton field, the Company has received regulatory approval to commingle production from the Panoma and Council Grove formations. A commingling pilot program has been initiated and the Company is monitoring its production performance. Pioneer has received regulatory relief in the West Panhandle field to allow for additional future drilling locations.

Rocky Mountains area. Pioneer expects approximately 300 wells to be completed and placed on production in the Raton field during 2007. Production is increasing as a result of a successful drilling program plus additional field and wellhead compression. The Company is also enhancing its gathering and compression facilities in the area during 2007.

In July 2007, the Company entered into an agreement to acquire an interest in approximately 30,000 net acres in the Raton Basin for \$205 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. The acquired interest has approximately 95 Bcf of proved reserves and has current production of approximately 10 MMcfpd. The acquisition is expected to close in the fourth quarter of 2007.

In northwest Colorado, the Company's programs to evaluate the CBM resource potential at Lay Creek and Columbine Springs are progressing. If the pilot projects are successful in producing commercial quantities of gas, full field development could begin in 2008.

In general, industry drilling success in the Rockies area has created more supply than can be transported by the current available pipeline infrastructure. As a result, gas prices in the region have experienced greater volatility and at the end of the third quarter of 2007 spot gas prices for the area were approximately \$.60 per MMBtu. As a result of the extremely low gas prices during September and October of 2007, the

Company shut-in approximately 5,000 to 6,000 MMcfpd of gas production in the Uinta/Piceance area. As discussed in Note F of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements", the Company entered into derivative commodity swap contracts for 5,000 MMBtu per day at \$3.88 per MMBtu for November 2007 and December 2007, related to the Company's Uinta/Piceance gas so that it would be economic to produce the gas. Additional pipeline capacity is expected during the first quarter of 2008 with the addition of the Rockies Express pipeline, which should alleviate the capacity constraints, allowing more gas to reach consumer markets and improved price levels. Prices have already rebounded in the area since September 30, 2007 and the Company believes that gas prices will continue to improve as a result of the Rockies Express pipeline being in service.

Gulf of Mexico area. During March 2006, the Company sold its interests in certain oil and gas properties in the deepwater Gulf of Mexico for net proceeds of \$1.2 billion, resulting in a gain of \$726.1 million.

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During 2006, the Company drilled two successful Clipper appraisal wells. The Company is currently evaluating subsea tie-back options to third-party production handling facilities in the area. Pioneer operates the Clipper discovery with a 55 percent working interest.

As a result of Hurricane Rita, the Company's East Cameron facility, located on the Gulf of Mexico shelf, was destroyed. In January 2007, the operations to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility began and the Company expects to incur a substantial portion of the reclamation and abandonment costs in 2007. During the second quarter of 2007, the Company increased the estimated cost to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility by \$47.0 million to an aggregate estimated cost of \$185 million. The estimate to reclaim and abandon the East Cameron facility is based upon an analysis prepared by a third-party engineering firm for the majority of the work, an estimate by the Company for the remaining work that was not covered by the third-party analysis and actual abandonment activity to date. (See Note N of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for additional information on the East Cameron 322 facility.

Onshore Gulf Coast area. The Company expects to drill approximately 35 wells in the Edwards Trend during 2007. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company had two new field discoveries in the Edwards Trend, increasing new field discoveries in the Edwards expansion area to eight. The Company continues to add the infrastructure, primarily gas treating capacity and pipeline systems, related to its discoveries and development activity in the trend.

In the Edwards Trend, the Company also continues its shooting and interpretation of approximately 900 square miles of 3-D seismic data over its new field discoveries. The seismic data will allow the Company to more accurately locate and orient the horizontal wells for optimal results.

In the Pawnee field in South Texas, the Company is continuing its new fracture stimulation procedures on the existing wells. The results to date have shown increased production rates and the Company believes the procedure is increasing the recoverable reserves from the wells.

In Mississippi, the Company drilled two successful Cotton Valley wells in the Bolton field and installed a gas treating facility to process the gas. The Company is permitting for a 3-D seismic shoot in 2008 for the Bolton field to better define the resource potential and future drilling plans.

Barnett Shale. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company participated in the drilling of five successful exploration wells on its approximate 13,000 gross acres in the Barnett Shale play that it acquired in the second quarter of 2007.

In November 2007, the Company agreed to acquire an interest in approximately 74,000 gross acres in the Barnett Shale play for \$150 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. The acquisition is expected to close during the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company estimates proved reserves on the acreage to be approximately 81 BCFE. The acreage being acquired contains more than 300 potential drilling locations, with most locations covered by 3-D seismic data. Currently, the production from the properties is averaging approximately 15 MMcfpd.

This acquisition will bring the Company's total holdings in the Barnett Shale play to approximately 87,000 gross acres, with more than 450 potential drilling locations.

Alaska area. On the Oooguruk project, the subsea flowline and production facilities to carry produced liquids to existing onshore processing facilities at the Kuparuk River Unit have been installed. Pioneer has currently assembled the drilling rig on location and plans to commence drilling approximately 40 horizontal wells to develop the discovery in December of 2007. The Company estimates first production will occur during the first half of 2008 and first sales will occur mid-year 2008.

In 2005, the Company acquired an interest in the Cosmopolitan Unit in the Cook Inlet of Alaska. Through a series of transactions, the Company now owns 100 percent of the Cosmopolitan Unit. The previous operator of the Cosmopolitan Unit had an oil discovery for which economic viability was not determined. During 2005 and 2006, the Company completed and interpreted a 3-D seismic shoot. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company

PIONEER NATURAL RESOURCES COMPANY

commenced a sidetrack from an existing wellbore and is horizontally drilling an appraisal well from an onshore site. The Company plans to evaluate the results of the well and a planned extended production test to determine its go forward plans for the Cosmopolitan Unit during 2008.

During the 2006-2007 winter drilling season, the Company participated in drilling two exploratory wells in the National Petroleum Reserve - Alaska area, both of which were noncommercial.

Canada. In August 2007, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement for the sale of all of the Company's common stock in its Canadian subsidiary for \$540 million, subject to normal closing adjustments. All necessary regulatory approvals have been obtained, except for the purchaser's approval under the Investment Canada Act. The Company expects the transaction to close during the fourth quarter of 2007 and associated therewith expects to recognize a gain on the sale in excess of \$85 million which will be reflected in discontinued operations.

South Africa. First production from the Company's South Coast Gas project commenced late in the third quarter of 2007 from four wells and sales will commence in the fourth quarter of 2007. Production is expected to average approximately 15 to 20 MMcfpd during the fourth quarter of 2007, including production from one additional well which is expected to begin producing by the end of 2007. The Company continues to re-inject gas in the Sable field while it produces the oil from the field. However, the Company is evaluating the possibility of concurrently producing the Sable field oil and gas into the South Coast Gas facilities.

Tunisia. In the Adam Concession, the Company has drilled two discoveries and two successful appraisal wells in 2007. All four of the wells are currently on production and the Company plans to drill one additional well in the fourth quarter of 2007.

On the Jenein Nord exploration permit, the Company has drilled seven discoveries and plans to drill two additional exploration wells during the fourth quarter of 2007. The Company is constructing the production facilities and has applied for a production concession. Production is expected to commence in the fourth quarter of 2007, with first sales expected in early 2008.

The Company's Anaguid exploration permit is located immediately north of the Jenein Nord exploration permit. The Company entered into an agreement to acquire an additional 15 percent interest in the Anaguid exploration permit, subject to certain conditions, including governmental approval. The acquisition will increase the Company's interest in the exploration permit to 60 percent and result in the transfer of operations to Pioneer. The Company expects that in connection with the governmental approval, the permit will be extended for eighteen months and the Company will commit to drill a well during the extension period. Following governmental approval of the acquisition, the Company intends to acquire additional 3-D seismic data over portions of the Anaguid and Jenein Nord permits, and expects to drill an Anaguid exploration well in 2008.

During 2007, the Company drilled two exploratory wells on the Borj El Khadra exploration permit. The first well was a previously announced discovery while the second well was unsuccessful.

Nigeria. A subsidiary of the Company joined other companies in a production sharing contract covering the oil prospecting license for Block 320 in deepwater Nigeria, gaining exploration rights from the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company disposed of all its shares in the subsidiary holding Block 320. As a result of the disposition of the shares in the Nigerian subsidiary, the Company no longer owns any interest in Block 320 and will not fund or participate in any future operations in connection with Block 320.

During the second quarter of 2007, the Company participated in the drilling of the Ofuruma 1X well on the Devon Energy-operated Block 256 in deepwater Nigeria. The Ofuruma 1X well found only non-commercial oil and gas accumulations and fulfilled the Company's drilling commitments on Block 256. The Company is in the process of relinquishing its interest in Block 256. Once the relinquishment of Block 256 is complete and with the disposal of the Nigerian subsidiary, the Company will complete its exit from Nigeria. See Note P of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for specific information regarding Nigeria.

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Equatorial Guinea. The Company owns a 50 percent interest in Block H in deepwater Equatorial Guinea, which covers over 240,000 acres. In late 2006, the Republic of Equatorial Guinea ratified a new hydrocarbons law, which effectively increases the obligations of the parties subject to the underlying production sharing contract in various respects. In addition, drilling costs have increased significantly beyond those originally anticipated.

The Company and the other parties in Block H have been evaluating the effect of the new hydrocarbons law and the increased well costs, but have been unable to reach an agreement as to the parties' obligations. As a result, the parties have commenced arbitration to determine the parties' relative rights under a joint operating agreement relating to well operations in Block H. See Note I of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for specific information regarding the Company's arbitration associated with Block H.

Results of Operations

Oil and gas revenues. Oil and gas revenues from continuing operations totaled \$458.9 million and \$1.2 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$384.1 million and \$1.1 billion for the same respective periods of 2006.

The increase in oil and gas revenues from continuing operations during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same periods of 2006, is reflective of increases in United States and Tunisian revenues, partially offset by a decline in South African revenues. The increase in revenues in the United States was primarily due to volume increases resulting from successful drilling activity and reductions in scheduled volumetric production payment ("VPP") deliveries, combined with an increase in reported natural gas liquids ("NGL") and gas prices. Revenues in Tunisia increased primarily due to increased oil volumes attributable to successful drilling programs, 2007 gas sales and increases in average oil prices. South African revenues declined due to normal production decline rates in the Sable field and the timing of oil cargo liftings, partially offset by increases in reported oil prices.

The following table provides average daily sales volumes from continuing operations, by geographic area and in total, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended				
	September	30,	September	30,				
	2007	2006	2007	2006				
Oil (Bbls):								
United States	18,298	17,575	18,617	17,406				
South Africa	2,368	3,513	2,599	4,287				
Tunisia	4,328	2,299	4,062	2,393				
Worldwide	24,994	23,387	25,278	24,086				
NGLs (Bbls):								
United States	19,997	18,884	18,190	18,599				
Worldwide	19,997	18,884	18,190	18,599				
Gas (Mcf):								

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United States	333,842	286,182	308,447	282,450
Tunisia	1,003	_	2,755	
Worldwide	334,845	286,182	311,202	282,450
Total (BOE):				
United States	93,936	84,156	88,215	83,080
South Africa	2,368	3,513	2,599	4,287
Tunisia	4,495	2,299	4,521	2,393
Worldwide	100,799	89,968	95,335	89,760

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On a quarter-to-quarter BOE comparison, average daily sales volumes increased by 12 percent in the United States and 96 percent in Tunisia, while average daily sales volumes decreased by 33 percent in South Africa. On a year-to-date BOE comparison, average daily sales volumes increased by six percent in the United States and 89 percent in Tunisia, while average daily sales volumes decreased by 39 percent in South Africa.

During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2006, oil and gas volumes delivered under the Company's VPPs decreased by four percent (541 BOE per day) and five percent (776 BOE per day), respectively.

The following table provides average daily sales volumes from discontinued operations by geographic area and in total, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Mor	nths Ended		Nine Months Ended			
	September			September			
	2007	2006		2007	2006		
Oil (Bbls):							
United States	_			_	3,208		
Argentina	_	_		_	3,362		
Canada	277	312		309	299		
Worldwide	277	312		309	6,869		
NGLs (Bbls):							
Argentina	_	_		_	563		
Canada	425	468		406	433		
Worldwide	425	468		406	996		
Gas (Mcf):							
United States	_	(140)		48,195		
Argentina				_	58,700		
Canada	47,537	46,664		49,808	42,514		
Worldwide	47,537	46,524		49,808	149,409		
Total (BOE):							
United States	_	(23)		11,241		
Argentina	_	_			13,708		
Canada	8,624	8,558		9,017	7,818		
Worldwide	8,624	8,535		9,017	32,767		

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The oil, NGL and gas prices that the Company reports are based on the market price received for the commodities adjusted by the results of the Company's cash flow hedging activities and the amortization of deferred VPP revenue. The following table provides average reported prices from continuing operations (including the results of hedging activities and the amortization of deferred VPP revenue) and average realized prices from continuing operations (excluding the results of hedging activities and the amortization of deferred VPP revenue) by geographic area and in total, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Month	s Ended	Nine Months Ended				
	September 30	,	September 30,				
	2007	2006	2007 2006				
Average reported prices:							
Oil (per Bbl):							
United States	\$ 68.28	\$ 70.96	\$ 59.38 \$ 66.91	-			
South Africa	\$ 79.54	\$ 70.68	\$ 70.57 \$ 67.25	j			
Tunisia	\$ 73.61	\$ 70.79	\$ 66.24 \$ 65.13	,			
Worldwide	\$ 70.27	\$ 70.90	\$ 61.63 \$ 66.79)			
NGL (per Bbl):							
United States	\$ 42.48	\$ 38.73	\$ 38.09 \$ 36.15	j			
Worldwide	\$ 42.48	\$ 38.73	\$ 38.09 \$ 36.15	j			
Gas (per Mcf):							
United States	\$ 7.11	\$ 6.24	\$ 7.27 \$ 6.30				
Tunisia	\$ 9.83	\$ —	\$ 7.92 \$ —				
Worldwide	\$ 7.11	\$ 6.24	\$ 7.27 \$ 6.30				
Average realized prices:							
Oil (per Bbl):							
United States	\$ 72.98	\$ 69.58	\$ 63.05 \$ 65.34	ļ			
South Africa	\$ 79.54	\$ 70.68	\$ 70.57 \$ 67.01	_			
Tunisia	\$ 73.61	\$ 70.79	\$ 66.24 \$ 65.13	,			
Worldwide	\$ 73.71	\$ 69.86	\$ 64.33 \$ 65.61				
NGL (per Bbl):							
United States	\$ 42.48	\$ 38.73	\$ 38.09 \$ 36.15	į			
Worldwide	\$ 42.48	\$ 38.73	\$ 38.09 \$ 36.15	į			
Gas (per Mcf):							
United States	\$ 5.46	\$ 5.70	\$ 6.04 \$ 6.07				
Tunisia	\$ 9.83	\$ —	\$ 7.92 \$ —				
Worldwide	\$ 5.47	\$ 5.70	\$ 6.05 \$ 6.07				

Hedging activities. The Company utilizes commodity swap and collar contracts to (i) reduce the impact on the Company's results of operations from the price volatility of the commodities the Company produces and sells, (ii) support the Company's annual capital budgeting and expenditure plans and (iii) reduce commodity price risk associated with certain capital projects. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company's commodity price hedges decreased oil and gas revenues from continuing operations by \$2.8 million and \$51.1 million, respectively, as compared to \$30.8 million and \$117.5 million during the same respective periods in 2006. The effective portions

of changes in the fair values of the Company's commodity price hedges are deferred as increases or decreases to stockholders' equity until the underlying hedged transaction occurs. Consequently, changes in the effective portions of commodity price hedges add volatility to the Company's reported stockholders' equity until the hedge derivative matures or is terminated.

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Deferred revenue. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company's amortization of deferred VPP revenue increased oil and gas revenues from continuing operations by \$45.6 million and \$135.9 million, respectively, as compared to increases of \$47.4 and \$143.2 million during the same respective periods in 2006. See Notes F and L of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for specific information regarding the Company's VPPs.

Interest and other income. Interest and other income from continuing operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$31.0 million and \$71.1 million, respectively, as compared to \$14.0 million and \$33.6 million for the same respective periods in 2006. The \$17.0 million increase in interest and other income from continuing operations during the three months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006, was primarily due to a \$28.3 million Alaskan PPT credit dispositions realized during the third quarter of 2007, partially offset by a \$5.6 million decrease in Alaskan exploration incentive tax credits and \$5.1 million decrease in interest income. The \$37.5 million increase in interest and other income from continuing operations during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006, was primarily due to \$53.3 million of Alaskan PPT credit dispositions, partially offset by a \$10.3 million decrease in interest income and the aforementioned decrease in Alaskan exploration incentive tax credits. See Note M of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for additional information regarding the Company's PPT credits.

Oil and gas production costs. The Company recorded oil and gas production costs from continuing operations of \$113.6 million and \$308.4 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$88.7 million and \$264.7 million for the same respective periods of 2006. In general, lease operating expenses and workover expenses represent the components of oil and gas production costs over which the Company has management control, while production and ad valorem taxes are directly related to commodity price changes and third-party transportation charges are related to volumes produced. Total oil and gas production costs per BOE from continuing operations increased by 14 percent and 10 percent, respectively, during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same respective periods in 2006, primarily due to (i) increases in labor and salt water disposal costs in the Permian Basin area, (ii) compression optimization expenditures in the Rockies area, (iii) repair and clean-up costs, and associated production downtime, from severe weather conditions that affected certain areas of the Company's United States operations during the first quarter of 2007 and (iv) general inflation of oilfield service costs and third-party transportation charges. In South Africa, the per BOE costs have increased as a result of declining production and a significant component of operating costs being fixed associated with the production facilities.

The following tables provide the components of the Company's total oil and gas production costs per BOE from continuing operations and total oil and gas production costs per BOE from continuing operations by geographic area for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Months	s Ended	Nine Months Ended			
	September 30	,	September 30,			
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Lease operating expenses	\$ 7.18	\$ 5.61	\$ 6.82	\$ 5.85		
Third-party transportation charges	1.00	0.79	0.97	0.79		
Taxes:						
Ad valorem	1.34	1.46	1.42	1.47		
Production	1.89	2.04	1.84	1.95		
Workover costs	0.83	0.81	0.79	0.74		

Total production costs \$ 12.24 \$ 10.71 \$ 11.84 \$ 10.80

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	Three Mont	Three Months Ended			
	September 3	September 30,			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
United States	\$ 12.17	\$ 10.84	\$ 11.81	\$ 10.82	
South Africa	\$ 28.70	\$ 6.80	\$ 24.76	\$ 13.57	
Tunisia	\$ 5.14	\$ 12.22	\$ 5.22	\$ 5.36	
Worldwide	\$ 12.24	\$ 10.71	\$ 11.84	\$ 10.80	

Depletion, depreciation and amortization expense. The Company's total DD&A expense from continuing operations was \$113.9 million (\$12.28 per BOE) and \$280.9 million (\$10.79 per BOE) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$82.6 million (\$9.97 per BOE) and \$233.3 million (\$9.52 per BOE) during the same respective periods of 2006. The \$31.3 million increase in total DD&A expense during the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter 2006 is comprised of a \$30.0 million increase in depletion of oil and gas properties and a \$1.3 million increase in depreciation and amortization of other property and equipment. The \$47.6 million increase in total DD&A expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the same period during 2006, is comprised of a \$43.8 million increase in depletion of oil and gas properties and a \$3.8 million increase in depreciation and amortization of other property and equipment.

Depletion expense from continuing operations, the largest component of DD&A expense from continuing operations, was \$11.49 and \$9.98 per BOE during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to \$9.24 and \$8.81 per BOE during the same respective periods in 2006. The increases in per BOE depletion expense from continuing operations of 24 percent and 13 percent during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007, respectively, as compared to the same respective periods in 2006, were primarily due to third quarter 2007 negative, price-driven proved reserve revisions in the Uinta/Piceance area and capital cost inflation. As previously discussed, the gas price associated with the Uinta/Piceance area was \$.60 per MMBtu at September 30, 2007, which caused a negative revision to the proved reserves for that area and a related increase in the depletion rate. The negative revision to the Uinta/Piceance proved reserves had a \$1.90 per BOE effect on the depletion rate for the three months ended September 30, 2007. Also, as previously discussed, gas prices in the area have improved and the Company expects the depletion rate for the Unita/Piceance area to decrease in the fourth quarter of 2007. Per BOE depletion expense in South Africa during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2006, decreased primarily due to positive proved reserve revisions.

The following table provides depletion expense per BOE from continuing operations by geographic area for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	Three Month	s Ended	Nine Months	Ended
	September 30),	September 30),
	2007	2006	2007	2006
United States	\$ 11.86	\$ 9.59	\$ 10.34	\$ 9.05
South Africa	\$ 6.36	\$ 4.28	\$ 5.58	\$ 6.55

Tunisia	\$ 6.44	\$ 4.07	\$ 5.45	\$ 4.61
Worldwide	\$ 11.49	\$ 9.24	\$ 9.98	\$ 8.81

Impairment of long-lived assets. During the nine months ended September 30, 2007, the Company recognized aggregate impairment charges of \$15.3 million, representing a reduction of \$2.6 million during the third quarter of 2007. Approximately \$9.6 million of the impairment charges relate to the announcement during the second quarter of 2007 of the Company's intention to divest a subsidiary that held an interest in Block 320 in deepwater Nigeria under terms that would have resulted in a loss on divestiture of approximately \$12.2 million. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company disposed of the Nigerian subsidiary under different terms that

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reduced the impairment of Nigerian subsidiary's net assets by \$2.6 million. During the second quarter of 2007, the Company also recognized a \$5.7 million impairment charge to reduce the carrying values of certain oil and gas properties located in Louisiana, due to poor well performance. See Note P of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in "Item 1. Financial Statements" for additional information on the impairment charges.

Exploration and abandonments expense. The following tables provide the Company's geological and geophysical costs, exploratory dry hole expense, lease abandonments and other exploration expense from continuing operations by geographic area for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007 and 2006:

	U	nited States	-	outh Africa	,	Гunisia	Other	Total
	(i	n thousand	ds)					
Three months ended September 30, 2007:								
Geological and geophysical	\$	21,112	\$	37	\$	471	\$ 2,846	\$ 24,466
Exploratory dry holes		3,951		_		649	(1,306)	3,294
Leasehold abandonments and other		6,738				_	_	6,738
	\$	31,801	\$	37	\$	1,120	\$ 1,540	\$ 34,498
Three months ended September 30, 2006:								
Geological and geophysical	\$	19,390	\$	33	\$	1,273	\$ 4,787	\$ 25,483
Exploratory dry holes		9.718				1.767	690	12,175
Leasehold abandonments and other		3,348				_	_	3,348
	\$	32,456	\$	33	\$	3,040	\$ 5,477	\$
Nine months Ended September 30, 2007:								
Geological and geophysical	\$	64,461	\$	128	\$	1,047	\$ 9,634	\$ 75,270